

Module Manual

Master of Science (M.Sc.)

Information and Communication Systems Dual study program

Cohort: Winter Term 2022

Updated: 8th May 2025

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Program description

Content

Among the industries with the greatest growth rates is the communications industry which, over the years, has achieved in its products the synergy of the classical disciplines of computer science and networking. The International Master Program Information and Communication Systems addresses this rapidly evolving area by laying in-depth foundations for the design and implementation of networking infrastructures, networked Cyber Physical Systems and the applications and services running on them.

The program is organized as a two-year course (four semesters) which starts on 1st of October each year. It includes around two semesters of lectures and practical courses and almost two semesters devoted to work in a research team (project work) and to the preparation of a master's thesis. The "Master of Science" degree will be awarded. Language of the program is English.

Graduates of the program are provided with the basics and knowledge that are required for a successful engineering activity in the information and communication technology in an international environment. They acquire extensive knowledge in the mathematical, engineering and scientific basic principles of this discipline based on a solid theoretical foundation including all the essential application-oriented aspects. Graduates are qualified to independently resolve problems in the information and communications technology and related disciplines.

The graduates are able to apply methods and procedures required to work on technical issues, as well as critically examine new insights to further develop and incorporate in their work. In this way, they are qualified to carry out their duties for society responsibly.

In addition to the foundational curriculum taught at TUHH, seminars on developing personal skills are integrated into the dual study programme, in the context of transfer between theory and practice. These seminars correspond to the modern professional requirements expected of an engineer, as well as promoting the link between the two places of learning.

The intensive dual courses at TUHH integrating practical experience consist of an academic-oriented and a practice-oriented element, which are completed at two places of learning. The academic-oriented element comprises study at TUHH. The practice-oriented element is coordinated with the study programme in terms of content and time, and consists of practical modules and phases spent in an affiliate company during periods when there are no lectures.

Career prospects

The study of Information and Communication Systems provides the in-depth training in the areas of Information and Communication Technology, Software Systems, IT Security and Signal Processing. This enables excellent career prospects both in the industrial as well as on the academic job market. The Master's degree qualifies graduates for doctoral studies.

In addition, students acquire basic professional and personal skills as part of the dual study programme that enable them to enter professional practice at an early stage and to go on to further study. Students also gain practical work experience through the integrated practical modules. Graduates of the dual course have broad foundational knowledge, fundamental skills for academic work and relevant personal competences.

Learning target

Knowledge

The students gain common knowledge from the core qualification and more specific knowledge depending on the selected specialisation. All students are able to describe information theory and coding basics.

Specialisation Communication Systems

Students can

- show their profound knowledge in digital communications,
- describe their specialized knowledge in communication networks,
- explain software development principles,
- explain signal processing fundamentals.

Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT Systems:

Students can

- give an overview of software verification,
- describe security principles for information and communication systems,
- explain their specialized knowledge in communication networks,
- describe software development and signal processing principles.

Skills

The ability to apply knowledge in order to perform tasks and solve problems will be supported in this course. Information and Communication Systems graduates are capable to

- solve problems in information and communication systems by applying and adapting techniques, procedures and methods that are required for a successful professional activity and by using engineering systematics,
- organize the planning of theoretical and experimental studies in order to develop optimal solutions for complex applications in information and
 communication technology and evaluate the solutions analyse problems using scientific systematics and solve them most effectively to develop
 economically viable approaches for products and systematically reflect non-technical implications of engineering activity to responsibly involve
 them in their actions,
- evaluate reliability of developed systems, prepare and review results of practical applications so that they can be used for systems optimization
- Investigate, evaluate and integrate new technologies, systems, architecture, services and applications for information and communication systems.

Social skills

The ability of target-oriented work in collaboration with others, communication, and understanding their interests and social situations are goals of this course. The students can

- present and argue the results of their work in written and oral form in an comprehensible way,
- communicate and collaborate with international professionals, also of other disciplines,
- collaborate in challenging projects of information and communications technology in a responsible position,
- develop ideas and solutions in team work.

Autonomy

The course helps to improve ability and readiness to act independently and responsibly, reflect own actions and the actions of others, and to develop

the own functioning. Information and Communication Systems students are capable to

- identify knowledge gaps and propose solutions to overcome these gaps,
- expand and deepen their knowledge and skills independently, taking into account ecological and economic demands responsibly,
- familiarize themselves with complex tasks, define new tasks and develop the necessary knowledge for solving it and to systematically apply appropriate means.

By continually switching places of learnings throughout the dual study programme, it is possible for theory and practice to be interlinked. Students reflect theoretically on their individual professional practical experience, and apply the results of their reflection to new forms of practice. They also test theoretical elements of the course in a practical setting, and use their findings as a stimulus for theoretical debate.

Program structure

The four-semester program is designed modularly and is based on the university-wide standardized course structure with uniform module sizes (multiples of six credit points (CP)).

Core qualification: 78 CP Specialization: 42 CP Master thesis: 30 CP

Total: 120 CP

The core qualification consists of the module Information Theory and Coding (6 CP), technical complementary courses (12 CP), Business & Management (6 CP), nontechnical complementary courses (6 CP) and research project with seminar (18 CP). The research project with seminar consists of a scientific thesis with documentation and accompanying presentations in a seminar among fellow students.

The students choose between two specialisations (42 CP each):

· Communication Systems

Containing: Communications, software, and signal processing

· Secure and Dependable IT Systems

Containing: IT security, networks, software and signal processing

Students write a master thesis (30 CP).

The structural model of the dual study programme follows a module-differentiating approach. Given the practice-oriented element, the curriculum of the dual study programme is different compared to a standard Bachelor's course. Five practical modules are completed at the dual students' partner company as part of corresponding practical terms during lecture-free periods.

Core Qualification

Module M0523: Busin	ess & Management
Module Responsible	Prof. Matthias Meyer
Admission Requirements	None
Recommended Previous	None
Knowledge	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results
Professional Competence	
Knowledge	 Students are able to find their way around selected special areas of management within the scope of business management. Students are able to explain basic theories, categories, and models in selected special areas of business management. Students are able to interrelate technical and management knowledge.
Skills	 Students are able to apply basic methods in selected areas of business management. Students are able to explain and give reasons for decision proposals on practical issues in areas of business management.
Personal Competence	
Social Competence	Students are able to communicate in small interdisciplinary groups and to jointly develop solutions for complex problems
Autonomy	Students are capable of acquiring necessary knowledge independently by means of research and preparation of material.
Workload in Hours	Depends on choice of courses
Credit points	6

Courses

Information regarding lectures and courses can be found in the corresponding module handbook published separately.

Module M1759: Linkin	g theory and practice (dual study program, Master's degree)
Module Responsible	Dr. Henning Haschke
Admission Requirements	None
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Successful completion of practical modules as part of the dual Bachelor's course Module "interlinking theory and practice as part of the dual Master's course"
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results
Professional Competence	
Knowledge	Dual students
	can describe and classify selected classic and current theories, concepts and methods
	related to project management and
	change and transformation management
	and apply them to specific situations, processes and plans in a personal, professional context.
Skills	Dual students
	 anticipate typical difficulties, positive and negative effects, as well as success and failure factors in the engineering sector, evaluate them and consider promising strategies and courses of action. develop specialised technical and conceptual skills to solve complex tasks and problems in their professional field or activity/work.
Personal Competence	
Social Competence	Dual students
	 can responsibly lead interdisciplinary teams within the framework of complex tasks and problems. engage in sector-specific and cross-sectoral discussions with experts, stakeholders and staff, representing their approaches, points of view and work results.
Autonomy	Dual students
	 define, reflect and evaluate goals and measures for complex application-oriented projects and change processes. shape their professional area of responsibility independently and sustainably. take responsibility for their actions and for the results of their work.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 96, Study Time in Lecture 84
Credit points	6
Course achievement	None
Examination	Written elaboration
Examination duration and	Studienbegleitende und semesterübergreifende Dokumentation: Die Leistungspunkte für das Modul werden durch die Anfertigung
scale	eines digitalen Lern- und Entwicklungsberichtes (E-Portfolio) erworben. Dabei handelt es sich um eine fortlaufende Dokumentation und Reflexion der Lernerfahrungen und der Kompetenzentwicklung im Bereich der Personalen Kompetenz.

Tyn	Seminar
Hrs/wk	
CP	
	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
	Dr. Henning Haschke, Heiko Sieben
Language	3
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe
Content	 Theories and methods of project management Innovation management Agile project management Fundamentals of classic and agile methods Hybrid use of classic and agile methods Roles, perspectives and stakeholders throughout the project Initiating and coordinating complex engineering projects Principles of moderation, team management, team leadership, conflict management Communication structures: in-house, cross-company Public information policy Promoting commitment and empowerment Sharing experience with specialists and managers from the engineering sector Documenting and reflecting on learning experiences
Literature	Seminarapparat

Course L2891: Responsible C	Change and Transformation Management in Engineering (for Dual Study Program)
Тур	Seminar
Hrs/wk	3
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Dr. Henning Haschke, Heiko Sieben
Language	DE
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe
Content	 Basic concepts, opportunities and limits of organisational change Models and methods of organisational design and development Strategic orientation and change, and their short-, medium- and long-term consequences for individuals, organisations and society as a whole Roles, perspectives and stakeholders in change processes Initiating and coordinating change measures in engineering Phase models of organisational change (Lewin, Kotter, etc.) Change-oriented information policy and dealing with resistance and uncertainty Promoting commitment and empowerment Successfully handling change and transformation: personally, as an employee, as a manager (personal, professional, organisational) Company-level and globally (systemic) Sharing experience with specialists and managers from the engineering sector Documenting and reflecting on learning experiences
Literature	Seminarapparat

Module M1756: Pract	ical module 1 (dual study program, Master's degree)	
Courses		
Title	Тур	Hrs/wk CP
Practical term 1 (dual study progra		0 10
Module Responsible	Dr. Henning Haschke	
Admission Requirements Recommended Previous	None	
Knowledge	Successful completion of a compatible dual B.Sc. at TU Hamburg or comparable	practical work experience and competences
	in the area of interlinking theory and practice	Macharia aguraa
	Course D from the module on interlinking theory and practice as part of the dual	Master's Course
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results	
Professional Competence		
Knowledge	Dual students	
	 combine their knowledge of facts, principles, theories and methods gained practical knowledge - in particular their knowledge of practical professional proc of activity in engineering. have a critical understanding of the practical applications of their engineering 	cedures and approaches, in the current field
Skills	Dual students	
	apply technical theoretical knowledge to complex, interdisciplinary problet associated work processes and results, taking into account different possible cou implement the university's application recommendations with regard to their o develop solutions as well as procedures and approaches in their field of activit	urses of action. current tasks.
Personal Competence		
Social Competence	Dual students	
	 work responsibly in project teams within their working area and proactively de represent complex engineering viewpoints, facts, problems and solution apexternal stakeholders. 	
Autonomy	Dual students	
	define goals for their own learning and working processes as engineers.	
	 reflect on learning and work processes in their area of responsibility. reflect on the relevance of subject modules specialisations and specialis implement the university's application recommendations and the associated of between theory and practice. 	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 300, Study Time in Lecture 0	
Credit points	10	
Course achievement	None	
	Written elaboration	
Examination duration and scale	Documentation accompanying studies and across semesters: Module credit points are development report (e-portfolio). This documents and reflects individual learning exp interlinking theory and practice, as well as professional practice. In addition, the dual@TUHH Coordination Office that the dual student has completed the practical phas	eriences and skills development relating to e partner company provides proof to the
Assignment for the	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
Following Curricula	Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	International Management and Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Materials Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Mechanical Engineering and Management: Core Qualification: Compulsory Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Biomedical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Product Development, Materials and Production: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Renewable Energies: Core Qualification: Compulsory Naval Architecture and Ocean Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Process Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Water and Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	

Ŧ		
Тур		
Hrs/wk		
СР		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 300, Study Time in Lecture 0	
Lecturer	Dr. Henning Haschke	
Language	DE	
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe	
Content	Company onboarding process	
	Assigning a professional field of activity as an engineer (B.Sc.) and associated fields of work	
	Establishing responsibilities and authorisation of the dual student within the company as an engineer (B.Sc.)	
	Working independently in a team and on selected projects - across departments and, if applicable, across companies	
	Scheduling the current practical module with a clear correlation to work structures	
	Scheduling the examination phase/subsequent study semester	
	Operational knowledge and skills	
	Company-specific: Responsibility as an engineer (B.Sc.) in their own area of work, coordinating team and project wo	
	dealing with complex contexts and unsolved problems, developing and implementing innovative solutions	
	 Subject specialisation (corresponding to the chosen course [M.Sc.]) in the field of activity 	
	Systemic skills	
	Implementing the university's application recommendations (theory-practice transfer) in corresponding work and task are	
	across the company	
	Sharing/reflecting on learning	
	Creating an e-portfolio	
	Importance of course contents (M.Sc.) when working as an engineer	
	Importance of development and innovation when working as an engineer	
Literature	- Chudiarandanhandhuch	
	Studierendenhandbuch Patriablisha Palumanta	
	Betriebliche Dokumente Harberburg ist Alexandre State Control of the Co	
	Hochschulseitige Handlungsempfehlungen zum Theorie-Praxis-Transfer	

Module M0673: Information Theory and Coding			
	Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
436)	Lecture	3	4
	Recitation Section (large)	2	2
None			
Mathematics 1-3			
Probability theory and random processes			
Basic knowledge of communications engineering (e.g.	from lecture "Fundamentals of	of Communica	ations and Random
Processes")			
After taking part successfully, students have reached the followi	ng learning results		
The students know the basic definitions for quantification of info	ormation in the sense of information	tion theory. Th	ney know Shannon's
1			
1			3
		ith modern r	nethods of iterative
decoding. They know fundamental coding scriemes, their proper	ties and decoding algorithms.		
The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and tutoria	als. They can explain and apply th	nem to new pr	oblems.
The students are able to determine the limits of data compres	ssion as well as of data transmis	ssion through	noisy channels and
based on those limits to design basic parameters of a transmission scheme. They can estimate the parameters of an error-			
	apable of implementing basic of	coding and de	acoding schemes in
Software.			
The students can jointly solve specific problems			
The stadents carryonially solve specific problems.			
·		They can co	ontrol their level of
knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems	s, software tools, clicker system.		
Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
6			
None			
Written exam			
90 min			
		ory	
1			
<u> </u>		nulsory	
1		ipuisoi y	
	Prof. Gerhard Bauch None Mathematics 1-3 Probability theory and random processes Basic knowledge of communications engineering (e.g., Processes") After taking part successfully, students have reached the following theorem and channel coding theorem and are all free data transmission over noisy channels. They understand the correcting channel coding. They are familiar with the princip decoding. They know fundamental coding schemes, their proper the students are able to determine the limits of data compress based on those limits to design basic parameters of a transmidetecting or error-correcting channel coding scheme for achie properties of basic channel coding and decoding schemes recomplexity and to decide for a suitable method. They are confidence. The students are able to acquire relevant information from knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems. The students are able to acquire relevant information from knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems. The students are able to acquire relevant information from knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems. The students are able to acquire relevant information from knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems. The students are able to acquire relevant information from knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems. The students are able to acquire relevant information from knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems. The students are able to acquire relevant information from knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems. The students are able to acquire relevant information from knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems.	Typ Lecture Recitation Section (large) Prof. Gerhard Bauch None Mathematics 1-3 Probability theory and random processes Basic knowledge of communications engineering (e.g. from lecture "Fundamentals of Processes") After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results The students know the basic definitions for quantification of information in the sense of informa source coding theorem and channel coding theorem and are able to determine theoretical limifree data transmission over noisy channels. They understand the principles of source coding as correcting channel coding. They are familiar with the principles of decoding, in particular with decoding. They know fundamental coding schemes, their properties and decoding algorithms. The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and tutorials. They can explain and apply the students are able to determine the limits of data compression as well as of data transmibased on those limits to design basic parameters of a transmission scheme. They can esting detecting or error-correcting channel coding scheme for achieving certain performance target properties of basic channel coding and decoding schemes regarding error correction capatic complexity and to decide for a suitable method. They are capable of implementing basic of software. The students can jointly solve specific problems. The students are able to acquire relevant information from appropriate literature sources, knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems, software tools, clicker system. Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70 None Written exam 90 min Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Communication Systems: Elective Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory	Typ Hrs/wk Lecture 3 388) Recitation Section (large) 2 Prof. Gerhard Bauch None • Mathematics 1-3 • Probability theory and random processes • Basic knowledge of communications engineering (e.g. from lecture "Fundamentals of Communications Processes") After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results The students know the basic definitions for quantification of information in the sense of information theory. The source coding theorem and channel coding theorem and are able to determine theoretical limits of data confree data transmission over noisy channels. They understand the principles of source coding as well as error-correcting channel coding. They are familiar with the principles of decoding, in particular with modern in decoding. They know fundamental coding schemes, their properties and decoding algorithms. The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and tutorials. They can explain and apply them to new properties are able to determine the limits of data compression as well as of data transmission through based on those limits to design basic parameters of a transmission scheme. They can estimate the para detecting or error-correcting channel coding schemes for achieving certain performance targets. They are a properties of basic channel coding and decoding schemes regarding error correction capabilities, decoding complexity and to decide for a suitable method. They are capable of implementing basic coding and decoding schemes regarding error correction capabilities, decoding complexity and to decide for a suitable method. They are capable of implementing basic coding and decoding and decoding schemes regarding error correction capabilities, decoding complexity and to decide for a suitable method. They are capable of implementing basic coding and decoding schemes regarding error correction capabilities, decoding complexity and to decide for a suitable method. They are capable of implementing basic coding and decoding complexity and to decide for a suitabl

Course I 042Co Information T	the control of the co	
Course L0436: Information T	neory and Coding	
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	3	
СР	4	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42	
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content		
	Introduction to information theory and coding Definition of information Colf information controls	
	Definitions of information: Self information, entropy	
	Binary entropy function	
	Source coding theorem Solven of a still control of the still contr	
	Entropy of continuous random variables: Differential entropy, differential entropy of uniformly and Gaussian distributed	
	random variables	
	Source coding	
	Principles of lossless source coding	
	Optimal source codes	
	 Prefix codes, prefix-free codes, instantaneous codes 	
	Morse code	
	Huffman code	
	Shannon code	
	Bounds on the average codeword length	
	 Relative entropy, Kullback-Leibler distance, Kullback-Leibler divergence 	
	Cross entropy	
	Lempel-Ziv algorithm	
	Lempel-Ziv-Welch (LZW) algorithm	
	[11]	

- Text compression and image compression using variants of the Lempel-Ziv algorithm
- Channel models
 - AWGN channel
 - · Binary-input AWGN channel
 - Binary symmetric channel (BSC)
 - Relationship between AWGN channel and BSC
 - Binary error and erasure channel (BEEC)
 - · Binary erasure channel (BEC)
 - o Discrete memoryless channels (DMC)
- Definitions of information for multiple random variables
 - Mutual information and channel capacity
 - Entropy, conditional entropy
 - Chain rules for entropy and mutual information
- · Channel coding theorem
- Channel capacity of fundamental channels: BSC, BEC, AWGN channel, binary-input AWGN channel etc.
- Power-limited vs. bandlimited transmission
- · Capacity of parallel AWGN channels
 - Waterfilling
 - Examples: Multiple input multiple output (MIMO) channels, complex equivalent baseband channels, orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM)
- Source-channel coding theorem, separation theorem
- Multiuser information theory
 - Multiple access channel (MAC)
 - Broadcast channel
 - Principles of multiple access, time division multiple access (TDMA), frequency division multiple access (FDMA), nonorthogonal multiple access (NOMA), hybrid multiple access
 - Achievable rate regions of TDMA and FDMA with power constraint, energy constraint, power spectral density constraint, respectively
 - Achievable rate region of the two-user and K-user multiple access channels
 - · Achievable rate region of the two-user and K user broadcast channels
 - Multiuser diversity
- · Channel coding
 - o Principles and types of channel coding
 - Code rate, data rate, Hamming distance, minimum Hamming distance, Hamming weight, minimum Hamming weight
 - Error detecting and error correcting codes
 - Simple block codes: Repetition codes, single parity check codes, Hamming code, etc.
 - o Syndrome decoding
 - Representations of binary data
 - Non-binary symbol alphabets and non-binary codes
 - Code and encoder, systematic and non-systematic encoders
 - Properties of Hamming distance and Hamming weight
 - Decoding spheres
 - Perfect codes
 - Linear codes
 - Decoding principles
 - Syndrome decoding
 - Maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) decoding and maximum likelihood (ML) decoding
 - Hard decision and soft decision decoding
 - Log-likelihood ratios (LLRs), boxplus operation
 - MAP and ML decoding using log-likelihood ratios
 - Soft-in soft-out decoders
 - $\circ~$ Error rate performance comparison of codes in terms of SNR per info bit vs. SNR per code bit
 - Linear block code
 - Generator matrix and parity check matrix, properties of generator matrix and parity check matrix
 - Dual codes
 - Low density parity check (LDPC) codes
 - Sparse parity check matrix
 - Tanner graphs, cycles and girth
 - Degree distributions
 - Code rate and degree distribution
 - Regular and irregular LDPC codes
 - Message passing decoding
 - Message passing decoding in binary erasure channels (BEC)
 - Systematic encoding using erasure message passing decoding
 - Message passing decoding in binary symmetric channels (BSC)
 - Extrinsic information
 - Bit-flipping decoding
 - Effects of short cycles in the Tanner graph
 - Alternative bit-flipping decoding
 - Soft decision message passing decoding: Sum product decoding
 - Bit error rate performance of LDPC codes
 - Repeat accumulate codes and variants of repeat accumulate codes
 - Message passing decoding and turbo decoding of repeat accumulate codes
 - Convolutional codes
 - Encoding using shift registers

- Trellis representation ■ Hard decision and soft decision Viterbi decoding Bit error rate performance of convolutional codes Asymptotic coding gain Viterbi decoding complexity

 - Free distance and optimum convolutional codes
 - Generator polynomial description and octal description
 - Catastrophic convolutional codes
 - Non-systematic and recursive systematic convolutional (RSC) encoders
 - Rate compatible punctured convolutional (RCPC) codes ■ Hybrid automatic repeat request (HARQ) with incremental redundancy
 - Unequal error protection with punctured convolutional codes
 - Error patterns of convolutional codes
 - · Concatenated codes
 - Serial concatenated codes
 - Parallel concatenated codes, Turbo codes
 - Iterative decoding, turbo decoding
 - Bit error rate performance of turbo codes
 - Interleaver design for turbo codes
 - Coded modulation
 - Principle of coded modulation
 - Achievable rates with PSK/QAM modulation
 - Trellis coded modulation (TCM)
 - Set partitioning
 - Ungerböck codes
 - Multilevel coding
 - Bit-interleaved coded modulation

Literature	Bossert, M.: Kanalcodierung. Oldenbourg.
	Friedrichs, B.: Kanalcodierung. Springer.
	Lin, S., Costello, D.: Error Control Coding. Prentice Hall.
	Roth, R.: Introduction to Coding Theory.
	Johnson, S.: Iterative Error Correction. Cambridge.
	Richardson, T., Urbanke, R.: Modern Coding Theory. Cambridge University Press.
	Gallager, R. G.: Information theory and reliable communication. Whiley-VCH
	Cover, T., Thomas, J.: Elements of information theory. Wiley.

Course L0438: Information Theory and Coding	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M1246: Techr	nical Complementary Course for IMPICS (according to Subject Specific Regulations))
Courses		
itle	Typ Hrs/wk CP	
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel	
Admission Requirements	None	
Recommended Previous		
Knowledge		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results	
Professional Competence		
Knowledge	,	
Skills	;	
Personal Competence		
Social Competence	,	
Autonomy	·	
Workload in Hours	Depends on choice of courses	
Credit points	; 12	
Assignment for the	Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
Following Curricula		

Courses		
Title	Тур	Hrs/wk CP
Practical term 2 (dual study progra	m, Master's degree) (L2888)	0 10
Module Responsible	Dr. Henning Haschke	
Admission Requirements	None	
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Successful completion of practical module 1 as part of the dual Master's cour. course D from the module on interlinking theory and practice as part of the d 	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results	
Professional Competence		
Knowledge	Dual students	
	 combine their knowledge of facts, principles, theories and methods gain practical knowledge - in particular their knowledge of practical professional profess	procedures and approaches, in the current fiel
Skills	Dual students	
	 apply technical theoretical knowledge to complex, interdisciplinary pro associated work processes and results, taking into account different possible implement the university's application recommendations with regard to the develop (new) solutions as well as procedures and approaches in thei including in the case of frequently changing requirements (systemic skills). 	courses of action. eir current tasks.
Personal Competence		
Social Competence	Dual students	
	 work responsibly in cross-departmental and interdisciplinary project tea their team. represent complex engineering viewpoints, facts, problems and solution external stakeholders and develop these further together. 	
Autonomy	Dual students	
	 define goals for their own learning and working processes as engineers. reflect on learning and work processes in their area of responsibility. reflect on the relevance of subject modules specialisations and specimplement the university's application recommendations and the associate between theory and practice. 	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 300, Study Time in Lecture 0	
Credit points	10	
Course achievement		
Examination Examination duration and	Written elaboration	are earned by completing a digital learning and
scale	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	experiences and skills development relating t the partner company provides proof to th
Assignment for the	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
Following Curricula	Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	International Management and Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Materials Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Mechanical Engineering and Management: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Biomedical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Core Qualification: Compulsory Product Development, Materials and Production: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Renewable Energies: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Naval Architecture and Ocean Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Process Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	. recess Engineering, core qualification, compaisory	

ourse L2888: Practical term	n 2 (dual study program, Master's degree)
Тур	
Hrs/wk	0
СР	10
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 300, Study Time in Lecture 0
Lecturer	Dr. Henning Haschke
Language	DE
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe
Content	Company onboarding process
	 Assigning a professional field of activity as an engineer (B.Sc.) and associated fields of work Establishing responsibilities and authorisation of the dual student within the company as an engineer (B.Sc.) Taking personal responsibility within a team and on selected projects - across departments and, if applicable, across companies Scheduling the current practical module with a clear correlation to work structures Scheduling the examination phase/subsequent study semester Operational knowledge and skills Company-specific: Responsibility as an engineer (B.Sc.) in their own area of work, coordinating team and project work dealing with complex contexts and unsolved problems, developing and implementing innovative solutions Subject specialisation (corresponding to the chosen course [M.Sc.]) in the field of activity Systemic skills Implementing the university's application recommendations (theory-practice transfer) in corresponding work and task areas across the company
	Sharing/reflecting on learning
	 Updating their e-portfolio Importance of course contents (M.Sc.) when working as an engineer Importance of development and innovation when working as an engineer
Literature	Studierendenhandbuch Betriebliche Dokumente Hochschulseitige Anwendungsempfehlungen zum Theorie-Praxis-Transfer

Module M1776: Resea	arch Project ICS			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Research Project ICS (L2919)		Projection Course	8	12
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge and techniques in the chosen field	of specialization.		
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached	d the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to acquire advanced knowledge in	a specific field of Computer Science of	or a closely related s	ubject.
Skills	Students are able to work self-dependent in a field o	f Computer Science or a closely relate	ed field.	
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 248, Study Time in Lecture	112		
Credit points	12			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Study work			
Examination duration and	Presentation of a current research topic (25-30 min	and 5 min discussion)		
scale				
Assignment for the	Information and Communication Systems: Core Qual	ification: Compulsory		
Following Curricula				

Course L2919: Research Proj	ect ICS
Тур	Projection Course
Hrs/wk	8
СР	12
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 248, Study Time in Lecture 112
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Current research topics of the chosen specialization.
Literature	Aktuelle Literatur zu Forschungsthemen aus der gewählten Vertiefungsrichtung. / Current literature on research topics of the chosen specialization.

	tical module 3 (dual study program, Master's degree)
Courses	
Title	Typ Hrs/wk CP
Practical term 3 (dual study progra	am, Master's degree) (L2889) 0 10
Module Responsible	Dr. Henning Haschke
Admission Requirements	
Recommended Previous	Successful completion of practical module 2 as part of the dual Master's course
Knowledge	course E from the module on interlinking theory and practice as part of the dual Master's course
Educational Objectives	s After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results
Professional Competence	
	e Dual students
	 combine their comprehensive and specialised engineering knowledge acquired from previous study contents with strategy-oriented practical knowledge gained from their current field of work and area of responsibility. have a critical understanding of the practical applications of their engineering subject, as well as related fields wi implementing innovations.
Skills	Dual students
	 apply specialised and conceptual skills to solve complex, sometimes interdisciplinary problems within the company, a evaluate the associated work processes and results, taking into account different possible courses of action. implement the university's application recommendations with regard to their current tasks. develop new solutions as well as procedures and approaches to implement operational projects and assignments - e when facing frequently changing requirements and unpredictable changes (systemic skills). can use academic methods to develop new ideas and procedures for operational problems and issues, and to ass these with regard to their usability.
Personal Competence	
Social Competence	Dual students
Autonomy	their team. can promote the professional development of others in a targeted manner. represent complex and interdisciplinary engineering viewpoints, facts, problems and solution approaches in discussi with internal and external stakeholders and develop these further together. Dual students reflect on learning and work processes in their area of responsibility. define goals for new application-oriented tasks, projects and innovation plans while reflecting on potential effects on company and the public. reflect on the relevance of areas of specialisation and research for work as an engineer, and also implement
	university's application recommendations and the associated challenges to positively transfer knowledge between the and practice.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 300, Study Time in Lecture 0
Credit points	i 10
Course achievement	
Examination	
scale	d Documentation accompanying studies and across semesters: Module credit points are earned by completing a digital learning and development report (e-portfolio). This documents and reflects individual learning experiences and skills development relating interlinking theory and practice, as well as professional practice. In addition, the partner company provides proof to
	dual@TUHH Coordination Office that the dual student has completed the practical phase.
Assignment for the	
Assignment for the Following Curricula	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Data Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Data Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Data Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	a Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Data Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Data Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	a Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Data Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory International Management and Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Data Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Data Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory International Management and Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Data Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory International Management and Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aeronautics: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Data Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory International Management and Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aeronautics: Core Qualification: Compulsory Materials Science and Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Materials Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Mechanical Engineering and Management: Core Qualification: Compulsory
-	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Data Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory International Management and Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Core Qualification: Compulsory Aeronautics: Core Qualification: Compulsory Materials Science and Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Materials Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory

Microelectronics and Microsystems: Core Qualification: Compulsory

Product Development, Materials and Production: Core Qualification: Compulsory

Renewable Energies: Core Qualification: Compulsory

Naval Architecture and Ocean Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory

Process Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory

Water and Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory

Course L2889: Practical term	n 3 (dual study program, Master's degree)
Тур	
Hrs/wk	0
СР	10
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 300, Study Time in Lecture 0
Lecturer	Dr. Henning Haschke
Language	DE
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe
Content	Company onboarding process
	 Assigning a future professional field of activity as an engineer (M.Sc.) and associated fields of work Extending responsibilities and authorisation of the dual student within the company up to the intended first assignment after completing their studies Working responsibly in a team; project responsibility within own area - as well as across divisions and companies if necessary Scheduling the final practical module with a clear correlation to work structures Internal agreement on a potential topic or innovation project for the Master's dissertation Planning the Master's dissertation within the company in cooperation with TU Hamburg Scheduling the examination phase/subsequent study semester Operational knowledge and skills
	 Company-specific: dealing with change, project and team development, responsibility as an engineer in their future field of work (M.Sc.), dealing with complex contexts, frequent and unpredictable changes, developing and implementing innovative solutions Specialising in one field of work (final dissertation) Systemic skills Implementing the university's application recommendations (theory-practice transfer) in corresponding work and task areas across the company Sharing/reflecting on learning E-portfolio Relevance of study content and personal specialisation when working as an engineer Relevance of research and innovation when working as an engineer
Literature	Studierendenhandbuch betriebliche Dokumente Hochschulseitige Anwendungsempfehlungen zum Theorie-Praxis-Transfer

Specialization Communication Systems

Graduates of the Communication Systems specialisation are qualified to independently resolve problems in communication networks and digital communications. They also have profound knowledge in software development principles and signal processing. Graduates are qualified to independently resolve problems in communication systems technology and related disciplines.

The Communication Systems specialisation is recommended for students who already bring along a good mathematical foundation, basic knowledge in computer science and/or electrical engineering with focus on information and communication technology.

Module M0676: Digita	al Communication	ns				
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Digital Communications (L0444)				Lecture	2	3
Digital Communications (L0445)				Recitation Section (large)	2	2
Laboratory Digital Communications	s (L0646) Practical Course 1 1				1	
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Mathematics 1-:	2				
Knowledge	Signals and Sys					
		f Communications and R	andom Processes			
	- Fandamentals o	r communications and n	andom riocesses			
Educational Objectives	After taking part succe	ssfully, students have re	ached the following	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	The students are able	to understand, compare	and design mode	rn digital information transn	nission schemes. T	hey are familiar with
	the properties of linea	and non-linear digital n	nodulation metho	ds. They can describe distor	tions caused by tr	ansmission channels
	and design and evalu	ate detectors including	channel estimat	ion and equalization. They	know the princip	les of single carrier
	transmission and mult	-carrier transmission as	well as the fundar	mentals of basic multiple ac	cess schemes.	
	The students are famil	ar with the contents of I	ecture and tutoria	ıls. They can explain and ap	nly them to new n	rohlems
	The students are farm	ar war are contents or .		ioi riicy can explain and ap	pry arrent to rien p	objection.
Skills	The students are able	to design and analyse a	digital informatio	n transmission scheme inclu	uding multiple acco	ess. They are able to
	choose a digital modul	ation scheme taking into	account transmis	ssion rate, required bandwid	lth, error probabili	ty, and further signal
				ling channel estimation a		-
				. They are able to set paran	neters of a single o	arrier or multi carrier
	transmission scheme a	nd trade the properties	of both approache	es against each other.		
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	The students can joint	y solve specific problem	S.			
Autonomy	The students are abl	e to acquire relevant i	nformation from	appropriate literature sou	rces. They can c	ontrol their level of
		•		s, software tools, clicker syst	•	
Workload in Hours		ne 110, Study Time in Le	cture 70			
Credit points	6					
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus	Form	Description			
F	Yes None	Written elaboration				
Examination	Written exam					
Examination duration and scale	90 min					
Assignment for the	Flactuical Facinossinos	Cara Qualification: Com	a. Jaam.			
Following Curricula		Core Qualification: Com		Science: Elective Compulsor	.,	
Following Curricula				inication Systems: Compulso	-	
				and Dependable IT Systems	-	Flective Compulsory
				ormation Technology: Electi		Liective Compuisory
	_			ctrical Engineering: Elective		
	-	icrosystems: Core Quali			copaisory	
	ocices office and i		Licetive (paisor,		

e L0444: Digital Comm	unications		
Тур	Lecture		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР			
Workload in Hours	ndependent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	 Repetition: Baseband Transmission Pulse shaping: Non-return to zero (NRZ) rectangular pulses, raised-cosine pulses, square-root raised-cosine pulses Power spectral density (psd) of baseband signals Intersymbol interference (ISI) First and second Nyquist criterion AWGN channel Matched filter Matched-filter receiver and correlation receiver Noise whitening matched filter 		

- Discrete-time AWGN channel model
- Representation of bandpass signals and systems in the equivalent baseband
 - Quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM)
 - Equivalent baseband signal and system
 - Analytical signal
 - Equivalent baseband random process, equivalent baseband white Gaussian noise process
 - · Equivalent baseband AWGN channel
 - Equivalent baseband channel model with frequency-offset and phase noise
 - o Equivalent baseband Rayleigh fading and Rice fading channel models
 - Equivalent baseband frequency-selective channel model
 - Discrete memoryless channels (DMC)
- Bandpass transmission via carrier modulation
 - Amplitude modulation, frequency modulation, phase modulation
 - Linear digital modulation methods
 - On-off keying, M-ary amplitude shift keying (M-ASK), M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude modulation (M-QAM), offset-QPSK
 - Signal space representation of transmit signal constellations and signals
 - Energy of linear digital modulated signals, average energy per symbol
 - Power spectral density of linear digital modulated signals
 - Bandwidth efficiency
 - Correlation coefficient of elementary signals
 - Error probabilities of linear digital modulation methods
 - Frror functions
 - Gray mapping and natural mapping
 - Bit error probabilities, symbol error probabilities, pairwise symbol error probabilities
 - Euclidean distance and Hamming distance
 - Exact and approximate computation of error probabilities
 - Performance comparison of modulation schemes in terms of per bit SNR vs. per symbol SNR
 - Hierarchical modulation, multilevel modulation
 - Effects of carrier phase offset and carrier frequency offset
 - Differential modulation
 - M-ary differential phase shift keying (M-PSK)
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of DPSK
 - p/M-differential phase shift keying (p/M-DPSK)
 - Differential amplitude and phase shift keying (DAPSK)
 - Non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Frequency shift keying (FSK)
 - Modulation index
 - Minimum shift keying (MSK)
 - Offset-QPSK representation of MSK
 - MSK with differential precoding and rotation
 - Bit error probabilities of MSK
 - Gaussian minimum shift keying (GMSK)
 - Power spectral density of MSK and GMSK
 - Continuous phase modulation (CPM)
 - General description of CPM signals
 - Frequency pulses and phase pulses
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of FSK
 - Performance comparison of linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
- Frequency-selective channels, ISI channels
 - Intersymbol interference and frequency-selectivity
 - RMS delay spread
 - Narrowband and broadband channels
 - Equivalent baseband transmission model for frequency-selective channels
 - Receive filter design
- Equalization
 - Symbol-spaced and fractionally-spaced equalizers
 - Inverse system
 - Non-recursive linear equalizers
 - Linear zero-forcing (ZF) equalizer
 - Linear minimum mean squared error (MMSE) equalizer
 - Non-linear equalization:
 - Decision feedback equalizer (DFE)
 - Tomlinson-Harashima precoding
- Maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) and maximum likelihood equalizer, Viterbi algorithm
- Single-carrier vs. multi-carrier transmission
- Multi-carrier transmission
 - General multicarrier transmission
 - Orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM)
 - OFDM implementation using the Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
 - Cyclic guard interval
 - Power spectral density of OFDM
 - Peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR)
- Multiple access
 - Principles of time division multiple access (TDMA), frequency division multiple access (FDMA), code division multiple

access (CDMA), non-orthogonal multiple access (NOMA), hybrid multiple access • Spread spectrum communications • Direct sequence spread spectrum communications • Frequency hopping • Protection against eavesdropping • Protection against narrowband jammers	MA), hybrid multiple access
 Direct sequence spread spectrum communications Frequency hopping Protection against eavesdropping 	
Frequency hoppingProtection against eavesdropping	
Protection against eavesdropping	
a Protection against parrowhand jammers	
Frotection against narrowband jaminers	
Short vs. long spreading codes	
 Direct sequence spread spectrum communications in frequency-selective channels 	n frequency-selective channels
■ Rake receiver	
 Code division multiple access (CDMA) 	
 Design criteria of spreading sequences, autocorrelation function and crosscorrelation function of sprea sequences 	ocorrelation function and crosscorrelation function of spreading
 Intersymbol interference (ISI) and multiple access interference (MAI) 	cess interference (MAI)
■ Pseudo noise (PN) sequences, maximum length sequences (m-sequences), Gold codes, Walsh-Hadan	ength sequences (m-sequences), Gold codes, Walsh-Hadamard
codes, orthogonal variable spreading factor (OVSF) codes	OVSF) codes
■ Multicode transmission	
■ CDMA in uplink and downlink of a wireless communications system	mmunications system
■ Single-user detection vs. multi-user detection	
Literature K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner	
P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.	eubner.
J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.	
S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley	
R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge	
A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.	
D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.	Cambridge.

Course L0445: Digital Comm	urse L0445: Digital Communications	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Course LOCAC: Laboratory Di	rital Communications
Course L0646: Laboratory Di	
	Practical Course
Hrs/wk	1
СР	1
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	- DSL transmission
	- Random processes
	- Digital data transmission
Literature	K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner
	P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.
	J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.
	S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley
	R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge
	A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.
	D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.

Module M0836: Comm	nunication Networks			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Selected Topics of Communication	Networks (L0899)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	2
Communication Networks (L0897)		Lecture	2	2
Communication Networks Excercise	e (L0898)	Project-/problem-based Learning	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Fundamental stochastics			
Knowledge	Basic understanding of computer networks and/or co	mmunication technologies is benefici	al	
	Basic understanding of computer networks and/or co	initialication technologies is beneficial	aı	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the fo	ollowing learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to describe the principles and structur	es of communication networks in de	tail. They ca	n explain the formal
	description methods of communication networks and the	neir protocols. They are able to ex	kplain how c	current and complex
	communication networks work and describe the current res	earch in these examples.		
Chille	Charles and the same and the sa		atherda Theor	
SKIIIS	Students are able to evaluate the performance of commun problems themselves and apply the learned methods. The	-	-	
	communication networks.	y can apply what they have learned	autonomousi	y on further and new
	communication networks.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students are able to define tasks themselves in small teams and solve these problems together using the learned methods. They			
	can present the obtained results. They are able to discuss a	and critically analyse the solutions.		
Autonomy	Students are able to obtain the necessary expert knowled	go for understanding the functionality	y and norfor	manco canabilities of
Autonomy	Students are able to obtain the necessary expert knowledge for understanding the functionality and performance capabilities of new communication networks independently.			
	new communication networks independently.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Presentation			
Examination duration and	1.5 hours colloquium with three students, therefore about	30 min per student. Topics of the col	loquium are	the posters from the
scale	previous poster session and the topics of the module.			
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Comr	nunication Systems: Elective Compuls	ory	
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and Power Sys	stems Engineering: Elective Compulso	ry	
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Elective C	ompulsory		
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Computer	er Science: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Co	mmunication Systems: Elective Comp	oulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Se	•		Elective Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation		ompulsory	
	Mechatronics: Technical Complementary Course: Elective C	•		
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Commur	-		/
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Robotics	and Computer Science: Elective Com	pulsory	

Course L0899: Selected Topi	cs of Communication Networks
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Example networks selected by the students will be researched on in a PBL course by the students in groups and will be presented in a poster session at the end of the term.
Literature	see lecture

Course L0897: Communication	on Networks
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel, Dr. Koojana Kuladinithi
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
Literature	Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Tannenbaum, Computernetzwerke, Pearson-Studium Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.

Course L0898: Communication	Course L0898: Communication Networks Excercise			
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning			
Hrs/wk	1			
СР	2			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14			
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Language	EN			
Cycle	WiSe			
Content	Part of the content of the lecture Communication Networks are reflected in computing tasks in groups, others are motivated and			
	addressed in the form of a PBL exercise.			
Literature	announced during lecture			

Module M0710: Micro	wave Engineeri	ng				
Courses						
Title Microwave Engineering (L0573) Microwave Engineering (L0574)				Typ Lecture Recitation Section (large)	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 3 2
Microwave Engineering (L0575)	D (A)			Practical Course	1	1
Module Responsible Admission Requirements	Prof. Alexander Kölpin None					
Recommended Previous		munication anginoaring	comiconductor de	vices and circuits. Pacies o	f Wayo propagatio	n from transmission
Knowledge		tical electrical engineeri		evices and circuits. Basics o	i wave propagatio	II IIOIII CIAIISIIIISSIOII
Educational Objectives	After taking part succe	essfully, students have r	eached the followi	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	and components. The	y can name different typ	es of antennas an	and related phenomena. Tl d describe the main charac ristic numbers and select th	teristics of antenna	as. They can explain
Skills	configure simple rece	iver circuits. They can of e noise of receivers and	calculate the char	etic waves. They can analyz acteristic of simple antenna se-ratio of transmission sys	as and arrays base	ed on the geometry.
Personal Competence Social Competence	Students work togethe	er in small groups during	the practical cour	ses. Together they docume	nt, evaluate and di	scuss their results.
Autonomy	Students are able to relate the knowledge gained in the course to contents of previous lectures. With given instructions they can extract data needed to solve specific problems from external sources. They are able to apply their knowledge to the laboratory courses using the given instructions.					
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Tir	ne 110, Study Time in L	ecture 70			
Credit points	6					
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Yes None	Form Subject theoretical practical work	Description and			
Examination	Written exam					
Examination duration and scale	90 min					
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering	: Core Qualification: Com	inulsory			
Following Curricula				ınication Systems: Elective (Compulsory	
i ollowing curricula				ctrical Engineering: Elective		
	_			on and Signal Processing: Ele		

Course L0573: Microwave En	gineering
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
	Prof. Alexander Kölpin
Language	
Cycle	
Content	- Antennas: Analysis - Characteristics - Realizations
	- Radio Wave Propagation
	- Transmitter: Power Generation with Vacuum Tubes and Transistors
	- Receiver: Preamplifier - Heterodyning - Noise
	- Selected System Applications
Literature	HG. Unger, "Elektromagnetische Theorie für die Hochfrequenztechnik, Teil I", Hüthig, Heidelberg, 1988
	HG. Unger, "Hochfrequenztechnik in Funk und Radar", Teubner, Stuttgart, 1994
	E. Voges, "Hochfrequenztechnik - Teil II: Leistungsröhren, Antennen und Funkübertragung, Funk- und Radartechnik", Hüthig, Heidelberg, 1991
	E. Voges, "Hochfrequenztechnik", Hüthig, Bonn, 2004
	C.A. Balanis, "Antenna Theory", John Wiley and Sons, 1982
	R. E. Collin, "Foundations for Microwave Engineering", McGraw-Hill, 1992
	D. M. Pozar, "Microwave and RF Design of Wireless Systems", John Wiley and Sons, 2001
	D. M. Pozar, "Microwave Engineerin", John Wiley and Sons, 2005

Course L0574: Microwave En	purse L0574: Microwave Engineering		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Kölpin		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Course L0575: Microwave Engineering		
Тур	Practical Course	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	1	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Kölpin	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0637: Adva	nced Concepts of Wireless Communic	cations		
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Advanced Concepts of Wireless Con	mmunications (L0297)	Lecture	3	4
Advanced Concepts of Wireless Con	mmunications (L0298)	Recitation Section (large)	2	2
Module Responsible	Dr. Rainer Grünheid			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	a Lastura IICianala and Custonali			
Knowledge	Lecture "Signals and Systems" Lecture "Fundamentals of Telecommunications	and Stochastic Processes"		
	Lecture "Digital Communications"	and Stochastic Processes		
	- Eccure Digital Communications			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached	the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to explain the general as we	ell as advanced principles and techn	iques that are	applied to wireless
	communications. They understand the properties	of wireless channels and the corre	sponding mathe	matical description.
	Furthermore, students are able to explain the physical layer of wireless transmission systems. In this context, they are proficient in			
	the concepts of multicarrier transmission (OFDM), modulation, error control coding, channel estimation and multi-antenna			
	techniques (MIMO). Students can also explain methods of multiple access. On the example of contemporary communication			
	systems (LTE, 5G) they can put the learnt content into a larger context.			
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture	and tutorials. They can explain and app	ly them to new p	roblems.
Skills	Using the acquired knowledge, students are able to u	nderstand the design of current and futi	ure wireless syste	ems. Moreover, given
	certain constraints, they can choose appropriate para	ameter settings of communication syste	ems. Students are	e also able to assess
	the suitability of technical concepts for a given applic	ation.		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students can jointly elaborate tasks in small groups a	nd present their results in an adequate	fashion.	
Autonomy	Students are able to extract necessary information fro	om given literature sources and put it in	to the perspective	e of the lecture. They
	can continuously check their level of expertise with	the help of accompanying measures (so	uch as online tes	ts, clicker questions,
	exercise tasks) and, based on that, to steer their lear	ning process accordingly. They can rela	te their acquired	knowledge to topics
	of other lectures, e.g., "Fundamentals of Communicat	ions and Stochastic Processes" and "Dig	ital Communicati	ons".
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture	70		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	90 minutes; scope: content of lecture and exercise			
scale				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and	Communication Systems: Elective Com	oulsory	
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisat	ion Communication Systems: Elective Co	ompulsory	
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Co	mmunication and Signal Processing: Elec	ctive Compulsory	

Course L0297: Advanced Cor	ncepts of Wireless Communications
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Dr. Rainer Grünheid
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	The lecture deals with technical principles and related concepts of mobile communications. In this context, the main focus is put on the physical and data link layer of the ISO-OSI stack.
	In the lecture, the transmission medium, i.e., the mobile radio channel, serves as the starting point of all considerations. The characteristics and the mathematical descriptions of the radio channel are discussed in detail. Subsequently, various physical layer aspects of wireless transmission are covered, such as channel coding, modulation/demodulation, channel estimation, synchronization, and equalization. Moreover, the different uses of multiple antennas at the transmitter and receiver, known as MIMO techniques, are described. Besides these physical layer topics, concepts of multiple access schemes in a cellular network are outlined.
	In order to illustrate the above-mentioned technical solutions, the lecture will also provide a system view, highlighting the basics of some contemporary wireless systems, including LTE, LTE Advanced, and 5G New Radio.
Literature	John G. Proakis, Masoud Salehi: Digital Communications. 5th Edition, Irwin/McGraw Hill, 2007 David Tse, Pramod Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge, 2005 Bernard Sklar: Digital Communications: Fundamentals and Applications. Second Edition, Pearson, 2013 Stefani Sesia, Issam Toufik, Matthew Baker: LTE - The UMTS Long Term Evolution. Second Edition, Wiley, 2011 Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Sköld: 5G NR - The Next Generation Wireless Access Technology. Second Edition, Academic Press, 2021

Course L0298: Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Dr. Rainer Grünheid	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0837: Simul	ation of Communication Networks			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	CP
Simulation of Communication Netwo		Project-/problem-based Learning	5	6
	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Knowledge of computer and communication networks Basic programming skills			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the follo	wing learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to explain the necessary stochastics, the performance evaluation.	discrete event simulation technolo	gy and modellin	ng of networks for
Skills	Students are able to apply the method of simulation for performance evaluation to different, also not practiced, problems of communication networks. The students can analyse the obtained results and explain the effects observed in the network. They are able to question their own results.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students are able to acquire expert knowledge in groups, pro	esent the results, and discuss solu	tion approaches	and results. They
	are able to work out solutions for new problems in small team	s.		
Autonomy	Students are able to transfer independently and in discussi	on with others the acquired meth	od and expert l	nowledge to new
, aconomy	problems. They can identify missing knowledge and acquire the	·	ou unu expert .	oeage to hen
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Commu	nication Systems: Elective Compuls	sory	
Following Curricula	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Elective Com	•		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Secu			ective Compulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Com			
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation II.		ompuisory	
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Simulation Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Simulation			
	meoretical Mechanical Engineering. Specialisation Simulation	recimology. Liective Compulsory		

Course L0887: Simulation of	Communication Networks
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	5
СР	6
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	In the course necessary basic stochastics and the discrete event simulation are introduced. Also simulation models for communication networks, for example, traffic models, mobility models and radio channel models are presented in the lecture. Students work with a simulation tool, where they can directly try out the acquired skills, algorithms and models. At the end of the course increasingly complex networks and protocols are considered and their performance is determined by simulation.
Literature	Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.

Module M0638: Mode	ern Wireless Sys	stems				
Courses						
Title Selected Topics of Modern Wireless Modern Wireless Systems (L0296)	s Systems (L1982)			Typ Project-/problem-based Learning Lecture	Hrs/wk 2 3	CP 3 3
Module Responsible	Dr. Rainer Grünheid					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Lecture "Digital	Il Communications" nced Concepts of Wireles	ss Communications	п		
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students have	reached the following	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	technical solutions fro the technical argume Radio), students are a	om the perspective of the ents, considering the results to explain different	pective application concepts in a very	·	d a system vie	ew and are aware of mples (e.g., 5G New
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and PBL course. They can explain and apply them to new problems.					
Skills	Students have developed a system view. They can transfer their knowledge to evaluate other systems, not discussed in the lecture, and to understand the respective technical solutions. Given specific contraints and technical requirements, students are in a position to make proposals for certain design aspects by an appropriate assessment and the consideration of alternatives.					
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students can jointly e	elaborate tasks in small o	groups and present	their results in an adequate fash	nion.	
Autonomy	Students are able to extract necessary information from given literature sources and put it into the perspective of the lecture. They can continuously check their level of expertise with the help of accompanying measures (such as online tests, clicker questions, exercise tasks) and, based on that, to steer their learning process accordingly. They can relate their acquired knowledge to topics of other lectures, e.g., "Digital Communications" and "Advanced Topics of Wireless Communications".					
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Ti	me 110, Study Time in L	ecture 70			
Credit points	6					
Course achievement	Yes None	Form Subject theoretical practical work	Description andPBL-Kurs mit	Posterpräsentation		
Examination	Oral exam					
Examination duration and	40 min					
scale						
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering	: Specialisation Information	tion and Communic	ation Systems: Elective Compuls	sory	
Following Curricula	Information and Com	munication Systems: Spe	ecialisation Commu	inication Systems: Elective Comp	oulsory	

Hrs/w
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orkload in Hour
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Course L0296: Modern Wirel	ess Systems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Dr. Rainer Grünheid
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	The lecture gives an overview of contemporary wireless communication concepts and related techniques from a system point of view. For that purpose, different systems, ranging from Wireless Personal to Wide Area Networks, are covered, mainly discussing the physical and data link layer.
	Systems under consideration include: - Near Field Communication (NFC) - ZigBee / IEEE 802.15.4 - Bluetooth - IEEE 802.11 family - L-band Digital Aeronautical Communication System (LDACS) - Long Term Evolution (LTE) and LTE Advanced - 5G New Radio A special focus is placed on 4th and 5th generation networks; in particular, an in-depth view into the technical principles of the 5G New Radio standard is given.
Literature	John G. Proakis, Masoud Salehi: Digital Communications. 5th Edition, Irwin/McGraw Hill, 2007 Stefani Sesia, Issam Toufik, Matthew Baker: LTE - The UMTS Long Term Evolution. Second Edition, Wiley, 2011 Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Sköld: 5G NR - The Next Generation Wireless Access Technology. Second Edition, Academic Press, 2021

Hourie M1504: Adva	nced Seminars Computer Science and	Communication reclinology		
Courses				
itle		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
dvanced Seminar Computer Scien	nce and Communication Technology I (L2352)	Seminar	2	3
ntroductory Seminar Computer Sc	ience and Communication Technology II (L2429)	Seminar	2	3
Module Responsible	Dozenten des SD E			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge of Computer Science and Mathematics	at the Master's level.		
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students are able to			
		Calana		
	explicate a specific topic in the field of Computer	Science,		
	describe complex issues,			
	present different views and evaluate in a critical	way.		
Skills	The students are able to			
	familiarize in a specific topic of Computer Science realize a liberature surrous on the consideration of			
	 realize a literature survey on the specific topic and cite in a correct way, elaborate a presentation and give a lecture to a selected audience, sum up the presentation in 10-15 lines, 			
	answer questions in the final discussion.			
	answer questions in the initial diseassion.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students are able to			
	 elaborate and introduce a topic for a certain audi 	ence.		
	 discuss the topic, content and structure of the pr 			
	discuss certain aspects with the audience, and			
	as the lecturer listen and respond to questions from	om the audience.		
Autonomy	The students are able to			
	define the task in question in an autonomous war	y,		
	develop the necessary knowledge,			
	 use appropriate work equipment, and 			
	guided by an instructor critically check the working	ng status.		
Manda and In Harris	Indiana dark Chada Tiran 124 Chada Tiran in Lankara FC			
Workload in Hours				
Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination	Presentation			
Examination duration and	×			
scale				
Assignment for the	1			
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	n Secure and Dependable IT Systems: Elec	ctive Compuls	sory

Course L2352: Advanced Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology I				
Тур	Seminar			
Hrs/wk	2			
СР	3			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28			
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E			
Language	EN			
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe			
Content	- Seminar presentations by enrolled students about selected topics of computer science and communication technology - Active participation in discussions			
Literature	Wird vom Veranstalter bekanntgegeben.			

Course L2429: Introductory Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology II		
Тур	Seminar	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe	
Content		
Literature		

Focus Signal Processing

Recommended Previous Sinch Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge Didied did	orf. Udo Zölzer one gnals and Systems fter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der önnen einen Überblick der numerischen	rfahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä	-	CP 4 2
Digital Audio Signal Processing (L0650 Digital Audio Signal Processing (L0651 Module Responsible Pr Admission Requirements No Recommended Previous Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge Did	orf. Udo Zölzer one gnals and Systems fter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der önnen einen Überblick der numerischen	Lecture Recitation Section (large) ched the following learning results rfahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä	3 1	4
Digital Audio Signal Processing (L0651 Module Responsible Pr Admission Requirements No Recommended Previous Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge Didies	orf. Udo Zölzer one gnals and Systems fter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der önnen einen Überblick der numerischen	Recitation Section (large) ched the following learning results rfahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä	1 signalverarbeitung o	
Module Responsible Pr Admission Requirements No Recommended Previous Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge Didies	of. Udo Zölzer one gnals and Systems fter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der önnen einen Überblick der numerischen	ched the following learning results rfahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä	signalverarbeitung (2
Admission Requirements No Recommended Previous Si Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge Di did	one gnals and Systems fter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der önnen einen Überblick der numerischen	rfahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä	-	
Recommended Previous Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge did	gnals and Systems fter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der önnen einen Überblick der numerischen	rfahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä	-	
Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge did	iter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der innen einen Überblick der numerischen	rfahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä	-	
Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge did	ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der innen einen Überblick der numerischen	rfahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä	-	
Professional Competence Knowledge did	ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der innen einen Überblick der numerischen	rfahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä	-	
Knowledge Di	e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der önnen einen Überblick der numerischen	Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä	-	
die	e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der önnen einen Überblick der numerischen	Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä	-	
	önnen einen Überblick der numerischen	, , ,	cohomo condite 16-1	
	die wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erläutern und in Kategorien einordnen. Sie können einen Überblick der numerischen Methoden und messtechnischen Charakterisierung von Algorithmen zur Audiosignalverarbeitung geben. Sie können die erarbeiteten Algorithmen auf weitere Anwendungen im Bereich der Informationstechnik und Informatik abstrahieren.			
co ap va	The students will be able to apply methods and techniques from audio signal processing in the fields of mobile and internet communication. They can rely on elementary algorithms of audio signal processing in form of Matlab code and interactive JAVA applets. They can study parameter modifications and evaluate the influence on human perception and technical applications in a variety of applications beyond audio signal processing. Students can perform measurements in time and frequency domain in order to give objective and subjective quality measures with respect to the methods and applications.			
Personal Competence				
· ·	ne students can work in small groups to studequate methods during the exercise.	ly special tasks and problems and will be	enforced to prese	ent their results with
lee	The students will be able to retrieve information out of the relevant literature in the field and putt hem into the context of the lecture. They can relate their gathered knowledge and relate them to other lectures (signals and systems, digital communication systems, image and video processing, and pattern recognition). They will be prepared to understand and communicate problems and effects in the field audio signal processing.			
Workload in Hours Inc	dependent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lec	ture 56		
Credit points 6			-	
Course achievement No	one		-	
Examination W	ritten exam			
Examination duration and 60) min		-	
scale				
Assignment for the Ele	ectrical Engineering: Specialisation Informatio	and Communication Systems: Elective Co	mpulsory	
Ini Pr	formation and Communication Systems: Speci formation and Communication Systems: Speciocessing: Elective Compulsory icroelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation	ecialisation Secure and Dependable IT	Systems, Focus S	Software and Signal

Course L0650: Digital Audio	Signal Processing				
Тур	Lecture				
Hrs/wk	3				
СР	4				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42				
Lecturer	Prof. Udo Zölzer				
Language	EN				
Cycle	WiSe				
Content	Introduction (Studio Technology, Digital Transmission Systems, Storage Media, Audio Components at Home)				
	Quantization (Signal Quantization, Dither, Noise Shaping, Number Representation)				
	AD/DA Conversion (Methods, AD Converters, DA Converters, Audio Processing Systems, Digital Signal Processors, Digital Audio Interfaces, Single-Processor Systems, Multiprocessor Systems)				
	Equalizers (Recursive Audio Filters, Nonrecursive Audio Filters, Multi-Complementary Filter Bank)				
	Room Simulation (Early Reflections, Subsequent Reverberation, Approximation of Room Impulse Responses)				
	Dynamic Range Control (Static Curve, Dynamic Behavior, Implementation, Realization Aspects)				
	Sampling Rate Conversion (Synchronous Conversion, Asynchronous Conversion, Interpolation Methods)				
	Data Compression (Lossless Data Compression, Lossy Data Compression, Psychoacoustics, ISO-MPEG1 Audio Coding)				
Literature	- U. Zölzer, Digitale Audiosignalverarbeitung, 3. Aufl., B.G. Teubner, 2005 .				
	- U. Zölzer, Digitale Audio Signal Processing, 2nd Edition, J. Wiley & Sons, 2005.				
	- U. Zölzer (Ed), Digital Audio Effects, 2nd Edition, J. Wiley & Sons, 2011.				

Course L0651: Digital Audio Signal Processing		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Udo Zölzer	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0677: Digita	al Signal Processing and Digital Filters				
Courses					
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР	
Digital Signal Processing and Digital		Lecture	3	4	
Digital Signal Processing and Digital					
Module Responsible					
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous	Mathematics 1-3				
Knowledge	Signals and Systems				
	 Fundamentals of signal and system theory as well a 	s random processes.			
	Fundamentals of spectral transforms (Fourier series, Fourier transform, Laplace transform)				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the f	ollowing learning results			
Professional Competence	S personal supplier and the second supplier and the se				
_	The students know and understand basic algorithms of di	gital signal processing. They are t	amiliar with the sp	ectral transforms of	
	discrete-time signals and are able to describe and analy				
	structures of digital filters and can identify and asse	ess important properties includi	ng stability. They	are aware of the	
	effects caused by quantization of filter coefficients and signals. They are familiar with the basics of adaptive filters. They can				
	perform traditional and parametric methods of spectrum estimation, also taking a limited observation window into account.				
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and tutorials. They can explain and apply them to new problems.				
Skills	The students are able to apply methods of digital signal processing to new problems. They can choose and parameterize suitable filter striuctures. In particular, the can design adaptive filters according to the minimum mean squared error (MMSE) criterion and				
	develop an efficient implementation, e.g. based on the LMS or RLS algorithm. Furthermore, the students are able to apply				
	methods of spectrum estimation and to take the effects of	a limited observation window into	account.		
Personal Competence					
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific problems.				
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant information from appropriate literature sources. They can control their level of				
,	knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial pro	blems, software tools, clicker syst	em.		
	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70				
Credit points Course achievement					
	Written exam				
Examination Examination and					
scale	30 111111				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and Power Sy	stems Engineering: Elective Com	oulsorv		
Following Curricula					
3	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation C		-	ctive Compulsory	
	Mechanical Engineering and Management: Specialisation N		_	-	
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Systems and Robo	tics: Elective Compulsory			
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Commu	nication and Signal Processing: El	ective Compulsory		
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Robotic	s and Computer Science: Elective	Compulsory		

Course L0446: Digital Signal	Processing and Digital Filters
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	
	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language Cycle	
Content	Transforms of discrete-time signals:
	Discrete-time Fourier Transform (DTFT)
	Discrete Fourier-Transform (DFT), Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
	Z-Transform
	Correspondence of continuous-time and discrete-time signals, sampling, sampling theorem
	Fast convolution, Overlap-Add-Method, Overlap-Save-Method
	Fundamental structures and basic types of digital filters
	Characterization of digital filters using pole-zero plots, important properties of digital filters
	Quantization effects
	Design of linear-phase filters
	Fundamentals of stochastic signal processing and adaptive filters
	MMSE criterion
	Wiener Filter
	LMS- and RLS-algorithm
	Traditional and parametric methods of spectrum estimation
Literature	KD. Kammeyer, K. Kroschel: Digitale Signalverarbeitung. Vieweg Teubner.
	V. Oppenheim, R. W. Schafer, J. R. Buck: Zeitdiskrete Signalverarbeitung. Pearson StudiumA. V.
	W. Hess: Digitale Filter. Teubner.
	Oppenheim, R. W. Schafer: Digital signal processing. Prentice Hall.
	S. Haykin: Adaptive flter theory.
	L. B. Jackson: Digital filters and signal processing. Kluwer.
	T.W. Parks, C.S. Burrus: Digital filter design. Wiley.

Course L0447: Digital Signal Processing and Digital Filters	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M0556: Comp	outer Graphics			
Courses				
Title Computer Graphics (L0145) Computer Graphics (L0768)		Typ Lecture Recitation Section (small)	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 3 3
Module Responsible	Prof. Tobias Knopp	recitation Section (smail)		
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous				
Knowledge		1)		
	Basic programming skills in C/C++			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the follo	wing learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students can explain and describe basic algorithms in 3D com	puter graphics.		
Skills	Students are capable of • implementing a basic 3D rendering pipeline. This consists of projecting simple 3D structures (e.g. cube, spheres) onto a 2D			
	surface using a virtual camera.		. 3	
	apply geometric transformations (e.g. rotation, scaling)) in 2D and 3D computer graphic	cs.	
	using well-known 2D/3D APIs (OpenGL, Cairo) for solvii	ng a given problem statement.		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students can collaborate in a small team on the realization an	d validation of a 3D computer g	raphics pipeline.	
Autonomy	 Students are able to solve simple tasks independently with reference to the contents of the lectures and the exercise sets. Students are able to solve detailed problems independently with the aid of the tutorial's programming task. 			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement				
	Written exam			
Examination duration and				
scale				
_	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software El			offware and Circ. I
Following Curricula	1	ecure and Dependable IT Sy	rstems, Focus S	oπware and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Com International Management and Engineering: Specialisation II.	•	-	ective Compulsory

Course L0145: Computer Gra	phics
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Computer graphics and animation are leading to an unprecedented visual revolution. The course deals with its technological foundations: Object-oriented Computer Graphics Projections and Transformations Polygonal and Parametric Modelling Illuminating, Shading, Rendering Computer Animation Techniques Kinematics and Dynamics Effects Students will be be working on a series of mini-projects which will eventually evolve into a final project. Learning computer graphics and animation resembles learning a musical instrument. Therefore, doing your projects well and in time is essential for performing well on this course.
Literature	Alan H. Watt: 3D Computer Graphics. Harlow: Pearson (3rd ed., repr., 2009). Dariush Derakhshani: Introducing Autodesk Maya 2014. New York, NY: Wiley (2013).

Course L0768: Computer Gra	ourse L0768: Computer Graphics	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M1700: Satel	lite Communications and Navigation			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Radio-Based Positioning and Navigation (L2711)		Lecture	2	3
Satellite Communications (L2710)		Lecture	3	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	The module is designed for a diverse audience, i.e.	students with different backg	ground. Basic knowledge	of communications
Knowledge	engineering and signal processing are of advantag	e but not required. The co	ourse intends to provide	the chapters on
	communications techniques such that on the one hand			
	concepts and examples (e.g. modulation and coding so	- · · · · ·	•	-
	been treated in our other bachelor and master courses		-	
	the ideas but may not be able to understand in the s consideration in the oral exam.	ame depth. The individual ba	ackground of the students	s will be taken into
	consideration in the oral exam.			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students are able to understand, compare and	analyse digital satellite con	nmunications system as	well as navigation
	techniques. They are familiar with principal ideas of th	e respective communications	, signal processing and po	ositioning methods.
	They can describe distortions and resulting limitations	•		
	describe how fundamental communications and navigat	ion techniques are applied in	selected practical systems	i.
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture ar	nd tutorials. They can explain a	and apply them to new pro	blems.
Skille	The students are able to describe and analyse digital s	atallita communications systa	ms and navigation system	s They are able to
Skills	analyse transmission chains including link budget calcu			
	system parameters for given scenarios.	actions. They are able to enough	se appropriate transmissio	m teemiologies and
	3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific problems.			
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant information fr	om appropriate literature sour	ces.	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination Examination duration and				
examination duration and scale	50 111111			
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Co	ommunication Systems: Flection	ve Compulsory	
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	•		ftware and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory		,,	gilai
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	Communication Systems, Fo	cus Signal Processing: Elec	tive Compulsory
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Com	nunication and Signal Process	ing: Elective Compulsory	

	Positioning and Navigation
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch, Dr. Rico Mendrzik
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	
	Information extraction from communication signals The of points and points in the communication signals.
	Time-of-arrival principle
	 Ranging in additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel
	 Correlation-based range estimation
	 Effect of multipath propagation on time-of-arrival principle
	Zero-forcing range estimation in the presence of multipath
	 Optimum range estimation in the presence of multipath
	Zero-forcing in presence of noise
	Angle-of-arrival principle
	 Angle-of-arrival estimation in AWGN channel
	■ Delay-and-sum estimator
	■ Multiple Signal Classifier (MUSIC)
	 MUSIC-based angle-of-arrival estimation
	Case study: Comparison of estimators in AWGN channels
	 Effect of multipath propagation on angle-of-arrival principle
	 Case study: Comparison of estimators in multipath channels

- Information fusion of extracted signals
 - · Distance-based positioning
 - Principle of time-of-arrival positioning
 - Geometric interpretation
 - Positioning in the absence of noise
 - Linearization of the positioning problem
 - · Positioning in the presence of noise
 - Optimality criteria
 - Least squares time-of-arrival positioning
 - Maximum likelihood time-of-arrival positioning
 - Interactive Matlab demo
 - Excursion: gradient descent solvers for nonlinear programs
 - Real-life positioning with embedded development board (Arduino)
 - Linearized least squares time-of-arrival positioning
 - Effect of clock offsets on distance-based positioning
 - Time-difference-of-arrival principle
 - Least squares time-difference-of-arrival positioning
 - Clock offset mitigation via two-way ranging
 - Performance limits of distance-based positioning
 - Fisher information and the Cramér-Rao lower bound
 - Fisher information in the AWGN case
 - Multi-variate Fisher information
 - Cramér-Rao lower bound for synchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - Case study: Synchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - Cramér-Rao lower bound for unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - Case study: Unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - · Angle-based Positioning
 - Angle-of-arrival positioning principle
 - Geometric interpretation angle-of-arrival positioning principle
 - Noise-free angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 - Effect of noise on angle-of-arrival positioning
 - Least squares angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 - Linear least squares angle-of-arrival positioning
 - Effect of orientation uncertainty
 - Angle-difference-of-arrival positioning
 - Geometric interpretation angle difference of arrival positioning
 - Proof of angle-difference-of-arrival locus
 - Inscribed angle lemma
 - Case study: Angle-difference-of-arrival-positioning
 - o Performance limits of angle-based positioning
 - Cramér-Rao lower bound for angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 - Case study: Angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
- Information Filtering
 - Bayesian filtering
 - Principle of Bayesian filtering
 - General Problem Formulation
 - Solution to the linear Gaussian case
 - State transition in the linear Gaussian caseProof of predicted posterior distribution of the Kalman filter
 - State update in the linear Gaussian case
 - Proof of marginal posterior distribution of the Kalman filter
 - Working with Gaussian random variables
 - Proof: Affine transformation
 - Proof: Marginalization
 - Proof: Conditioning
 - Kalman filter: Optimum Inference in the linear Gaussian case
 - Modeling of process noise
 - Modeling of measurement noise
 - Case study: Kalman filtering in the linear Gaussian case
 - Interactive Kalman filtering in Matlab
 - Dealing with nonlinearities in Bayesian filtering
 - Nonlinear Gaussian case
 - Extended Kalman filter
 - Proof of predicted posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter
 - Proof of marginal posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter
 - Example: Nonlinear state transition
 - Case study: Extended Kalman filtering
 - Practical considerations for filter design
- Satellite Navigation
 - Overview from positioning perspective
 - Earth-centered earth-fixed (ECEF) coordinate system
 - World geodetic system (WGS)
 - Satellite navigation systems
 - System-receiver clock offsets and pseudo-ranges

Systems	
	 Unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning revisited
	GPS legacy signals and ranging
	■ Signal overview
	■ Time-of-arrival principle revisited
	 Direct sequence spread spectrum principle
	■ Short and long codes
	Satellite signal generation
	■ Carriers and codes
	 Correlation properties of codes
	Code division multiple access in flat fading channels
	Navigation message
	Velocity estimation
	Hands-on case study: Design of an extended Kalman filter for satellite navigation based on recorded data
	Robust navigation
	 Multipath-assisted positioning in millimeter wave multiple antenna systems
	Multi-sensor fusion
Literature	

Literature	
Course L2710: Satellite Com	munications
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	3
	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Introduction to satellite communications
	What is a satellite
	Overview orbits, Van Allen Belt, components of a satellite
	Satellite services
	Frequency bands for satellite services
	International Telecommunications Union (ITU)
	Influence of atmospheric impairments
	Milestones in satellite communications
	Components of a satellite communications system
	Ground segment
	Space segment
	Control segment
	Communication links
	Uplink, downlink Forward link, reverse link
	·
	Intersatellite links Multiple seeses
	Multiple access
	Performance measures Fig. 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15
	Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP), antenna gain, figure of merit, G/T, carrier to noise ratio
	■ Signal to noise power ratio vs. carrier to noise ratio
	Single beam and multibeam satellites
	Beam coverage
	Examples for beam coverage of LEO and GEO satellites (Iridium, Viasat)
	Transparent vs. regenerative payload
	Orbits
	Low earth orbot (LEO), medium earth orbit (MEO), geosynchroneous and geostationary orbits (GEO), highly elliptical
	orbits (HEO
	Favourable orbits:
	■ HEO orbits with 63-64 ^o inclination, Molnya and Tundra orbits
	Circular LEO orbits Circular LEO orbits
	Circular MEO Orbits (Intermediate Circular Orbits (ICO))
	Equatorial orbits, geostationary orbit (GEO)Important aspects of LEO, MEO and GEO satellites
	Kepler's laws of planetary motion Gravitational force
	Parameters of ellipses and elliptical orbits
	Major and minor half axis
	·
	• Foci
	 Eccentricity Eccentric anomaly, mean anomaly, true anomaly
	Area Orbit period
	Orbit period
	Perigee, apogee
	Distance of satellite from center of earth
	Construction of ellipses according to de La Hire
	Orbital plane in space, inclination, right ascension (longitude) of ascending node, Vernal equinox
•	· '

- Newton's laws of motion
- · Newton's universal law of gravitation
- Energy of satellites: Potential energy, kinetic energy, total energy
- Instantaneous speed of a satellite
- Kepler's equation
- Satellite visibility, elevation
- Required number of LEO, MEO or GEO satellites for continuous earth coverage
- Satellite altitude and distance from a point on earth
- Choice of orbits
 - LEO, HEO, GEO
 - Elliptical orbits with non-zero inclination, Molnya orbits, Tundra orbits
 - Geosynchronous orbits
 - Parameters of geosynchronous orbits
 - Circular geosynchronous orbits
 - Inclined geosynchronous orbits
 - Quasi-zenith satellite systems (QZSS)
 - Syb-synchronous circular equatorial orbits
 - Geostationary orbit
 - Parameters of the geostationary orbit
 - Visibility
 - Propagation delay
 - Applications and system examples
- · Perturbations of orbits
 - Station keeping
 - Station keeping box
 - Estimation of orbit parameters
- Fundamentals of digital communications techniques
 - o Components of a digital communications system
 - o Principles of encryption
 - Scrambling
 - Scrambling vs. interleaving for randomization of data sequences
 - o Interleaving: Block interleaver, convolutional interleaver, random interleaver
 - o Digital modulation methods
 - Linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Linear digital modulation methods
 - QAM modulator and demodulator
 - Pulse shaping, square-root raised-cosine pulses
 - Average power spectral density
 - Signal space constellation
 - Examples: M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude shift keying (M-QAM)
 - M-PSK in noisy channels
 - Bit error probabilities of M-PSK and M-QAM
 - M-PSK vs. M-QAM
 - M-ary amplitude and phase shift keying (M-APSK)
 - M-APSK vs. M-QAM
 - Differential phase shift keying (DPSK)

Error control coding (channel coding)

- Error detecting and forward error correcting (FEC) codes
- Principle of channel coding
- Data rate, code rate, Baud rate, spectral efficiency of modulation and coding schemes
- Bandwidth-power trade-off, bandwidth-limited vs. power-limited transmission
- Coding and modulation for transparent vs. regenerative payload
- Block codes and convolutional codes
- Concatenated codes
- Bit-interleaved coded modulation
- Convolutional codes
- Low density parity check (LDPC) codes, principle of message passing decoding, bit error rate performance
- Cyclic block codes
 - Examples for cyclic block codes
 - Single errors vs. block errors, cyclic block codes for burst errors
 - Generator matrix, generator polynomials
 - Systematic encoding and syndrome determination with shift registers
 - Cyclic redundancy check (CRC) codes
- Automatic repeat request (ARQ)
 - Principle of ARQ
 - Stop-and-wait ARQ
 - Go-back-N ARQ
 - Selective-repeat ARQ
- Transmission gains and losses

- Antenna gain
 - Antenna radiation pattern
 - Maximum antenna gain, 3dB beamwidth
 - Maximum antenna gain of circular aperture
 - Maximum antenna gain of a geostationary satellite with global coverage
- Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP)
- Power flux density
- Path los
 - Free space loss, free space loss for geostationary satellites
 - Atmospheric loss
 - Received power
- Losses in transmit and receive equipment
 - Feeder loss
 - Depointing loss
 - Polarization mismatch loss
- o Combined effect of losses
- Noise
 - o Origins of noise
 - White noise
 - Noise power spectral density and noise power
 - o Additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel model
 - · Antenna noise temperature
 - Earth brightness temperature
 - · Signal to noise ratios
- Atmospheric distortions
 - ${\color{gray} \bullet} \ \ \, \text{Atmosphere of the earth: Troposphere, stratosphere, mesosphere, thermosphere, exosphere} \\$
 - Attenuation and depolarization due to rain, fog, rain and ice clouds, sandstorms
 - Scintillation
 - o Faraday effect
 - Multipath contributions
- Link budget calculations
 - GEO clear sky uplink and downlink
 - GEO uplink and downlink under rain conditions
 - o Transparent vs. regenerative payload
- Link availability improvement through site diversity and adaptive transmission
 - o Transparent vs. regenerative payload
 - Non-linear amplifiers
 - Saleh model, Rapp model
 - Input and output back-off factor
 - Single carrier and multicarrier operation
 - Dimensioning of transmission parameters
 - Sources of noise: Thermal noise, interference, intermodulation products
 - Signal to noise ratio and bit error probability
 - Robustness against interference and non-linear channels
- Satellite networks
 - Satellite network reference architectures
 - Network topologies
 - Network connectivity
 - Types of network connectivity
 - On-board connectivity
 - Inter-satellite links
 - Broadcast networks
 - Satellite-based internet
- Satellite communications systems and standards examples
 - The role of standards in satellite communications
 - $\bullet \ \ \, \text{The Digital Video Broadcast Satellite Standard: DVB-S, DVB-S2, DVB-S2X} \\$
 - Satellites in 3GPP mobile communications networks
 - ${\color{gray} \bullet} \ \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{LEO}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{megaconstellations:}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{SpaceX}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{Starlink,}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{Kuiper,}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{OneWeb}}$
 - Space debris
 - The German Heinrich Hertz mission

Literature

Эузсеніз				
Module M1702: Proce	ss Imaging			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Process Imaging (L2723)		Lecture	3	3
Process Imaging (L2724)		Project-/problem-based Learning	3	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Alexander Penn			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	No special prerequisites needed			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following	ng learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Content: The module focuses primarily on discussing establish	ed imaging techniques including	(a) optical a	nd infrared imaging,
	(b) magnetic resonance imaging, (c) X-ray imaging and tomogra	aphy, and (d) ultrasound imaging	g but also cov	ers a range of more
	recent imaging modalities. The students will learn:			
	what these imaging techniques can measure (such as	sample density or concentrati	on material	transport chemical
	composition, temperature),	sample defisity of concentration	on, material	cransport, cricimear
	how the measurements work (physical measurement prince)	ciples, hardware requirements, ir	mage reconstr	uction), and
	3. how to determine the most suited imaging methods for a	·		,,,
	Learning goals: After the successful completion of the course,	the students shall:		
	understand the physical principles and practical aspects o	f the most common imaging met	hods,	
	2. be able to assess the pros and cons of these methods	with regard to cost, complexity	, expected co	ntrasts, spatial and
	temporal resolution, and based on this assessment			
	3. be able to identify the most suited imaging modality for	r any specific engineering challe	enge in the fi	eld of chemical and
	bioprocess engineering.			
Skills				
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	In the problem-based interactive course, students work in sma	II teams and set up two process	s imaging sys	tems and use these
	systems to measure relevant process parameters in different che	emical and bioprocess engineering	ng application	s. The teamwork will
	foster interpersonal communication skills.			
Autonomy	Students are guided to work in self-motivation due to the challen	nge-based character of this mod	ule. A final pr	esentation improves
	presentation skills.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 96, Study Time in Lecture 84			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	120 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation A - General Bioprocess En	gineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation B - Industrial Bioprocess E	Engineering: Elective Compulsory	,	
	Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation C - Bioeconomic Process	Engineering, Focus Energy and	Bioprocess 1	echnology: Elective
	Compulsory			
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation General Pro	ocess Engineering: Elective Comp	oulsory	
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation Bioprocess		•	
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation Chemical P		npulsory	
	Computer Science: Specialisation II: Intelligence Engineering: Ele			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Commu	•	_	
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation II. Pro			Lompulsory
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Robotics and	·		
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Robotics and		pulsory	
	Process Engineering: Specialisation Process Engineering: Elective	, ,		
	Process Engineering: Specialisation Chemical Process Engineerin			
	Process Engineering: Specialisation Environmental Process Engin			
	Water and Environmental Engineering: Specialisation Environme			
	Water and Environmental Engineering: Specialisation Water: Elec	Live Compulsory		

Course L2723: Process Imaging	
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Penn
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	
Literature	Wang, M. (2015). Industrial Tomography. Cambridge, UK: Woodhead Publishing.
	Available as e-book in the library of TUHH: https://katalog.tub.tuhh.de/Record/823579395

Course L2724: Process Imag	ing
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	3
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Penn, Dr. Stefan Benders
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Content: The module focuses primarily on discussing established imaging techniques including (a) optical and infrared imaging, (b) magnetic resonance imaging, (c) X-ray imaging and tomography, and (d) ultrasound imaging and also covers a range of more recent imaging modalities. The students will learn:
	 what these imaging techniques can measure (such as sample density or concentration, material transport, chemical composition, temperature), how the measurements work (physical measurement principles, hardware requirements, image reconstruction), and how to determine the most suited imaging methods for a given problem.
	Learning goals: After the successful completion of the course, the students shall:
	 understand the physical principles and practical aspects of the most common imaging methods, be able to assess the pros and cons of these methods with regard to cost, complexity, expected contrasts, spatial and temporal resolution, and based on this assessment be able to identify the most suited imaging modality for any specific engineering challenge in the field of chemical and bioprocess engineering.
Literature	Wang, M. (2015). Industrial Tomography. Cambridge, UK: Woodhead Publishing. Available as e-book in the library of TUHH: https://katalog.tub.tuhh.de/Record/823579395

Эузсеніз				
Module M1598: Image	e Processing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Image Processing (L2443)		Lecture	2	4
Image Processing (L2444)		Recitation Section (small)	2	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Tobias Knopp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Signal and Systems			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the	following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students know about			
	e vigual perception			
	visual perceptionmultidimensional signal processing			
	sampling and sampling theorem			
	filtering			
	image enhancement			
	edge detection			
	multi-resolution procedures: Gauss and Laplace py	ramid, wavelets		
	image compression			
	image segmentation			
	 morphological image processing 			
CL:II-	The shorteness are			
SKIIIS	The students can			
	analyze, process, and improve multidimensional in	nage data		
	 implement simple compression algorithms 			
	 design custom filters for specific applications 			
Dorsonal Compotonso				
Personal Competence	Students can work on complex problems both independe	ntly and in toams. They can exchang	o idoas with oacl	h other and use their
30ciai competence	individual strengths to solve the problem.	nity and in teams. They can exchang	e ideas with each	ii otilei allu use tileli
	marvidual strengths to solve the problem.			
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investigate a complex	x problem and assess which compete	encies are require	ed to solve it.
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Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and	90 min			
scale				
-	Data Science: Core Qualification: Elective Compulsory	ianas Flashius Communi		
Following Curricula	Data Science: Specialisation I. Mathematics/Computer Science: Specialisation II. Computer Science: Floation	' '		
	Data Science: Specialisation II. Computer Science: Electiv			
	Data Science: Specialisation IV. Special Focus Area: Elect Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Col		ulcor.	
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Col	,	ouisory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation		al Processing: Fle	ective Compulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	•	_	
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			Ina Signal
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation	n II. Information Technology: Elective	e Compulsory	
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Systems and Rob		. , ,	
	Mechatronics: Specialisation System Design: Elective Cor			
	Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Elective Compulsory	-		
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Comm	unication and Signal Processing: Elec	tive Compulsory	
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Robot	ics and Computer Science: Elective C	Compulsory	
		aa compater science. Elective C	pui30i y	

Course L2443: Image Proces	sing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 92, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Visual perception Multidimensional signal processing Sampling and sampling theorem Filtering Image enhancement Edge detection Multi-resolution procedures: Gauss and Laplace pyramid, wavelets Image Compression Segmentation Morphological image processing
Literature	Bredies/Lorenz, Mathematische Bildverarbeitung, Vieweg, 2011 Pratt, Digital Image Processing, Wiley, 2001 Bernd Jähne: Digitale Bildverarbeitung - Springer, Berlin 2005

ourse L2444: Image Processing	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Focus Software

Module M0753: Softw	vare Verification			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Software Verification (L0629)		Lecture	2	3
Software Verification (L0630)		Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle Schupp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Automata theory and formal languages			
Knowledge	Computational logic			
	Object-oriented programming, algorithms, and data s	structures		
	Functional programming or procedural programming			
	Concurrency			
Educational Objections	After the life or a set of the se	Unividual Laboration in according		
	After taking part successfully, students have reached the fo	llowing learning results		
Professional Competence Knowledge				
Knowieuge	Students apply the major verification techniques in model c	hecking and deductive verification	n They explain in	formal terms syntax
	and semantics of the underlying logics, and assess the ex	*		•
	formal properties of software systems. They find flaws in for			
				•
Skills	Students formulate provable properties of a software system	* * *		
	abstract from the software under verification and, where no			
	checks by hand or using tools for model checking or deducti			
	verification problem in natural language, they select the app	propriate verification technique a	na justiry their ch	oice.
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their	solutions orally. They communica	te in English.	
Autonomy	Using accompanying on-line material for self study, stud	onts can accoss their level of k	rnowlodgo contin	uously and adjust it
Autonomy	appropriately. Working on exercise problems, they receiv			
	goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify an		-	_
	the field of software verification. Within this field, they car			
	and compile their findings in academic reports. They can de	·	•	
Workload in Hours	, , , ,			
Credit points Course achievement		on .		
Course achievement	Yes 15 % Excercises			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and				
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software	Engineering: Elective Compulsor	y	
Following Curricula	1			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Sec		Compulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Co	mmunication Systems, Focus Sof	tware: Elective Co	ompulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation I	I. Information Technology: Electiv	e Compulsory	

Course L0629: Software Veri	fication
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Model checking (bounded model checking, CTL, LTL) Real-time model checking (TCTL, timed automata) Deductive verification (Hoare logic) Tool support Recent developments of verification techniques and applications
Literature	 C. Baier and J-P. Katoen, Principles of Model Checking, MIT Press 2007. M. Huth and M. Bryan, Logic in Computer Science. Modelling and Reasoning about Systems, 2nd Edition, 2004. Selected Research Papers

ourse L0630: Software Verification	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

- ,				
Module M0733: Softw	vare Analysis			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Software Analysis (L0631)		Lecture	2	3
Software Analysis (L0632)		Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle Schupp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous		inc		
Knowledge	Basic knowledge of software-engineering activit Discrete algebraic structures	es		
	Object-oriented programming, algorithms, and of	lata etructurae		
	Functional programming or Procedural pr			
	Tunctional programming of Trocedular programm	Tillig		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached t	he following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students apply the major approaches to data-flow	analysis, control-flow analysis, and ty	pe-based analys	sis, along with their
	classification schemes, and employ abstract interpre	etation. They explain the standard fo	rms of internal	representations and
	models, including their mathematical structure and pro-	operties, and evaluate their suitability	or a particular a	nalysis. They explain
	and categorize the major analysis algorithms. They	distinguish precise solutions from a	oproximative ap	proaches, and show
	termination and soundness properties.			
Skills	Presented with an analytical task for a software artifac	t students select appropriate approach	es from software	analysis and justify
J.K.II.S	Presented with an analytical task for a software artifact, students select appropriate approaches from software analysis, and justify their choice. They design suitable representations by modifying standard representations. They develop customized analyses and			
	devise them as safe overapproximations. They formula			-
	behavior, and precision.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend	their solutions orally. They communical	e in English.	
Autonomy	Using accompanying on-line material for self study,	students can assess their level of ki	nowledge contin	uously and adjust it
	appropriately. Working on exercise problems, they r	eceive additional feedback. Within lim	its, they can se	t their own learning
	goals. Upon successful completion, students can identi	fy and precisely formulate new probler	ns in academic c	r applied research in
	the field of software analysis. Within this field, they ca	in conduct independent studies to acq	uire the necessa	ry competencies and
	compile their findings in academic reports. They can de	evise plans to arrive at new solutions of	assess existing	ones.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56	5		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Subject theoretical and practical work			
Examination duration and	software artifacts/mathematical write-ups; short prese	ntation		
scale				
Assignment for the	Information and Communication Systems: Specialis	ation Secure and Dependable IT Sy	stems, Focus S	Software and Signal
Following Curricula	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	on Communication Systems, Focus Soft	ware: Elective Co	mpulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisa	tion II. Information Technology: Elective	Compulsory	

Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
	 Modeling: Control-Flow Modeling, Data Dependences, Intermediate Languages) Classical Bit-Vector Analyses (Reaching Definition, Very Busy Expressions, Liveness, Available Expressions, May/Mus Forward/Backward) Monotone Frameworks (Lattices, Transfer Functions, Ascending Chain Condition, Distributivity, Constant Propagation) Theory of Data-Flow Analysis (Tarski's Fixed Point Theorem, Data-Flow Equations, MFP Solution, MOP Solution, Workli Algorithm) Non-Classical Data-Flow Analyses Abstract Interpretation (Galois Connections, Approximating Fixed Points, Construction Techniques) Type Systems (Type Derivation, Inference Trees, Algorithm W, Unification) Recent Developments of Analysis Techniques and Applications
Literature	 Flemming Nielsen, Hanne Nielsen, and Chris Hankin. Principles of Program Analysis. Springer, 2nd. ed. 2005. Uday Khedker, Amitabha Sanyal, and Bageshri Karkara. Data Flow Analysis: Theory and Practice. CRC Press, 2009. Benjamin Pierce, Types and Programming Languages, MIT Press. Selected research papers

Course L0632: Software Analysis	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M1397: Mode	l Checking - Pro	oof Engines and	Algorithms			
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Model Checking - Proof Engines and	d Algorithms (L1979)			Lecture	2	3
Model Checking - Proof Engines and	d Algorithms (L1980)			Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Görschwin Fey					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge abou	ut data structures and alg	gorithms			
Knowledge						
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students have r	eached the following	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	Students know					
	algorithms and	data structures for mode	el checking			
	_	an reasoning engines an	_			
				tional effort for model checki	na.	
		,	.g		9.	
Skills	Students can					
	explain and im	plement algorithms and	data structures for	model checking.		
	7			ean reasoning or model chec	king, and	
		respective algorithms.				
	·	. 3				
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students					
	discuss relevar	nt topics in class and				
	defend their so	lutions orally.				
Autonomy			endently learn in	-depth relations between co	oncepts explained	d in the lecture and
	additional solution strategies.					
		me 124, Study Time in Le	ecture 56			
Credit points		_				
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Yes None	Form Subject theoretical	Description	wird im Rahmen von Volresu	ına und Prüfuna d	lefiniert Die Lösung
	res None	practical work	_	ist Zulassungsvoraussetzung	-	deminert. Die Losurig
Examination	Oral exam	practical WOIN	aci Adigabe i	Se Ediassarigs voi aussetzurig	.a. die i fululig.	
Examination duration and						
scale	30 111111					
	Computer Science: Sr	necialisation I Computer	and Software Engi	neering: Elective Compulsory	/	
Following Curricula				nication Systems, Focus Soft		mnulsory
i onowing curricula				and Dependable IT Systems:		
	inionnation and Colli	nameation systems. spe	ciansation secure	and Dependable it Systems.	Licetive Compuis	or y

Course L1979: Model Checkin	ng - Proof Engines and Algorithms
Тур	
Hrs/wk	
CP Workload in Hours	
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey
Cycle	
Content	hardware or software. Such properties are given in temporal logic, e.g., to prove "No two orthogonal traffic lights will ever be green."
	And how do the underlying reasoning algorithms work so effectively in practice despite a computational complexity of NP hardness and beyond?
	But what are the limitations of model checking?
	How are the models generated from a given design? The lecture will answer these questions. Open source tools will be used to gather a practical experience.
	Among other topics, the lecture will consider the following topics:
	Modelling digital Hardware, Software, and Cyber Physical Systems
	Data structures, decision procedures and proof engines
	Binary Decision Diagrams
	And-Inverter-Graphs
	Boolean Satisfiability
	Satisfiability Modulo Theories
	Specification Languages
	• CTL
	∘ LTL
	System Verilog Assertions
	Algorithms for
	Reachability Analysis
	Symbolic CTL Checking
	Bounded LTL-Model Checking
	Optimizations, e.g., induction, abstraction
	Quality assurance
Literature	Edmund M. Clarke, Jr., Orna Grumberg, and Doron A. Peled. 1999. <i>Model Checking</i> . MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, USA.
	A. Biere, A. Biere, M. Heule, H. van Maaren, and T. Walsh. 2009. <i>Handbook of Satisfiability: Volume 185 Frontiers in Artificial Intelligence and Applications.</i> IOS Press, Amsterdam, The Netherlands, The Netherlands.
	Selected research papers

Course L1980: Model Checki	ourse L1980: Model Checking - Proof Engines and Algorithms		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Systems					_
Module M1	1301: Software Testing				
Courses					
Title Software Testing (I		Typ Lecture Project-/problem-based Learning	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 3 3	-
Module		.,,		-	1
Responsible					
Admission	n None				
Requirements	s				
Recommended	d Software Engineering				
Previous	Higher Programming Languages				
Knowledge	Object-Oriented Programming				
	Algorithms and Data Structures				
	Experience with (Small) Software Projects				
	Statistics				
Educational Objectives	31	ng results			
Professional					
Competence	e				
Knowledge					
	Students explain the different phases of testing, describe f				
	techniques of different types of testing, and paraphrase the principles of the corresponding test process. They give example the corresponding test process.				
	software development scenarios and the corresponding te	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	technique. They explain algorithms used for particular test	= -			
	techniques and describe possible advantages and limitation	=			
Skills	Students identify the appropriate testing type and techniq problem. They adapt and execute respective algorithms to concrete test technique properly. They interpret testing re execute corresponding steps for proper re-test scenarios. analyze test specifications. They apply bug finding techniq non-trivial problems.	execute a sults and They write and			
Personal	at l				
Competence					
• Social		lly.			
Competence	They communicate in English.				
Autonomy	y Students can assess their level of knowledge continuously and adjust it a own learning goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify ar testing. Within this field, they can conduct independent studies to acquidevise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones	nd precisely formulate new problems in	n academic or	applied research in t	the field o
Workload in Hours					
Credit points	s 6				
Course	e None				
achievement					
Examination					
Examination					
duration and					
scale		Florities Communication			
Assignment			mpulcom		
for the Following				essing: Elective Comr	oulsorv
Curricula					y
	1				

Course L1791: Software Testing				
Тур	Lecture			
Hrs/wk	2			
СР	3			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28			
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp			
Language	EN			
Cycle	SoSe			
Content	 Fundamentals of software testing Model-based testing Test automation Criteria-based testing 			
Literature	 M. Pezze and M. Young, Software Testing and Analysis, John Wiley 2008. P. Ammann and J. Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", 2nd edition 2016. A. Zeller: "Why Programs Fail: A Guide to Systematic Debugging", 2nd edition 2012. 			

Course L1792: Software Testing				
Тур	oject-/problem-based Learning			
Hrs/wk	2			
СР	3			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28			
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp			
Language	EN			
Cycle	SoSe			
Content	 Fundamentals of software testing Model-based testing Test automation Criteria-based testing 			
	 M. Pezze and M. Young, Software Testing and Analysis, John Wiley 2008. P. Ammann and J. Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", 2nd edition 2015. 			

- ,				
Module M1682: Secur	re Software Engineering			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Secure Software Engineering (L266	57)	Lecture	2	3
Secure Software Engineering (L266	58)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Familiarity with basic software engineering c	oncepts (e.g., requirements, design) and basic secur	rity concepts	(e.g., confidentiality,
Knowledge	integrity, availability)			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have	reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students can:			
	Elicit security requirements in a software	ero project		
	Model and document security measure	• •		
	Use threat and risk analysis technique	-		
	Understand how security code reviews			
	Understand flow security code reviews Understand the core definitions of con	•		
	Understand the core definitions of con Understand privacy enhancing techno			
	• Onderstand privacy enhancing techno	logies		
Skills	Select appropriate security assurance techni	ques to be used in a security assurance program		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	None			
Autonomy	Students can apply the knowledge acquired	throughout the course to the resolution of industrial	case studies.	Students should also
	be capable to acquire new knowledge indepe	endently from academic publications, techical standa	irds, and white	e papers.
	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in	Lecture 56		
Credit points				
Course achievement				
	Written exam			
Examination duration and	120 min			
scale	Communitary Sciences - Specialization Communitary	and Coffeens Engineering Floring Committee		
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	er and Software Engineering: Elective Compulsory	- FI	
Following Curricula	,	pecialisation Communication Systems, Focus Softwar		
		Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT Syste	ms, Focus S	oπware and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			

rse L2667: Secure Softwa	are Engineering
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Secure software development processes and maturity models
	Techniques to define security requirements
	Techniques to create, document and analyse the design of secure applications Threat and risk analysis techniques
	Security code reviews
	Program repair techniques for security vulnerabilities
	Privacy engineering
Literature	Sindre, G. and Opdahl, A.L., 2005. Eliciting security requirements with misuse cases. Requirements engineering, 10(1), pp.34-44.
	Fontaine, P.J., Van Lamsweerde, A., Letier, E. and Darimont, R., 2001. Goal-oriented elaboration of security requirements.
	Mead, N.R. and Stehney, T., 2005. Security quality requirements engineering (SQUARE) methodology. ACM SIGSOFT Software Engineering Notes, 30(4), pp.1-7.
	Mirakhorli, M., Shin, Y., Cleland-Huang, J. and Cinar, M., 2012, June. A tactic-centric approach for automating traceability of quality concerns. In 2012 34th international conference on software engineering (ICSE) (pp. 639-649). IEEE.
	Jürjens, J., UMLsec: Extending UML for secure systems development, International Conference on The Unified Modeling Language 2002
	Lund, M.S., Solhaug, B. and Stølen, K., 2011. A guided tour of the CORAS method. In Model-Driven Risk Analysis (pp. 23-43 Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.
	Howard, M.A., 2006. A process for performing security code reviews. IEEE Security & privacy, 4(4), pp.74-79
	Diaz, C. and Gürses, S., 2012. Understanding the landscape of privacy technologies. Proceedings of the information securil summit, 12, pp.58-63.

Course L2668: Secure Software Engineering				
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning			
Hrs/wk	2			
СР	3			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28			
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato			
Language	EN			
Cycle	SoSe			
Content	 Secure software development processes and maturity models Techniques to define security requirements Techniques to create, document and analyse the design of secure applications Threat and risk analysis techniques Security code reviews Program repair techniques for security vulnerabilities Privacy engineering 			
Literature				

Module M1774: Adva	ced Internet Computing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	6)	Lecture	2	3
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	7)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Stefan Schulte			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Good programming skills are necessary. Previous knowledge in th	e field of distributed systems is	helpful.	
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the followin	g learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	After successful completion of the course, students are able to:			
	Describe basic concepts of Cloud Computing, the Internet of Cloud Computing and Computing are concepts.	of Things (IoT) and blockchain t	ochnologies	
	Discuss and assess critical aspects of Cloud Computing, the Internet Computing, the Internet Computing, the Internet Computing Comp	- ·	-	
	Select and apply cloud and IoT technologies for particular a		163	
			م منحطمان ما اما	ofhuoro
	Design and develop practical solutions for the integration of the	or smart objects in ior, cloud, ar	id biockchain s	ortware
	Implement IoT services			
Skills	The students acquire the ability to model Internet-based distributed systems and to work with these systems. This comprises			
	especially the ability to select and utilize fitting technologies for	•	-	
	critically assess the chosen technologies.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students can work on complex problems both independently and	in teams. They can exchange io	deas with each	other and use their
	individual strengths to solve the problem.			
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investigate a complex probler	n and assess which competenci	es are required	to solve it.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Subject theoretical and practical work			
Examination duration and	Group project incl. presentation (50 %), written exam (60 min, 50	%)		
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Engin	eering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Computer Scie	nce: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Commun	nication Systems, Focus Softwar	e: Elective Con	npulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Secure a	nd Dependable IT Systems, Foo	us Networks: E	lective Compulsory

Course L2916: Advanced Internet Computing					
Тур	Lecture				
Hrs/wk	2				
СР	3				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28				
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte				
Language	EN				
Cycle	SoSe				
Content	This lecture discusses modern Internet-based distributed systems in three blocks: (i) Cloud computing, (ii) the Internet of Things, and (iii) blockchain technologies. The following topics will be covered in the single lectures: Cloud Computing Elastic Computing Technologies for identification for the IoT: RFID & EPC Communication in the IoT: Standards and protocols Security and trust in the IoT: Concerns and solution approaches Edge and Fog Computing Application areas: Smart factories, smart cities, smart healthcare Blockchain technologies Consensus				
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture				

Course L2917: Advanced Inte	Course L2917: Advanced Internet Computing				
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning				
Hrs/wk	2				
СР	3				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28				
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte				
Language	EN				
Cycle	SoSe				
Content	This project-/problemoriented part of the module augments the theoretical content of the lecture by a concrete technical problem, which needs to be solved by the students in group work during the semester. Possible topics are (blockchain-based) sensor data integration, Big Data processing, Cloud-based redundant data storages, and Cloud-based Onion Routing.				
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture.				

Module M0924: Softw	are for Embed	ded Systems	5			
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Software for Embdedded Systems (Lecture	2	3
Software for Embdedded Systems (Recitation Section (small)	3	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Bernd-Christian	Renner				
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Very Good kno	wledge and practi	ical experience in progra	mming in the C language		
		ge in software eng	-			
	Basic understa	anding of assembly	/ language			
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	cessfully, students	have reached the follow	ing learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	Students know the b	asic principles and	d procedures of software	engineering for embedded	systems. They are	able to describe the
	usage and pros of	event based pro	gramming using interru	upts. They know the comp	ponents and funct	ions of a concrete
	microcontroller. The	participants expla	in requirements of real	time systems. They know a	t least three sched	uling algorithms for
	real time operating s	ystems including t	heir pros and cons.			
Skills	Students build interr	upt-based progra	ms for a concrete micro	controller. They build and u	use a preemptive s	scheduler. They use
	peripheral components (timer, ADC, EEPROM) to realize complex tasks for embedded systems. To interface with exte				rface with external	
	components they utilize serial protocols.					
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	ce					
Autonomy						
Workload in Hours	Independent Study T	ime 110, Study Tir	me in Lecture 70			
Credit points						
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus	Form	Description			
	No 10 %	Attestation				
Examination						
Examination duration and	90 min					
scale	C			in a sain a . Ela ativa . Cananala		
-				ineering: Elective Compulso	-	
Following Curricula	-			cation Systems: Elective Cor		manula a mu
		-	ry Course: Elective Comp	unication Systems, Focus So	itware. Elective Co	ilipuisui y
				-		
		-	Systems and Robotics: E esign: Elective Compulsor			
		-	-	ry /stems: Elective Compulsory		
	MICTORIECTIONICS and	microsystems: Spe	ecialisation embedded 5)	raterna. Elective Compulsory		

Course L1069: Software for E	Course L1069: Software for Embdedded Systems				
Тур	Lecture				
Hrs/wk					
СР	3				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28				
Lecturer	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner				
Language	DE/EN				
Cycle	SoSe				
Content	 General-Purpose Processors Programming the Atmel AVR Interrupts C for Embedded Systems Standard Single Purpose Processors: Peripherals Finite-State Machines Memory Operating Systems for Embedded Systems Real-Time Embedded Systems Boot loader and Power Management 				
Literature	 Embedded System Design, F. Vahid and T. Givargis, John Wiley Programming Embedded Systems: With C and Gnu Development Tools, M. Barr and A. Massa, O'Reilly C und C++ für Embedded Systems, F. Bollow, M. Homann, K. Köhn, MITP The Art of Designing Embedded Systems, J. Ganssle, Newnses Mikrocomputertechnik mit Controllern der Atmel AVR-RISC-Familie, G. Schmitt, Oldenbourg Making Embedded Systems: Design Patterns for Great Software, E. White, O'Reilly 				

Course L1070: Software for I	ourse L1070: Software for Embdedded Systems			
Тур	Recitation Section (small)			
Hrs/wk	3			
СР	3			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42			
Lecturer	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner			
Language	DE/EN			
Cycle	SoSe			
Content	See interlocking course			
Literature	See interlocking course			

Module M1785: Mach	ine Learning in Electrical Enginee	ring and Information Tec	hnology	
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
General Introduction Machine Lear	ning (L3004)	Lecture	1	2
Machine Learning Applications in E	lectric Power Systems (L3008)	Lecture	1	1
	tic Compatibility (EMC) Engineering (L3006)	Lecture	1	1
Machine Learning in High-Frequenc		Lecture	1	1
Machine Learning in Wireless Comr		Lecture	1	1
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	The module is designed for a diverse audience,	i.e. students with different backgroun	d. It shall be suitable fo	or both students with
	students, and students with deeper knowledge electrical engineering students. Machine learnin ideas. The focus is on specific applications in electrons are the chapters of the course will be understandal individual background of the students will be tak	g methods will be explained on a relictrical engineering and information tended in different depth depending on the	atively high level indica chnology. ne individual background	ting mainly principle
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have rea	ched the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge				
Skills				
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lect	ture 70		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information	and Communication Systems: Elective	e Compulsory	
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Microwave	Engineering, Optics, and Electromagn	etic Compatibility: Elect	ive Compulsory
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and	Power Systems Engineering: Elective	Compulsory	
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation	II. Engineering Science: Elective Comp	oulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Specia	alisation Communication Systems, Foc	us Software: Elective Co	ompulsory

Course L3004: General Introd	duction Machine Learning
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	1
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Dr. Maximilian Stark
Language	EN
Cycle	
Content	
	From Rule-Based Systems to Machine Learning
	Brief overview recent advances in ML in various domain
	Outline and expected learning outcomes
	Basics statistical inference and statistics
	Basics of information theory
	The Notions of Learning in Machine Learning
	 Unsupervised and supervised machine learning
	 Model-based and data-driven machine learning
	Hybrid modelling
	Online/offline/meta/transfer learning
	General loss functions
	Introduction to Deep Learning
	Variants of neural networks
	o MLP
	Conv. neural networks
	Recurrent neural networks
	Training neural networks
	(Stochastic) Gradient Descent
	Regression vs. Classification
	Classification as supervised learning problem
	Hands-On Session
	Representation Learning and Generative Models
	AutoEncoders
	Directed Generative Models
	Undirected Generative Models
	Generative Adversarial Neural Networks
	Probabilistic Graphical Models
	Bayesian Networks
	Variational inference (variational autoencoder)
Literature	

Course L3008: Machine Learning Applications in Electric Power Systems		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	1	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Christian Becker, Dr. Davood Babazadeh	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content		
Literature		

Course L3006: Machine Learning in Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Engineering			
Тур	Lecture		
Hrs/wk	1		
СР	1		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14		
Lecturer	Prof. Christian Schuster, Dr. Cheng Yang		
Language	EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Engineering deals with design, simulation, measurement, and certification of electronic and electric components and systems in such a way that their operation is safe, reliable, and efficient in any possible application. Safety is hereby understood as safe with respect to parasitic effects of electromagnetic fields on humans as well as on the operation of other components and systems nearby. Examples for components and systems range from the wiring in aircraft and ships to high-speed interconnects in server systems and wirless interfaces for brain implants. In this part of the course we will give an introduction to the physical basics of EMC engineering and then show how methods of Machine Learning (ML) can be applied to expand todays physcis-based approaches in EMC Engineering.		
Literature			

Course L3007: Machine Learning in High-Frequency Technology and Radar		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	1	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Kölpin, Dr. Fabian Lurz	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content		
Literature		

Course L3005: Machine Learn	ning in Wireless Communications
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	1
СР	1
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Dr. Maximilian Stark
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Supervised Learning Application - Channel Coding Recap channel coding and block codes Block codes as trainable neural networks Tanner graph with trainable weights Hands-on session Supervised Learning Application - Modulation Detection Recap wireless modulation schemes Convolutional neuronal networks for blind detection of modulation schemes Hands-on session Autoencoder Application - Constellation Shaping I Recap channel capacity and constellation shaping, Capacity achieving machine learning systems Information theoretical explanation of the autoencoder training Hands-on session Autoencoder Application - Constellation Shaping II Training without a channel model Mutual information neural estimator Hands-on session Generative Adversarial Network Application - Channel Modelling Recap realistic channels with non-linear hardware impairments Training a digital twin of a realistic channel with insufficient training data Hands-on session Recurrent Neural Network Application - Channel prediction Recap time-varying channel models Recurrent Neural Network Application - Channel prediction
	Hands-on session
Literature	

Module M1794: Applie	ed Crypto	graphy	,					
Courses								
Title					Тур	Hrs/wk	СР	
Applied Cryptography (L2954)					Lecture	3	4	
Applied Cryptography (L2955)					Recitation Section (small)	1	2	
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle F	röschle						
Admission Requirements	None							
Recommended Previous								
Knowledge								
Educational Objectives	After taking p	art succes	sfully, students ha	ve reached the followi	ing learning results			
Professional Competence								
Knowledge								
Skills								
Personal Competence								
Social Competence								
Autonomy								
Workload in Hours	Independent 9	Study Tim	e 124, Study Time	in Lecture 56				
Credit points	6							
Course achievement	Compulsory Bo	nus I	Form	Description				
	No 10	%	Excercises	Die Übungsa	ufgaben finden semesterbegl	eitend statt		
Examination	Written exam							
Examination duration and	120 min							
scale								
Assignment for the	Computer Scie	ence: Spe	cialisation I. Comp	uter and Software Engi	ineering: Elective Compulsory	,	-	
Following Curricula	Information a	nd Commi	unication Systems:	Specialisation Commu	unication Systems, Focus Soft	ware: Elective Co	ompulsory	

Course L2954: Applied Crypt	ography
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	This module provides a comprehensive knowledge in modern cryptography and how it plays a key role in securing the digital world we live in today. We will thoroughly treat cryptographic primitives such as symmetric and asymmetric encryption schemes, cryptographic hash functions, message authentication codes, and digital signatures. Moreover, we will cover aspects of practical deployment such as key management, public key infrastructures, and secure storage of keys. We will see how everything comes together in applications such as the ubiquitous security protocols of the Internet (e.g. TLS and WPA3) and/or the Internet-of-things. We also discuss current challenges such as the need for post-quantum cryptography.
Literature	Introduction to Modern Cryptography, Third Edition, Jonathan Katz and Jehuda Lindell, Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2021 Sicherheit und Kryptographie im Internet, 5th Edition, Jörg Schwenk, Springer-Verlag, 2020

Course L2955: Applied Cryptography		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	See corresponding lecture	
Literature	Siehe korrespondierende Vorlesung	

Module M1780: Massi	vely Parallel Systems: Architecture a	nd Programming		
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Massively Parallel Systems: Archite	cture and Programming (L2936)	Lecture	2	3
Massively Parallel Systems: Archite	cture and Programming (L2937)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sohan Lal			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	An introductory module on computer Engineering or co	mputer architecture, good programming s	kills in C/C++	
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the	ne following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The course starts with parallel computers classification	, multithreading, and covers the architect	ture of centra	lized and distributed
	shared-memory parallel systems, multiprocessor ca	che coherence, snooping / directory-ba	ised cache c	oherence protocols,
	implementation, and limitations. Next, students study	interconnection networks and routing in	n parallel syst	ems. To ensure the
	correctness of shared-memory multithreaded program	·		
	important topics of memory consistency and synchron		-	
	accelerators such as GPUs will also be discussed in c			-
	systems, programming them is also very challenging.	he course will also cover how to program	n massively pa	irallel systems using
	API/libraries such as CUDA/OpenCL/MPI/OpenMP.			
Skills	After completing this course, students will be able to ur	derstand the architecture and organization	on of parallel s	ystems. They will be
	able to evaluate different design choices and make de	ecisions while designing a parallel system	n. In addition,	they will be able to
	program parallel systems (ranging from an embedded s	system to a supercomputer) using CUDA/C	OpenCL/MPI/Op	oenMP.
Personal Competence				
-	The course will encourage students to work in small	groups to solve complex problems the	us inculcating	the importance of
Boolar competence	teamwork.	groups to some complex problems, and	as, mearcaing	, the importance of
Autonomy	Today, parallel computers are present every	where. Students will be able to	not only	program parallel
	computers independently, but also understand their ur		,	
	the performance issues of parallel applications and pro-	vide insights to improve them.		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points		ription		
Course achievement	Yes 20 % Subject theoretical and	Tiption .		
	practical work			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	25 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Softw	vare Engineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Data Science: Specialisation II. Computer Science: Elect	ive Compulsory		
	Data Science: Specialisation IV. Special Focus Area: Ele	ctive Compulsory		
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Com	puter Science: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisatio	n Communication Systems, Focus Softwar	e: Elective Co	mpulsory
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Emb	edded Systems: Elective Compulsory		

Course L2936: Massively Par	allel Systems: Architecture and Programming
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sohan Lal
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Brief outline:
	 Parallel computers and their classification Centralized and distributed shared-memory architectures: snooping vs directory-based cache coherence protocols, implementation, and limitations Chip multiprocessors: software-based, block (coarse-grain), interleaved (fine-grain), simultaneous multithreading Synchronization: high-level primitives and implementation, memory consistency models: sequential and weaker memory consistency models Interconnection networks: topologies (direct and indirect networks) and routing techniques Graphics Processing Units (GPUs) architecture and programming using CUDA/OpenCL Parallel programming with message passing interface (MPI), OpenMP
Literature	 Michel Dubois, Murali Annavaram, and Per Stenström, Parallel Computer Organization and Design (Book) David A Patterson and John L. Hennessy, Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach, Elsevier (Book) David B. Kirk, Wen-mei W. Hwu, Programming Massivley Parallel Processors, Elsevier (Book)

Course L2937: Massively Par	allel Systems: Architecture and Programming
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sohan Lal
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
	There will be 3-4 assignments for project-based learning consisting of the following: • Implement and compare different cache coherence protocols using a simulator or a high-level, event-driven simulation interface such as SystemC • Programming massively parallel systems to solve computationally intensive problems such as password cracking using CUDA/OpenCL/MPI/OpenMP
Literature	The following literature will be useful for project-based learning. The further required resources will be discussed during the course. • David B. Kirk, Wen-mei W. Hwu, Programming Massivley Parallel Processors, Elsevier (Book) • MPI Forum, https://www.mpi-forum.org/ • SystemC, https://www.accellera.org/community/systemc

Specialization Secure and Dependable IT Systems

Graduates of the Secure and Dependable IT Systems specialisation acquire extensive knowledge in software verification and IT security. They also have knowledge in communication networks and signal processing. They are able to apply methods and procedures required to work on secure and dependable IT systems, as well as critically examine new insights to further develop and incorporate in their work.

The Secure and Dependable IT Systems specialisation is recommended for students who already have a good mathematical foundation and basic knowledge in computer science and software development.

Module M0753: Software Verification				
Courses				
Title Software Verification (L0629) Software Verification (L0630)		Typ Lecture Recitation Section (small)	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 3 3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle Schupp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Automata theory and formal languages Computational logic Object-oriented programming, algorithms, and da Functional programming or procedural programm Concurrency			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
Personal Competence	Students apply the major verification techniques in mod and semantics of the underlying logics, and assess the formal properties of software systems. They find flaws in Students formulate provable properties of a software sy abstract from the software under verification and, where checks by hand or using tools for model checking or deciverification problem in natural language, they select the Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend the	e expressivity of different logics as a formal arguments, arising from mo estem in a formal language. They deter necessary, adapt model or proper ductive verification, and reflect on the appropriate verification technique and the students can assess their level of ceive additional feedback. Within lifty and precisely formulate new problems can conduct independent studies to	well as their limit odeling artifacts or evelop logic-based or ty. They construct he scope of the result and justify their choracteristics in English. knowledge continuinits, they can set ems in academic of acquire the necession acquired the necession acquire	ations. They classify underspecification. models that properly proofs and property ults. Presented with a pice. uously and adjust it their own learning r applied research in assary competencies
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	, , ,			
Course achievement	Yes 15 % Excercises Description	iption		
Examination				
Examination duration and scale	90 min			
Assignment for the Following Curricula	1	outer Science: Elective Compulsory n Secure and Dependable IT Systems n Communication Systems, Focus So	s: Compulsory ftware: Elective Co	mpulsory

Course L0629: Software Verification		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content		
Literature	 C. Baier and J-P. Katoen, Principles of Model Checking, MIT Press 2007. M. Huth and M. Bryan, Logic in Computer Science. Modelling and Reasoning about Systems, 2nd Edition, 2004. Selected Research Papers 	

Course L0630: Software Veri	ourse L0630: Software Verification	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0942: Softw	ware Security		
Courses			
Title	Тур	Hrs/wk	CP
Software Security (L1103)	Lecture	2	3
Software Security (L1104)	Recitation Section (sm	all) 2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato		
Admission Requirements	s None		
Recommended Previous	Familiarity with C/C++, web programming		
Knowledge	e		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence	е		
Knowledge	e Students can		
	name the main causes for security vulnerabilities in software and a calculate according to the control of		
	explain current methods for identifying and avoiding security vulnerabilities explain the fundamental concepts of code-based access control		
	explain the fundamental concepts of code-based access control		
Skills	Students are capable of		
	and and a section of the section of the section of		
	performing a software vulnerability analysis		
	developing secure code		
Personal Competence	e		
Social Competence	e None		
Autonomy	Students are capable of acquiring knowledge independently from professional pu	ublications, technical	standards, and other
	sources, and are capable of applying newly acquired knowledge to new problems.		
Workload in Hours	s Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56		
Credit points	s 6		
Course achievement	t None		
Examination	n Written exam		
Examination duration and	d 120 minutes		
scale			
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Engineering: Elective Com	npulsory	
Following Curricula			
•	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT Sy	*	ulsory
	7 , 1		

Course L1103: Software Security		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
CP	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	 Reliability and Software Security Attacks exploiting character and integer representations Buffer overruns Vulnerabilities in memory managemet: double free attacks Race conditions SQL injection Cross-site scripting and cross-site request forgery Testing for security; taint analysis Type safe languages Development proceses for secure software Code-based access control 	
Literature	M. Howard, D. LeBlanc: Writing Secure Code, 2nd edition, Microsoft Press (2002) G. Hoglund, G. McGraw: Exploiting Software, Addison-Wesley (2004) L. Gong, G. Ellison, M. Dageforde: Inside Java 2 Platform Security, 2nd edition, Addison-Wesley (2003) B. LaMacchia, S. Lange, M. Lyons, R. Martin, K. T. Price: .NET Framework Security, Addison-Wesley Professional (2002) D. Gollmann: Computer Security, 3rd edition (2011)	

Course L1104: Software Security	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M1397: Mode	l Checking - Pro	oof Engines and	Algorithms			
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Model Checking - Proof Engines and	d Algorithms (L1979)			Lecture	2	3
Model Checking - Proof Engines and	d Algorithms (L1980)			Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Görschwin Fey					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge abou	ut data structures and alg	gorithms			
Knowledge						
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students have r	eached the following	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	Students know					
	algorithms and	data structures for mode	el checking			
	_	an reasoning engines an	_			
				tional effort for model checki	na.	
		,	.g		9.	
Skills	Students can					
	explain and im	plement algorithms and	data structures for	model checking.		
				ean reasoning or model chec	king, and	
		respective algorithms.				
	·	. 3				
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students					
	discuss relevar	nt topics in class and				
	 defend their so 	lutions orally.				
Autonomy			pendently learn in	-depth relations between co	oncepts explained	in the lecture and
	additional solution str	3				
		me 124, Study Time in Lo	ecture 56			
Credit points		F	Baradaktan			
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Yes None	Form Subject theoretical	Description	wird im Rahmen von Volresu	ına und Prüfuna d	definiert. Die Lösung
	res None	practical work	_	st Zulassungsvoraussetzung	-	delimert. Die Losung
Examination	Oral exam	p. actical WOIN	aci Adigabe i	Se Ediassarigs voi aussetzurig	.a. die i fululig.	
Examination duration and						
scale	20 111111					
	Computer Science: Sr	pecialisation I. Computer	and Software Engi	neering: Elective Compulsory	,	
Following Curricula				nication Systems, Focus Soft		mnulsory
Following curricula				and Dependable IT Systems:		
	miorination and Com	numeation systems, spe	ciansation secure	and Dependable it Systems.	Liective Compuis	ioi y

Course L1979: Model Checkin	ng - Proof Engines and Algorithms
Тур	
Hrs/wk	
CP Workload in Hours	
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey
Cycle	
Content	Correctness is a major concern in embedded systems. Model checking can fully automatically proof formal properties about digital hardware or software. Such properties are given in temporal logic, e.g., to prove "No two orthogonal traffic lights will ever be green." And how do the underlying reasoning algorithms work so effectively in practice despite a computational complexity of NP hardness
	and beyond? But what are the limitations of model checking? How are the models generated from a given design?
	The lecture will answer these questions. Open source tools will be used to gather a practical experience.
	Among other topics, the lecture will consider the following topics:
	Modelling digital Hardware, Software, and Cyber Physical Systems
	Data structures, decision procedures and proof engines
	Binary Decision Diagrams
	And-Inverter-Graphs
	Boolean Satisfiability
	Satisfiability Modulo Theories
	Specification Languages
	• CTL
	• LTL
	System Verilog Assertions
	Algorithms for
	Reachability Analysis
	Symbolic CTL Checking
	Bounded LTL-Model Checking
	Optimizations, e.g., induction, abstraction
	Quality assurance
Literature	Edmund M. Clarke, Jr., Orna Grumberg, and Doron A. Peled. 1999. <i>Model Checking</i> . MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, USA.
	A. Biere, A. Biere, M. Heule, H. van Maaren, and T. Walsh. 2009. <i>Handbook of Satisfiability: Volume 185 Frontiers in Artificial Intelligence and Applications</i> . IOS Press, Amsterdam, The Netherlands, The Netherlands.
	Selected research papers

Course L1980: Model Checki	ourse L1980: Model Checking - Proof Engines and Algorithms		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

,				
Module M1773: Cyber	rsecurity Data Science			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Cybersecurity Data Science (L2914		Lecture	2	3
Exercise Cybersecurity Data Science		Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge of probabilities and statistics. F	amiliarity with object oriented programming.		
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have rea	ched the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students can:			
	Apply data science methods to the resolution	ion of complex cybersecurity problems		
	Use of data science methods to quantify r			
	Identify strengths and limitations of state-			
	Select the performance indicators of data			
	Understand cybersecurity threats in data	science methods.		
Skills	Implement and evaluate data-driven models for	the identification, treatment, and mitigation of c	ybersecurity r	isks
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	None			
Autonomy	Students can apply the knowledge acquired thro	ughout the course to the resolution of industrial	case studies.	Students should also
	be capable to acquire new knowledge independe	ently from academic publications, techical stand	ards, and white	e papers.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lec	ture 56		
Credit points		and 50		
Course achievement				
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	120 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer ar	d Software Engineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specia	alisation Secure and Dependable IT Systems: Ele	ective Compuls	sory
	, ,			-

Course L2914: Cybersecurity	Data Science
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Theoretical Foundations: Introduction to data science Supervised and unsupervised learning Data science methods (e.g., clustering, decision trees, artificial neural networks) Performance metrics Cybersecutrity Applications: Spam detection Phishing detection Intrusion detection Access-control prediction Denial of Service (DoS) prediction Vulnerability/malware prediction Adversarial machine learning
Literature	[1] Sarker, I.H., Kayes, A.S.M., Badsha, S., Alqahtani, H., Watters, P. and Ng, A., 2020. Cybersecurity data science: an overview from machine learning perspective. Journal of Big data, 7(1), pp.1-29. [2] Truong, T.C., Zelinka, I., Plucar, J., Čandík, M. and Šulc, V., 2020. Artificial intelligence and cybersecurity: Past, presence, and future. In Artificial intelligence and evolutionary computations in engineering systems (pp. 351-363). Springer, Singapore. [3] Dua, S. and Du, X., 2016. Data mining and machine learning in cybersecurity. CRC press. [4] Arp, D., Quiring, E., Pendlebury, F., Warnecke, A., Pierazzi, F., Wressnegger, C., Cavallaro, L. and Rieck, K., Dos and Don'ts of Machine Learning in Computer Security. [5] Torres, J.M., Comesaña, C.I. and Garcia-Nieto, P.J., 2019. Machine learning techniques applied to cybersecurity. International Journal of Machine Learning and Cybernetics, 10(10), pp.2823-2836. [6] Russell, S. and Norvig, P., 2010. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Prentice Hall.

Course L2915: Exercise Cybe	rsecurity Data Science
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Theoretical Foundations:
	Introduction to data science
	Supervised and unsupervised learning
	Data science methods (e.g., clustering, decision trees, artificial neural networks)
	Performance metrics
	Cybersecutrity Applications:
	Spam detection
	Phishing detection
	Intrusion detection
	Access-control prediction
	Denial of Service (DoS) prediction
	Vulnerability/malware prediction
	Adversarial machine learning
Literature	[1] Sarker, I.H., Kayes, A.S.M., Badsha, S., Alqahtani, H., Watters, P. and Ng, A., 2020. Cybersecurity data science: an overview from machine learning perspective. Journal of Big data, 7(1), pp.1-29.
	[2] Truong, T.C., Zelinka, I., Plucar, J., Čandík, M. and Šulc, V., 2020. Artificial intelligence and cybersecurity: Past, presence, and future. In Artificial intelligence and evolutionary computations in engineering systems (pp. 351-363). Springer, Singapore.
	[3] Dua, S. and Du, X., 2016. Data mining and machine learning in cybersecurity. CRC press.
	[4] Arp, D., Quiring, E., Pendlebury, F., Warnecke, A., Pierazzi, F., Wressnegger, C., Cavallaro, L. and Rieck, K., Dos and Don'ts of Machine Learning in Computer Security.
	[5] Torres, J.M., Comesaña, C.I. and Garcia-Nieto, P.J., 2019. Machine learning techniques applied to cybersecurity. International Journal of Machine Learning and Cybernetics, 10(10), pp.2823-2836.
	[6] Russell, S. and Norvig, P., 2010. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Prentice Hall.

Module M1400: Desig	n of Dependab	le Systems				
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Designing Dependable Systems (L2	2000)			Lecture	2	3
Designing Dependable Systems (L2	2001)			Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Görschwin Fey					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge abou	ut data structures and alg	gorithms			
Knowledge						
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students have r	eached the following	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	In the following "depe	endable" summarizes the	concepts Reliabilit	ty, Availability, Maintainabilit	y, Safety and Secu	ırity.
	Knowledge about app	roaches for designing de	pendable systems	, e.g.,		
	Structural solut	tions like modular redund	lancy			
	 Algorithmic sol 	utions like handling byza	ntine faults or che	ckpointing		
	Knowledge about met	hods for the analysis of c	dependable systen	ns		
Skills	Ability to implement of	dependable systems usin	g the above appro	aches.		
	Ability to analyzs the	dependability of systems	using the above r	nethods for analysis.		
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students					
		nt topics in class and				
	present their so	olutions orally.				
Autonomy	Using accompanying	material students indep	endently learn in	-depth relations between co	oncepts explained	in the lecture and
	additional solution str	ategies.				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Ti	me 124, Study Time in Le	ecture 56			
Credit points	6					
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus	Form	Description			
	Yes None	Subject theoretical	-	einer Aufgabe ist Zuslassung	-	ür die Prüfung. Die
		practical work	Aufgabe wird	in Vorlesung und Übung defi	iniert.	
Examination	Oral exam					
Examination duration and	30 min					
scale						
Assignment for the	l	•	_	neering: Elective Compulsory	/	
Following Curricula	·		•	ence: Elective Compulsory		
				and Dependable IT Systems:	Elective Compulse	ory
	· ·	isation System Design: E				
	Microelectronics and I	Microsystems: Specialisa	tion Embedded Sy	stems: Elective Compulsory		

Course L2000: Designing Dep	pendable Systems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Description
	The term dependability comprises various aspects of a system. These are typically:
	Reliability
	Availability
	Maintainability
	Safety Sawith
	Security
	This makes dependability a core aspect that has to be considered early in system design, no matter whether software, embedded
	systems or full scale cyber-physical systems are considered.
	Contents
	The module introduces the basic concepts for the design and the analysis of dependable systems. Design examples for getting
	practical hands-on-experience in dependable design techniques. The module focuses towards embedded systems. The following
	topics are covered:
	Modelling
	Fault Tolerance
	Design Concepts
	Analysis Techniques
Literature	

Course L2001: Designing De	ourse L2001: Designing Dependable Systems		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

ourses				
itle		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
dvanced Seminar Computer Scier	ice and Communication Technology I (L2352)	Seminar	2	3
troductory Seminar Computer Sc	ence and Communication Technology II (L2429)	Seminar	2	3
Module Responsible	Dozenten des SD E			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge of Computer Science and Mathematics a	at the Master's level.		
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the	following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students are able to			
	- continues a specific tenia in the field of Commuter C	Salamaa		
	 explicate a specific topic in the field of Computer S describe complex issues, 	cience,		
	 present different views and evaluate in a critical w 	rav.		
	present different views and evaluate in a critical w	uy.		
Skills	The students are able to			
	familiarize in a specific topic of Computer Science	in limited time		
	realize a literature survey on the specific topic and			
	elaborate a presentation and give a lecture to a se			
	 sum up the presentation in 10-15 lines, 	rected addresses,		
	 answer questions in the final discussion. 			
	·			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students are able to			
	 elaborate and introduce a topic for a certain audie 	nce,		
	 discuss the topic, content and structure of the pre- 	sentation with the instructor,		
	 discuss certain aspects with the audience, and 			
	as the lecturer listen and respond to questions from	m the audience.		
Autonomi	The shudents are able to			
Autonomy	The students are able to			
	 define the task in question in an autonomous way, 			
	 develop the necessary knowledge, 			
	 use appropriate work equipment, and 			
	 guided by an instructor critically check the working 	g status.		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and	x			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation IV. Subject Specific Foc	us: Flective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation		nnulsorv	

Course L2352: Advanced Ser	Course L2352: Advanced Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology I		
Тур	Seminar		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe		
Content	- Seminar presentations by enrolled students about selected topics of computer science and communication technology - Active participation in discussions		
Literature	Wird vom Veranstalter bekanntgegeben.		

Course L2429: Introductory S	ourse L2429: Introductory Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology II		
Тур	Seminar		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe		
Content			
Literature			

Focus Networks

Module M0836: Comn	nunication Networks			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Selected Topics of Communication	Networks (L0899)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	2
Communication Networks (L0897)		Lecture	2	2
Communication Networks Excercise	e (L0898)	Project-/problem-based Learning	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Fundamental stochastics			
Knowledge		and/or communication technologies is benefic	al	
	Basic understanding of computer networks	and/or communication technologies is beliefic	lai	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reac	hed the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to describe the principles and	d structures of communication networks in de	etail. They ca	an explain the formal
	description methods of communication networ	ks and their protocols. They are able to e	xplain how o	current and complex
	communication networks work and describe the c	urrent research in these examples.		
Skille	Students are able to evaluate the performance o	f communication notworks using the learned n	nothods Thou	, are able to work out
Skills	problems themselves and apply the learned met		-	
	communication networks.	mous. They can apply what they have learned	autonomousi	y on further and new
	communication networks.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students are able to define tasks themselves in small teams and solve these problems together using the learned methods. They			
	can present the obtained results. They are able to	discuss and critically analyse the solutions.		
Autonomy	Students are able to obtain the necessary exper	t knowledge for understanding the functionali	ty and perfor	mance canabilities of
Autonomy	new communication networks independently.	t knowledge for understanding the functional	ty and perior	папсе саравшиез о
	new communication networks independently.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lectu	ure 70		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Presentation			
Examination duration and	1.5 hours colloquium with three students, therefore	ore about 30 min per student. Topics of the co	lloquium are	the posters from the
scale	previous poster session and the topics of the mod	lule.		
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information	and Communication Systems: Elective Compul	sory	
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and	Power Systems Engineering: Elective Compulso	ory	
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification:	Elective Compulsory		
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I			
	Information and Communication Systems: Special	•	•	
	Information and Communication Systems: Special	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		: Elective Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Spec		ompulsory	
	Mechatronics: Technical Complementary Course:	·		
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation			y
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisatio	n Robotics and Computer Science: Elective Cor	npulsory	

Course L0899: Selected Topics of Communication Networks				
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning			
Hrs/wk	2			
СР	2			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28			
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Language	EN			
Cycle	WiSe			
Content	Example networks selected by the students will be researched on in a PBL course by the students in groups and will be presented			
	in a poster session at the end of the term.			
Literature	see lecture			

Course L0897: Communication Networks		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel, Dr. Koojana Kuladinithi	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content		
Literature	Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Tannenbaum, Computernetzwerke, Pearson-Studium Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.	

Course L0898: Communication Networks Excercise				
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning			
Hrs/wk	1			
СР	2			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14			
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Language	EN			
Cycle	WiSe			
Content	Part of the content of the lecture Communication Networks are reflected in computing tasks in groups, others are motivated and			
	addressed in the form of a PBL exercise.			
Literature	announced during lecture			

- ,				
Module M0676: Digita	al Communications			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Digital Communications (L0444)		Lecture	2	3
Digital Communications (L0445)		Recitation Section (large)	2	2
Laboratory Digital Communications	(L0646)	Practical Course	1	1
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Mathematics 1-3			
Knowledge	Signals and Systems			
	Fundamentals of Communications and Rando	om Processes		
	r andamentals or communications and manage			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reache	ed the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students are able to understand, compare and	design modern digital information transmi	ssion schemes. T	hey are familiar with
	the properties of linear and non-linear digital modu			
	and design and evaluate detectors including channel estimation and equalization. They know the principles of single carrier			
	transmission and multi-carrier transmission as well as the fundamentals of basic multiple access schemes.			
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and tutorials. They can explain and apply them to new problems.			roblems.
Skills	The students are able to design and analyse a digit	al information transmission scheme includ	ling multiple acc	ess. They are able to
	choose a digital modulation scheme taking into account transmission rate, required bandwidth, error probability, and further signal			
	properties. They can design an appropriate detector including channel estimation and equalization taking into account			
	performance and complexity properties of suboptimum solutions. They are able to set parameters of a single carrier or multi carrier			
	transmission scheme and trade the properties of bo	th approaches against each other.		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific problems.			
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant information from appropriate literature sources. They can control their level of			
	knowledge during the lecture period by solving tuto	rial problems, software tools, clicker syste	m.	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture	e 70		
Credit points	6 Compulsory Bonus Form	Description		
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Form Yes None Written elaboration	Description		
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and				
scale				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulso	prv		
Following Curricula				
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialis		у	
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialis	·	-	Elective Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Specia			. ,
	International Management and Engineering: Specia			
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Core Qualificati	on: Elective Compulsory		

ourse L0444: Digital Commu	inications
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
	Repetition: Baseband Transmission
	Pulse shaping: Non-return to zero (NRZ) rectangular pulses, raised-cosine pulses, square-root raised-cosine pulses
	 Power spectral density (psd) of baseband signals
	Intersymbol interference (ISI)
	 First and second Nyquist criterion
	AWGN channel
	Matched filter
	 Matched-filter receiver and correlation receiver
	Noise whitening matched filter
	Discrete-time AWGN channel model
	 Representation of bandpass signals and systems in the equivalent baseband
	 Quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM)
	 Equivalent baseband signal and system
	Analytical signal
	 Equivalent baseband random process, equivalent baseband white Gaussian noise process
	Equivalent baseband AWGN channel
	Equivalent baseband channel model with frequency-offset and phase noise

- Equivalent baseband Rayleigh fading and Rice fading channel models
- Equivalent baseband frequency-selective channel model
- o Discrete memoryless channels (DMC)
- Bandpass transmission via carrier modulation
 - Amplitude modulation, frequency modulation, phase modulation
 - · Linear digital modulation methods
 - On-off keying, M-ary amplitude shift keying (M-ASK), M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude modulation (M-QAM), offset-QPSK
 - Signal space representation of transmit signal constellations and signals
 - Energy of linear digital modulated signals, average energy per symbol
 - Power spectral density of linear digital modulated signals
 - Bandwidth efficiency
 - Correlation coefficient of elementary signals
 - Error probabilities of linear digital modulation methods
 - Error functions
 - Gray mapping and natural mapping
 - Bit error probabilities, symbol error probabilities, pairwise symbol error probabilities
 - Euclidean distance and Hamming distance
 - Exact and approximate computation of error probabilities
 - Performance comparison of modulation schemes in terms of per bit SNR vs. per symbol SNR
 - Hierarchical modulation, multilevel modulation
 - Effects of carrier phase offset and carrier frequency offset
 - Differential modulation
 - M-ary differential phase shift keying (M-PSK)
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of DPSK
 - p/M-differential phase shift keying (p/M-DPSK)
 - Differential amplitude and phase shift keying (DAPSK)
 - o Non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Frequency shift keying (FSK)
 - Modulation index
 - Minimum shift keying (MSK)
 - Offset-OPSK representation of MSK
 - MSK with differential precoding and rotation
 - Bit error probabilities of MSK
 - Gaussian minimum shift keying (GMSK)
 - Power spectral density of MSK and GMSK
 - Continuous phase modulation (CPM)
 - General description of CPM signals
 Frequency pulses and phase pulses
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of FSK
 - Performance comparison of linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
- Frequency-selective channels, ISI channels
 - Intersymbol interference and frequency-selectivity
 - RMS delay spread
 - Narrowband and broadband channels
 - Equivalent baseband transmission model for frequency-selective channels
 - Receive filter design
- Equalization
 - Symbol-spaced and fractionally-spaced equalizers
 - Inverse system
 - Non-recursive linear equalizers
 - Linear zero-forcing (ZF) equalizer
 - Linear minimum mean squared error (MMSE) equalizer
 - Non-linear equalization:
 - Decision feedback equalizer (DFE)
 - Tomlinson-Harashima precoding
 - Maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) and maximum likelihood equalizer, Viterbi algorithm
- Single-carrier vs. multi-carrier transmission
- Multi-carrier transmission
 - General multicarrier transmission
 - Orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM)
 - OFDM implementation using the Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
 - Cyclic guard interval
 - Power spectral density of OFDM
 - Peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR)
- Multiple access
 - Principles of time division multiple access (TDMA), frequency division multiple access (FDMA), code division multiple access (CDMA), non-orthogonal multiple access (NOMA), hybrid multiple access
- Spread spectrum communications
 - Direct sequence spread spectrum communications
 - Frequency hopping
 - o Protection against eavesdropping
 - Protection against narrowband jammers
 - Short vs. long spreading codes
 - $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Direct sequence spread spectrum communications in frequency-selective channels} \\$

Systems				
	■ Rake receiver			
	Code division multiple access (CDMA)			
	 Design criteria of spreading sequences, autocorrelation function and crosscorrelation function of spreading 			
	sequences			
	Intersymbol interference (ISI) and multiple access interference (MAI)			
	■ Pseudo noise (PN) sequences, maximum length sequences (m-sequences), Gold codes, Walsh-Hadamard			
	codes, orthogonal variable spreading factor (OVSF) codes			
	Multicode transmission			
	 CDMA in uplink and downlink of a wireless communications system 			
	■ Single-user detection vs. multi-user detection			
Literature	K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner			
	P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.			
	J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.			
	S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley			
	R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge			
	n.o. Guilager. Efficiples of Digital Communication. Cambridge			
	A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.			
	D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.			
	er se,			

Course L0445: Digital Comm	urse L0445: Digital Communications		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Module M0837: Simul	ation of Communication Networks		
Courses			
Title Simulation of Communication Netw	Typ Hrs/wk CP rorks (L0887) Project-/problem-based Learning 5 6		
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel		
Admission Requirements	None		
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Knowledge of computer and communication networks Basic programming skills		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence			
Knowledge	Students are able to explain the necessary stochastics, the discrete event simulation technology and modelling of networks for performance evaluation.		
Skills	Students are able to apply the method of simulation for performance evaluation to different, also not practiced, problems of communication networks. The students can analyse the obtained results and explain the effects observed in the network. They are able to question their own results.		
Personal Competence			
Social Competence	Students are able to acquire expert knowledge in groups, present the results, and discuss solution approaches and results. They		
	are able to work out solutions for new problems in small teams.		
Autonomy	Students are able to transfer independently and in discussion with others the acquired method and expert knowledge to new		
,	problems. They can identify missing knowledge and acquire this knowledge independently.		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70		
Credit points	6		
Course achievement	None		
Examination	Oral exam		
Examination duration and	30 min		
scale			
-	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Communication Systems: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT Systems, Focus Networks: Elective Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Communication Systems: Elective Compulsory		
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation II. Information Technology: Elective Compulsory		
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Simulation Technology: Elective Compulsory		
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Simulation Technology: Elective Compulsory		

Course L0887: Simulation of	Communication Networks
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	5
СР	6
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	In the course necessary basic stochastics and the discrete event simulation are introduced. Also simulation models for communication networks, for example, traffic models, mobility models and radio channel models are presented in the lecture. Students work with a simulation tool, where they can directly try out the acquired skills, algorithms and models. At the end of the course increasingly complex networks and protocols are considered and their performance is determined by simulation.
Literature	Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.

Module M1774: Adva	nced Internet Computing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Advanced Internet Computing (L29		Lecture	2	3
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	T	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible				
Admission Requirements				
	Good programming skills are necessary. Previous knowled	dge in the field of distributed systems is	helpful.	
Knowledge				
	After taking part successfully, students have reached the	following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	After successful completion of the course, students are al	ole to:		
	Describe basic concepts of Cloud Computing, the Ir	nternet of Things (IoT), and blockchain t	echnologies	
	Discuss and assess critical aspects of Cloud Compu	iting, the IoT, and blockchain technologi	ies	
	Select and apply cloud and IoT technologies for par	ticular application areas		
	Design and develop practical solutions for the integral	gration of smart objects in IoT, Cloud, ar	nd blockchain s	oftware
	Implement IoT services			
Chille	The students assuits the shilling to model Internet because	d distributed systems and to work wit	th these susta	man Thin communicati
SKIIIS	The students acquire the ability to model Internet-based distributed systems and to work with these systems. This comprises			
	especially the ability to select and utilize fitting technologies for different application areas. Furthermore, students are able to critically assess the chosen technologies.			
	critically assess the chosen technologies.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students can work on complex problems both independently and in teams. They can exchange ideas with each other and use their			
	individual strengths to solve the problem.			
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investigate a complex	problem and access which competence	os aro roquiro	t to solve it
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investigate a complex	problem and assess which competence	es are required	a to solve it.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Subject theoretical and practical work			
Examination duration and	Group project incl. presentation (50 %), written exam (60	min, 50 %)		
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Softwa	re Engineering: Elective Compulsory	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Compu	ter Science: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation (Communication Systems, Focus Softwar	e: Elective Cor	npulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation S	Secure and Dependable IT Systems, Foo	us Networks: E	Elective Compulsory

Course L2916: Advanced Inte	Course L2916: Advanced Internet Computing		
Тур	Lecture		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte		
Language	EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	This lecture discusses modern Internet-based distributed systems in three blocks: (i) Cloud computing, (ii) the Internet of Things, and (iii) blockchain technologies. The following topics will be covered in the single lectures: Cloud Computing Elastic Computing Technologies for identification for the IoT: RFID & EPC Communication in the IoT: Standards and protocols Security and trust in the IoT: Concerns and solution approaches Edge and Fog Computing Application areas: Smart factories, smart cities, smart healthcare Blockchain technologies Consensus		
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture		

Course L2917: Advanced Inte	Course L2917: Advanced Internet Computing	
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	This project-/problemoriented part of the module augments the theoretical content of the lecture by a concrete technical problem, which needs to be solved by the students in group work during the semester. Possible topics are (blockchain-based) sensor data integration, Big Data processing, Cloud-based redundant data storages, and Cloud-based Onion Routing.	
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture.	

Module M0839: Traffi	c Engineering			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Seminar Traffic Engineering (L0902	2)	Seminar	2	2
Traffic Engineering (L0900)		Lecture	2	2
Traffic Engineering Exercises (L090	01)	Recitation Section (small)	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Fundamentals of communication or computer net Stochastics	works		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the	e following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to describe methods for planning, opti	misation and performance evaluation	of communication	on networks.
Skills	Students are able to solve typical planning and optimisation tasks for communication networks. Furthermore they are able to evaluate the network performance using queuing theory.			
	Students are able to apply independently what they have learned to other and new problems. They can present their results in front of experts and discuss them.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy	Students are able to acquire the necessary expert communication networks independently.	knowledge to understand the fun	ctionality and p	performance of new
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Softw	are Engineering: Elective Compulsory	,	
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Co	mmunication Systems: Elective Comp	oulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	Secure and Dependable IT Systems,	Focus Networks:	Elective Compulsory

Course L0902: Seminar Traffic Engineering		
Тур	Seminar	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel, Dr. Phuong Nga Tran	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	Selected applications of methods for planning, optimization, and performance evaluation of communication networks, which have been introduced in the traffic engineering lecture are prepared by the students and presented in a seminar.	
Literature	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Vieweg + Teubner further literature announced in the lecture	

Course L0900: Traffic Engineering	
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel, Dr. Phuong Nga Tran
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Network Planning and Optimization
	Linear Programming (LP)
	Network planning with LP solvers
	Planning of communication networks
	Queueing Theory for Communication Networks
	Stochastic processes
	Queueing systems
	Switches (circuit- and packet switching)
	Network of queues
Literature	Literatur:
	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Springer
	Weitere Literatur wird in der Lehrveranstaltung bekanntgegeben
	/
	Literature:
	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Springer
	further literature announced in the lecture

Course L0901: Traffic Engine	Course L0901: Traffic Engineering Exercises	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	Accompanying exercise for the traffic engineering course	
Literature	Literatur:	
	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Springer	
	Weitere Literatur wird in der Lehrveranstaltung bekanntgegeben / Literature:	
	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Springer	
	further literature announced in the lecture	

Focus Software and Signal Processing

Module M0738: Digita	al Audio Signal Processing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Digital Audio Signal Processing (L06	550)	Lecture	3	4
Digital Audio Signal Processing (L06	551)	Recitation Section (large)	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Udo Zölzer			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Signals and Systems			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached t	the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Die Studierenden können die grundlegenden Verfahre die wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der Sprackönnen einen Überblick der numerischen Meth Audiosignalverarbeitung geben. Sie können die Informationstechnik und Informatik abstrahieren.	ch- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä noden und messtechnischen Cha	utern und in Kate rakterisierung vo	gorien einordnen. Sie on Algorithmen zur
Skills	The students will be able to apply methods and techniques from audio signal processing in the fields of mobile and internet communication. They can rely on elementary algorithms of audio signal processing in form of Matlab code and interactive JAVA applets. They can study parameter modifications and evaluate the influence on human perception and technical applications in a variety of applications beyond audio signal processing. Students can perform measurements in time and frequency domain in order to give objective and subjective quality measures with respect to the methods and applications.			
Personal Competence Social Competence	The students can work in small groups to study spe adequate methods during the exercise.	cial tasks and problems and will be	enforced to pres	ent their results with
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 5	6		
Credit points				
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	60 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and	Communication Systems: Elective Cor	mpulsory	
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	on Communication Systems, Focus Si	gnal Processing: E	lective Compulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialis	sation Secure and Dependable IT	Systems, Focus	Software and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Con	nmunication and Signal Processing: El	ective Compulsor	у

Course L0650: Digital Audio	Signal Processing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Udo Zölzer
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Introduction (Studio Technology, Digital Transmission Systems, Storage Media, Audio Components at Home)
	Quantization (Signal Quantization, Dither, Noise Shaping, Number Representation)
	AD/DA Conversion (Methods, AD Converters, DA Converters, Audio Processing Systems, Digital Signal Processors, Digital Audio Interfaces, Single-Processor Systems, Multiprocessor Systems)
	Equalizers (Recursive Audio Filters, Nonrecursive Audio Filters, Multi-Complementary Filter Bank)
	Room Simulation (Early Reflections, Subsequent Reverberation, Approximation of Room Impulse Responses)
	Dynamic Range Control (Static Curve, Dynamic Behavior, Implementation, Realization Aspects)
	Sampling Rate Conversion (Synchronous Conversion, Asynchronous Conversion, Interpolation Methods)
	Data Compression (Lossless Data Compression, Lossy Data Compression, Psychoacoustics, ISO-MPEG1 Audio Coding)
Literature	- U. Zölzer, Digitale Audiosignalverarbeitung, 3. Aufl., B.G. Teubner, 2005 .
	- U. Zölzer, Digitale Audio Signal Processing, 2nd Edition, J. Wiley & Sons, 2005.
	- U. Zölzer (Ed), Digital Audio Effects, 2nd Edition, J. Wiley & Sons, 2011.

Course L0651: Digital Audio	Course L0651: Digital Audio Signal Processing	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Udo Zölzer	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Systems				
Module M0733: Softw	are Analysis			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Software Analysis (L0631)		Lecture	2	3
Software Analysis (L0632)		Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle Schupp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge of software-engineering activities			
Knowledge	Discrete algebraic structures	•		
	Object-oriented programming, algorithms, and dat	a structures		
	Functional programming or Procedural programmi			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the	following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students apply the major approaches to data-flow an	alysis, control-flow analysis, and ty	pe-based analys	sis, along with their
	classification schemes, and employ abstract interpreta	• •		
	models, including their mathematical structure and prop			
	and categorize the major analysis algorithms. They d	listinguish precise solutions from a	oproximative ap	proaches, and show
	termination and soundness properties.			
Skills	Presented with an analytical task for a software artifact,	students select appropriate approach	es from software	analysis, and justify
	their choice. They design suitable representations by modifying standard representations. They develop customized analyses and			
	devise them as safe overapproximations. They formulate analyses in a formal way and construct arguments for their correctness,			
	behavior, and precision.			
Personal Competence				
•	Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend the	oir solutions orally. They communicat	o in English	
30Clai Competence	Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend the	en solutions orany. They communicat	e iii Erigiisii.	
Autonomy	Using accompanying on-line material for self study, st	udents can assess their level of kr	nowledge contin	uously and adjust it
	appropriately. Working on exercise problems, they rec	eive additional feedback. Within lim	its, they can set	their own learning
	goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify	and precisely formulate new probler	ns in academic o	r applied research in
	the field of software analysis. Within this field, they can	conduct independent studies to acqu	uire the necessar	y competencies and
	compile their findings in academic reports. They can dev	ise plans to arrive at new solutions or	assess existing	ones.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6	6		
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Subject theoretical and practical work			
Examination duration and	software artifacts/mathematical write-ups; short presenta	ation		
scale				
Assignment for the	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisat	ion Secure and Dependable IT Sy	stems, Focus S	oftware and Signal
Following Curricula				, and the second
-	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	Communication Systems, Focus Soft	ware: Elective Co	mpulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation	on II. Information Technology: Elective	Compulsory	

Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
	 Modeling: Control-Flow Modeling, Data Dependences, Intermediate Languages) Classical Bit-Vector Analyses (Reaching Definition, Very Busy Expressions, Liveness, Available Expressions, May/Must Forward/Backward) Monotone Frameworks (Lattices, Transfer Functions, Ascending Chain Condition, Distributivity, Constant Propagation) Theory of Data-Flow Analysis (Tarski's Fixed Point Theorem, Data-Flow Equations, MFP Solution, MOP Solution, Workl Algorithm) Non-Classical Data-Flow Analyses Abstract Interpretation (Galois Connections, Approximating Fixed Points, Construction Techniques) Type Systems (Type Derivation, Inference Trees, Algorithm W, Unification) Recent Developments of Analysis Techniques and Applications
Literature	 Flemming Nielsen, Hanne Nielsen, and Chris Hankin. Principles of Program Analysis. Springer, 2nd. ed. 2005. Uday Khedker, Amitabha Sanyal, and Bageshri Karkara. Data Flow Analysis: Theory and Practice. CRC Press, 2009. Benjamin Pierce, Types and Programming Languages, MIT Press. Selected research papers

Course L0632: Software Analysis	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M0556: Comp	outer Graphics			
Courses				
Title Computer Graphics (L0145) Computer Graphics (L0768)	Typ Lectur Recita	re ation Section (small)	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 3 3
Module Responsible		, , , , ,		-
Admission Requirements				
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Linear Algebra (in particular matrix/vector computation) Basic programming skills in C/C++			
Educational Objectives		ning results		
Professional Competence Knowledge	Students can explain and describe basic algorithms in 3D computer gra	aphics.		
Skills	 Students are capable of implementing a basic 3D rendering pipeline. This consists of presurface using a virtual camera. apply geometric transformations (e.g. rotation, scaling) in 2D ar using well-known 2D/3D APIs (OpenGL, Cairo) for solving a giver 	nd 3D computer graphics.	res (e.g. cube, s	spheres) onto a 2D
Personal Competence Social Competence		ion of a 3D computer graph	hics pipeline.	
Autonomy	 Students are able to solve simple tasks independently with reference to the contents of the lectures and the exercise sets. Students are able to solve detailed problems independently with the aid of the tutorial's programming task. 			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and				
scale		e. Flashive Commission		
Assignment for the			me Facus Cat	tware and Signal
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Secure a Processing: Elective Compulsory	nu Dependable II Syster	ms, Focus Sof	tware and Signal
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Communication International Management and Engineering: Specialisation II. Information		-	ive Compulsory

Course L0145: Computer Graphics			
Тур	Lecture		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp		
Language	EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	Computer graphics and animation are leading to an unprecedented visual revolution. The course deals with its technological foundations: Object-oriented Computer Graphics Projections and Transformations Polygonal and Parametric Modelling Illuminating, Shading, Rendering Computer Animation Techniques Kinematics and Dynamics Effects Students will be be working on a series of mini-projects which will eventually evolve into a final project. Learning computer graphics and animation resembles learning a musical instrument. Therefore, doing your projects well and in time is essential for performing well on this course.		
Literature	Alan H. Watt: 3D Computer Graphics. Harlow: Pearson (3rd ed., repr., 2009). Dariush Derakhshani: Introducing Autodesk Maya 2014. New York, NY: Wiley (2013).		

Course L0768: Computer Gra	ourse L0768: Computer Graphics		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp		
Language	EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Module M1682: Secur	re Software Engineering			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Secure Software Engineering (L266	57)	Lecture	2	3
Secure Software Engineering (L266	58)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Familiarity with basic software engineering concepts	(e.g., requirements, design) and basic secur	rity concepts	(e.g., confidentiality,
Knowledge	integrity, availability)			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached	the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students can:			
	Elicit security requirements in a software proje	oct		
	Model and document security measures in a s			
	Use threat and risk analysis techniques	ortware design		
	Understand how security code reviews are per	rformed		
	Understand the core definitions of concepts re			
	Understand privacy enhancing technologies	,		
Skills	Select appropriate security assurance techniques to	be used in a security assurance program		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy	Students can apply the knowledge acquired through			
	be capable to acquire new knowledge independently	from academic publications, techical standa	irds, and whit	e papers.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture	56		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	120 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Science	oftware Engineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	tion Communication Systems, Focus Softwar	e: Elective Co	mpulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specia	lisation Secure and Dependable IT Syste	ms, Focus S	oftware and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			

Course L2667: Secure Softwa	are Engineering
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Secure software development processes and maturity models Techniques to define security requirements Techniques to create, document and analyse the design of secure applications
	Threat and risk analysis techniques Security code reviews Program repair techniques for security vulnerabilities Privacy engineering
Literature	Sindre, G. and Opdahl, A.L., 2005. Eliciting security requirements with misuse cases. Requirements engineering, 10(1), pp.34-44. Fontaine, P.I., Van Lamsweerde, A., Letier, E. and Darimont, R., 2001. Goal-oriented elaboration of security requirements.
	Mead, N.R. and Stehney, T., 2005. Security quality requirements engineering (SQUARE) methodology. ACM SIGSOFT Software Engineering Notes, 30(4), pp.1-7.
	Mirakhorli, M., Shin, Y., Cleland-Huang, J. and Cinar, M., 2012, June. A tactic-centric approach for automating traceability of quality concerns. In 2012 34th international conference on software engineering (ICSE) (pp. 639-649). IEEE.
	Jürjens, J., UMLsec: Extending UML for secure systems development, International Conference on The Unified Modeling Language 2002
	Lund, M.S., Solhaug, B. and Stølen, K., 2011. A guided tour of the CORAS method. In Model-Driven Risk Analysis (pp. 23-43) Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.
	Howard, M.A., 2006. A process for performing security code reviews. IEEE Security & privacy, 4(4), pp.74-79
	Diaz, C. and Gürses, S., 2012. Understanding the landscape of privacy technologies. Proceedings of the information security summit, 12, pp.58-63.

Course L2668: Secure Softwa	Course L2668: Secure Software Engineering		
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato		
Language	EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	 Secure software development processes and maturity models Techniques to define security requirements Techniques to create, document and analyse the design of secure applications Threat and risk analysis techniques Security code reviews Program repair techniques for security vulnerabilities Privacy engineering 		
Literature			

Module M1700: Satel	lite Communications and Navigation			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Radio-Based Positioning and Navig	ation (L2711)	Lecture	2	3
Satellite Communications (L2710)		Lecture	3	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	The module is designed for a diverse audience, i.e.	students with different backg	ground. Basic knowledge	of communications
Knowledge	engineering and signal processing are of advantag	e but not required. The co	ourse intends to provide	the chapters on
	communications techniques such that on the one hand			
	concepts and examples (e.g. modulation and coding so	- · · · · ·	•	-
	been treated in our other bachelor and master courses		-	
	the ideas but may not be able to understand in the s consideration in the oral exam.	ame depth. The individual ba	ackground of the students	s will be taken into
	consideration in the oral exam.			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students are able to understand, compare and	analyse digital satellite con	nmunications system as	well as navigation
	techniques. They are familiar with principal ideas of th	e respective communications	, signal processing and po	ositioning methods.
	They can describe distortions and resulting limitations	•		
	describe how fundamental communications and navigat	ion techniques are applied in	selected practical systems	i.
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture ar	nd tutorials. They can explain a	and apply them to new pro	blems.
Skille	The students are able to describe and analyse digital s	atallita communications systa	ms and navigation system	s They are able to
Skills	analyse transmission chains including link budget calcu			
	system parameters for given scenarios.	actions. They are able to enough	se appropriate transmissio	m teemiologies and
	3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific problems.			
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant information fr	om appropriate literature sour	ces.	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination Examination duration and				
examination duration and scale	50 111111			
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Co	ommunication Systems: Flection	ve Compulsory	
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	•		ftware and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory		,,	gilai
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	Communication Systems, Fo	cus Signal Processing: Elec	tive Compulsory
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Com	nunication and Signal Process	ing: Elective Compulsory	

Course L2711: Radio-Based F	Positioning and Navigation
	Lecture
Hrs/wk	
СР	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch, Dr. Rico Mendrzik
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	
	Information extraction from communication signals
	Time-of-arrival principle
	Ranging in additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel
	 Correlation-based range estimation
	 Effect of multipath propagation on time-of-arrival principle
	 Zero-forcing range estimation in the presence of multipath
	 Optimum range estimation in the presence of multipath
	 Zero-forcing in presence of noise
	Angle-of-arrival principle
	 Angle-of-arrival estimation in AWGN channel
	■ Delay-and-sum estimator
	 Multiple Signal Classifier (MUSIC)
	 MUSIC-based angle-of-arrival estimation
	■ Case study: Comparison of estimators in AWGN channels
	Effect of multipath propagation on angle-of-arrival principle
	Case study: Comparison of estimators in multipath channels

- Information fusion of extracted signals
 - · Distance-based positioning
 - Principle of time-of-arrival positioning
 - Geometric interpretation
 - Positioning in the absence of noise
 - Linearization of the positioning problem
 - Positioning in the presence of noise
 - Optimality criteria
 - Least squares time-of-arrival positioning
 - Maximum likelihood time-of-arrival positioning
 - Interactive Matlab demo
 - Excursion: gradient descent solvers for nonlinear programs
 - Real-life positioning with embedded development board (Arduino)
 - Linearized least squares time-of-arrival positioning
 - Effect of clock offsets on distance-based positioning
 - Time-difference-of-arrival principle
 - Least squares time-difference-of-arrival positioning
 - Clock offset mitigation via two-way ranging
 - Performance limits of distance-based positioning
 - Fisher information and the Cramér-Rao lower bound
 - Fisher information in the AWGN case
 - Multi-variate Fisher information
 - Cramér-Rao lower bound for synchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - Case study: Synchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - Cramér-Rao lower bound for unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - Case study: Unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - · Angle-based Positioning
 - Angle-of-arrival positioning principle
 - Geometric interpretation angle-of-arrival positioning principle
 - Noise-free angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 - Effect of noise on angle-of-arrival positioning
 - Least squares angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 - Linear least squares angle-of-arrival positioning
 - Effect of orientation uncertainty
 - Angle-difference-of-arrival positioning
 - Geometric interpretation angle difference of arrival positioning
 - Proof of angle-difference-of-arrival locus
 - Inscribed angle lemma
 - Case study: Angle-difference-of-arrival-positioning
 - o Performance limits of angle-based positioning
 - Cramér-Rao lower bound for angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 - Case study: Angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
- Information Filtering
 - Bayesian filtering
 - Principle of Bayesian filtering
 - General Problem Formulation
 - $\,\blacksquare\,$ Solution to the linear Gaussian case
 - State transition in the linear Gaussian case
 Proof of predicted posterior distribution of the Kalman filter
 - State update in the linear Gaussian case
 - Proof of marginal posterior distribution of the Kalman filter
 - Working with Gaussian random variables
 - Proof: Affine transformation
 - Proof: Marginalization
 - Proof: Conditioning
 - Kalman filter: Optimum Inference in the linear Gaussian case
 - Modeling of process noise
 - Modeling of measurement noise
 - Case study: Kalman filtering in the linear Gaussian case
 - Interactive Kalman filtering in Matlab
 - Dealing with nonlinearities in Bayesian filtering
 - Nonlinear Gaussian case
 - Extended Kalman filter
 - Proof of predicted posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter
 - Proof of marginal posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter
 - Example: Nonlinear state transition
 - Case study: Extended Kalman filtering
 - Practical considerations for filter design
- Satellite Navigation
 - Overview from positioning perspective
 - Earth-centered earth-fixed (ECEF) coordinate system
 - World geodetic system (WGS)
 - Satellite navigation systems
 - System-receiver clock offsets and pseudo-ranges

Systems	
	 Unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning revisited
	GPS legacy signals and ranging
	■ Signal overview
	 Time-of-arrival principle revisited
	 Direct sequence spread spectrum principle
	■ Short and long codes
	Satellite signal generation
	Carriers and codes
	Correlation properties of codes
	Code division multiple access in flat fading channels
	Navigation message
	Velocity estimation
	Hands-on case study: Design of an extended Kalman filter for satellite navigation based on recorded data
	Robust navigation
	 Multipath-assisted positioning in millimeter wave multiple antenna systems
	Multi-sensor fusion
Literature	

Literature	v riulu-sensori lusion
Course L2710: Satellite Com	munications
Тур	Lecture
-	3
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	5oSe
Content	
	Introduction to satellite communications
	What is a satellite Overview orbite. Ven Allen Belt, components of a satellite.
	Overview orbits, Van Allen Belt, components of a satellite Catallite comings.
	Satellite services Francisco hards for satellite sanitage
	Frequency bands for satellite services Intermediate Tales are required for a Union (TTI)
	International Telecommunications Union (ITU)
	Influence of atmospheric impairments Milestones is actallity communications.
	Milestones in satellite communications
	Components of a satellite communications system
	Ground segment
	Space segment
	Control segment
	Communication links Hallate described.
	Uplink, downlink Farmed link and area link
	Forward link, reverse link Intersatellite links
	Multiple access Performance macaying
	Performance measures Fifteetive isotropic radiated power (FIRD), aptopps gain figure of morit. C/T, carrier to poice ratio
	■ Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP), antenna gain, figure of merit, G/T, carrier to noise ratio
	 Signal to noise power ratio vs. carrier to noise ratio Single beam and multibeam satellites
	Beam coverage Evamples for beam coverage of LEO and GEO catellites (Iridium, Viacat)
	 Examples for beam coverage of LEO and GEO satellites (Iridium, Viasat) Transparent vs. regenerative payload
	Transparent vs. regenerative payioau
	Orbits
	 Low earth orbot (LEO), medium earth orbit (MEO), geosynchroneous and geostationary orbits (GEO), highly elliptical
	orbits (HEO
	Favourable orbits:
	 HEO orbits with 63-64^o inclination, Molnya and Tundra orbits
	Circular LEO orbits
	Circular MEO Orbits (Intermediate Circular Orbits (ICO))
	Equatorial orbits, geostationary orbit (GEO)
	 Important aspects of LEO, MEO and GEO satellites
	Kepler's laws of planetary motion
	Gravitational force
	Parameters of ellipses and elliptical orbits
	Major and minor half axis
	• Foci
	Eccentricity
	Eccentric anomaly, mean anomaly, true anomaly
	• Area
	Orbit period
	Perigee, apogee
	Distance of satellite from center of earth
	Construction of ellipses according to de La Hire
	 Orbital plane in space, inclination, right ascension (longitude) of ascending node, Vernal equinox
I J	

- Newton's laws of motion
- · Newton's universal law of gravitation
- Energy of satellites: Potential energy, kinetic energy, total energy
- Instantaneous speed of a satellite
- Kepler's equation
- Satellite visibility, elevation
- Required number of LEO, MEO or GEO satellites for continuous earth coverage
- Satellite altitude and distance from a point on earth
- Choice of orbits
 - LEO, HEO, GEO
 - Elliptical orbits with non-zero inclination, Molnya orbits, Tundra orbits
 - · Geosynchronous orbits
 - Parameters of geosynchronous orbits
 - Circular geosynchronous orbits
 - Inclined geosynchronous orbits
 - Quasi-zenith satellite systems (QZSS)
 - Syb-synchronous circular equatorial orbits
 - Geostationary orbit
 - Parameters of the geostationary orbit
 - Visibility
 - Propagation delay
 - Applications and system examples
- · Perturbations of orbits
 - Station keeping
 - Station keeping box
 - Estimation of orbit parameters
- Fundamentals of digital communications techniques
 - o Components of a digital communications system
 - o Principles of encryption
 - Scrambling
 - Scrambling vs. interleaving for randomization of data sequences
 - o Interleaving: Block interleaver, convolutional interleaver, random interleaver
 - o Digital modulation methods
 - Linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Linear digital modulation methods
 - QAM modulator and demodulator
 - Pulse shaping, square-root raised-cosine pulses
 - Average power spectral density
 - Signal space constellation
 - Examples: M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude shift keying (M-QAM)
 - M-PSK in noisy channels
 - Bit error probabilities of M-PSK and M-QAM
 - M-PSK vs. M-QAM
 - M-ary amplitude and phase shift keying (M-APSK)
 - M-APSK vs. M-QAM
 - Differential phase shift keying (DPSK)

Error control coding (channel coding)

- Error detecting and forward error correcting (FEC) codes
- Principle of channel coding
- Data rate, code rate, Baud rate, spectral efficiency of modulation and coding schemes
- Bandwidth-power trade-off, bandwidth-limited vs. power-limited transmission
- Coding and modulation for transparent vs. regenerative payload
- Block codes and convolutional codes
- Concatenated codes
- Bit-interleaved coded modulation
- Convolutional codes
- Low density parity check (LDPC) codes, principle of message passing decoding, bit error rate performance
- Cyclic block codes
 - Examples for cyclic block codes
 - Single errors vs. block errors, cyclic block codes for burst errors
 - Generator matrix, generator polynomials
 - Systematic encoding and syndrome determination with shift registers
 - Cyclic redundancy check (CRC) codes
- Automatic repeat request (ARQ)
 - Principle of ARQ
 - Stop-and-wait ARQ
 - Go-back-N ARQ
 - Selective-repeat ARQ
- Transmission gains and losses

- Antenna gain
 - Antenna radiation pattern
 - Maximum antenna gain, 3dB beamwidth
 - Maximum antenna gain of circular aperture
 - Maximum antenna gain of a geostationary satellite with global coverage
- Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP)
- Power flux density
- Path los
 - Free space loss, free space loss for geostationary satellites
 - Atmospheric loss
 - Received power
- · Losses in transmit and receive equipment
 - Feeder loss
 - Depointing loss
 - Polarization mismatch loss
- · Combined effect of losses
- Noise
 - o Origins of noise
 - White noise
 - Noise power spectral density and noise power
 - o Additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel model
 - · Antenna noise temperature
 - Earth brightness temperature
 - · Signal to noise ratios
- Atmospheric distortions
 - ${\color{gray} \bullet} \ \ \, \text{Atmosphere of the earth: Troposphere, stratosphere, mesosphere, thermosphere, exosphere} \\$
 - Attenuation and depolarization due to rain, fog, rain and ice clouds, sandstorms
 - Scintillation
 - o Faraday effect
 - · Multipath contributions
- Link budget calculations
 - GEO clear sky uplink and downlink
 - GEO uplink and downlink under rain conditions
 - · Transparent vs. regenerative payload
- Link availability improvement through site diversity and adaptive transmission
 - o Transparent vs. regenerative payload
 - Non-linear amplifiers
 - Saleh model, Rapp model
 - Input and output back-off factor
 - Single carrier and multicarrier operation
 - Dimensioning of transmission parameters
 - Sources of noise: Thermal noise, interference, intermodulation products
 - Signal to noise ratio and bit error probability
 - Robustness against interference and non-linear channels
- Satellite networks
 - Satellite network reference architectures
 - Network topologies
 - Network connectivity
 - Types of network connectivity
 - On-board connectivity
 - Inter-satellite links
 - Broadcast networks
 - Satellite-based internet
- Satellite communications systems and standards examples
 - $\circ\hspace{0.1in}$ The role of standards in satellite communications
 - $\bullet \ \ \, \text{The Digital Video Broadcast Satellite Standard: DVB-S, DVB-S2, DVB-S2X} \\$
 - Satellites in 3GPP mobile communications networks
 - ${\color{gray} \bullet} \ \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{LEO}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{megaconstellations:}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{SpaceX}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{Starlink,}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{Kuiper,}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{OneWeb}}$
 - Space debris
 - The German Heinrich Hertz mission

Literature

Systems					
Module M13	801: Software Testing				
Courses					
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР	
Software Testing (L		Lecture	2	3	
Software Testing (L	.1792)	Project-/problem-based Learning	g 2	3	
	Prof. Sibylle Schupp				
Responsible					
	None				
Requirements					
Recommended	Software Engineering				
Previous Knowledge	Higher Programming Languages				
Kilowieuge	 Object-Oriented Programming 				
	Algorithms and Data Structures				
	 Experience with (Small) Software Projects 				
	• Statistics				
Educational	After taking part successfully, students have reached the follo	owing learning results			
Objectives					
Professional					
Competence					
Knowledge	Chudanta avalain the different phases of tection of	dagariba fundanantal			
	Students explain the different phases of testing, of techniques of different types of testing, and paragraphs				
	principles of the corresponding test process. They	•			
		-			
	software development scenarios and the corresponding test type and technique. They explain algorithms used for particular testing				
	techniques and describe possible advantages and	5			
Skills	Students identify the appropriate testing type and	d technique for a given			
	Students identify the appropriate testing type and technique for a given problem. They adapt and execute respective algorithms to execute a				
	concrete test technique properly. They interpret t				
	execute corresponding steps for proper re-test scenarios. They write and				
	analyze test specifications. They apply bug finding	g techniques for			
	non-trivial problems.				
Personal					
Competence	Chudonta discuss valouant tenies in slags. They defend their se	shubiana avallu			
	Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their so They communicate in English.	outions orany.			
Competence	They communicate in English.				
Autonomy	Students can assess their level of knowledge continuously and				
	own learning goals. Upon successful completion, students car				
	testing. Within this field, they can conduct independent stud		d compile their	findings in academ	nic reports.
	devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones	5			
Workload in	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56				
Hours					
Credit points	6				
	None				
achievement					
	Subject theoretical and practical work				
Examination	Software				
duration and					
scale					
Assignment	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Er	ngineering: Elective Compulsory			
for the	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Com		ompulsory		
Following	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Secu			essing: Elective Con	npulsory

Course L1791: Software Testing		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	 Fundamentals of software testing Model-based testing Test automation Criteria-based testing 	
Literature	 M. Pezze and M. Young, Software Testing and Analysis, John Wiley 2008. P. Ammann and J. Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", 2nd edition 2016. A. Zeller: "Why Programs Fail: A Guide to Systematic Debugging", 2nd edition 2012. 	

Course L1792: Software Test	ing
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Fundamentals of software testing Model-based testing Test automation Criteria-based testing
Literature	 M. Pezze and M. Young, Software Testing and Analysis, John Wiley 2008. P. Ammann and J. Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", 2nd edition 2015.

Module M1842: GPU	Architectures			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
GPU Architecture (L3039)		Lecture	3	4
GPU Architecture (L3040)		Project-/problem-based Learning	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Sohan Lal			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	An introductory module on computer			
Knowledge	engineering or computer architecture, and good programming s	kills in C/C++.		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following	ing learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge				
Skills				
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Eng	ineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Sec	cure and Dependable IT Syste	ems, Focus	Software and Signa
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Embedded Sy	stems: Elective Compulsory		

ourse L3039: GPU Architecture		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	3	
СР	4	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42	
Lecturer	Prof. Sohan Lal	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	- Review of computer architecture basics - measuring performance,	
	benchmarks, five-stage RISC pipeline, caches	
	- GPU basics - evolution of GPU computing, a high-level overview of a	
	GPU architecture	
	- GPU programming with CUDA - program structure, CUDA threads	
	organization, warp/thread-block scheduling	
	- GPU (micro) architecture - streaming multiprocessors, single	
	instruction multiple threads (SIMT) core design, tensor/RT cores,	
	mixed-precision support	
	- GPU memory hierarchy - banked register file and operand collectors,	
	shared memory, GPU caches (differences w.r.t. CPU caches), global memory	
	- Branch and memory divergence - branch handling, stack-based	
	reconvergence, memory coalescing, coalescer design	
	- Barriers and synchronization	
	- Temporal and spatial locality exploitation challenges in GPU caches	
	- Global memory- high throughput requirements, GDDR/HBM, memory	
	bandwidth optimization techniques	
	- GPU research issues - performance bottlenecks, GPU power modeling,	
	high-power consumption/energy efficiency, GPU security	
	- Application case study - deep learning	
	- Cycle accurate simulators for GPUs	
	The learning in the lectures will be augmented by a semester-long	
	problem-based project.	
Literature		
Literature		

Course L3040: GPU Architecture	
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	1
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Sohan Lal
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M1810: Autor	nomous Cyber-Physical Systems			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Autonomous Cyber-Physical System	ns (L3000)	Lecture	2	3
Autonomous Cyber-Physical System	ns (L3001)	Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Very Good knowledge and practical exp Basic knowledge in software engineerin Basic knowledge in wired and wireless c Principal understanding of simple electrons	ommunication protocols	dule: Procedural l	Programming)
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have re	eached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge				
Skills				
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Le	ecture 56		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Form No 10 % Attestation	Description		
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	90 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer	and Software Engineering: Elective Compulsory	,	
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation	on I. Computer Science: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: S	Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT Sy	stems, Focus S	Software and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			

Course L3000: Autonomous (ourse L3000: Autonomous Cyber-Physical Systems		
Тур	Lecture		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner		
Language	EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content			
Literature			

Course L3001: Autonomous	Course L3001: Autonomous Cyber-Physical Systems	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M1694: Secur	tty of Cyber-Ph	ysicai Syster	ns en			
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Security of Cyber-Physical Systems Security of Cyber-Physical Systems				Lecture Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible				Nectation Section (Smail)	2	
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	IT security, programm	ing skills, statistics	5			
Knowledge						
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students h	nave reached the followi	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	The students know an	id can explain				
	- the threats posed by	cyber attacks to c	yber-physical systems (CPS)		
	- concrete attacks at a	a technical level, e.	.g. on bus systems			
	- security solutions sp	ecific to CPS with t	heir capabilities and lim	itations		
	- examples of security	architectures for 0	CPS and the requiremen	ts they guarantee		
	- standard security en	gineering processe	es for CPS			
Skills	The students are able	to				
	- identify security thr	eats and assess the	e risks for a given CPS			
	- apply attack toolkits	s to analyse a netw	orked control system, a	nd detect attacks beyond the	ose taught in class	5
	- identify and apply s	ecurity solutions su	uitable to the requireme	nts		
	- follow security engi	neering processes t	to develop a security ard	chitecture for a given CPS		
	- recognize challenge	es and limitations, e	e.g. posed by novel type	s of attack		
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	The students are able	to				
	- expertly discuss see experts	curity risks and inc	cidents of CPS and thei	r mitigation in a solution-or	riented fashion wi	th experts and nor
	- foster a security cult	ure with respect to	CPS and the correspond	ding critical infrastructures		
Autonomy	The students are able	to				
	- follow up and critical	lly assess current d	levelopments in the seco	urity of CPS including relevar	nt security inciden	ts
	- master a new topic v	within the area by s	self-study and self-initiat	ed interaction with experts a	and peers.	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Ti	me 124, Study Tim	e in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6					
Course achievement		Form	Description Dio Übungsa	ufashon findon semester to	laitand statt	
Examination	No 10 % Written exam	Excercises	Die Oburigsa	ufgaben finden semesterbeg	ieiteilu Statt.	
Examination duration and						
scale						
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Sp	ecialisation I. Com	puter and Software Engi	neering: Elective Compulsor	у	
Following Curricula	Data Science: Special	isation II. Compute	r Science: Elective Comp	oulsory		
	Data Science: Special	isation IV. Special F	Focus Area: Elective Con	npulsory		
			·	ence: Elective Compulsory	_	
			ems: Specialisation Sec	cure and Dependable IT S	ystems, Focus S	Software and Signa
	Processing: Elective C	ompuisory				

Course L2691: Security of Cy	ber-Physical Systems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Embedded systems in energy, production, and transportation are currently undergoing a technological transition to highly networked automated cyber-physical systems (CPS). Such systems are potentially vulnerable to cyber attacks, and these can have physical impact. In this course we investigate security threats, solutions and architectures that are specific to CPS. The topics are as follows:
	Fundamentals and motivating examples
	Networked and embedded control systems
	Bus system level attacks
	Intruder detection systems (IDS), in particular physics-based IDS
	System security architectures, including cryptographic solutions
	Adversarial machine learning attacks in the physical world
	Aspects of Location and Localization
	Wireless networks and infrastructures for critical applications
	Communication security architectures and remaining threats
	Intruder detection systems (IDS), in particular data-centric IDS
	Resilience against multi-instance attacks
	Security Engineering of CPS: Process and Norms
Literature	Recent scientific papers and reports in the public domain.

Course L2692: Security of Cyber-Physical Systems		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M1598: Image	Processing			
Courses				
litle		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
mage Processing (L2443)		Lecture	2	4
mage Processing (L2444)		Recitation Section (small)	2	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Tobias Knopp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Signal and Systems			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have	ve reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students know about			
	visual perception			
	visual perceptionmultidimensional signal processing			
	sampling and sampling theorem			
	filtering			
	image enhancement			
	edge detection			
	 multi-resolution procedures: Gauss a 	and Laplace pyramid, wavelets		
	image compression			
	image segmentation			
	 morphological image processing 			
Skills	The students can			
	 analyze, process, and improve multi 	idimensional image data		
	 implement simple compression algo 	prithms		
	 design custom filters for specific app 	plications		
Davisanal Cammatanas				
Personal Competence	Students can work an complex problems b	eath independently and in teams. They can excha	ngo idoas with oas	h other and use the
Social Competence	individual strengths to solve the problem.	ooth independently and in teams. They can excha	nge ideas with eac	.n other and use th
	individual strengths to solve the problem.			
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investig	gate a complex problem and assess which compe	etencies are requir	ed to solve it.
Weekleed to Herre	landar and ant Charle Time 124. Charle Time	in Landaura FC		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time i	in Lecture 56		
Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and	90 min			
scale				
-	Data Science: Core Qualification: Elective C	• •		
Following Curricula	Data Science: Specialisation I. Mathematics			
	Data Science: Specialisation II. Computer S	• •		
	Data Science: Specialisation IV. Special Foo	• •	manula a mu	
		mation and Communication Systems: Elective Co	mpulsory	
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Medic		anal Processing: El	activa Compulsory
		Specialisation Communication Systems, Focus Sins: Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT		
	Processing: Elective Compulsory	is. Specialisation Secure and Dependable II	Systems, rocus	Joreware and Sign
		g: Specialisation II. Information Technology: Elect	ive Compulsory	
	cacionai management ana Engineenii		compulsory	
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Sys			
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Sys Mechatronics: Specialisation System Desig			
	Mechatronics: Specialisation System Desig	n: Elective Compulsory		
	Mechatronics: Specialisation System Desig Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Elective (n: Elective Compulsory	lective Compulsory	,

Course L2443: Image Proces	sing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 92, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Visual perception Multidimensional signal processing Sampling and sampling theorem Filtering Image enhancement Edge detection Multi-resolution procedures: Gauss and Laplace pyramid, wavelets Image Compression Segmentation Morphological image processing
Literature	Bredies/Lorenz, Mathematische Bildverarbeitung, Vieweg, 2011 Pratt, Digital Image Processing, Wiley, 2001 Bernd Jähne: Digitale Bildverarbeitung - Springer, Berlin 2005

Course L2444: Image Processing	
	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Thesis

Module M1801: Master thesis (dual study program)		
Courses		
Title	Typ Hrs/wk CP	
Module Responsible	2	
Admission Requirements		
Recommended Previous		
Knowledge		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results	
Professional Competence		
www.cage	Dual students • use the specialised knowledge (facts, theories and methods) from their field of study and the acquired professional	
	knowledge confidently to deal with technical and practical professional issues.	
	can explain the relevant approaches and terminologies in depth in one or more of their subject's specialist areas, describe surrent developments and takes a critical storage.	
	 describe current developments and take a critical stance. formulate their own research assignment to tackle a professional problem and contextualise it within their subject area. They ascertain the current state of research and critically assess it. 	
Skills	Dual students	
	can select suitable methods for the respective subject-related professional problem, apply them and develop them further	
	as required.	
	 assess knowledge and methods acquired during their studies (including practical phases) and apply their expertise to complex and/or incompletely defined problems in a solution- and application-oriented manner. acquire new academic knowledge in their subject area and critically evaluate it. 	
Personal Competence		
Social Competence	Dual students	
	• can present a professional problem in the form of an academic question in a structured, comprehensible and factually	
	correct manner, both in writing and orally, for a specialist audience and for professional stakeholders.	
	answer questions as part of a professional discussion in an expert, appropriate manner. They represent their own points	
	of view and assessments convincingly.	
Autonomy	Dual students	
	• can structure their own project into work packages, work through them at an academic level and reflect on them with	
	regard to feasible courses of action for professional practice. • work in-depth in a partially unknown area within the discipline and acquire the information required to do so.	
	apply the techniques of academic work comprehensively in their own research work when dealing with an operational	
	problem and question.	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 900, Study Time in Lecture 0	
Credit points		
Course achievement	None	
Examination	Thesis	
Examination duration and	According to General Regulations	
scale		
Assignment for the		
Following Curricula	Bioprocess Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Computer Science: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Data Science: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Electrical Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Energy Systems: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Environmental Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory Aircraft Systems Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Computer Science in Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Thesis: Compulsory	
	International Management and Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Aeronautics: Thesis: Compulsory Materials Science and Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Materials Science and Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory Materials Science: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Mechanical Engineering and Management: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Mechatronics: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Biomedical Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Product Development, Materials and Production: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Renewable Energies: Thesis: Compulsory Naval Architecture and Ocean Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory	
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory	

Process Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory

Water and Environmental Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory