

Module Manual

Master of Science (M.Sc.)

Information and Communication Systems

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Program description

Content

Among the industries with the greatest growth rates is the communications industry which, over the years, has achieved in its products the synergy of the classical disciplines of computer science and networking. The International Master Program Information and Communication Systems addresses this rapidly evolving area by laying in-depth foundations for the design and implementation of networking infrastructures, networked Cyber Physical Systems and the applications and services running on them.

The program is organized as a two-year course (four semesters) which starts on 1st of October each year. It includes around two semesters of lectures and practical courses and almost two semesters devoted to work in a research team (project work) and to the preparation of a master's thesis. The "Master of Science" degree will be awarded. Language of the program is English.

Graduates of the program are provided with the basics and knowledge that are required for a successful engineering activity in the information and communication technology in an international environment. They acquire extensive knowledge in the mathematical, engineering and scientific basic principles of this discipline based on a solid theoretical foundation including all the essential application-oriented aspects. Graduates are qualified to independently resolve problems in the information and communications technology and related disciplines.

The graduates are able to apply methods and procedures required to work on technical issues, as well as critically examine new insights to further develop and incorporate in their work. In this way, they are qualified to carry out their duties for society responsibly.

Career prospects

The study of Information and Communication Systems provides the in-depth training in the areas of Information and Communication Technology, Software Systems, IT Security and Signal Processing. This enables excellent career prospects both in the industrial as well as on the academic job market. The Master's degree qualifies graduates for doctoral studies.

Learning target

Knowledge

The students gain common knowledge from the core qualification and more specific knowledge depending on the selected specialisation. All students are able to describe information theory and coding basics.

Specialisation Communication Systems

Students can

- show their profound knowledge in digital communications,
- describe their specialized knowledge in communication networks,
- explain software development principles,
- explain signal processing fundamentals.

Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT Systems:

Students can

- give an overview of software verification,
- describe security principles for information and communication systems,
- explain their specialized knowledge in communication networks,
- · describe software development and signal processing principles.

Skills

The ability to apply knowledge in order to perform tasks and solve problems will be supported in this course. Information and Communication Systems graduates are capable to

- solve problems in information and communication systems by applying and adapting techniques, procedures and methods that are required for a successful professional activity and by using engineering systematics,
- organize the planning of theoretical and experimental studies in order to develop optimal solutions for complex applications in information and communication technology and evaluate the solutions analyse problems using scientific systematics and solve them most effectively to develop economically viable approaches for products and systematically reflect non-technical implications of engineering activity to responsibly involve them in their actions,
- evaluate reliability of developed systems, prepare and review results of practical applications so that they can be used for systems optimization
- Investigate, evaluate and integrate new technologies, systems, architecture, services and applications for information and communication systems.

Social skills

The ability of target-oriented work in collaboration with others, communication, and understanding their interests and social situations are goals of this course. The students can

- present and argue the results of their work in written and oral form in an comprehensible way,
- communicate and collaborate with international professionals, also of other disciplines,
- collaborate in challenging projects of information and communications technology in a responsible position,
- develop ideas and solutions in team work.

Autonomy

The course helps to improve ability and readiness to act independently and responsibly, reflect own actions and the actions of others, and to develop the own functioning. Information and Communication Systems students are capable to

- identify knowledge gaps and propose solutions to overcome these gaps,
- expand and deepen their knowledge and skills independently, taking into account ecological and economic demands responsibly,
- familiarize themselves with complex tasks, define new tasks and develop the necessary knowledge for solving it and to systematically apply appropriate means.

Program structure

The four-semester program is designed modularly and is based on the university-wide standardized course structure with uniform module sizes (multiples of six credit points (CP)).

Core qualification: 48 CP

Specialization: 42 CP Master thesis: 30 CP

Total: 120 CP

The core qualification consists of the module Information Theory and Coding (6 CP), technical complementary courses (12 CP), Business & Management (6 CP), nontechnical complementary courses (6 CP) and research project with seminar (18 CP). The research project with seminar consists of a scientific thesis with documentation and accompanying presentations in a seminar among fellow students.

The students choose between two specialisations (42 CP each):

Communication Systems

Containing: Communications, software, and signal processing

Secure and Dependable IT Systems

Containing: IT security, networks, software and signal processing

Students write a master thesis (30 CP).

Core Qualification

Module M0523: Busin	ess & Management
Madula Daananalkia	Deef Matthias Name
Module Responsible	
Admission Requirements	None
Recommended Previous	None
Knowledge	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results
Professional Competence	
Knowledge Skills	 Students are able to find their way around selected special areas of management within the scope of business managemen Students are able to explain basic theories, categories, and models in selected special areas of business management. Students are able to interrelate technical and management knowledge. Students are able to apply basic methods in selected areas of business management.
Personal Competence Social Competence	 Students are able to explain and give reasons for decision proposals on practical issues in areas of business management.
	• Students are able to communicate in small interdisciplinary groups and to jointly develop solutions for complex problems
Autonomy	• Students are capable of acquiring necessary knowledge independently by means of research and preparation of material.
Workload in Hours	Depends on choice of courses
Credit points	6

Courses

Information regarding lectures and courses can be found in the corresponding module handbook published separately.

Module Responsible	Dagmar Richter
Admission Requirements	None
Recommended Previous	None
Knowledge	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results
rofessional Competence	
Knowledge	The Nontechnical Academic Programms (NTA)
	imparts skills that, in view of the TUHH's training profile, professional engineering studies require but are not able to cover Self-reliance, self-management, collaboration and professional and personnel management competences. The departr implements these training objectives in its teaching architecture , in its teaching and learning arrangements , in teac areas and by means of teaching offerings in which students can qualify by opting for specific competences and a compete level at the Bachelor's or Master's level. The teaching offerings are pooled in two different catalogues for nontech complementary courses.
	The Learning Architecture
	consists of a cross-disciplinarily study offering. The centrally designed teaching offering ensures that courses in the nontech academic programms follow the specific profiling of TUHH degree courses.
	The learning architecture demands and trains independent educational planning as regards the individual development competences. It also provides orientation knowledge in the form of "profiles".
	The subjects that can be studied in parallel throughout the student's entire study program - if need be, it can be studied in or two semesters. In view of the adaptation problems that individuals commonly face in their first semesters after making transition from school to university and in order to encourage individually planned semesters abroad, there is no obligate study these subjects in one or two specific semesters during the course of studies.
	Teaching and Learning Arrangements
	provide for students, separated into B.Sc. and M.Sc., to learn with and from each other across semesters. The challenge of de with interdisciplinarity and a variety of stages of learning in courses are part of the learning architecture and are deliber encouraged in specific courses.
	Fields of Teaching
	are based on research findings from the academic disciplines cultural studies, social studies, arts, historical stu communication studies, migration studies and sustainability research, and from engineering didactics. In addition, from the w semester 2014/15 students on all Bachelor's courses will have the opportunity to learn about business management and star in a goal-oriented way.
	The fields of teaching are augmented by soft skills offers and a foreign language offer. Here, the focus is on encouraging oriented communication skills, e.g. the skills required by outgoing engineers in international and intercultural situations.
	The Competence Level
	of the courses offered in this area is different as regards the basic training objective in the Bachelor's and Master's fields. T differences are reflected in the practical examples used, in content topics that refer to different professional application cont and in the higher scientific and theoretical level of abstraction in the B.Sc.
	This is also reflected in the different quality of soft skills, which relate to the different team positions and different group leade functions of Bachelor's and Master's graduates in their future working life.
	Specialized Competence (Knowledge)
	Students can
	 explain specialized areas in context of the relevant non-technical disciplines, outline basic theories, categories, terminology, models, concepts or artistic techniques in the disciplines represented in learning area, different specialist disciplines relate to their own discipline and differentiate it as well as make connections, sketch the basic outlines of how scientific disciplines, paradigms, models, instruments, methods and forms of represent in the specialized sciences are subject to individual and socio-cultural interpretation and historicity, Can communicate in a foreign language in a manner appropriate to the subject.
Skills	Professional Competence (Skills)
Skiis	
	 In selected sub-areas students can apply basic and specific methods of the said scientific disciplines, aquestion a specific technical phenomena, models, theories from the viewpoint of another, aforementioned specific discipline, to handle simple and advanced questions in aforementioned scientific disciplines in a successful manner, justify their decisions on forms of organization and application in practical questions in contexts that go beyond technical relationship to the subject.

Personal Competence

Social Competence Personal Competences (Social Skills)

	 Students will be able to learn to collaborate in different manner, to present and analyze problems in the abovementioned fields in a partner or group situation in a manner appropriate to the addressees, to express themselves competently, in a culturally appropriate and gender-sensitive manner in the language of the country (as far as this study-focus would be chosen), to explain nontechnical items to auditorium with technical background knowledge.
	Students are able in selected areas
	 to reflect on their own profession and professionalism in the context of real-life fields of application
	 to organize themselves and their own learning processes to reflect and decide questions in front of a broad education background
	 to remet and decide questions in more of a broad codeation background to communicate a nontechnical item in a competent way in writen form or verbaly
	 to organize themselves as an entrepreneurial subject country (as far as this study-focus would be chosen)
Workload in Hours	Depends on choice of courses
Credit points	6

Courses

Information regarding lectures and courses can be found in the corresponding module handbook published separately.

ourses				
ïtle		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous				
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have r	eached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge				
Skills				
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Depends on choice of courses			
Credit points	12			
Assignment for the	Information and Communication Systems: Cor	e Qualification: Compulsory		
Following Curricula				

Module M0673: Inform	mation Theory and Coding				
Courses					
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР	
Information Theory and Coding (LO		Lecture	3 2	4	
Information Theory and Coding (L0		Recitation Section (large)	Z	Ζ	
Module Responsible					
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous	Mathematics 1-3				
Knowledge	 Probability theory and random processes 				
	Basic knowledge of communications engine	eering (e.g. from lecture "Fundamental	s of Communic	ations and Random	
	Processes")				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached	d the following learning results			
Professional Competence					
Knowledge	The students know the basic definitions for quantified	cation of information in the sense of infor	mation theory. T	hey know Shannon's	
	source coding theorem and channel coding theorem	n and are able to determine theoretical	imits of data co	mpression and error	
	free data transmission over noisy channels. They up	nderstand the principles of source coding	as well as error	r-detecting and error-	
	correcting channel coding. They are familiar with	the principles of decoding, in particula	r with modern	methods of iterative	
	decoding. They know fundamental coding schemes,	their properties and decoding algorithms.			
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture	e and tutorials. They can explain and app	y them to new p	oroblems.	
Skills	The students are able to determine the limits of d	ata compression as well as of data trans	smission throug	n noisy channels and	
	based on those limits to design basic parameters of a transmission scheme. They can estimate the parameters of an error				
	detecting or error-correcting channel coding scheme for achieving certain performance targets. They are able to compare the				
	properties of basic channel coding and decoding	schemes regarding error correction ca	pabilities, decod	ding delay, decoding	
	complexity and to decide for a suitable method. They are capable of implementing basic coding and decoding schemes in				
	software.				
Personal Competence					
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific problems.				
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant information from appropriate literature sources. They can control their lower of				
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant information from appropriate literature sources. They can control their level of knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems, software tools, clicker system.				
	sector period by solving the				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture	70			
Credit points	6				
Course achievement	None				
Examination	Written exam				
Examination duration and	90 min				
scale					
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and	d Communication Systems: Elective Comp	oulsory		
Following Curricula					
	Information and Communication Systems: Core Qual				
	International Management and Engineering: Speciali		Compulsory		
	Mechatronics: Technical Complementary Course: Ele	ctive Compulsory			

Course L0436: Information Th	neory and Coding
Typ I	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
CP 4	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer F	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Introduction to information theory and coding Definitions of information: Self information, entropy Binary entropy function Source coding theorem Entropy of continuous random variables: Differential entropy, differential entropy of uniformly and Gaussian distributed random variables Source coding Principles of lossless source coding Optimal source codes Morse code Huffman code Shannon code Bounds on the average codeword length Relative entropy, Kullback-Leibler distance, Kullback-Leibler divergence Cross entropy Lempel-Ziv algorithm Lempel-Ziv-Welch (LZW) algorithm

- Text compression and image compression using variants of the Lempel-Ziv algorithm
- Channel models
 - AWGN channel
 - Binary-input AWGN channel
 - Binary symmetric channel (BSC)
 - Relationship between AWGN channel and BSC
 - Binary error and erasure channel (BEEC) Binary erasure channel (BEC)
 - Discrete memoryless channels (DMC)
- Definitions of information for multiple random variables
 - Mutual information and channel capacity
 - Entropy, conditional entropy
 - Chain rules for entropy and mutual information
- Channel coding theorem
- Channel capacity of fundamental channels: BSC, BEC, AWGN channel, binary-input AWGN channel etc.
- Power-limited vs. bandlimited transmission
- · Capacity of parallel AWGN channels
 - Waterfilling
 - Examples: Multiple input multiple output (MIMO) channels, complex equivalent baseband channels, orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM)
- Source-channel coding theorem, separation theorem
- Multiuser information theory
 - Multiple access channel (MAC)
 - Broadcast channel
 - · Principles of multiple access, time division multiple access (TDMA), frequency division multiple access (FDMA), nonorthogonal multiple access (NOMA), hybrid multiple access
 - · Achievable rate regions of TDMA and FDMA with power constraint, energy constraint, power spectral density constraint, respectively
 - Achievable rate region of the two-user and K-user multiple access channels
 - Achievable rate region of the two-user and K user broadcast channels
 - Multiuser diversity
- Channel coding
 - Principles and types of channel coding
 - Code rate, data rate, Hamming distance, minimum Hamming distance, Hamming weight, minimum Hamming weight
 - · Error detecting and error correcting codes
 - Simple block codes: Repetition codes, single parity check codes, Hamming code, etc.
 - Syndrome decoding
 - Representations of binary data
 - Non-binary symbol alphabets and non-binary codes
 - Code and encoder, systematic and non-systematic encoders
 - Properties of Hamming distance and Hamming weight
 - Decoding spheres
 - Perfect codes
 - Linear codes
 - Decoding principles
 - Syndrome decoding
 - Maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) decoding and maximum likelihood (ML) decoding
 - Hard decision and soft decision decoding
 - Log-likelihood ratios (LLRs), boxplus operation
 - MAP and ML decoding using log-likelihood ratios
 - Soft-in soft-out decoders
 - Error rate performance comparison of codes in terms of SNR per info bit vs. SNR per code bit
 - Linear block codes
 - Generator matrix and parity check matrix, properties of generator matrix and parity check matrix
 - Dual codes
 - Low density parity check (LDPC) codes
 - Sparse parity check matrix
 - Tanner graphs, cycles and girth
 - Degree distributions
 - Code rate and degree distribution
 - Regular and irregular LDPC codes
 - Message passing decoding
 - Message passing decoding in binary erasure channels (BEC)
 - Systematic encoding using erasure message passing decoding
 - Message passing decoding in binary symmetric channels (BSC)
 - Extrinsic information
 - Bit-flipping decoding
 - Effects of short cycles in the Tanner graph
 - Alternative bit-flipping decoding
 - Soft decision message passing decoding: Sum product decoding
 - Bit error rate performance of LDPC codes
 - Repeat accumulate codes and variants of repeat accumulate codes
 - Message passing decoding and turbo decoding of repeat accumulate codes
 - Convolutional codes
 - Encoding using shift registers

Systems					
	Trellis representation				
	 Hard decision and soft decision Viterbi decoding 				
	 Bit error rate performance of convolutional codes 				
	Asymptotic coding gain				
	Viterbi decoding complexity				
	 Free distance and optimum convolutional codes 				
	 Generator polynomial description and octal description 				
	Catastrophic convolutional codes				
	 Non-systematic and recursive systematic convolutional (RSC) encoders 				
	 Rate compatible punctured convolutional (RCPC) codes 				
	 Hybrid automatic repeat request (HARQ) with incremental redundancy 				
	 Unequal error protection with punctured convolutional codes 				
	 Error patterns of convolutional codes 				
	Concatenated codes				
	 Serial concatenated codes 				
	 Parallel concatenated codes, Turbo codes 				
	 Iterative decoding, turbo decoding 				
	 Bit error rate performance of turbo codes 				
	 Interleaver design for turbo codes 				
	Coded modulation				
	 Principle of coded modulation 				
	 Achievable rates with PSK/QAM modulation 				
	 Trellis coded modulation (TCM) Other activities 				
	Set partitioning				
	Ungerböck codes				
	Multilevel coding				
	Bit-interleaved coded modulation				
Literature	Bossert, M.: Kanalcodierung. Oldenbourg.				
	Friedrichs, B.: Kanalcodierung. Springer.				
	Lin, S., Costello, D.: Error Control Coding. Prentice Hall.				
	Roth, R.: Introduction to Coding Theory.				
	Johnson, S.: Iterative Error Correction. Cambridge.				
	Richardson, T., Urbanke, R.: Modern Coding Theory. Cambridge University Press.				
	Gallager, R. G.: Information theory and reliable communication. Whiley-VCH				
	Cover, T., Thomas, J.: Elements of information theory. Wiley.				

Course L0438: Information Theory and Coding			
Тур	Recitation Section (large)		
Hrs/wk	2		
CP	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch		
Language	EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Module M1776: Resea	arch Project ICS					
Courses						
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	CP		
Research Project ICS (L2919)		Projection Course	8	12		
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge and techniques in the cho	osen field of specialization.				
Knowledge						
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have	ve reached the following learning results				
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	Students are able to acquire advanced knowledge in a specific field of Computer Science or a closely related subject.					
Skills	Students are able to work self-dependent in a field of Computer Science or a closely related field.					
Personal Competence						
Social Competence						
Autonomy						
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 248, Study Time	in Lecture 112				
Credit points	12					
Course achievement	None					
Examination	Study work					
Examination duration and	Presentation of a current research topic (2	5-30 min and 5 min discussion)				
scale						
Assignment for the	Information and Communication Systems:	Core Qualification: Compulsory				
Following Curricula						

Course L2919: Research Project ICS			
Тур	Projection Course		
Hrs/wk	8		
CP	12		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 248, Study Time in Lecture 112		
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	Current research topics of the chosen specialization.		
Literature	Aktuelle Literatur zu Forschungsthemen aus der gewählten Vertiefungsrichtung. / Current literature on research topics of the chosen specialization.		

Specialization Communication Systems

Graduates of the Communication Systems specialisation are qualified to independently resolve problems in communication networks and digital communications. They also have profound knowledge in software development principles and signal processing. Graduates are qualified to independently resolve problems in communication systems technology and related disciplines.

The Communication Systems specialisation is recommended for students who already bring along a good mathematical foundation, basic knowledge in computer science and/or electrical engineering with focus on information and communication technology.

Module M0676: Digita	al Communicati	ons				
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Digital Communications (L0444)				Lecture	2	3
Digital Communications (L0445)				Recitation Section (large)	2	2
Laboratory Digital Communications	s (L0646)			Practical Course	1	1
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	 Mathematics 1 	3				
Knowledge	 Signals and Sy 					
			nd Random Processes			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students hav	ve reached the followi	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	The students are able	to understand, comp	pare and design mode	rn digital information transr	nission schemes. T	hey are familiar with
		-		ds. They can describe disto		
	-		-	ion and equalization. They		les of single carrier
	transmission and mul	ti-carrier transmissio	n as well as the funda	mentals of basic multiple ac	cess schemes.	
	The students are fam	iliar with the contents	s of lecture and tutoria	als. They can explain and ap	ply them to new pr	oblems.
Skills	The students are able	to design and analy	se a digital informatio	n transmission scheme incl	uding multiple acce	ss. They are able to
			-			-
	hoose a digital modulation scheme taking into account transmission rate, required bandwidth, error probability, and further signal properties. They can design an appropriate detector including channel estimation and equalization taking into account					
	performance and com	performance and complexity properties of suboptimum solutions. They are able to set parameters of a single carrier or multi carrier				
	transmission scheme	and trade the proper	ties of both approache	es against each other.		
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	The students can join	tly solve specific prob	olems.			
Autonomy	The students are at	le to acquire releva	ant information from	appropriate literature sou	rces. They can co	ontrol their level of
	knowledge during the	lecture period by so	lving tutorial problems	s, software tools, clicker sys	tem.	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Ti	me 110, Study Time	in Lecture 70			
Credit points	6					
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus	Form	Description			
	Yes None	Written elaboration				
Examination	Written exam					
Examination duration and	90 min					
scale						
Assignment for the						
Following Curricula				Science: Elective Compulsor	-	
		-		inication Systems: Compuls	-	
		-		and Dependable IT Systems		Elective Compulsory
				ormation Technology: Electi		
				ectrical Engineering: Elective	Compulsory	
	MICROElectronics and	MICrosystems: Core C	Qualification: Elective (compuisory		

Course L0444: Digital Comm	unications		
Тур	Lecture		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	 Repetition: Baseband Transmission Pulse shaping: Non-return to zero (NRZ) rectangular pulses, raised-cosine pulses, square-root raised-cosine pulses Power spectral density (psd) of baseband signals Intersymbol interference (ISI) First and second Nyquist criterion AWGN channel Matched filter Matched-filter receiver and correlation receiver Noise whitening matched filter 		

- Discrete-time AWGN channel model
- Representation of bandpass signals and systems in the equivalent baseband
 - Quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM)
 - Equivalent baseband signal and system
 - Analytical signal
 - Equivalent baseband random process, equivalent baseband white Gaussian noise process
 - Equivalent baseband AWGN channel
 - Equivalent baseband channel model with frequency-offset and phase noise
 - Equivalent baseband Rayleigh fading and Rice fading channel models
 - Equivalent baseband frequency-selective channel model
- Discrete memoryless channels (DMC)
- Bandpass transmission via carrier modulation
 - Amplitude modulation, frequency modulation, phase modulation
 - Linear digital modulation methods
 - On-off keying, M-ary amplitude shift keying (M-ASK), M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude modulation (M-QAM), offset-QPSK
 - Signal space representation of transmit signal constellations and signals
 - Energy of linear digital modulated signals, average energy per symbol
 - Power spectral density of linear digital modulated signals
 - Bandwidth efficiency
 - Correlation coefficient of elementary signals
 - Error probabilities of linear digital modulation methods
 - Error functions
 - Gray mapping and natural mapping
 - Bit error probabilities, symbol error probabilities, pairwise symbol error probabilities
 - Euclidean distance and Hamming distance
 - Exact and approximate computation of error probabilities
 - Performance comparison of modulation schemes in terms of per bit SNR vs. per symbol SNR
 - Hierarchical modulation, multilevel modulation
 - Effects of carrier phase offset and carrier frequency offset
 - Differential modulation
 - M-ary differential phase shift keying (M-PSK)
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of DPSK
 - p/M-differential phase shift keying (p/M-DPSK)
 - Differential amplitude and phase shift keying (DAPSK)
 - Non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Frequency shift keying (FSK)
 - Modulation index
 - Minimum shift keving (MSK)
 - Offset-QPSK representation of MSK
 - MSK with differential precoding and rotation
 - Bit error probabilities of MSK
 - Gaussian minimum shift keying (GMSK)
 - Power spectral density of MSK and GMSK
 - Continuous phase modulation (CPM)
 - General description of CPM signals
 - Frequency pulses and phase pulses
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of FSK
 - Performance comparison of linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Frequency-selective channels, ISI channels
 - · Intersymbol interference and frequency-selectivity
 - RMS delay spread
 - Narrowband and broadband channels
 - Equivalent baseband transmission model for frequency-selective channels
 - Receive filter design
- Equalization
 - Symbol-spaced and fractionally-spaced equalizers
 - Inverse system
 - Non-recursive linear equalizers
 - Linear zero-forcing (ZF) equalizer
 - Linear minimum mean squared error (MMSE) equalizer
 - Non-linear equalization:
 - Decision feedback equalizer (DFE)
 - Tomlinson-Harashima precoding
 - Maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) and maximum likelihood equalizer, Viterbi algorithm
- Single-carrier vs. multi-carrier transmission
- Multi-carrier transmission
 - General multicarrier transmission
 - Orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM)
 - OFDM implementation using the Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
 - Cvclic guard interval
 - Power spectral density of OFDM
 - Peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR)
- Multiple access
 - Principles of time division multiple access (TDMA), frequency division multiple access (FDMA), code division multiple

	access (CDMA), non-orthogonal multiple access (NOMA), hybrid multiple access
	Spread spectrum communications
	 Direct sequence spread spectrum communications
	Frequency hopping
	Protection against eavesdropping
	Protection against narrowband jammers
	 Short vs. long spreading codes
	 Direct sequence spread spectrum communications in frequency-selective channels
	 Rake receiver
	Code division multiple access (CDMA)
	 Design criteria of spreading sequences, autocorrelation function and crosscorrelation function of spreading sequences
	 Intersymbol interference (ISI) and multiple access interference (MAI)
	Pseudo noise (PN) sequences, maximum length sequences (m-sequences), Gold codes, Walsh-Hadamard
	codes, orthogonal variable spreading factor (OVSF) codes
	 Multicode transmission
	 CDMA in uplink and downlink of a wireless communications system
	 Single-user detection vs. multi-user detection
Literature	K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner
	P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.
	J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.
	S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley
	R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge
	A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.
	D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.

Course L0445: Digital Comm	ourse L0445: Digital Communications		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)		
Hrs/wk	2		
CP	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Course L0646: Laboratory Di	gital Communications
Тур	Practical Course
Hrs/wk	1
СР	1
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	- DSL transmission
	- Random processes
	- Digital data transmission
Literature	K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner
	P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.
	J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.
	S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley
	R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge
	A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.
	D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.

Module M0836: Com	nunication Networks			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Selected Topics of Communication	Networks (L0899)		-based Learning 2	2
Communication Networks (L0897)		Lecture	2	2
Communication Networks Excercis	e (L0898)	Project-/problem	-based Learning 1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	. Even de versite l'attache attact			
Knowledge	Fundamental stochastics			
	Basic understanding of computer netwo	orks and/or communication technol	ogles is beneficial	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have i	eached the following learning resu	lts	
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to describe the principles	and structures of communication	networks in detail. They c	an explain the form
	description methods of communication net	works and their protocols. They	are able to explain how	current and compl
	communication networks work and describe t	he current research in these examp	oles.	
Skills	Students are able to evaluate the performance		-	-
	problems themselves and apply the learned	methods. They can apply what the	y have learned autonomous	sly on further and no
	communication networks.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students are able to define tasks themselves in small teams and solve these problems together using the learned methods. They			
	can present the obtained results. They are able to discuss and critically analyse the solutions.			
Autonomy	Students are able to obtain the necessary ex	pert knowledge for understanding	, the functionality and perfo	rmance capabilities
	new communication networks independently.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in L	ecture 70		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Presentation			
Examination duration and	1.5 hours colloquium with three students, the	erefore about 30 min per student.	Topics of the colloquium are	the posters from the
scale	previous poster session and the topics of the	module.		
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Informat	ion and Communication Systems: I	Elective Compulsory	
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control	and Power Systems Engineering: El	ective Compulsory	
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualificati	on: Elective Compulsory		
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisat	on I. Computer Science: Elective Co	ompulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Spe	ecialisation Communication System	s: Elective Compulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Spe	ecialisation Secure and Dependable	IT Systems, Focus Networks	s: Elective Compulso
	International Management and Engineering: S	pecialisation II. Information Techno	logy: Elective Compulsory	
	Mechatronics: Technical Complementary Court	se: Elective Compulsory		
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisa	tion Communication and Signal Pro	cessing: Elective Compulsor	ГУ
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialis	ation Robotics and Computer Scien	ce: Elective Compulsory	

Course L0899: Selected Topi	Course L0899: Selected Topics of Communication Networks		
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning		
Hrs/wk	2		
CP	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	Example networks selected by the students will be researched on in a PBL course by the students in groups and will be presented		
	in a poster session at the end of the term.		
Literature	see lecture		

Course L0897: Communicatio	on Networks
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel, DrIng. Koojana Kuladinithi
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
Literature	 Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Tannenbaum, Computernetzwerke, Pearson-Studium Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.

Course L0898: Communicatio	Course L0898: Communication Networks Excercise		
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning		
Hrs/wk	1		
СР	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14		
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	Part of the content of the lecture Communication Networks are reflected in computing tasks in groups, others are motivated and		
	addressed in the form of a PBL exercise.		
Literature	announced during lecture		

Systems						
Module M0710: Micro	wave Engineeri	ng				
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Microwave Engineering (L0573)				Lecture	2	3
Microwave Engineering (L0574)				Recitation Section (large)	2	2
Microwave Engineering (L0575)	1			Practical Course	1	1
Module Responsible						
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Fundamentals of comm	munication engineering	g, semiconductor de	evices and circuits. Basics of	Wave propagation	on from transmission
Knowledge	line theory and theore	tical electrical enginee	ring.			
Educational Objectives	After taking part succe	essfully, students have	reached the followi	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
-	Students can explain t	the propagation of ele	ctromagnetic waves	and related phenomena. Th	iey can describe t	ransmission system
	and components. They	y can name different t	ypes of antennas an	d describe the main charact	eristics of antenn	as. They can explai
	noise in linear circuits,	, compare different cire	cuits using characte	ristic numbers and select the	e best one for spe	cific scenarios.
Skills	Students are able to o	calculate the propagat	ion of electromagne	etic waves. They can analyz	e complete trans	mission systems un
			-	acteristic of simple antenna		-
		-		se-ratio of transmission syst	-	
	knowledge to the prac				, ,	
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students work togethe	er in small groups durir	ng the practical cour	ses. Together they documen	it, evaluate and d	iscuss their results.
Autonomy	Students are able to r	elate the knowledge g	ained in the course	to contents of previous lect	ures. With given	instructions they ca
	extract data needed t	to solve specific proble	ems from external s	ources. They are able to ap	ply their knowled	lge to the laborator
	courses using the give	en instructions.				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Tin	ne 110, Study Time in	Lecture 70			
Credit points						
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus	Form	Description			
	Yes None	Subject theoretical	and			
Eveningtion	Written even	practical work				
	Written exam					
Examination duration and	90 min					
scale Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering:	· Core Qualification: Co	mpulsory			
Following Curricula				inication Systems: Elective C	ompulsory	
Following Curricula				ectrical Engineering: Elective C		
				on and Signal Processing: Elective		
	microelectronics and M	incrosystems, specialis		n and Signal Processing: Ele	cone compuisory	

Course L0573: Microwave En	gineering
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
	Prof. Alexander Kölpin
Language	
Cycle	
Content	 Antennas: Analysis - Characteristics - Realizations Radio Wave Propagation Transmitter: Power Generation with Vacuum Tubes and Transistors Receiver: Preamplifier - Heterodyning - Noise Selected System Applications
Literature	 HG. Unger, "Elektromagnetische Theorie für die Hochfrequenztechnik, Teil I", Hüthig, Heidelberg, 1988 HG. Unger, "Hochfrequenztechnik in Funk und Radar", Teubner, Stuttgart, 1994 E. Voges, "Hochfrequenztechnik - Teil II: Leistungsröhren, Antennen und Funkübertragung, Funk- und Radartechnik", Hüthig, Heidelberg, 1991 E. Voges, "Hochfrequenztechnik", Hüthig, Bonn, 2004 C.A. Balanis, "Antenna Theory", John Wiley and Sons, 1982 R. E. Collin, "Foundations for Microwave Engineering", McGraw-Hill, 1992 D. M. Pozar, "Microwave and RF Design of Wireless Systems", John Wiley and Sons, 2001 D. M. Pozar, "Microwave Engineerin", John Wiley and Sons, 2005

Course L0574: Microwave En	Course L0574: Microwave Engineering	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Kölpin	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Course L0575: Microwave En	ourse L0575: Microwave Engineering	
Тур	Practical Course	
Hrs/wk	1	
CP	1	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Kölpin	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0637: Adva	nced Concepts of Wireless Communica	tions		
Courses				
Title Advanced Concepts of Wireless Con Advanced Concepts of Wireless Con		Typ Lecture Recitation Section (large)	Hrs/wk 3 2	CP 4 2
Module Responsible	Dr. Rainer Grünheid			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Lecture "Signals and Systems" Lecture "Fundamentals of Telecommunications a Lecture "Digital Communications" 	nd Stochastic Processes"		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
Professional Competence Knowledge	Students are able to explain the general as well communications. They understand the properties of Furthermore, students are able to explain the physical I the concepts of multicarrier transmission (OFDM), n techniques (MIMO). Students can also explain metho systems (LTE, 5G) they can put the learnt content into a The students are familiar with the contents of lecture ar	f wireless channels and the corre- ayer of wireless transmission systems odulation, error control coding, ch ds of multiple access. On the exam- larger context.	annel estimation	ematical description. they are proficient in a and multi-antenna orary communication
Skills	Using the acquired knowledge, students are able to und certain constraints, they can choose appropriate param the suitability of technical concepts for a given applicati	neter settings of communication syst	-	-
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students can jointly elaborate tasks in small groups and	present their results in an adequate	fashion.	
Autonomy	Students are able to extract necessary information from can continuously check their level of expertise with the exercise tasks) and, based on that, to steer their learni of other lectures, e.g., "Fundamentals of Communication	e help of accompanying measures (s ng process accordingly. They can rela	uch as online tes te their acquired	ts, clicker questions, knowledge to topics
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and scale	90 minutes; scope: content of lecture and exercise			
Assignment for the Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Co Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Comm	Communication Systems: Elective C	ompulsory	

τνp	Lecture
Hrs/wk	
CP	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Dr. Rainer Grünheid
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
	The lecture deals with technical principles and related concepts of mobile communications. In this context, the main focus is put on the physical and data link layer of the ISO-OSI stack. In the lecture, the transmission medium, i.e., the mobile radio channel, serves as the starting point of all considerations. The characteristics and the mathematical descriptions of the radio channel are discussed in detail. Subsequently, various physical layer aspects of wireless transmission are covered, such as channel coding, modulation/demodulation, channel estimation, synchronization, and equalization. Moreover, the different uses of multiple antennas at the transmitter and receiver, known as MIMO techniques, are described. Besides these physical layer topics, concepts of multiple access schemes in a cellular network are outlined. In order to illustrate the above-mentioned technical solutions, the lecture will also provide a system view, highlighting the basics of some contemporary wireless systems, including LTE, LTE Advanced, and 5G New Radio.
Literature	John G. Proakis, Masoud Salehi: Digital Communications. 5th Edition, Irwin/McGraw Hill, 2007 David Tse, Pramod Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge, 2005 Bernard Sklar: Digital Communications: Fundamentals and Applications. Second Edition, Pearson, 2013 Stefani Sesia, Issam Toufik, Matthew Baker: LTE - The UMTS Long Term Evolution. Second Edition, Wiley, 2011 Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Sköld: 5G NR - The Next Generation Wireless Access Technology. Second Edition, Academic Press, 2021

Course L0298: Advanced Cor	ourse L0298: Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)		
Hrs/wk	2		
CP	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Dr. Rainer Grünheid		
Language	EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Module M0837: Simul	ation of Communication Networks			
Courses				
Title Simulation of Communication Netw	orks (L0887)	Typ Project-/problem-based Learning	Hrs/wk 5	CP 6
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Knowledge of computer and communication network Basic programming skills 	<s< td=""><td></td><td></td></s<>		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the for	ollowing learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to explain the necessary stochastics, the performance evaluation.	ne discrete event simulation technolo	gy and modelli	ng of networks for
Skills	Students are able to apply the method of simulation for performance evaluation to different, also not practiced, problems of communication networks. The students can analyse the obtained results and explain the effects observed in the network. They are able to question their own results.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students are able to acquire expert knowledge in groups, are able to work out solutions for new problems in small te		tion approaches	and results. They
Autonomy	Students are able to transfer independently and in discu problems. They can identify missing knowledge and acquir		od and expert	knowledge to new
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale				
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Com		ory	
Following Curricula	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Elective C			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Se			ective Compulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Co			
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Simulat		mpulsory	
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Simulat Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Simulat			

Course L0887: Simulation of	Communication Networks
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	5
CP	6
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	In the course necessary basic stochastics and the discrete event simulation are introduced. Also simulation models for communication networks, for example, traffic models, mobility models and radio channel models are presented in the lecture. Students work with a simulation tool, where they can directly try out the acquired skills, algorithms and models. At the end of the course increasingly complex networks and protocols are considered and their performance is determined by simulation.
Literature	Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.

Courses						
ītle		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР		
Advanced Seminar Computer Scien	ce and Communication Technology I (L2352)	Seminar	2	3		
ntroductory Seminar Computer Sci	ence and Communication Technology II (L2429)	Seminar	2	3		
Module Responsible	Dozenten des SD E					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge of Computer Science and Mathemati	s at the Master's level.				
Knowledge						
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached	he following learning results				
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	The students are able to					
	 explicate a specific topic in the field of Compute 	ar Science				
	 describe complex issues, 	i Science,				
	 present different views and evaluate in a critical 	way				
	······					
Skills	The students are able to					
	 familiarize in a specific topic of Computer Scien 	ce in limited time.				
	 realize a literature survey on the specific topic 					
	 elaborate a presentation and give a lecture to a 					
	 sum up the presentation in 10-15 lines, 					
	answer questions in the final discussion.					
D 10 1						
Personal Competence	The students are able to					
Social Competence	The students are able to					
	elaborate and introduce a topic for a certain audience,					
	 discuss the topic, content and structure of the 	resentation with the instructor,				
	 discuss certain aspects with the audience, and 					
	 as the lecturer listen and respond to questions 	rom the audience.				
Autonomy	The students are able to					
,						
	 define the task in question in an autonomous w 	ay,				
	 develop the necessary knowledge, 					
	use appropriate work equipment, and					
	 guided by an instructor critically check the wor 	ing status.				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 5	6				
Credit points	6					
Course achievement	None					
Examination	Presentation					
Examination duration and	x					
scale						
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation IV. Subject Specific	ocus: Elective Compulsory				
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisati	on Communication Systems: Elective	e Compulsory			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisati	on Secure and Dependable IT Syster	ns: Elective Compuls	sory		

Course L2352: Advanced Ser	urse L2352: Advanced Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology I		
Тур	Seminar		
Hrs/wk	2		
CP	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe		
Content			
Literature			

Course L2429: Introductory Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology II		
Тур	Seminar	
Hrs/wk	2	
CP	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe	
Content		
Literature		

Title Typ Hrs/wk CP Selected Topics of Modern Wireless Systems (L1982) Project-/problem-based Learning 2 3 Module Responsible Dr. Rainer Grünheid 3 3 Module Responsible Dr. Rainer Grünheid 3 3 Admission Requirements None - </th <th>Systems</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Systems						
Title Typ Hrs/wk CP Selected Topics of Modern Wireless Systems (L1982) Project-/problem-based Learning 2 3 Module Responsible Dr. Rainer Grünheid 3 3 Module Responsible Dr. Rainer Grünheid 3 3 Admission Requirements None - </th <th>Module M0638: Mode</th> <th>rn Wireless Syster</th> <th>ns</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Module M0638: Mode	rn Wireless Syster	ns				
Selected Topics of Modern Wireless Systems (L1982) Project-/problem-based Learning 2 3 Modern Wireless Systems (L0296) Lecture 3 3 Module Responsible Dr. Rainer Grünheid Lecture 3 3 Module Responsible Dr. Rainer Grünheid Admission Requirements None Image: Comparison of Comparison of Comparison of Comparison of Wireless Communications" Lecture "Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications" Lecture "Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications" Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Forfessional Competence Knowledge Students have an overview of a variety of contemporary wireless systems of different size and complexity. They understand th technical arguments, considering the respective applications and associated constraints. For several examples (e.g., SG Ne Radio), students are able to explain different concepts in a very deep technical detail. The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and PBL course. They can explain and apply them to new problems. Skills Students have developed a system view. They can transfer their knowledge to evaluate other systems, not discussed in the lecture, and to understand the respective ephical solutions. Given specific contraints and technical requirements, students are aposition to make proposals for certain design aspects by an appropriate assessment and the consideration of alternatives. Skills Students ar	Courses						
Module Responsible Dr. Rainer Grünheid Admission Requirements None Recommended Previous Knowledge • Lecture "Digital Communications" • Lecture "Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications" • Lecture "Advanced Concepts of Understand the technical solutions from the perspective of the physical and data link layer. They have developed a system view and are aware the technical arguments, considering the respective applications and associated constraints. For several examples (e.g., 5G Ne Radio), students are familiar with the contents of lecture and PBL course. They can explain and apply them to new problems. Skills Students have developed a system view. They can transfer their knowledge to evaluate other systems, not discussed in the lecture, and to understand the respective technical solutions. Given specific contraints and tecnnicial requirements, students are aposition to make proposals for certain design aspects by an appropriate assessment and the consideration of alternatives. Personal Competence Students can jointly elaborate tasks in small groups and present their results in an adequate fashion. Autonomy Students are able to extract necessary information from given literature sources and put it into the perspective of the lecture. The can continuously check their level of experetise with the help of accompanying measures (such as o	Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Module Responsible Dr. Rainer Grünheid Admission Requirements None Recommended Previous Knowledge • Lecture "Digital Communications" • Lecture * Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications" • Lecture * Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications" Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Professional Competence Students have an overview of a variety of contemporary wireless systems of different size and complexity. They understand th technical solutions from the perspective of the physical and data link layer. They have developed a system view and are aware the technical arguments, considering the respective applications and associated constraints. For several examples (e.g., 5G Ne Radio), students are able to explain different concepts in a very deep technical detail. The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and PBL course. They can explain and apply them to new problems. Skills Students have developed a system view. They can transfer their knowledge to evaluate other systems, not discussed in th lecture, and to understand the respective technical solutions. Given specific contraints and technical requirements, students are a position to make proposals for certain design aspects by an appropriate assessment and the consideration of alternatives. Personal Competence Students are able to extract necessary information from given literature sources and put it into the perspective of the lecture. Th can continuously check their level of expertise with the help of accompanying measures (such as online tests, clicker questior exercis	Selected Topics of Modern Wireless	Systems (L1982)			Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Admission Requirements None Recommended Previous Knowledge Lecture "Digital Communications" Lecture "Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications"	Modern Wireless Systems (L0296)				Lecture	3	3
Recommended Previous Knowledge Lecture "Digital Communications" Lecture "Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications" Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Professional Competence Knowledge Students have an overview of a variety of contemporary wireless systems of different size and complexity. They understand th technical solutions from the perspective of the physical and data link layer. They have developed a system view and are aware the technical arguments, considering the respective applications and associated constraints. For several examples (e.g., 5G Ne Radio), students are able to explain different concepts in a very deep technical detail. The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and PBL course. They can explain and apply them to new problems. Skills Students have developed a system view. They can transfer their knowledge to evaluate other systems, not discussed in th lecture, and to understand the respective technical solutions. Given specific contraints and technical requirements, students are a position to make proposals for certain design aspects by an appropriate assessment and the consideration of alternatives. Personal Competence Social Competence Students can jointly elaborate tasks in small groups and present their results in an adequate fashion. Workload in Hours Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70 Ceredit points 6 Course achievement Computers Bonus Yes None <	Module Responsible	Dr. Rainer Grünheid					
Knowledge Lecture "Digital Communications" Lecture "Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications" Lecture "Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications" Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Professional Competence Knowledge Knowledge Students have an overview of a variety of contemporary wireless systems of different size and complexity. They understand the technical arguments, considering the respective applications and associated constraints. For several examples (e.g., 5G Ne Radio), students are able to explain different concepts in a very deep technical detail. The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and PBL course. They can explain and apply them to new problems. Skills Students have developed a system view. They can transfer their knowledge to evaluate other systems, not discussed in the lecture, and to understand the respective technical solutions. Given specific contraints and technical requirements, students are a position to make proposals for certain design aspects by an appropriate assessment and the consideration of alternatives. Personal Competence Students are able to extract necessary information from given literature sources and put it into the perspective of the lecture. The can continuously check their level of expertise with the help of accompanying measures (such as online tests, clicker question exercise tasks) and, based on that, to steer their learning process accordingly. They can relate their acquired knowledge to topi of of ther lectures, e.g., "Digital Comm	Admission Requirements	None					
Knowledge Lecture "Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications" Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Professional Competence Knowledge Students have an overview of a variety of contemporary wireless systems of different size and complexity. They understand th technical all solutions from the perspective of the physical and data link layer. They have developed a system view and are aware the technical arguments, considering the respective applications and associated constraints. For several examples (e.g., 5G Ne Radio), students are able to explain different concepts in a very deep technical detail. The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and PBL course. They can explain and apply them to new problems. Skills Students have developed a system view. They can transfer their knowledge to evaluate other systems, not discussed in the lecture, and to understand the respective technical solutions. Given specific contraints and technical requirements, students are a position to make proposals for certain design aspects by an appropriate assessment and the consideration of alternatives. Social Competence Students are able to extract necessary information from given literature sources and put it into the perspective of the lecture. Th can continuously check their level of expertise with the help of accompanying measures (such as online tests, clicker question exercise tasks) and, based on that, to steer their learning process accordingly. They can relate their acquired knowledge to topi of other lectures, e.g., "Digital Communications" and "Advanced Topics of Wireless Communications". Workload in Hours Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70 <	Recommended Previous	Lesture IDisitel Con					
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Credit points 6 Course achievement Compulsory Bonus Form Description Yes None Subject theoretical andPBL-Kurs mit Posterpräsentation practical work Form Practical practical		of other lectures, e.g., "Dig	gital Communications	and "Advanced"	Topics of Wireless Communication	ons".	
Course achievement Compulsory Bonus Form Description Yes None Subject theoretical andPBL-Kurs mit Posterpräsentation practical work Form Form Form Form	Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 1	10, Study Time in Le	cture 70			
Yes None Subject theoretical and PBL-Kurs mit Posterpräsentation practical work	Credit points	6	-				
practical work	Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus For	m	Description			
		Yes None Sul	bject theoretical	andPBL-Kurs mit	Posterpräsentation		
		pra	actical work				
Examination Oral exam	Examination	Oral exam					
Examination duration and 40 min	Examination duration and	40 min					
scale	scale						
Assignment for the Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Communication Systems: Elective Compulsory	Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Spe	ecialisation Informatio	on and Communic	ation Systems: Elective Compuls	ory	
Following Curricula Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Communication Systems: Elective Compulsory	-					-	

Course L1982: Selected Topi	ics of Modern Wireless Systems
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Dr. Rainer Grünheid
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	In this course, selected "hot" topics of modern wireless systems will be covered. For that purpose, students work in small groups to elaborate a given subject, including a quantitative analysis with provided simulation tools. The results will be presented in a poster session or a talk towards the end of the semester. Possible topics can include various system concepts and related technical principles, such as: • WLAN sytems • 5G systems • Millimeter wave communication • Visible light communication • Cooperative Multipoint • Massive MIMO • Massive machine-type communication • Interference cancellation • Non-orthogonal multiple access • Heterogeneous networks •
Literature	will be provided, depending on the given topics

Course L0296: Modern Wirel	ess Systems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Dr. Rainer Grünheid
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	The lecture gives an overview of contemporary wireless communication concepts and related techniques from a system point of view. For that purpose, different systems, ranging from Wireless Personal to Wide Area Networks, are covered, mainly discussing the physical and data link layer. Systems under consideration include:
	 Near Field Communication (NFC) ZigBee / IEEE 802.15.4 Bluetooth IEEE 802.11 family L-band Digital Aeronautical Communication System (LDACS) Long Term Evolution (LTE) and LTE Advanced 5G New Radio A special focus is placed on 4th and 5th generation networks; in particular, an in-depth view into the technical principles of the 5G New Radio standard is given.
Literature	John G. Proakis, Masoud Salehi: Digital Communications. 5th Edition, Irwin/McGraw Hill, 2007 Stefani Sesia, Issam Toufik, Matthew Baker: LTE - The UMTS Long Term Evolution. Second Edition, Wiley, 2011 Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Sköld: 5G NR - The Next Generation Wireless Access Technology. Second Edition, Academic Press, 2021

Focus Signal Processing

Module M0738: Digita	al Audio Signal Processing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Digital Audio Signal Processing (LO		Lecture	3	4
Digital Audio Signal Processing (L0	651)	Recitation Section (large)	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Udo Zölzer			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Signals and Systems			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached	d the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Die Studierenden können die grundlegenden Verfah die wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der Spr können einen Überblick der numerischen Me Audiosignalverarbeitung geben. Sie können die Informationstechnik und Informatik abstrahieren.	rach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erläu ethoden und messtechnischen Chara	tern und in Kateg akterisierung vo	jorien einordnen. Sie n Algorithmen zur
Skills	The students will be able to apply methods and to communication. They can rely on elementary algor applets. They can study parameter modifications and variety of applications beyond audio signal process order to give objective and subjective quality measu	ithms of audio signal processing in form id evaluate the influence on human per sing. Students can perform measureme	n of Matlab code ception and techn ents in time and t	and interactive JAVA ical applications in a
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students can work in small groups to study sp adequate methods during the exercise.	pecial tasks and problems and will be	enforced to prese	ent their results with
Autonomy	The students will be able to retrieve information of lecture. They can relate their gathered knowledge a systems, image and video processing, and pattern and effects in the field audio signal processing.	and relate them to other lectures (signa	ls and systems, d	igital communication
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture	56		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	60 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and	d Communication Systems: Elective Com	pulsory	
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	tion Communication Systems, Focus Sig	nal Processing: El	ective Compulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specia	lisation Secure and Dependable IT S	ystems, Focus S	Software and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Co	ommunication and Signal Processing: Ele	ective Compulsory	

Course L0650: Digital Audio S	Signal Processing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Udo Zölzer
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Introduction (Studio Technology, Digital Transmission Systems, Storage Media, Audio Components at Home)
	Quantization (Signal Quantization, Dither, Noise Shaping, Number Representation)
	• AD/DA Conversion (Methods, AD Converters, DA Converters, Audio Processing Systems, Digital Signal Processors, Digital Audio Interfaces, Single-Processor Systems, Multiprocessor Systems)
	• Equalizers (Recursive Audio Filters, Nonrecursive Audio Filters, Multi-Complementary Filter Bank)
	Room Simulation (Early Reflections, Subsequent Reverberation, Approximation of Room Impulse Responses)
	Dynamic Range Control (Static Curve, Dynamic Behavior, Implementation, Realization Aspects)
	• Sampling Rate Conversion (Synchronous Conversion, Asynchronous Conversion, Interpolation Methods)
	Data Compression (Lossless Data Compression, Lossy Data Compression, Psychoacoustics, ISO-MPEG1 Audio Coding)
Literature	- U. Zölzer, Digitale Audiosignalverarbeitung, 3. Aufl., B.G. Teubner, 2005 .
	- U. Zölzer, Digitale Audio Signal Processing, 2nd Edition, J. Wiley & Sons, 2005.
	- U. Zölzer (Ed), Digital Audio Effects, 2nd Edition, J. Wiley & Sons, 2011.

Course L0651: Digital Audio	Course L0651: Digital Audio Signal Processing	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)	
Hrs/wk	1	
CP	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Udo Zölzer	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0677: Digita	I Signal Processing and Digital Filters			
Courses				
Title Digital Signal Processing and Digita Digital Signal Processing and Digita		Typ Lecture Recitation Section (large)	Hrs/wk 3 2	CP 4 2
Module Responsible		Rectation Section (large)	L	2
Admission Requirements				
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Mathematics 1-3 Signals and Systems Fundamentals of signal and system theory as well as Fundamentals of spectral transforms (Fourier series, fourier series) 		form)	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the fol	lowing learning results		
<i>Skills</i> Personal Competence <i>Social Competence</i>	The students know and understand basic algorithms of digital signal processing. They are familiar with the spectral transforms of discrete-time signals and are able to describe and analyse signals and systems in time and image domain. They know basic structures of digital filters and can identify and assess important properties including stability. They are aware of the effects caused by quantization of filter coefficients and signals. They are familiar with the basics of adaptive filters. They can perform traditional and parametric methods of spectrum estimation, also taking a limited observation window into account. The students are able to apply methods of digital signal processing to new problems. They can choose and parameterize suitable filter structures. In particular, the can design adaptive filters according to the minimum mean squared error (MMSE) criterion and develop an efficient implementation, e.g. based on the LMS or RLS algorithm. Furthermore, the students are able to apply methods the effects of a limited observation window into account. The students can jointly solve specific problems.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and				
scale				
-	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and Power Syst Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation II. Engineer Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Cor Mechanical Engineering and Management: Specialisation Me Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Systems and Robotic Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Communi Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Robotics	ing Science: Elective Compulsor nmunication Systems, Focus Sig schatronics: Elective Compulsory s: Elective Compulsory cation and Signal Processing: Ele	y jnal Processing: Ele , ective Compulsory	ective Compulsory

Course L0446: Digital Signal	Processing and Digital Filters
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	4
Workload in Hours	
	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language Cycle	
Content	Transforms of discrete-time signals:
	• Discrete-time Fourier Transform (DTFT)
	Discrete Fourier-Transform (DFT), Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
	• Z-Transform
	Correspondence of continuous-time and discrete-time signals, sampling, sampling theorem
	Fast convolution, Overlap-Add-Method, Overlap-Save-Method
	Fundamental structures and basic types of digital filters
	Characterization of digital filters using pole-zero plots, important properties of digital filters
	Quantization effects
	Design of linear-phase filters
	Fundamentals of stochastic signal processing and adaptive filters
	MMSE criterion
	• Wiener Filter
	LMS- and RLS-algorithm
	Traditional and parametric methods of spectrum estimation
Literature	KD. Kammeyer, K. Kroschel: Digitale Signalverarbeitung. Vieweg Teubner.
	V. Oppenheim, R. W. Schafer, J. R. Buck: Zeitdiskrete Signalverarbeitung. Pearson StudiumA. V.
	W. Hess: Digitale Filter. Teubner.
	Oppenheim, R. W. Schafer: Digital signal processing. Prentice Hall.
	S. Haykin: Adaptive flter theory.
	L. B. Jackson: Digital filters and signal processing. Kluwer.
	T.W. Parks, C.S. Burrus: Digital filter design. Wiley.

Course L0447: Digital Signal Processing and Digital Filters	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)
Hrs/wk	2
CP	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M0556: Comp	outer Graphics			
6				
Courses		T	Harry Courts	C D
Title Computer Graphics (L0145)		Typ Lecture	Hrs/wk 2	СР 3
Computer Graphics (L0143)		Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Tobias Knopp			-
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous				
Knowledge	Linear Algebra (in particular matrix/vector computed in the second	itation)		
	 Basic programming skills in C/C++ 			
Educational Objections		- Collection Incoming an exception		
Professional Competence	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
	Students can explain and describe basic algorithms in 3	D computer graphics		
Knowledge	Students can explain and describe basic algorithms in 5	b computer graphics.		
Skills	Students are capable of			
<i>DNHO</i>				
	 implementing a basic 3D rendering pipeline. This 	consists of projecting simple 3D stru	ictures (e.g. cube	e, spheres) onto a 2
	surface using a virtual camera.			
	 apply geometric transformations (e.g. rotation, see 		CS.	
	 using well-known 2D/3D APIs (OpenGL, Cairo) for 	solving a given problem statement.		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students can collaborate in a small team on the realizat	ion and validation of a 3D computer g	raphics pipeline.	
Autonomy	 Students are able to solve simple tasks independ 	ently with reference to the contents of	of the lectures an	d the exercise sets.
	Students are able to solve detailed problems inde	ependently with the aid of the tutorial	's programming	task.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	90 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Softw	are Engineering: Elective Compulsory	,	
Following Curricula				Software and Signa
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	Communication Systems, Focus Sigr	al Processing: El	ective Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisati	on II. Information Technology: Elective	e Compulsory	

Course L0145: Computer Gra	phics
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Computer graphics and animation are leading to an unprecedented visual revolution. The course deals with its technological foundations: Object-oriented Computer Graphics Projections and Transformations
	 Polygonal and Parametric Modelling Illuminating, Shading, Rendering Computer Animation Techniques Kinematics and Dynamics Effects
	Students will be be working on a series of mini-projects which will eventually evolve into a final project. Learning computer graphics and animation resembles learning a musical instrument. Therefore, doing your projects well and in time is essential for performing well on this course.
Literature	Alan H. Watt: 3D Computer Graphics. Harlow: Pearson (3rd ed., repr., 2009). Dariush Derakhshani: Introducing Autodesk Maya 2014. New York, NY : Wiley (2013).

Course L0768: Computer Graphics	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M1700: Satel	ite Communications and Naviga	tion		
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Radio-Based Positioning and Naviga	ation (L2711)	Lecture	2	3
Satellite Communications (L2710)		Lecture	3	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Admission Requirements	None			
	The module is designed for a diverse audien	-	-	
Knowledge	engineering and signal processing are of a communications techniques such that on the o concepts and examples (e.g. modulation and o been treated in our other bachelor and master the ideas but may not be able to understand consideration in the oral exam.	one hand students with a communicatio coding schemes or signal processing cor courses. On the other hand, students w	ns engineering backgr acepts) which have not rith other background s	ound learn additiona or in a different way shall be able to grasp
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have re	ached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
<i>Noncege</i>	<i>dge</i> The students are able to understand, compare and analyse digital satellite communications system as well as natechniques. They are familiar with principal ideas of the respective communications, signal processing and positioning r They can describe distortions and resulting limitations caused by transmission channels and hardware components. T describe how fundamental communications and navigation techniques are applied in selected practical systems. The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and tutorials. They can explain and apply them to new problems.		positioning methods imponents. They car ns.	
Skills	The students are able to describe and analyse analyse transmission chains including link budg system parameters for given scenarios.			-
Personal Competence				
-	The students can jointly solve specific problems	5.		
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant inform	mation from appropriate literature source	es.	
		cture 70		
Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale			Commuter	
-	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Informatic			Coffware and Circa
rollowing Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: S Processing: Elective Compulsory	peciansation secure and Dependable	ii bysteins, rocus :	soliware and signa
	Information and Communication Systems: Spec Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisati			

Course L2711: Radio-Based Positioning and Navigation	
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch, Dr. Ing. Rico Mendrzik
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Information extraction from communication signals
	Time-of-arrival principle
	 Ranging in additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel
	 Correlation-based range estimation
	 Effect of multipath propagation on time-of-arrival principle
	 Zero-forcing range estimation in the presence of multipath
	 Optimum range estimation in the presence of multipath
	 Zero-forcing in presence of noise
	Angle-of-arrival principle
	 Angle-of-arrival estimation in AWGN channel
	 Delay-and-sum estimator
	 Multiple Signal Classifier (MUSIC)
	 MUSIC-based angle-of-arrival estimation
	 Case study: Comparison of estimators in AWGN channels
	 Effect of multipath propagation on angle-of-arrival principle
	 Case study: Comparison of estimators in multipath channels

Information fusion of extracted signals
 Distance-based positioning
 Principle of time-of-arrival positioning
 Geometric interpretation
 Positioning in the absence of noise
 Linearization of the positioning problem
 Positioning in the presence of noise
Optimality criteria
 Least squares time-of-arrival positioning
 Maximum likelihood time-of-arrival positioning
 Interactive Matlab demo
 Excursion: gradient descent solvers for nonlinear programs
 Real-life positioning with embedded development board (Arduino)
 Linearized least squares time-of-arrival positioning
 Effect of clock offsets on distance-based positioning
 Time-difference-of-arrival principle
 Least squares time-difference-of-arrival positioning
 Clock offset mitigation via two-way ranging
Performance limits of distance-based positioning
 Fisher information and the Cramér-Rao lower bound
 Fisher information in the AWGN case
 Multi-variate Fisher information
 Cramér-Rao lower bound for synchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 Case study: Synchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 Cramér-Rao lower bound for unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 Case study: Unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning
Angle-based Positioning
 Angle-of-arrival positioning principle
 Geometric interpretation angle-of-arrival positioning principle
 Noise-free angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation Effect of point on angle of arrival positioning
 Effect of noise on angle-of-arrival positioning Loopt grupped angle of arrival positioning with leaven orientation
 Least squares angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 Linear least squares angle-of-arrival positioning Effect of existentian uncertainty
Effect of orientation uncertainty
 Angle-difference-of-arrival positioning Constantia intermediation and difference of arrival positioning
 Geometric interpretation angle difference of arrival positioning Droef of angle difference of arrival leave
 Proof of angle-difference-of-arrival locus Inscribed angle lemma
 Case study: Angle-difference-of-arrival-positioning
 Performance limits of angle-based positioning
 Cramér-Rao lower bound for angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 Case study: Angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
Information Filtering
Bayesian filtering
 Principle of Bayesian filtering
General Problem Formulation
 Solution to the linear Gaussian case
 State transition in the linear Gaussian case
 Proof of predicted posterior distribution of the Kalman filter
 State update in the linear Gaussian case
 Proof of marginal posterior distribution of the Kalman filter
 Working with Gaussian random variables
 Proof: Affine transformation
Proof: Marginalization
Proof: Conditioning
 Kalman filter: Optimum Inference in the linear Gaussian case
 Modeling of process noise
 Modeling of measurement noise
 Case study: Kalman filtering in the linear Gaussian case
 Interactive Kalman filtering in Matlab
 Dealing with nonlinearities in Bayesian filtering
 Nonlinear Gaussian case
Extended Kalman filter
 Proof of predicted posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter
 Proof of marginal posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter
 Example: Nonlinear state transition
 Case study: Extended Kalman filtering
 Practical considerations for filter design

- Satellite Navigation
 - Overview from positioning perspective
 - Earth-centered earth-fixed (ECEF) coordinate system
 - World geodetic system (WGS)
 - Satellite navigation systems
 - System-receiver clock offsets and pseudo-ranges

	 Unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning revisited
	GPS legacy signals and ranging
	Signal overview
	 Time-of-arrival principle revisited
	 Direct sequence spread spectrum principle
	 Short and long codes
	 Satellite signal generation
	Carriers and codes
	 Correlation properties of codes
	 Code division multiple access in flat fading channels
	 Navigation message
	Velocity estimation
	• Hands-on case study: Design of an extended Kalman filter for satellite navigation based on recorded data
	Robust navigation
	 Multipath-assisted positioning in millimeter wave multiple antenna systems
	Multi-sensor fusion
Literature	

Tun	Lecture
Hrs/wk	
CP	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	taka da Marina ka saka Mka sa sa sa ka ka sa
	Introduction to satellite communications
	What is a satellite Our discussion of a satellite
	Overview orbits, Van Allen Belt, components of a satellite
	Satellite services
	Frequency bands for satellite services
	International Telecommunications Union (ITU)
	Influence of atmospheric impairments
	Milestones in satellite communications
	Components of a satellite communications system
	• Ground segment
	• Space segment
	Control segment
	Communication links
	• Uplink, downlink
	 Forward link, reverse link
	Intersatellite links
	Multiple access
	Performance measures
	 Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP), antenna gain, figure of merit, G/T, carrier to noise ratio
	 Signal to noise power ratio vs. carrier to noise ratio
	Single beam and multibeam satellites
	Beam coverage
	 Examples for beam coverage of LEO and GEO satellites (Iridium, Viasat)
	Transparent vs. regenerative payload
	• Orbits
	 Low earth orbot (LEO), medium earth orbit (MEO), geosynchroneous and geostationary orbits (GEO), highly e
	orbits (HEO
	 Favourable orbits:
	 HEO orbits with 63-64^o inclination, Molnya and Tundra orbits
	Circular LEO orbits
	 Circular MEO Orbits (Intermediate Circular Orbits (ICO))
	 Equatorial orbits, geostationary orbit (GEO)
	 Important aspects of LEO, MEO and GEO satellites
	Kepler's laws of planetary motion
	Gravitational force
	Parameters of ellipses and elliptical orbits
	Major and minor half axis
	 Foci
	Eccentricity
	 Eccentric anomaly, mean anomaly, true anomaly
	Area
	Orbit period Period
	Perigee, apogee Distance of each life form eacher of each
	Distance of satellite from center of earth
	 Construction of ellipses according to de La Hire

- Construction of ellipses according to de La Hire
- Orbital plane in space, inclination, right ascension (longitude) of ascending node, Vernal equinox

- Newton's laws of motion
- Newton's universal law of gravitation
- Energy of satellites: Potential energy, kinetic energy, total energy
- Instantaneous speed of a satellite
- Kepler's equation
- Satellite visibility, elevation
- Required number of LEO, MEO or GEO satellites for continuous earth coverage
- Satellite altitude and distance from a point on earth
- Choice of orbits
 - LEO, HEO, GEO
 - Elliptical orbits with non-zero inclination, Molnya orbits, Tundra orbits
 - Geosynchronous orbits
 - Parameters of geosynchronous orbits
 - Circular geosynchronous orbits
 - Inclined geosynchronous orbits
 - Quasi-zenith satellite systems (QZSS)
 - Syb-synchronous circular equatorial orbits
 - Geostationary orbit
 - Parameters of the geostationary orbit
 - Visibility
 - Propagation delay
 - Applications and system examples
- Perturbations of orbits
 - Station keeping
 - Station keeping box
 - Estimation of orbit parameters
- Fundamentals of digital communications techniques
 - Components of a digital communications system
 - Principles of encryption
 - Scrambling
 - Scrambling vs. interleaving for randomization of data sequences
 - $\circ \ \ \, \mbox{Interleaving: Block interleaver, convolutional interleaver, random interleaver}$
 - Digital modulation methods
 - Linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Linear digital modulation methods
 - QAM modulator and demodulator
 - Pulse shaping, square-root raised-cosine pulses
 - Average power spectral density
 - Signal space constellation
 - Examples: M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude shift keying (M-QAM)
 - M-PSK in noisy channels
 - Bit error probabilities of M-PSK and M-QAM
 - M-PSK vs. M-QAM
 - M-ary amplitude and phase shift keying (M-APSK)
 - M-APSK vs. M-QAM
 - Differential phase shift keying (DPSK)

Error control coding (channel coding)

- Error detecting and forward error correcting (FEC) codes
- Principle of channel coding
- Data rate, code rate, Baud rate, spectral efficiency of modulation and coding schemes
- Bandwidth-power trade-off, bandwidth-limited vs. power-limited transmission
- Coding and modulation for transparent vs. regenerative payload
- Block codes and convolutional codes
- Concatenated codes
- Bit-interleaved coded modulation
- Convolutional codes
- · Low density parity check (LDPC) codes, principle of message passing decoding, bit error rate performance
- Cyclic block codes
 - · Examples for cyclic block codes
 - Single errors vs. block errors, cyclic block codes for burst errors
 - Generator matrix, generator polynomials
 - Systematic encoding and syndrome determination with shift registers
 - Cyclic redundancy check (CRC) codes
- Automatic repeat request (ARQ)
 - Principle of ARQ
 - Stop-and-wait ARQ
 - Go-back-N ARQ
 - Selective-repeat ARQ
- Transmission gains and losses

ystems"	
	 Antenna gain
	 Antenna radiation pattern
	 Maximum antenna gain, 3dB beamwidth
	 Maximum antenna gain of circular aperture
	 Maximum antenna gain of a geostationary satellite with global coverage
	• Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP)
	Power flux density
	• Path loss
	 Free space loss, free space loss for geostationary satellites
	 Atmospheric loss
	 Received power
	 Losses in transmit and receive equipment
	 Feeder loss
	 Depointing loss
	 Polarization mismatch loss
	Combined effect of losses
	Noise
	 Origins of noise
	• White noise
	 Noise power spectral density and noise power
	 Additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel model
	 Antenna noise temperature
	 Earth brightness temperature
	 Signal to noise ratios
	Atmospheric distortions
	 Atmosphere of the earth: Troposphere, stratosphere, mesosphere, thermosphere, exosphere
	 Attenuation and depolarization due to rain, fog, rain and ice clouds, sandstorms
	Scintillation
	• Faraday effect
	Multipath contributions
	Link budget calculations
	GEO clear sky uplink and downlink
	GEO uplink and downlink under rain conditions
	 Transparent vs. regenerative payload
	Link availability improvement through site diversity and adaptive transmission
	Transparent vs. regenerative payload
	 Non-linear amplifiers
	 Saleh model, Rapp model
	Input and output back-off factor
	Single carrier and multicarrier operation
	 Dimensioning of transmission parameters
	 Sources of noise: Thermal noise, interference, intermodulation products
	 Signal to noise ratio and bit error probability
	 Robustness against interference and non-linear channels
	Satellite networks
	 Satellite network reference architectures
	Network topologies
	Network connectivity
	 Types of network connectivity
	 On-board connectivity
	Inter-satellite links
	 Broadcast networks
	Satellite-based internet
	Satellite communications systems and standards examples
	The role of standards in satellite communications The Divide Video Provident Catellite Standard, DVR C. DVR C2, DVR C2, VR C2,
	 The Digital Video Broadcast Satellite Standard: DVB-S, DVB-S2, DVB-S2X Catallites in 2CRP and kills assume institute and the descent of the set of the
	Satellites in 3GPP mobile communications networks
	LEO megaconstellations: SpaceX Starlink, Kuiper, OneWeb
	• Space debris
	• The German Heinrich Hertz mission

Literature

Systems"				
Module M1702: Proce	ess Imaging			
Courses				
Title	Тур		Hrs/wk	СР
Process Imaging (L2723)	Lecture		3	3
Process Imaging (L2724)	Project-/problem-based L	earning	3	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Alexander Penn			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	No special prerequisites needed			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results			
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	 Content: The module focuses primarily on discussing established imaging techniques (b) magnetic resonance imaging, (c) X-ray imaging and tomography, and (d) ultrasound recent imaging modalities. The students will learn: what these imaging techniques can measure (such as sample density or co composition, temperature), how the measurements work (physical measurement principles, hardware requires), how to determine the most suited imaging methods for a given problem. 	l imagin ncentrat	g but also cove ion, material t	ers a range of more
	Learning goals: After the successful completion of the course, the students shall:			
	 understand the physical principles and practical aspects of the most common ima be able to assess the pros and cons of these methods with regard to cost, co temporal resolution, and based on this assessment be able to identify the most suited imaging modality for any specific engineerin bioprocess engineering. 	mplexity	, expected co	
Skills				
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	In the problem-based interactive course, students work in small teams and set up two	proces	s imaging syst	ems and use these
	systems to measure relevant process parameters in different chemical and bioprocess e	ngineeri	ng applications	. The teamwork will
	foster interpersonal communication skills.			
Autonomy	Students are guided to work in self-motivation due to the challenge-based character of presentation skills.	this mod	ule. A final pre	sentation improves
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 96, Study Time in Lecture 84			
Credit points				
Course achievement				
	Written exam			
Examination duration and				
scale				
	Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation A - General Bioprocess Engineering: Elective Com Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation B - Industrial Bioprocess Engineering: Elective Co		/	
Following Curricula	Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation C - Bioeconomic Process Engineering, Focus En			echnology: Elective
	Compulsory			Liccive
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation General Process Engineering: Election	ive Com	oulsorv	
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation Bioprocess Engineering: Elective Co			
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation Chemical Process Engineering: Elec		-	
	Computer Science: Specialisation II: Intelligence Engineering: Elective Compulsory			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Communication Systems, Focus	Signal F	Processing: Elec	ctive Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation II. Process Engineering and Bi	otechno	logy: Elective C	Compulsory
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Robotics and Computer Science: Elec	tive Com	pulsory	
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Robotics and Computer Science: Elec	tive Com	pulsory	
	Process Engineering: Specialisation Process Engineering: Elective Compulsory			
	Process Engineering: Specialisation Chemical Process Engineering: Elective Compulsory			
	Process Engineering: Specialisation Environmental Process Engineering: Elective Comput	sory		
	Water and Environmental Engineering: Specialisation Environment: Elective Compulsory			
	Water and Environmental Engineering: Specialisation Water: Elective Compulsory			

Course L2723: Process Imagi	ing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Penn
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	
Literature	Wang, M. (2015). Industrial Tomography. Cambridge, UK: Woodhead Publishing.
	Available as e-book in the library of TUHH: https://katalog.tub.tuhh.de/Record/823579395

Course L2724: Process Imag	ing
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	3
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Penn, Dr. Stefan Benders
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Content: The module focuses primarily on discussing established imaging techniques including (a) optical and infrared imaging, (b) magnetic resonance imaging, (c) X-ray imaging and tomography, and (d) ultrasound imaging and also covers a range of more recent imaging modalities. The students will learn:
	 what these imaging techniques can measure (such as sample density or concentration, material transport, chemical composition, temperature), how the measurements work (physical measurement principles, hardware requirements, image reconstruction), and how to determine the most suited imaging methods for a given problem.
	Learning goals: After the successful completion of the course, the students shall:
	 understand the physical principles and practical aspects of the most common imaging methods, be able to assess the pros and cons of these methods with regard to cost, complexity, expected contrasts, spatial and temporal resolution, and based on this assessment be able to identify the most suited imaging modality for any specific engineering challenge in the field of chemical and bioprocess engineering.
Literature	Wang, M. (2015). Industrial Tomography. Cambridge, UK: Woodhead Publishing. Available as e-book in the library of TUHH: https://katalog.tub.tuhh.de/Record/823579395

Module M1598: Image	Processing			
Module M1598. Image	Frocessing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
mage Processing (L2443)		Lecture	2	4
Image Processing (L2444)		Recitation Section (small)	2	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Tobias Knopp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Signal and Systems			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reac	hed the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students know about			
	visual perception			
	multidimensional signal processing			
	 sampling and sampling theorem 			
	filtering			
	image enhancement			
	edge detection			
	multi-resolution procedures: Gauss and Lap	liace pyramid, wavelets		
	image compression			
	image segmentation			
	 morphological image processing 			
Skills	The students can			
	 analyze, process, and improve multidimens 	ional image data		
	implement simple compression algorithms			
	 design custom filters for specific application 	าร		
Personal Competence				
-	Students can work on complex problems both ind	ependently and in teams. They can exchang	e ideas with eac	n other and use th
<i>p</i>	individual strengths to solve the problem.		,	
	······			
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investigate a	complex problem and assess which compete	encies are require	ed to solve it.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lectu	ire 56		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	90 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Data Science: Core Qualification: Elective Compul	sory		
Following Curricula	Data Science: Specialisation I. Mathematics/Comp	uter Science: Elective Compulsory		
	Data Science: Specialisation II. Computer Science	Elective Compulsory		
	Data Science: Specialisation IV. Special Focus Are	a: Elective Compulsory		
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information	and Communication Systems: Elective Com	oulsory	
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Medical Tech	nnology: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Spe	cialisation Secure and Dependable IT Sy	/stems, Focus S	oftware and Sigr
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	Information and Communication Systems: Special	isation Communication Systems, Focus Sign	al Processing: Ele	ective Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Spec	alisation II. Information Technology: Elective	e Compulsory	
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Systems a	nd Robotics: Elective Compulsory		
	Mechatronics: Specialisation System Design: Elect	ive Compulsory		
	Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Elective Comput	sory		
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation	Communication and Signal Processing: Elec	tive Compulsory	

Course L2443: Image Process	sing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 92, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	 Visual perception Multidimensional signal processing Sampling and sampling theorem Filtering Image enhancement Edge detection Multi-resolution procedures: Gauss and Laplace pyramid, wavelets Image Compression Segmentation Morphological image processing
Literature	Bredies/Lorenz, Mathematische Bildverarbeitung, Vieweg, 2011 Pratt, Digital Image Processing, Wiley, 2001 Bernd Jähne: Digitale Bildverarbeitung - Springer, Berlin 2005

Course L2444: Image Proces	ourse L2444: Image Processing	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
CP	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Focus Software

Courses					
Title			Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Software Verification (L0629)			Lecture	2	3
Software Verification (L0630)	1		Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous	 Automata theory an 	nd formal languages			
Knowledge	Computational logic	C			
	Object-oriented pro	gramming, algorithms, ar	nd data structures		
	Functional program	ming or procedural progra	amming		
	Concurrency				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfu	ully students have reache	ed the following learning results		
Professional Competence	And taking part succession	any, scadents have reache	a the following learning results		
Knowledge					
, and the dige		verification techniques in	model checking and deductive verifica	ation. They explain i	n formal terms synt
			s the expressivity of different logics		-
			ws in formal arguments, arising from r		-
Skills			re system in a formal language. They	1 5	
			where necessary, adapt model or prop	, ,	
	, 5	5	r deductive verification, and reflect on	·	
	verification problem in nat	tural language, they selec	t the appropriate verification techniqu	e and justify their cl	noice.
Personal Competence					
Social Competence	Students discuss relevant	topics in class. They defe	nd their solutions orally. They commu	nicate in English.	
				.	
Autonomy			dy, students can assess their level of		
			y receive additional feedback. Within entify and precisely formulate new pro		
			they can conduct independent studies		
			y can devise plans to arrive at new sol		
	and complie their maings	in academic reports. The	y can devise plans to arrive at new sol	010113 01 033633 6X1	sting ones.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 1	124, Study Time in Lecture	e 56		
Credit points					
Course achievement		m cercises	Description		
Examination		tertises			
Examination Examination duration and					
examination duration and scale	50 11111				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Special	lisation L Computer and S	oftware Engineering: Elective Compul	sorv	
Following Curricula			Computer Science: Elective Compulsor	-	
. eeming carricula			ation Secure and Dependable IT Syste	-	
			ation Communication Systems, Focus		ompulsory

Course L0629: Software Veri	fication
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	 Model checking (bounded model checking, CTL, LTL) Real-time model checking (TCTL, timed automata) Deductive verification (Hoare logic) Tool support Recent developments of verification techniques and applications
Literature	 C. Baier and J-P. Katoen, Principles of Model Checking, MIT Press 2007. M. Huth and M. Bryan, Logic in Computer Science. Modelling and Reasoning about Systems, 2nd Edition, 2004. Selected Research Papers

Course L0630: Software Veri	Course L0630: Software Verification	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0733: Softw	vare Analysis			
Courses				
Title Software Analysis (L0631) Software Analysis (L0632)		Typ Lecture Recitation Section (small)	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 3 3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibvlle Schupp			-
Admission Requirements				
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Basic knowledge of software-engineering activities Discrete algebraic structures Object-oriented programming, algorithms, and data str Functional programming or Procedural programming 	uctures		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the follo	owing learning results		
<i>Skills</i> Personal Competence <i>Social Competence</i>	Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their so	They explain the standard for s, and evaluate their suitability if guish precise solutions from a ents select appropriate approach ing standard representations. The alyses in a formal way and const plutions orally. They communicat	rms of internal for a particular an opproximative ap les from software ley develop custo ruct arguments f ruct arguments f e in English.	representations and nalysis. They explain proaches, and show e analysis, and justify omized analyses and for their correctness,
	Using accompanying on-line material for self study, studen appropriately. Working on exercise problems, they receive goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify and the field of software analysis. Within this field, they can cono compile their findings in academic reports. They can devise p	additional feedback. Within lim precisely formulate new probler luct independent studies to acq	its, they can set ns in academic o uire the necessar	t their own learning r applied research in ry competencies and
	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and scale	software artifacts/mathematical write-ups; short presentation			
Assignment for the	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Processing: Elective Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Com			
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation II.	Information Technology: Elective	e Compulsory	

Course L0631: Software Anal	lysis
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
literature	 Modeling: Control-Flow Modeling, Data Dependences, Intermediate Languages) Classical Bit-Vector Analyses (Reaching Definition, Very Busy Expressions, Liveness, Available Expressions, May/Must, Forward/Backward) Monotone Frameworks (Lattices, Transfer Functions, Ascending Chain Condition, Distributivity, Constant Propagation) Theory of Data-Flow Analysis (Tarski's Fixed Point Theorem, Data-Flow Equations, MFP Solution, MOP Solution, Worklist Algorithm) Non-Classical Data-Flow Analyses Abstract Interpretation (Galois Connections, Approximating Fixed Points, Construction Techniques) Type Systems (Type Derivation, Inference Trees, Algorithm W, Unification) Recent Developments of Analysis Techniques and Applications
Literature	 Flemming Nielsen, Hanne Nielsen, and Chris Hankin. Principles of Program Analysis. Springer, 2nd. ed. 2005. Uday Khedker, Amitabha Sanyal, and Bageshri Karkara. Data Flow Analysis: Theory and Practice. CRC Press, 2009. Benjamin Pierce, Types and Programming Languages, MIT Press. Selected research papers

Course L0632: Software Analysis					
Тур	citation Section (small)				
Hrs/wk	2				
CP	3				
Workload in Hours	ependent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28				
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp				
Language	EN				
Cycle	WiSe				
Content	See interlocking course				
Literature	See interlocking course				

Module M1397: Mode	l Checking - Pr	oof Engines and	Algorithms				
Courses							
Title			Тур	Hrs/wk	СР		
Model Checking - Proof Engines and	5		Lecture	2	3		
Model Checking - Proof Engines and	d Algorithms (L1980)		Recitation Section (sr	mall) 2	3		
Module Responsible	Prof. Görschwin Fey						
Admission Requirements	None						
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge abo	ut data structures and al	gorithms				
Knowledge							
Educational Objectives	After taking part suce	cessfully, students have i	eached the following learning results				
Professional Competence							
Knowledge	Students know						
	 algorithms and 	d data structures for mod	el checking.				
	-	ean reasoning engines ar					
	 the impact of s 	specification and modelli	ng on the computational effort for mode	el checking.			
Skills	Students can						
	 explain and im 	plement algorithms and	data structures for model checking,				
	 decide whether 	 decide whether a given problem can be solved using Boolean reasoning or model checking, and 					
	implement the respective algorithms.						
Personal Competence							
Social Competence	Students						
Social competence	Students						
	 discuss releva 	nt topics in class and					
	 defend their set 	olutions orally.					
Autonomy	Using accompanying	material students inde	pendently learn in-depth relations bet	ween concepts explaine	ed in the lecture a		
	additional solution st						
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56						
Credit points							
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus	Form	Description				
	Yes None	Subject theoretical	andDie Aufgabe wird im Rahmen vor	n Volresung und Prüfung	definiert. Die Lösu		
		practical work	der Aufgabe ist Zulassungsvoraus	ssetzung für die Prüfung.			
Examination	Oral exam						
Examination duration and	30 min						
scale							
Assignment for the	Computer Science: S	pecialisation I. Computer	and Software Engineering: Elective Cor	mpulsory			
Following Curricula	Information and Com	munication Systems: Spe	ecialisation Communication Systems, Fo	ocus Software: Elective C	ompulsory		
	Information and Com	munication Systems: Spe	ecialisation Secure and Dependable IT S	Systems: Elective Compu	lsorv		

Course L1979: Model Checki	ng - Proof Engines and Algorithms
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	
	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
	Prof. Görschwin Fey
Language	
Cycle	Correctness is a major concern in embedded systems. Model checking can fully automatically proof formal properties about digital
	hardware or software. Such properties are given in temporal logic, e.g., to prove "No two orthogonal traffic lights will ever be
	green."
	And how do the underlying reasoning algorithms work so effectively in practice despite a computational complexity of NP hardness and beyond?
	But what are the limitations of model checking?
	How are the models generated from a given design?
	The lecture will answer these questions. Open source tools will be used to gather a practical experience.
	Among other topics, the lecture will consider the following topics:
	Modelling digital Hardware, Software, and Cyber Physical Systems
	Data structures, decision procedures and proof engines
	Binary Decision Diagrams
	And-Inverter-Graphs
	Boolean Satisfiability
	Satisfiability Modulo Theories
	Specification Languages
	• CTL
	• LTL
	System Verilog Assertions
	Algorithms for
	Reachability Analysis
	Symbolic CTL Checking
	Bounded LTL-Model Checking
	 Optimizations, e.g., induction, abstraction
	Quality assurance
Literature	Edmund M. Clarke, Jr., Orna Grumberg, and Doron A. Peled. 1999. Model Checking. MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, USA.
	A. Biere, A. Biere, M. Heule, H. van Maaren, and T. Walsh. 2009. Handbook of Satisfiability: Volume 185 Frontiers in Artificial Intelligence and Applications. IOS Press, Amsterdam, The Netherlands, The Netherlands.
	Selected research papers
	1

Course L1980: Model Checki	urse L1980: Model Checking - Proof Engines and Algorithms				
Тур	citation Section (small)				
Hrs/wk	2				
CP	3				
Workload in Hours	dependent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28				
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey				
Language	DE/EN				
Cycle	SoSe				
Content	See interlocking course				
Literature	See interlocking course				

Module M13	1301: Software Testing						
Courses							
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР			
Software Testing (L		Lecture	2	3			
Software Testing (L		Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3			
Module							
Responsible							
Admission							
Requirements Recommended							
Previous	 Software Engineering 						
Knowledge	Higher Programming Languages						
	Object-Oriented Programming						
	Algorithms and Data Structures						
	Experience with (Small) Software Projects Statistics						
	Statistics						
Educational	Al After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning rest	ults					
Objectives	s						
Professional							
Competence							
Knowledge	Students explain the different phases of testing, describe funda	mental					
	techniques of different types of testing, and paraphrase the bas						
	principles of the corresponding test process. They give example						
	software development scenarios and the corresponding test typ	e and					
	technique. They explain algorithms used for particular testing						
	techniques and describe possible advantages and limitations.						
Skills	le.						
SKIIIS	Students identify the appropriate testing type and technique for	a given					
	problem. They adapt and execute respective algorithms to exec						
	concrete test technique properly. They interpret testing results						
		execute corresponding steps for proper re-test scenarios. They write and					
	analyze test specifications. They apply bug finding techniques for						
	non-trivial problems.						
Personal	1						
Competence	e						
Social	al Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their solutions orally.	Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their solutions orally.					
Competence	They communicate in English.						
Autonomy	y Students can assess their level of knowledge continuously and adjust it appropriate	riately, based on feedback and	on self-quided	studies. Within limits. thev ca			
_	own learning goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify and prec						
	testing. Within this field, they can conduct independent studies to acquire the	e necessary competencies and	compile their	findings in academic reports			
	devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones						
Workload in	n Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56						
Hours							
Credit points							
Course achievement							
Examination							
duration and							
scale							
Assignment		e Compulsory					
for the			npulsory				
Following	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT Systems, Focus Software and Signal Processing: Elective Compulsory						
Curricula	a						

Course L1791: Software Test	ing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Fundamentals of software testing Model-based testing Test automation Criteria-based testing
Literature	 M. Pezze and M. Young, Software Testing and Analysis, John Wiley 2008. P. Ammann and J. Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", 2nd edition 2016. A. Zeller: "Why Programs Fail: A Guide to Systematic Debugging", 2nd edition 2012.

Course L1792: Software Test	ting
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Fundamentals of software testing Model-based testing Test automation Criteria-based testing
	P. Ammann and J. Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", 2nd edition 2015.

Module M1682: Secur	e Software Engineering						
-							
Courses							
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР			
Secure Software Engineering (L266		Lecture	2	3			
Secure Software Engineering (L266		Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3			
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato						
Admission Requirements	None						
Recommended Previous	Familiarity with basic software engineering cor	cepts (e.g., requirements, design) and basic secu	irity concepts	(e.g., confidentialit			
Knowledge	integrity, availability)						
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have re	ached the following learning results					
Professional Competence							
Knowledge	Students can:						
	- Flicit convritu requirements in a software	a project					
	Elicit security requirements in a software						
		Model and document security measures in a software design					
	Use threat and risk analysis techniques						
	Understand how security code reviews are performed						
	 Understand the core definitions of concepts related to privacy Understand privacy enhancing technologies 						
	Onderstand privacy enhancing technologies						
Skills	Select appropriate security assurance techniqu	es to be used in a security assurance program					
Personal Competence							
Social Competence	None						
Autonomy	Students can apply the knowledge acquired throughout the course to the resolution of industrial case studies. Students should also						
	be capable to acquire new knowledge indepen	dently from academic publications, techical stand	ards, and whit	e papers.			
	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Le	cture 56					
Credit points	6						
Course achievement	None						
Examination	Written exam						
Examination duration and	120 min						
scale							
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer a	and Software Engineering: Elective Compulsory					
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Spec	cialisation Communication Systems, Focus Softwa	re: Elective Co	ompulsory			
	Information and Communication Systems: S	pecialisation Secure and Dependable IT System	ems, Focus S	oftware and Sign			
	Processing: Elective Compulsory						

Course L2667: Secure Softwa	are Engineering
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Secure software development processes and maturity models Techniques to define security requirements Techniques to create, document and analyse the design of secure applications Threat and risk analysis techniques Security code reviews Program repair techniques for security vulnerabilities Privacy engineering
Literature	Sindre, G. and Opdahl, A.L., 2005. Eliciting security requirements with misuse cases. Requirements engineering, 10(1), pp.34-44.
	Fontaine, P.J., Van Lamsweerde, A., Letier, E. and Darimont, R., 2001. Goal-oriented elaboration of security requirements. Mead, N.R. and Stehney, T., 2005. Security quality requirements engineering (SQUARE) methodology. ACM SIGSOFT Software Engineering Notes, 30(4), pp.1-7.
	Mirakhorli, M., Shin, Y., Cleland-Huang, J. and Cinar, M., 2012, June. A tactic-centric approach for automating traceability of quality concerns. In 2012 34th international conference on software engineering (ICSE) (pp. 639-649). IEEE.
	Jürjens, J., UMLsec: Extending UML for secure systems development, International Conference on The Unified Modeling Language, 2002
	Lund, M.S., Solhaug, B. and Stølen, K., 2011. A guided tour of the CORAS method. In Model-Driven Risk Analysis (pp. 23-43). Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.
	Howard, M.A., 2006. A process for performing security code reviews. IEEE Security & privacy, 4(4), pp.74-79
	Diaz, C. and Gürses, S., 2012. Understanding the landscape of privacy technologies. Proceedings of the information security summit, 12, pp.58-63.

Course L2668: Secure Software Engineering					
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning				
Hrs/wk	2				
CP	3				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28				
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato				
Language	EN				
Cycle	SoSe				
Content	 Secure software development processes and maturity models Techniques to define security requirements Techniques to create, document and analyse the design of secure applications Threat and risk analysis techniques Security code reviews Program repair techniques for security vulnerabilities Privacy engineering 				
Literature					

Module M1794: Appli	ed Crypt	ograp	hy				
Courses							
Title					Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Applied Cryptography (L2954)					Lecture	3	4
Applied Cryptography (L2955)					Recitation Section (small)	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle	e Fröschl	е				
Admission Requirements	None						
Recommended Previous							
Knowledge							
Educational Objectives	After taking	g part su	ccessfully, students	have reached the follow	ing learning results		
Professional Competence							
Knowledge							
Skills							
Personal Competence							
Social Competence							
Autonomy							
Workload in Hours	Independer	nt Study ⁻	Time 124, Study Tir	me in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6						
Course achievement	Compulsory	Bonus	Form	Description			
	No	10 %	Excercises	Die Übungsa	aufgaben finden semesterbegl	leitend statt	
Examination	Written exa	am					
Examination duration and	120 min						
scale							
Assignment for the	Computer 9	Science:	Specialisation I. Cor	nputer and Software Eng	ineering: Elective Compulsory	/	
Following Curricula	Information	n and Cor	nmunication Syster	ns: Specialisation Comm	unication Systems, Focus Soft	ware: Elective Co	ompulsory

Course L2954: Applied Crypt	ography
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	This module provides a comprehensive knowledge in modern cryptography and how it plays a key role in securing the digital world we live in today. We will thoroughly treat cryptographic primitives such as symmetric and asymmetric encryption schemes, cryptographic hash functions, message authentication codes, and digital signatures. Moreover, we will cover aspects of practical deployment such as key management, public key infrastructures, and secure storage of keys. We will see how everything comes together in applications such as the ubiquitous security protocols of the Internet (e.g. TLS and WPA3) and/or the Internet-of-things. We also discuss current challenges such as the need for post-quantum cryptography.
Literature	Introduction to Modern Cryptography, Third Edition, Jonathan Katz and Jehuda Lindell, Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2021 Sicherheit und Kryptographie im Internet, 5th Edition, Jörg Schwenk, Springer-Verlag, 2020

Course L2955: Applied Cryptography		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	1	
CP	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	See corresponding lecture	
Literature	Siehe korrespondierende Vorlesung	

Module M1774: Adva	nced Internet Computing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	16)	Lecture	2	3
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	17)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Stefan Schulte			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Good programming skills are necessary. Previous knowledge	in the field of distributed systems is	helpful.	
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the fol	lowing learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	After successful completion of the course, students are able	to:		
	Describe basic concepts of Cloud Computing, the Inter	rnat of Things (IoT) and blockshain t	ochnologioc	
			-	
	Discuss and assess critical aspects of Cloud Computin Calact and apply aloud and laT technologies for partial		les	
	 Select and apply cloud and IoT technologies for particular application areas Design and develop practical solutions for the integration of smart objects in IoT, Cloud, and blockchain software Implement IoT services 			6
				software
Skills	Is The students acquire the ability to model Internet-based distributed systems and to work with these systems. This compri especially the ability to select and utilize fitting technologies for different application areas. Furthermore, students are able			ems. This comprise
				tudents are able t
	critically assess the chosen technologies.			
Personal Competence				
	Students can work on complex problems both independently	and in toams. They can exchange it	doac with oac	other and use the
Social competence	Students can work on complex problems both independently and in teams. They can exchange ideas with each other and use the individual strengths to solve the problem.			
	individual scienguis to solve the problem.			
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investigate a complex problem and assess which competencies are required to solve it.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Subject theoretical and practical work			
Examination duration and	Group project incl. presentation (50 %), written exam (60 mi	n, 50 %)		
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software	Engineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Computer	Science: Elective Compulsory		
-	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Cor		e: Elective Co	mpulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Sec	-		

Course L2916: Advanced Inte	ernet Computing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 This lecture discusses modern Internet-based distributed systems in three blocks: (i) Cloud computing, (ii) the Internet of Things, and (iii) blockchain technologies. The following topics will be covered in the single lectures: Cloud Computing Elastic Computing Technologies for identification for the IoT: RFID & EPC Communication in the IoT: Standards and protocols Security and trust in the IoT: Concerns and solution approaches Edge and Fog Computing Application areas: Smart factories, smart cities, smart healthcare Blockchain technologies Consensus
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture

Course L2917: Advanced Inte	ernet Computing
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	This project-/problemoriented part of the module augments the theoretical content of the lecture by a concrete technical problem, which needs to be solved by the students in group work during the semester. Possible topics are (blockchain-based) sensor data integration, Big Data processing, Cloud-based redundant data storages, and Cloud-based Onion Routing.
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture.

069) 070) rof. Bernd-Christian Renner one		Typ Lecture Recitation Section (small)	Hrs/wk 2 3	СР 3
070) rof. Bernd-Christian Renner one		Lecture	2	÷-
070) rof. Bernd-Christian Renner one				3
rof. Bernd-Christian Renner one		Recitation Section (small)	3	
one				3
Very Good knowledge				
Basic knowledge in sol	ftware engineering	e in programming in the C language		
fter taking part successfully	, students have reached	the following learning results		
Students know the basic principles and procedures of software engineering for embedded systems. They are able to describe the usage and pros of event based programming using interrupts. They know the components and functions of a concrete microcontroller. The participants explain requirements of real time systems. They know at least three scheduling algorithms for real time operating systems including their pros and cons. Students build interrupt-based programs for a concrete microcontroller. They build and use a preemptive scheduler. They use peripheral components (timer, ADC, EEPROM) to realize complex tasks for embedded systems. To interface with external components they utilize serial protocols.				
dependent Study Time 110	Study Time in Lecture	70		
acpendent Study Time 110	, study time in Lecture	,,,		
		escription		
ritten exam				
0 min				
omputer Science: Specialisa	ation I. Computer and So	oftware Engineering: Elective Compulso	ory	
ectrical Engineering: Specia	alisation Information and	d Communication Systems: Elective Co	mpulsory	
echatronics: Technical Com echatronics: Specialisation echatronics: Specialisation	plementary Course: Elec Intelligent Systems and System Design: Elective	ctive Compulsory Robotics: Elective Compulsory e Compulsory		mpulsory
	Basic knowledge in sol Basic understanding o After taking part successfully Students know the basic prin usage and pros of event 1 nicrocontroller. The participa eal time operating systems i students build interrupt-basic peripheral components (tim components they utilize serial ndependent Study Time 110 b computer Science: Specialisa computer Science: Specialisa computer Science: Specialisa computer Science: Specialisation Acchatronics: Specialisation Acchatronics: Specialisation	Basic knowledge in software engineering Basic understanding of assembly language After taking part successfully, students have reached Students know the basic principles and procedures a usage and pros of event based programming us nicrocontroller. The participants explain requirement eal time operating systems including their pros and Students build interrupt-based programs for a con- peripheral components (timer, ADC, EEPROM) to components they utilize serial protocols. Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture Students Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Science and Computer Science: Specialisation Information and Computer Science: Specialisation Information and Computer Science: Specialisation Information and Acchatronics: Technical Complementary Course: Ele Acchatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Systems and Acchatronics: Specialisation System Design: Electives	Basic understanding of assembly language After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Students know the basic principles and procedures of software engineering for embedded usage and pros of event based programming using interrupts. They know the com nicrocontroller. The participants explain requirements of real time systems. They know a eal time operating systems including their pros and cons. Students build interrupt-based programs for a concrete microcontroller. They build and peripheral components (timer, ADC, EEPROM) to realize complex tasks for embedded components they utilize serial protocols. Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70 Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Engineering: Elective Compulsor Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Engineering: Elective Compulso Computer Science: Specialisation Information and Communication Systems, Focus Soft Aechatronics: Technical Complementary Course: Elective Compulsory Aechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Systems and Robotics: Elective Compulsory Aechatronics: Specialisation System Design: Elective Compulsory Aechatroni	Basic knowledge in software engineering Basic understanding of assembly language After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Students know the basic principles and procedures of software engineering for embedded systems. They are isage and pros of event based programming using interrupts. They know the components and funce inicrocontroller. The participants explain requirements of real time systems. They know at least three schece eal time operating systems including their pros and cons. Students build interrupt-based programs for a concrete microcontroller. They build and use a preemptive beripheral components (timer, ADC, EEPROM) to realize complex tasks for embedded systems. To inter components they utilize serial protocols. Somponents they utilize serial protocols. Tormus Portuge Portu

Course L1069: Software for B	Embdedded Systems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 General-Purpose Processors Programming the Atmel AVR Interrupts C for Embedded Systems Standard Single Purpose Processors: Peripherals Finite-State Machines Memory Operating Systems for Embedded Systems Real-Time Embedded Systems Boot loader and Power Management
Literature	 Embedded System Design, F. Vahid and T. Givargis, John Wiley Programming Embedded Systems: With C and Gnu Development Tools, M. Barr and A. Massa, O'Reilly C und C++ für Embedded Systems, F. Bollow, M. Homann, K. Köhn, MITP The Art of Designing Embedded Systems, J. Ganssle, Newnses Mikrocomputertechnik mit Controllern der Atmel AVR-RISC-Familie, G. Schmitt, Oldenbourg Making Embedded Systems: Design Patterns for Great Software, E. White, O'Reilly

Course L1070: Software for Embdedded Systems		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	3	
CP	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42	
Lecturer	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M1785: Mach	ine Learning in Electrical Enginee	ring and Information Tec	hnology	
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
General Introduction Machine Learning (L3004)		Lecture	1	2
Machine Learning Applications in E	lectric Power Systems (L3008)	Lecture	1	1
Machine Learning in Electromagne	tic Compatibility (EMC) Engineering (L3006)	Lecture	1	1
Machine Learning in High-Frequenc		Lecture	1	1
Machine Learning in Wireless Comr	nunications (L3005)	Lecture	1	1
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	The module is designed for a diverse audience, i	.e. students with different backgroun	d. It shall be suitable fo	or both students wit
	electrical engineering students. Machine learning ideas. The focus is on specific applications in elec The chapters of the course will be understandab individual background of the students will be take	trical engineering and information ter	chnology. ne individual background	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reac	hed the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge				
Skills				
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lectu	ure 70		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information	and Communication Systems: Electiv	e Compulsory	
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Microwave E	•		ive Compulsory
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and			. ,
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I			
	Information and Communication Systems: Special			moulcon

Course L3004: General Introd	duction Machine Learning		
Тур	Lecture		
Hrs/wk	1		
CP			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14		
Lecturer	r. Maximilian Stark		
Language	EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	From Rule-Based Systems to Machine Learning		
	Brief overview recent advances in ML in various domain		
	 Outline and expected learning outcomes 		
	 Basics statistical inference and statistics 		
	 Basics of information theory 		
	The Notions of Learning in Machine Learning		
	 Unsupervised and supervised machine learning 		
	 Model-based and data-driven machine learning 		
	Hybrid modelling		
	Online/offline/meta/transfer learning		
	General loss functions		
	Introduction to Deep Learning		
	Variants of neural networks		
	• MLP		
	Conv. neural networks		
	Recurrent neural networks		
	Training neural networks		
	(Stochastic) Gradient Descent		
	Regression vs. Classification		
	 Classification as supervised learning problem 		
	Hands-On Session		
	Representation Learning and Generative Models		
	AutoEncoders		
	Directed Generative Models		
	Undirected Generative Models		
	Generative Adversarial Neural Networks		
	Probabilistic Graphical Models A Revision Naturation		
	Bayesian Networks Variational informance (variational autoenceder)		
	Variational inference (variational autoencoder)		
Literature			
	·		

Course L3008: Machine Learning Applications in Electric Power Systems		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	1	
CP	1	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Christian Becker, Dr. Davood Babazadeh	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content		
Literature		

Course L3006: Machine Learn	ning in Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Engineering
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	1
CP	1
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Christian Schuster, Dr. Cheng Yang
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Engineering deals with design, simulation, measurement, and certification of electronic and
	electric components and systems in such a way that their operation is safe, reliable, and efficient in any possible application.
	Safety is hereby understood as safe with respect to parasitic effects of electromagnetic fields on humans as well as on the
	operation of other components and systems nearby. Examples for components and systems range from the wiring in aircraft and
	ships to high-speed interconnects in server systems and wirless interfaces for brain implants. In this part of the course we will give
	an introduction to the physical basics of EMC engineering and then show how methods of Machine Learning (ML) can be applied to
	expand todays physcis-based approaches in EMC Engineering.
Literature	

Course L3007: Machine Learning in High-Frequency Technology and Radar		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	1	
CP	1	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Kölpin, Dr. Fabian Lurz	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content		
Literature		

Course L3005: Machine Learn	ning in Wireless Communications
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	1
CP	1
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Dr. Maximilian Stark
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Supervised Learning Application - Channel Coding Recap channel coding and block codes
	Recap chainer county and block codes Block codes as trainable neural networks
	 Tanner graph with trainable weights
	Hands-on session
	Supervised Learning Application - Modulation Detection
	Recap wireless modulation schemes
	 Convolutional neuronal networks for blind detection of modulation schemes
	Hands-on session
	Autoencoder Application - Constellation Shaping I
	 Recap channel capacity and constellation shaping,
	Capacity achieving machine learning systems
	 Information theoretical explanation of the autoencoder training
	Hands-on session
	Autoencoder Application - Constellation Shaping II
	 Training without a channel model
	 Mutual information neural estimator
	Hands-on session
	Generative Adversarial Network Application - Channel Modelling
	Recap realistic channels with non-linear hardware impairments
	 Training a digital twin of a realistic channel with insufficient training data Hands-on session
	Recurrent Neural Network Application - Channel prediction
	Recap time-varying channel models
	 Recurrent neural networks for temporal prediction
	Hands-on session
Literature	

Courses					
Title			Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Massively Parallel Systems: Archite			Lecture	2	3
Massively Parallel Systems: Archite		L2937)	Project-/problem-based I	Learning 2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sohan Lal				
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous	An introductory modu	le on computer Engineer	ing or computer architecture, good progra	amming skills in C/C+	+.
Knowledge					
Educational Objectives	After taking part succe	essfully, students have r	eached the following learning results		
Professional Competence					
Knowledge	The course starts with	parallel computers clas	sification, multithreading, and covers the	architecture of centr	alized and distribut
	shared-memory para	llel systems, multiproc	essor cache coherence, snooping / dir	ectory-based cache	coherence protoc
	implementation, and	limitations. Next, stude	nts study interconnection networks and	routing in parallel sys	stems. To ensure t
	correctness of shared	-memory multithreaded	programs, independent of the speed of	execution of their ir	ndividual threads,
	important topics of m	emory consistency and	synchronization will be covered in detail.	As a case study, the	architecture of a f
	accelerators such as	GPUs will also be discu	ssed in detail. Besides understanding th	e architecture and or	rganization of para
	systems, programmin	g them is also very chal	enging. The course will also cover how to	program massively p	arallel systems us
		UDA/OpenCL/MPI/OpenM		1.5.	
Skills	After completing this course, students will be able to understand the architecture and organization of parallel systems. They will be				
	able to evaluate different design choices and make decisions while designing a parallel system. In addition, they will be able				
	program parallel syste	ems (ranging from an em	bedded system to a supercomputer) usin	g CUDA/OpenCL/MPI/0	OpenMP.
Personal Competence					
	The serves will ence	waaa ahudaaha ka waxi	in small groups to solve complex make	lama thua inculaati	na tha immartance
Social Competence		urage students to work	in small groups to solve complex prob	iems, thus, incuicatin	ng the importance
	teamwork.				
Autonomy	Today, parallel computers are present everywhere. Students will be able to not only program pa				
			d their underlying organization and archit	ecture. This will furth	er help to understa
	the performance issue	es of parallel applications	and provide insights to improve them.		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Tir	me 124, Study Time in L	ecture 56		
Credit points	6				
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus	Form	Description		
	Yes 20 %	Subject theoretical	and		
		practical work			
Examination	Oral exam				
Examination duration and	25 min				
scale					
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Sp	ecialisation I. Computer	and Software Engineering: Elective Comp	ulsory	
Following Curricula	Data Science: Speciali	sation II. Computer Scie	nce: Elective Compulsory		
	Data Science: Speciali	sation IV. Special Focus	Area: Elective Compulsory		
	Computer Science in E	Engineering: Specialisati	on I. Computer Science: Elective Compulse	ory	
			cialisation Communication Systems, Focu		ompulsory
		· · · ·			

Course L2936: Massively Par	allel Systems: Architecture and Programming
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sohan Lal
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
	 Brief outline: Parallel computers and their classification Centralized and distributed shared-memory architectures: snooping vs directory-based cache coherence protocols, implementation, and limitations Chip multiprocessors: software-based, block (coarse-grain), interleaved (fine-grain), simultaneous multithreading Synchronization: high-level primitives and implementation, memory consistency models: sequential and weaker memory consistency models Interconnection networks: topologies (direct and indirect networks) and routing techniques Graphics Processing Units (GPUs) architecture and programming using CUDA/OpenCL Parallel programming with message passing interface (MPI), OpenMP
Literature	 Michel Dubois, Murali Annavaram, and Per Stenström, Parallel Computer Organization and Design (Book) David A Patterson and John L. Hennessy, Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach, Elsevier (Book) David B. Kirk, Wen-mei W. Hwu, Programming Massivley Parallel Processors, Elsevier (Book)

Course L2937: Massively Par	allel Systems: Architecture and Programming
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sohan Lal
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
	 There will be 3-4 assignments for project-based learning consisting of the following: Implement and compare different cache coherence protocols using a simulator or a high-level, event-driven simulation interface such as SystemC Programming massively parallel systems to solve computationally intensive problems such as password cracking using CUDA/OpenCL/MPI/OpenMP
Literature	 The following literature will be useful for project-based learning. The further required resources will be discussed during the course. David B. Kirk, Wen-mei W. Hwu, Programming Massivley Parallel Processors, Elsevier (Book) MPI Forum, https://www.mpi-forum.org/ SystemC, https://www.accellera.org/community/systemc

Specialization Secure and Dependable IT Systems

Graduates of the Secure and Dependable IT Systems specialisation acquire extensive knowledge in software verification and IT security. They also have knowledge in communication networks and signal processing. They are able to apply methods and procedures required to work on secure and dependable IT systems, as well as critically examine new insights to further develop and incorporate in their work.

The Secure and Dependable IT Systems specialisation is recommended for students who already have a good mathematical foundation and basic knowledge in computer science and software development.

Courses					
Title			Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Software Verification (L0629)			Lecture	2	3
Software Verification (L0630)			Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle Schupp				
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous	 Automata theory a 	nd formal languagos			
Knowledge	Computational log				
	. –	ogramming, algorithms, an	d data structures		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	nming or procedural progra			
	Concurrency				
	- ·	fully, students have reache	d the following learning results		
Professional Competence					
Knowledge					
			model checking and deductive verific		
			the expressivity of different logics		-
	formal properties of solt	are systems. They find have	vs in formal arguments, arising from	modeling artifacts o	runderspecification
Skills	Students formulate prova	ble properties of a softwar	e system in a formal language. They	develop logic-based	models that prope
	abstract from the software under verification and, where necessary, adapt model or property. They construct proofs and pro checks by hand or using tools for model checking or deductive verification, and reflect on the scope of the results. Presented				t proofs and proper
					sults. Presented with
	verification problem in natural language, they select the appropriate verification technique and justify their choice.				
Personal Competence					
		topics in class. They defer	nd their solutions orally. They commu	nicate in English.	
Autonomy			y, students can assess their level		
			/ receive additional feedback. Within	-	
		•	ntify and precisely formulate new pro		
			hey can conduct independent studie can devise plans to arrive at new so		
	and complic their many	s in deddenne reports. They	can devise plans to arrive at new so		sting ones.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time	124, Study Time in Lecture	56		
Credit points					
Course achievement			Description		
		cercises			
	Written exam				
Examination duration and					
	L				
scale	- · · · · ·		a <u></u>		
Assignment for the			oftware Engineering: Elective Compu		
	Computer Science in Eng	ineering: Specialisation I. C	omputer Science: Elective Compulso	ry	
Assignment for the	Computer Science in Eng Information and Commur	ineering: Specialisation I. C ication Systems: Specialisa		ry ems: Compulsory	

Course L0629: Software Veri	fication		
Тур	ture		
Hrs/wk	2		
CP	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	 Model checking (bounded model checking, CTL, LTL) Real-time model checking (TCTL, timed automata) Deductive verification (Hoare logic) Tool support Recent developments of verification techniques and applications 		
Literature	 C. Baier and J-P. Katoen, Principles of Model Checking, MIT Press 2007. M. Huth and M. Bryan, Logic in Computer Science. Modelling and Reasoning about Systems, 2nd Edition, 2004. Selected Research Papers 		

Course L0630: Software Veri	urse L0630: Software Verification		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Module M0942: Softw	are Security				
Courses					
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР	
Software Security (L1103)		Lecture	2	3	
Software Security (L1104)		Recitation Section (small)	2	3	
	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato				
Admission Requirements					
Recommended Previous	Familiarity with C/C++, web programming				
Knowledge					
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reach	ed the following learning results			
Professional Competence					
Knowledge	Students can				
	 name the main causes for security yulgorab 	ilitios in softwara			
	-	name the main causes for security vulnerabilities in software			
	 explain current methods for identifying and avoiding security vulnerabilities explain the fundamental concepts of code-based access control 				
Skills	Students are capable of				
	 performing a software vulnerability analysis 				
	developing secure code				
	• developing secure code				
Personal Competence					
Social Competence	None				
Autonomy	Students are capable of acquiring knowledge in	dependently from professional publication	ons, technical	standards, and other	
	sources, and are capable of applying newly acquire	ed knowledge to new problems.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lectur	re 56			
Credit points	6				
Course achievement	None				
Examination	Written exam				
Examination duration and	120 minutes				
scale					
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and	Software Engineering: Elective Compulsory	/		
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I.	Computer Science: Elective Compulsory			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialis	sation Secure and Dependable IT Systems:	Elective Comp	ulsory	

Course L1103: Software Secu	ırity
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	 Reliability and Software Security Attacks exploiting character and integer representations Buffer overruns Vulnerabilities in memory managemet: double free attacks Race conditions SQL injection Cross-site scripting and cross-site request forgery Testing for security; taint analysis Type safe languages Development proceses for secure software Code-based access control
Literature	M. Howard, D. LeBlanc: Writing Secure Code, 2nd edition, Microsoft Press (2002) G. Hoglund, G. McGraw: Exploiting Software, Addison-Wesley (2004) L. Gong, G. Ellison, M. Dageforde: Inside Java 2 Platform Security, 2nd edition, Addison-Wesley (2003) B. LaMacchia, S. Lange, M. Lyons, R. Martin, K. T. Price: .NET Framework Security, Addison-Wesley Professional (2002) D. Gollmann: Computer Security, 3rd edition (2011)

Course L1104: Software Security		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato	
Language	EN	
Cycle	Se	
Content	ee interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M1397: Mode	l Checking - Pro	oof Engines and	Algorithms			
Courses						
Title Model Checking - Proof Engines and Algorithms (L1979)			Typ Lecture	Section (small)	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 3 3
Model Checking - Proof Engines and Module Responsible	-		Recitations	Section (Smail)	Z	5
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge abo	ut data structures and al	gorithms			
Knowledge						
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students have r	reached the following learning	results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	Students know					
	basics of Boole	l data structures for mod an reasoning engines ar pecification and modelli	-	for model checki	ng.	
Skills	Students can					
	decide whethe		data structures for model cheo e solved using Boolean reasoni	-	king, and	
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students					
	discuss relevantdefend their so	nt topics in class and olutions orally.				
Autonomy	Using accompanying additional solution str		pendently learn in-depth rela	tions between co	oncepts explaine	d in the lecture a
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Ti	me 124, Study Time in L	ecture 56			
Credit points	6					
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Yes None	Form Subject theoretical practical work	Description andDie Aufgabe wird im Rał der Aufgabe ist Zulassun			definiert. Die Lösur
Examination	Oral exam					
Examination duration and	30 min					
scale						
Assignment for the			and Software Engineering: Ele			
Following Curricula			ecialisation Communication Systemation Systematics and Dependent Systematics and Dependent Systematics and Dependent Systematics and Dependent Systematics and Systema			

Typ Lecture Hrs/wk 2	
CD 3	
CP 3	
Workload in Hours Independent Study Time 62, Stud	y Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer Prof. Görschwin Fey	
Language DE/EN	
Cycle SoSe	
hardware or software. Such pro green."	embedded systems. Model checking can fully automatically proof formal properties about digital berties are given in temporal logic, e.g., to prove "No two orthogonal traffic lights will ever be ning algorithms work so effectively in practice despite a computational complexity of NP hardness
and beyond?	
But what are the limitations of m	
How are the models generated fr The lecture will answer these que	om a given design? stions. Open source tools will be used to gather a practical experience.
Among other topics, the lecture v	vill consider the following topics:
Modelling digital Hardware	, Software, and Cyber Physical Systems
Data structures, decision p	rocedures and proof engines
Binary Decision Dia	jrams
And-Inverter-Graph:	
Boolean Satisfiabilit	/
Satisfiability Module	Theories
Specification Languages	
◦ CTL	
• LTL	
System Verilog Asse	rtions
Algorithms for	
Reachability Analys	S
Symbolic CTL Check	ing
Bounded LTL-Model	Checking
 Optimizations, e.g., 	induction, abstraction
Quality assurance	
Literature Edmund M. Clarke, Jr., Orna Grun	berg, and Doron A. Peled. 1999. Model Checking. MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, USA.
A. Biere, A. Biere, M. Heule, H.	van Maaren, and T. Walsh. 2009. Handbook of Satisfiability: Volume 185 Frontiers in Artificial
	Press, Amsterdam, The Netherlands, The Netherlands.
Selected research papers	

ourse L1980: Model Checking - Proof Engines and Algorithms		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
CP	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M1773: Cyber	rsecurity Data Science				
Courses					
Title		Тур	Hr	s/wk	СР
Cybersecurity Data Science (L2914	•)	Lecture	2		3
Exercise Cybersecurity Data Science	ce (L2915)	Project-/problem-	based Learning 2		3
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato				
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge of probabilities and statis	stics. Familiarity with object oriented pro	ogramming.		
Knowledge					
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students ha	ave reached the following learning result	ts		
Professional Competence					
Knowledge	Students can:				
	 Apply data science methods to the 	resolution of complex cybersecurity pro	hlems		
		 Apply data science methods to the resolution of complex cybersecurity problems. Use of data science methods to quantify risks and optimize cybersecurity operations. 			
	 Use of data science methods to quantify risks and optimize cybersecurity operations. Identify strengths and limitations of state-of-the-art methods 				
	 Identify strengths and limitations of state-or-the-art methods Select the performance indicators of data-oriented cybersecurity solutions. 				
	 Select the performance indicators of data-oriented cybersecurity solutions. Understand cybersecurity threats in data science methods. 				
		n data science methods.			
Skills	Implement and evaluate data-driven mode	els for the identification, treatment, and	mitigation of cyber	security ris	sks
Personal Competence					
Social Competence	None				
Autonomy	Students can apply the knowledge acquire	ed throughout the course to the resoluti	on of industrial case	e studies. S	tudents should also
	be capable to acquire new knowledge inde	ependently from academic publications,	techical standards	, and white	papers.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56				
Credit points	6				
Course achievement	None				
Examination	Written exam				
Examination duration and	120 min				
scale					
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Comp	uter and Software Engineering: Elective	Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems:	: Specialisation Secure and Dependable	IT Systems: Elective	e Compulso	ory

Course L2914: Cybersecurity	Data Science
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Theoretical Foundations:
	Introduction to data science
	Supervised and unsupervised learning
	Data science methods (e.g., clustering, decision trees, artificial neural networks)
	Performance metrics
	Cybersecutrity Applications:
	Spam detection
	Phishing detection
	Intrusion detection
	Access-control prediction
	Denial of Service (DoS) prediction
	Vulnerability/malware prediction
	Adversarial machine learning
Literature	[1] Sarker, I.H., Kayes, A.S.M., Badsha, S., Alqahtani, H., Watters, P. and Ng, A., 2020. Cybersecurity data science: an overview from machine learning perspective. Journal of Big data, 7(1), pp.1-29.
	[2] Truong, T.C., Zelinka, I., Plucar, J., Čandík, M. and Šulc, V., 2020. Artificial intelligence and cybersecurity: Past, presence, and future. In Artificial intelligence and evolutionary computations in engineering systems (pp. 351-363). Springer, Singapore.
	[3] Dua, S. and Du, X., 2016. Data mining and machine learning in cybersecurity. CRC press.
	[4] Arp, D., Quiring, E., Pendlebury, F., Warnecke, A., Pierazzi, F., Wressnegger, C., Cavallaro, L. and Rieck, K., Dos and Don'ts of Machine Learning in Computer Security.
	[5] Torres, J.M., Comesaña, C.I. and Garcia-Nieto, P.J., 2019. Machine learning techniques applied to cybersecurity. International Journal of Machine Learning and Cybernetics, 10(10), pp.2823-2836.
	[6] Russell, S. and Norvig, P., 2010. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Prentice Hall.

Course L2915: Exercise Cybe	rsecurity Data Science
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Theoretical Foundations: Introduction to data science Supervised and unsupervised learning Data science methods (e.g., clustering, decision trees, artificial neural networks) Performance metrics Cybersecutrity Applications: Spam detection Phishing detection Intrusion detection Access-control prediction Denial of Service (DoS) prediction Vulnerability/malware prediction Adversarial machine learning
Literature	 [1] Sarker, I.H., Kayes, A.S.M., Badsha, S., Alqahtani, H., Watters, P. and Ng, A., 2020. Cybersecurity data science: an overview from machine learning perspective. Journal of Big data, 7(1), pp.1-29. [2] Truong, T.C., Zelinka, I., Plucar, J., Čandík, M. and Šulc, V., 2020. Artificial intelligence and cybersecurity: Past, presence, and future. In Artificial intelligence and evolutionary computations in engineering systems (pp. 351-363). Springer, Singapore. [3] Dua, S. and Du, X., 2016. Data mining and machine learning in cybersecurity. CRC press. [4] Arp, D., Quiring, E., Pendlebury, F., Warnecke, A., Pierazzi, F., Wressnegger, C., Cavallaro, L. and Rieck, K., Dos and Don'ts of Machine Learning in Computer Security. [5] Torres, J.M., Comesaña, C.I. and Garcia-Nieto, P.J., 2019. Machine learning techniques applied to cybersecurity. International Journal of Machine Learning and Cybernetics, 10(10), pp.2823-2836. [6] Russell, S. and Norvig, P., 2010. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Prentice Hall.

Module M1400: Desig	n of Dependable	e Systems				
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Designing Dependable Systems (L2	(000)			Lecture	2	3
Designing Dependable Systems (L2				Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Görschwin Fey					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge about	data structures and al	gorithms			
Knowledge						
Educational Objectives	After taking part succe	ssfully, students have r	eached the followir	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	In the following "deper	idable" summarizes the	e concepts Reliabilit	y, Availability, Maintainabilit	y, Safety and Sec	urity.
	Knowledge about appr	oaches for designing de	pendable systems	ea		
				5.,		
		ons like modular redund				
	 Algorithmic solu 	tions like handling byza	antine faults or cheo	ckpointing		
	Knowledge about meth	ods for the analysis of	dependable system	IS		
Skills	Ability to implement de	ependable systems usin	ng the above approa	aches.		
	Ability to analyzs the d	ependability of systems	s using the above n	nethods for analysis		
	Ability to unary25 the u	ependubility of system.	s using the upove h			
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students					
	 discuss relevant 	topics in class and				
	 present their so 	•				
Autonomy			pendently learn in-	-depth relations between co	oncepts explaine	d in the lecture and
Weedle ed to Herry	additional solution stra					
	Independent Study Tim	ne 124, Study Time in L	ecture 56			
Credit points	6 Compulsory Bonus	Form	Description			
Course achievement	Yes None	Subject theoretical		einer Aufgabe ist Zuslassung	gsvoraussetzung	für die Prüfung. Die
		practical work	-	in Vorlesung und Übung def		5
Examination	Oral exam					
Examination duration and	30 min					
scale						
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Spe	ecialisation I. Computer	and Software Engi	neering: Elective Compulsory	у	
Following Curricula	Computer Science in E	ngineering: Specialisati	on I. Computer Scie	ence: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Comm	unication Systems: Spe	ecialisation Secure	and Dependable IT Systems:	Elective Compuls	sory
	Mechatronics: Specialis	sation System Design: E	Elective Compulsory	ý		
	Microelectronics and M	licrosystems: Specialisa	ation Embedded Sys	stems: Elective Compulsory		

Course L2000: Designing Dep	pendable Systems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Description
	The term dependability comprises various aspects of a system. These are typically:
	 Reliability Availability Maintainability Safety Security
	This makes dependability a core aspect that has to be considered early in system design, no matter whether software, embedded systems or full scale cyber-physical systems are considered. Contents
	The module introduces the basic concepts for the design and the analysis of dependable systems. Design examples for getting practical hands-on-experience in dependable design techniques. The module focuses towards embedded systems. The following topics are covered:
	 Modelling Fault Tolerance Design Concepts Analysis Techniques
Literature	

Course L2001: Designing Dependable Systems	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Advanced Seminar Computer Scien	ce and Communication Technology I (L2352)	Seminar	2	3
ntroductory Seminar Computer Sci	ence and Communication Technology II (L2429)	Seminar	2	3
Module Responsible	Dozenten des SD E			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge of Computer Science and Mathemati	cs at the Master's level.		
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached	the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students are able to			
	explicate a specific topic in the field of Compute	ar Science		
	 describe complex issues, 	Science,		
	 present different views and evaluate in a critica 	l way.		
Skills	The students are able to			
	 familiarize in a specific topic of Computer Scien 	ce in limited time,		
	 realize a literature survey on the specific topic 	and cite in a correct way,		
	 elaborate a presentation and give a lecture to a 	selected audience,		
	 sum up the presentation in 10-15 lines, 			
	 answer questions in the final discussion. 			
Personal Competence				
	The students are able to			
	elaborate and introduce a topic for a certain au			
	discuss the topic, content and structure of the	presentation with the instructor,		
	 discuss certain aspects with the audience, and 			
	as the lecturer listen and respond to questions	from the audience.		
Autonomy	The students are able to			
	 define the task in question in an autonomous w 	av		
	 develop the necessary knowledge, 	ay,		
	 use appropriate work equipment, and 			
	 guided by an instructor critically check the wor 	king status.		
		-		
	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 5	6		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Presentation			
Examination duration and scale	x			
	Computer Science: Specialisation IV. Subject Specific	Focus: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisati		tive Compulsory	
i chowing curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisati	-		

Course L2352: Advanced Ser	ourse L2352: Advanced Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology I		
Тур	Seminar		
Hrs/wk	2		
CP	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe		
Content			
Literature			

Course L2429: Introductory Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology II	
Тур	Seminar
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe
Content	
Literature	

Focus Networks

Module M0836: Comm	nunication Networks				
Courses					
Title		Түр	Hrs/wk	СР	
Selected Topics of Communication I	Networks (L0899)	Project-/problem-based Learr		2	
Communication Networks (L0897)		Lecture	2	2	
Communication Networks Excercise	e (L0898)	Project-/problem-based Learn	ing 1	2	
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel				
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous	Fundamental stochastics				
Knowledge	Basic understanding of computer networks	and/or communication technologies is her	oficial		
	Basic understanding of computer networks	and/or communication technologies is ber	elicial		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reach	ned the following learning results			
Professional Competence					
Knowledge	Students are able to describe the principles and	structures of communication networks	n detail. They ca	an explain the formal	
	description methods of communication network	s and their protocols. They are able	o explain how	current and complex	
	communication networks work and describe the co	urrent research in these examples.			
Skills	Students are able to evaluate the performance of	communication networks using the learn	d methods. They	are able to work out	
34///3		-	-		
	problems themselves and apply the learned methods. They can apply what they have learned autonomously on further and new communication networks.				
Personal Competence					
Social Competence	Students are able to define tasks themselves in s		-	arned methods. They	
	can present the obtained results. They are able to	discuss and critically analyse the solution	5.		
Autonomy	Students are able to obtain the necessary expert	knowledge for understanding the function	nality and perfor	mance capabilities of	
hatohomy	new communication networks independently.		nancy and perior		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lectu	re 70			
Credit points	6				
Course achievement	None				
Examination	Presentation				
Examination duration and	1.5 hours colloquium with three students, therefore	re about 30 min per student. Topics of th	e colloquium are	the posters from the	
scale	previous poster session and the topics of the mod	ule.			
-	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information a	•			
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and I		oulsory		
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: E				
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I.				
	Information and Communication Systems: Special				
	Information and Communication Systems: Special			: Elective Compulsory	
	International Management and Engineering: Speci		e compulsory		
	Mechatronics: Technical Complementary Course: E		stive Compulsor	.,	
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisatior			у	
		robotics and computer science: Elective	compuisory		

Course L0899: Selected Topi	cs of Communication Networks
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
CP	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Example networks selected by the students will be researched on in a PBL course by the students in groups and will be presented
	in a poster session at the end of the term.
Literature	see lecture

Course L0897: Communicatio	on Networks
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel, DrIng. Koojana Kuladinithi
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
Literature	 Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Tannenbaum, Computernetzwerke, Pearson-Studium Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.

Course L0898: Communicatio	on Networks Excercise
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	1
CP	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Part of the content of the lecture Communication Networks are reflected in computing tasks in groups, others are motivated and
	addressed in the form of a PBL exercise.
Literature	announced during lecture

Systems"					
Module M0676: Digita	al Communications				
Courses					
Title			Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Digital Communications (L0444)			Lecture	2	3
Digital Communications (L0445)	(1.05.15)		Recitation Section (large)	2	2
Laboratory Digital Communications			Practical Course	1	1
Module Responsible					
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous	 Mathematics 1-3 				
Knowledge	Signals and Systems				
	Fundamentals of Communication	ans and Pandom Processos			
		nis and Random Frocesses			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, student	s have reached the following	ig learning results		
Professional Competence					
Knowledge	The students are able to understand,	compare and design moder	n digital information transn	nission schemes. T	hey are familiar wi
	the properties of linear and non-linear	r digital modulation method	ls. They can describe distor	tions caused by tr	ansmission channe
	and design and evaluate detectors	including channel estimation	on and equalization. They	know the princip	les of single carri
	transmission and multi-carrier transm	-			5
	The students are familiar with the con	tents of lecture and tutorial	s. They can explain and ap	ply them to new p	roblems.
Skills	The students are able to design and a	analyco a digital information	transmission schomo inclu	iding multiple acc	oss. Thoy are able
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	choose a digital modulation scheme taking into account transmission rate, required bandwidth, error probability, and further s properties. They can design an appropriate detector including channel estimation and equalization taking into acc performance and complexity properties of suboptimum solutions. They are able to set parameters of a single carrier or multi of				
				neters of a single c	arrier or multi carr
Personal Competence	transmission scheme and trade the pr	opercies of both approaches	s against each other.		
-	The students can jointly colve specific	nrahlama			
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific	problems.			
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire r	elevant information from	appropriate literature sou	rces. They can c	ontrol their level
	knowledge during the lecture period b	by solving tutorial problems.	software tools, clicker syst	tem.	
	Independent Study Time 110, Study T	ime in Lecture 70			
Course achievement		Description			
		ation			
Examination					
Examination duration and	90 min				
scale					
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Core Qualificat	ion: Compulsory			
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Spe	cialisation II. Engineering S	cience: Elective Compulsor	У	
	Information and Communication Syste	ems: Specialisation Commun	nication Systems: Compulse	ory	
	Information and Communication Syste	ems: Specialisation Secure a	and Dependable IT Systems	, Focus Networks:	Elective Compulso
	International Management and Engine	ering: Specialisation II. Info	rmation Technology: Electiv	ve Compulsory	
	International Management and Engine	oring, Enocialization II, Eloy		a 1	
		ering. Specialisation II. Elec	ctrical Engineering: Elective	Compulsory	

	Lecture
Hrs/wk	
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Repetition: Baseband Transmission
	 Pulse shaping: Non-return to zero (NRZ) rectangular pulses, raised-cosine pulses, square-root raised-cosine pulses
	 Power spectral density (psd) of baseband signals
	 Intersymbol interference (ISI)
	 First and second Nyquist criterion
	• AWGN channel
	Matched filter
	Matched-filter receiver and correlation receiver
	Noise whitening matched filter
	Discrete-time AWGN channel model
	 Representation of bandpass signals and systems in the equivalent baseband
	Quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM)
	Equivalent baseband signal and system
	Analytical signal
	 Equivalent baseband random process, equivalent baseband white Gaussian noise process
	• Equivalent baseband AWGN channel
	 Equivalent baseband channel model with frequency-offset and phase noise

- Equivalent baseband Rayleigh fading and Rice fading channel models
- Equivalent baseband frequency-selective channel model
- Discrete memoryless channels (DMC)
- Bandpass transmission via carrier modulation
 - Amplitude modulation, frequency modulation, phase modulation
 - Linear digital modulation methods
 - On-off keying, M-ary amplitude shift keying (M-ASK), M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude modulation (M-QAM), offset-QPSK
 - Signal space representation of transmit signal constellations and signals
 - Energy of linear digital modulated signals, average energy per symbol
 - Power spectral density of linear digital modulated signals
 - Bandwidth efficiency
 - Correlation coefficient of elementary signals
 - Error probabilities of linear digital modulation methods
 - Error functions
 - Gray mapping and natural mapping
 - Bit error probabilities, symbol error probabilities, pairwise symbol error probabilities
 - Euclidean distance and Hamming distance
 - Exact and approximate computation of error probabilities
 - Performance comparison of modulation schemes in terms of per bit SNR vs. per symbol SNR
 - Hierarchical modulation, multilevel modulation
 - Effects of carrier phase offset and carrier frequency offset
 - Differential modulation
 - M-ary differential phase shift keying (M-PSK)
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of DPSK
 - p/M-differential phase shift keying (p/M-DPSK)
 - Differential amplitude and phase shift keying (DAPSK)
 - Non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Frequency shift keying (FSK)
 - Modulation index
 - Minimum shift keying (MSK)
 - Offset-QPSK representation of MSK
 - MSK with differential precoding and rotation
 - Bit error probabilities of MSK
 - Gaussian minimum shift keying (GMSK)
 - Power spectral density of MSK and GMSK
 - Continuous phase modulation (CPM)
 - General description of CPM signals
 - Frequency pulses and phase pulses
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of FSK
 - · Performance comparison of linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
- Frequency-selective channels, ISI channels
 - Intersymbol interference and frequency-selectivity
 - RMS delay spread
 - Narrowband and broadband channels
 - Equivalent baseband transmission model for frequency-selective channels
 - Receive filter design
- Equalization
 - Symbol-spaced and fractionally-spaced equalizers
 - Inverse system
 - Non-recursive linear equalizers
 - Linear zero-forcing (ZF) equalizer
 - Linear minimum mean squared error (MMSE) equalizer
 - Non-linear equalization:
 - Decision feedback equalizer (DFE)
 - Tomlinson-Harashima precoding
 - Maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) and maximum likelihood equalizer, Viterbi algorithm
- · Single-carrier vs. multi-carrier transmission
- Multi-carrier transmission
 - General multicarrier transmission
 - Orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM)
 - OFDM implementation using the Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
 - Cyclic guard interval
 - Power spectral density of OFDM
 - Peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR)
- Multiple access
 - Principles of time division multiple access (TDMA), frequency division multiple access (FDMA), code division multiple access (CDMA), non-orthogonal multiple access (NOMA), hybrid multiple access
- Spread spectrum communications
 - Direct sequence spread spectrum communications
 - Frequency hopping
 - Protection against eavesdropping
 - Protection against narrowband jammers
 - Short vs. long spreading codes
 - Direct sequence spread spectrum communications in frequency-selective channels

Systems	
	 Rake receiver
	Code division multiple access (CDMA)
	 Design criteria of spreading sequences, autocorrelation function and crosscorrelation function of spreading sequences
	 Intersymbol interference (ISI) and multiple access interference (MAI)
	 Pseudo noise (PN) sequences, maximum length sequences (m-sequences), Gold codes, Walsh-Hadamard codes, orthogonal variable spreading factor (OVSF) codes
	Multicode transmission
	 CDMA in uplink and downlink of a wireless communications system
	 Single-user detection vs. multi-user detection
Literature	K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner
	P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.
	J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.
	S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley
	R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge
	A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.
	D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.

ourse L0445: Digital Communications			
Тур	Recitation Section (large)		
Hrs/wk	2		
CP	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Course L0646: Laboratory Digital Communications			
Тур	Practical Course		
Hrs/wk	1		
СР	1		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14		
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	- DSL transmission		
	- Random processes		
	- Digital data transmission		
Literature	K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner		
	P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.		
	J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.		
	S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley		
	R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge		
	A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.		
	D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.		

Module M0837: Simul	ation of Communica	tion Networks				
Courses						
Title Simulation of Communication Netw	orks (L0887)		Typ Project-/problem-based	Learning	Hrs/wk 5	CP 6
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Knowledge of compute Basic programming ski 		works			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully	, students have reached t	ne following learning results			
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	Students are able to explain the necessary stochastics, the discrete event simulation technology and modelling of networks for performance evaluation.					
Skills	Students are able to apply the method of simulation for performance evaluation to different, also not practiced, problems of communication networks. The students can analyse the obtained results and explain the effects observed in the network. They are able to question their own results.					
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students are able to acquire are able to work out solutions		ups, present the results, and dis II teams.	cuss solu	tion approache	es and results. The
Autonomy			iscussion with others the acqui quire this knowledge independer		od and expert	knowledge to new
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110,	Study Time in Lecture 70)			
Credit points	6					
Course achievement	None					
Examination	Oral exam					
Examination duration and	30 min					
scale						
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specia	lisation Information and C	communication Systems: Elective	e Compuls	sory	
Following Curricula	Aircraft Systems Engineering:	Core Qualification: Electi	ve Compulsory			
			n Secure and Dependable IT Sys			Elective Compulsor
		-	n Communication Systems: Elec		-	
	-		ion II. Information Technology: E		ompulsory	
	-	- ·	ulation Technology: Elective Con ulation Technology: Elective Con			
	meoretical mechanical Engin	eening, specialisation SIM	and the children of the con	iipuisuiy		

Course L0887: Simulation of	Communication Networks
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	5
CP	6
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	In the course necessary basic stochastics and the discrete event simulation are introduced. Also simulation models for communication networks, for example, traffic models, mobility models and radio channel models are presented in the lecture. Students work with a simulation tool, where they can directly try out the acquired skills, algorithms and models. At the end of the course increasingly complex networks and protocols are considered and their performance is determined by simulation.
Literature	Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.

Module M1774: Advai	nced Internet Computing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	16)	Lecture	2	3
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	17)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Stefan Schulte			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Good programming skills are necessary. Previous knowledge in	the field of distributed systems is	helpful.	
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the follow	ing learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	After successful completion of the course, students are able to:			
	Describe basic concents of Cloud Computing the Internet	t of Things (IoT) and blockshain t	ochnologioc	
	Describe basic concepts of Cloud Computing, the Internet Discuss and access critical accests of Cloud Computing	-	-	
	Discuss and assess critical aspects of Cloud Computing,	-	les	
	Select and apply cloud and IoT technologies for particula			0
	 Design and develop practical solutions for the integration 	h of smart objects in IoT, Cloud, ar	nd blockchain	software
	Implement IoT services			
Skills	The students acquire the ability to model Internet-based dist	ributed systems and to work with	th these syste	ms. This comprise
	especially the ability to select and utilize fitting technologies	for different application areas. F	- urthermore, s	tudents are able
	critically assess the chosen technologies.			
Barranal Commetence				
Personal Competence	Chudente con werk en complex probleme beth independently or	d in terms. They can evaluate i	daaa with aaak	ather and use the
Social Competence	Students can work on complex problems both independently an	id in teams. They can exchange id	deas with eacr	i other and use the
	individual strengths to solve the problem.			
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investigate a complex prob	lem and assess which competenci	ies are require	d to solve it.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Subject theoretical and practical work			
Examination duration and	Group project incl. presentation (50 %), written exam (60 min,	50 %)		
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Eng	gineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Computer Science	cience: Elective Compulsory		
-	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Comm		e: Elective Co	mpulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Secure			

Course L2916: Advanced Inte	ernet Computing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 This lecture discusses modern Internet-based distributed systems in three blocks: (i) Cloud computing, (ii) the Internet of Things, and (iii) blockchain technologies. The following topics will be covered in the single lectures: Cloud Computing Elastic Computing Technologies for identification for the IoT: RFID & EPC Communication in the IoT: Standards and protocols Security and trust in the IoT: Concerns and solution approaches Edge and Fog Computing Application areas: Smart factories, smart cities, smart healthcare Blockchain technologies Consensus
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture

Course L2917: Advanced Inte	ernet Computing
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	This project-/problemoriented part of the module augments the theoretical content of the lecture by a concrete technical problem, which needs to be solved by the students in group work during the semester. Possible topics are (blockchain-based) sensor data integration, Big Data processing, Cloud-based redundant data storages, and Cloud-based Onion Routing.
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture.

Systems				
Module M0839: Traffi	c Engineering			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Seminar Traffic Engineering (L0902)	Seminar	2	2
Traffic Engineering (L0900)		Lecture	2	2
Traffic Engineering Exercises (L090	1)	Recitation Section	n (small) 1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Fundamentals of communication ofStochastics	or computer networks		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results			
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to describe methods for planning, optimisation and performance evaluation of communication networks.			
Skills	Students are able to solve typical planning and optimisation tasks for communication networks. Furthermore they are able evaluate the network performance using queuing theory. Students are able to apply independently what they have learned to other and new problems. They can present their results front of experts and discuss them.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy	Students are able to acquire the necessary expert knowledge to understand the functionality and performance of new communication networks independently.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Com	puter and Software Engineering: Elective	Compulsory	
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Info	ormation and Communication Systems: El	ective Compulsory	
	Information and Communication System	s: Specialisation Secure and Dependable I	IT Systems. Focus Network	s: Elective Compulse

Course L0902: Seminar Traff	ïc Engineering
Тур	Seminar
Hrs/wk	2
CP	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel, Dr. Phuong Nga Tran
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Selected applications of methods for planning, optimization, and performance evaluation of communication networks, which have
	been introduced in the traffic engineering lecture are prepared by the students and presented in a seminar.
Literature	 U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Vieweg + Teubner further literature announced in the lecture

Course L0900: Traffic Engineering	
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel, Dr. Phuong Nga Tran
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Network Planning and Optimization
	Linear Programming (LP)
	Network planning with LP solvers
	Planning of communication networks
	Queueing Theory for Communication Networks
	Stochastic processes
	Queueing systems
	Switches (circuit- and packet switching)
	Network of queues
Literature	Literatur:
	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Springer
	Weitere Literatur wird in der Lehrveranstaltung bekanntgegeben
	1
	Literature:
	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Springer
	further literature announced in the lecture

Course L0901: Traffic Engineering Exercises		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	1	
CP	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	Accompanying exercise for the traffic engineering course	
Literature	Literatur:	
	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Springer	
	Weitere Literatur wird in der Lehrveranstaltung bekanntgegeben / Literature:	
	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Springer	
	further literature announced in the lecture	

Focus Software and Signal Processing

Module M0738: Digita	al Audio Signal Processing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Digital Audio Signal Processing (L0	650)	Lecture	3	4
Digital Audio Signal Processing (L0	651)	Recitation Section (large)	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Udo Zölzer			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Signals and Systems			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached	the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge Skills	die wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erläutern und in Kategorien einordnen. Sie können einen Überblick der numerischen Methoden und messtechnischen Charakterisierung von Algorithmen zur Audiosignalverarbeitung geben. Sie können die erarbeiteten Algorithmen auf weitere Anwendungen im Bereich der Informationstechnik und Informatik abstrahieren.			
	The students will be able to apply methods and techniques from audio signal processing in the fields of mobile and internet communication. They can rely on elementary algorithms of audio signal processing in form of Matlab code and interactive JAVA applets. They can study parameter modifications and evaluate the influence on human perception and technical applications in a variety of applications beyond audio signal processing. Students can perform measurements in time and frequency domain in order to give objective and subjective quality measures with respect to the methods and applications.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students can work in small groups to study special tasks and problems and will be enforced to present their results with adequate methods during the exercise.			
Autonomy	The students will be able to retrieve information out of the relevant literature in the field and putt hem into the context of the lecture. They can relate their gathered knowledge and relate them to other lectures (signals and systems, digital communication systems, image and video processing, and pattern recognition). They will be prepared to understand and communicate problems and effects in the field audio signal processing.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	60 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and	Communication Systems: Elective Com	pulsory	
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisat	tion Communication Systems, Focus Sigr	nal Processing: El	ective Compulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Special	isation Secure and Dependable IT S	ystems, Focus S	oftware and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Co	mmunication and Signal Processing: Ele	ctive Compulsory	

Course L0650: Digital Audio	Signal Processing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
CP	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Udo Zölzer
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Introduction (Studio Technology, Digital Transmission Systems, Storage Media, Audio Components at Home)
	Quantization (Signal Quantization, Dither, Noise Shaping, Number Representation)
	• AD/DA Conversion (Methods, AD Converters, DA Converters, Audio Processing Systems, Digital Signal Processors, Digital Audio Interfaces, Single-Processor Systems, Multiprocessor Systems)
	• Equalizers (Recursive Audio Filters, Nonrecursive Audio Filters, Multi-Complementary Filter Bank)
	Room Simulation (Early Reflections, Subsequent Reverberation, Approximation of Room Impulse Responses)
	Dynamic Range Control (Static Curve, Dynamic Behavior, Implementation, Realization Aspects)
	Sampling Rate Conversion (Synchronous Conversion, Asynchronous Conversion, Interpolation Methods)
	Data Compression (Lossless Data Compression, Lossy Data Compression, Psychoacoustics, ISO-MPEG1 Audio Coding)
Literature	- U. Zölzer, Digitale Audiosignalverarbeitung, 3. Aufl., B.G. Teubner, 2005 .
	- U. Zölzer, Digitale Audio Signal Processing, 2nd Edition, J. Wiley & Sons, 2005.
	- U. Zölzer (Ed), Digital Audio Effects, 2nd Edition, J. Wiley & Sons, 2011.

Course L0651: Digital Audio	Course L0651: Digital Audio Signal Processing	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)	
Hrs/wk	1	
CP	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Udo Zölzer	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0733: Softw	vare Analysis			
Courses				
Title Software Analysis (L0631) Software Analysis (L0632)		Typ Lecture Recitation Section (small)	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 3 3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle Schupp	Recitation Dection (Smail)	-	5
Admission Requirements				
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Basic knowledge of software-engineering activities Discrete algebraic structures Object-oriented programming, algorithms, and data s Functional programming or Procedural programming 	tructures		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the fol	llowing learning results		
Skills Personal Competence Social Competence	Students apply the major approaches to data-flow analysis, control-flow analysis, and type-based analysis, along with their classification schemes, and employ abstract interpretation. They explain the standard forms of internal representations and models, including their mathematical structure and properties, and evaluate their suitability for a particular analysis. They explain and categorize the major analysis algorithms. They distinguish precise solutions from approximative approaches, and show termination and soundness properties. Presented with an analytical task for a software artifact, students select appropriate approaches from software analysis, and justify their choice. They design suitable representations by modifying standard representations. They develop customized analyses and devise them as safe overapproximations. They formulate analyses in a formal way and construct arguments for their correctness, behavior, and precision. Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their solutions orally. They communicate in English.			
Autonomy	Using accompanying on-line material for self study, students can assess their level of knowledge continuously and adjust it appropriately. Working on exercise problems, they receive additional feedback. Within limits, they can set their own learning goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field of software analysis. Within this field, they can conduct independent studies to acquire the necessary competencies and compile their findings in academic reports. They can devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and scale	software artifacts/mathematical write-ups; short presentatio	n		
Assignment for the	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Processing: Elective Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Cor			
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation II			

Course L0631: Software Anal	lysis	
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk		
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content		
	 Modeling: Control-Flow Modeling, Data Dependences, Intermediate Languages) Classical Bit-Vector Analyses (Reaching Definition, Very Busy Expressions, Liveness, Available Expressions, May/Must, Forward/Backward) Monotone Frameworks (Lattices, Transfer Functions, Ascending Chain Condition, Distributivity, Constant Propagation) Theory of Data-Flow Analysis (Tarski's Fixed Point Theorem, Data-Flow Equations, MFP Solution, MOP Solution, Worklist Algorithm) Non-Classical Data-Flow Analyses Abstract Interpretation (Galois Connections, Approximating Fixed Points, Construction Techniques) Type Systems (Type Derivation, Inference Trees, Algorithm W, Unification) Recent Developments of Analysis Techniques and Applications 	
Literature	 Flemming Nielsen, Hanne Nielsen, and Chris Hankin. Principles of Program Analysis. Springer, 2nd. ed. 2005. Uday Khedker, Amitabha Sanyal, and Bageshri Karkara. Data Flow Analysis: Theory and Practice. CRC Press, 2009. Benjamin Pierce, Types and Programming Languages, MIT Press. Selected research papers 	

Course L0632: Software Analysis	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M0556: Comp	outer Graphics			
6				
Courses				
Title Computer Graphics (L0145)		Typ Lecture	Hrs/wk 2	СР 3
Computer Graphics (L0145) Computer Graphics (L0768)		Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Tobias Knopp		_	-
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous				
Knowledge	Linear Algebra (in particular matrix/vector compu-	tation)		
	 Basic programming skills in C/C++ 			
		C U C C C C C C C C C C		
	After taking part successfully, students have reached the	e following learning results		
Professional Competence	Students can evolain and describe basis algorithms in 2	Computer graphics		
Knowledge	Students can explain and describe basic algorithms in 3	o computer graphics.		
Skills	Students are capable of			
Skins				
	 implementing a basic 3D rendering pipeline. This 	consists of projecting simple 3D stru	ictures (e.g. cube	e, spheres) onto a 2
	surface using a virtual camera.			
	 apply geometric transformations (e.g. rotation, see 		cs.	
	 using well-known 2D/3D APIs (OpenGL, Cairo) for 	solving a given problem statement.		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students can collaborate in a small team on the realizati	on and validation of a 3D computer g	raphics pipeline.	
Autonomy	 Students are able to solve simple tasks independ 	ently with reference to the contents o	of the lectures an	d the exercise sets.
	Students are able to solve detailed problems inde	ependently with the aid of the tutorial	's programming	task.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	90 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Softw	are Engineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula				Software and Signa
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	Communication Systems, Focus Sign	al Processing: El	ective Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisati	on II. Information Technology: Elective	e Compulsory	

Course L0145: Computer Gra	phics
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Computer graphics and animation are leading to an unprecedented visual revolution. The course deals with its technological foundations: • Object-oriented Computer Graphics • Projections and Transformations
	 Polygonal and Parametric Modelling Illuminating, Shading, Rendering Computer Animation Techniques Kinematics and Dynamics Effects
	Students will be be working on a series of mini-projects which will eventually evolve into a final project. Learning computer graphics and animation resembles learning a musical instrument. Therefore, doing your projects well and in time is essential for performing well on this course.
Literature	Alan H. Watt: 3D Computer Graphics. Harlow: Pearson (3rd ed., repr., 2009). Dariush Derakhshani: Introducing Autodesk Maya 2014. New York, NY : Wiley (2013).

Course L0768: Computer Graphics	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M1682: Secur	e Software Engineering			
-				
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Secure Software Engineering (L266		Lecture	2	3
Secure Software Engineering (L266		Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Familiarity with basic software engineering concepts (e.	g., requirements, design) and basic secu	rity concepts	(e.g., confidentiality
Knowledge	integrity, availability)			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students can:			
	Elicit security requirements in a software project			
	Model and document security measures in a soft	ware design		
	Use threat and risk analysis techniques			
	Understand how security code reviews are perfor			
	 Understand the core definitions of concepts related 	ed to privacy		
	 Understand privacy enhancing technologies 			
Skills	Select appropriate security assurance techniques to be	used in a security assurance program		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	None			
Autonomy	Students can apply the knowledge acquired throughout	the course to the resolution of industrial	case studies.	Students should also
	be capable to acquire new knowledge independently fro	m academic publications, techical standa	ards, and whit	e papers.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points				
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	120 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Softw	vare Engineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	n Communication Systems, Focus Softwar	e: Elective Co	mpulsory
-	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa			
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			5

Course L2667: Secure Softwa	are Engineering
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Secure software development processes and maturity models Techniques to define security requirements Techniques to create, document and analyse the design of secure applications Threat and risk analysis techniques Security code reviews Program repair techniques for security vulnerabilities Privacy engineering
Literature	Sindre, G. and Opdahl, A.L., 2005. Eliciting security requirements with misuse cases. Requirements engineering, 10(1), pp.34-44.
	Fontaine, P.J., Van Lamsweerde, A., Letier, E. and Darimont, R., 2001. Goal-oriented elaboration of security requirements. Mead, N.R. and Stehney, T., 2005. Security quality requirements engineering (SQUARE) methodology. ACM SIGSOFT Software Engineering Notes, 30(4), pp.1-7.
	Mirakhorli, M., Shin, Y., Cleland-Huang, J. and Cinar, M., 2012, June. A tactic-centric approach for automating traceability of quality concerns. In 2012 34th international conference on software engineering (ICSE) (pp. 639-649). IEEE.
	Jürjens, J., UMLsec: Extending UML for secure systems development, International Conference on The Unified Modeling Language, 2002
	Lund, M.S., Solhaug, B. and Stølen, K., 2011. A guided tour of the CORAS method. In Model-Driven Risk Analysis (pp. 23-43). Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.
	Howard, M.A., 2006. A process for performing security code reviews. IEEE Security & privacy, 4(4), pp.74-79
	Diaz, C. and Gürses, S., 2012. Understanding the landscape of privacy technologies. Proceedings of the information security summit, 12, pp.58-63.

Course L2668: Secure Software Engineering	
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Secure software development processes and maturity models Techniques to define security requirements Techniques to create, document and analyse the design of secure applications Threat and risk analysis techniques Security code reviews Program repair techniques for security vulnerabilities Privacy engineering
Literature	

Module M1700: Satel	ite Communications and Naviga	tion		
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Radio-Based Positioning and Naviga	ation (L2711)	Lecture	2	3
Satellite Communications (L2710)		Lecture	3	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Admission Requirements	None			
	The module is designed for a diverse audien	-	-	
Knowledge	engineering and signal processing are of a communications techniques such that on the o concepts and examples (e.g. modulation and o been treated in our other bachelor and master the ideas but may not be able to understand consideration in the oral exam.	one hand students with a communicatio coding schemes or signal processing cor courses. On the other hand, students w	ns engineering backgr acepts) which have not rith other background s	ound learn additiona or in a different way shall be able to grasp
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have re	ached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
<i>Noncege</i>	<i>ge</i> The students are able to understand, compare and analyse digital satellite communications system as well as navig techniques. They are familiar with principal ideas of the respective communications, signal processing and positioning met They can describe distortions and resulting limitations caused by transmission channels and hardware components. The describe how fundamental communications and navigation techniques are applied in selected practical systems. The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and tutorials. They can explain and apply them to new problems.		positioning methods imponents. They car ns.	
Skills	The students are able to describe and analyse analyse transmission chains including link budg system parameters for given scenarios.			-
Personal Competence				
-	The students can jointly solve specific problems	5.		
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant inform	mation from appropriate literature source	es.	
		cture 70		
Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale			Commuter	
-	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Informatic			Coffware and Circa
rollowing Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: S Processing: Elective Compulsory	peciansation secure and Dependable	ii bysteins, rocus :	soliware and signa
	Information and Communication Systems: Spec Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisati			

Course L2711: Radio-Based Positioning and Navigation		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
CP	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch, Dr. Ing. Rico Mendrzik	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	Information extraction from communication signals	
	Time-of-arrival principle	
	 Ranging in additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel 	
	Correlation-based range estimation	
	 Effect of multipath propagation on time-of-arrival principle 	
	 Zero-forcing range estimation in the presence of multipath 	
	 Optimum range estimation in the presence of multipath 	
	 Zero-forcing in presence of noise 	
	Angle-of-arrival principle	
	 Angle-of-arrival estimation in AWGN channel 	
	 Delay-and-sum estimator 	
	 Multiple Signal Classifier (MUSIC) 	
	 MUSIC-based angle-of-arrival estimation 	
	 Case study: Comparison of estimators in AWGN channels 	
	 Effect of multipath propagation on angle-of-arrival principle 	
	 Case study: Comparison of estimators in multipath channels 	
l	I	

Information fusion of extracted signals
Distance-based positioning
 Principle of time-of-arrival positioning
 Geometric interpretation
 Positioning in the absence of noise
 Linearization of the positioning problem
 Positioning in the presence of noise
 Optimality criteria
 Least squares time-of-arrival positioning
 Maximum likelihood time-of-arrival positioning
 Interactive Matlab demo Excursion: gradient descent solvers for penlinear programs
 Excursion: gradient descent solvers for nonlinear programs Real-life positioning with embedded development board (Arduino)
 Linearized least squares time-of-arrival positioning
 Effect of clock offsets on distance-based positioning
 Time-difference-of-arrival principle
 Least squares time-difference-of-arrival positioning
 Clock offset mitigation via two-way ranging
 Performance limits of distance-based positioning
 Fisher information and the Cramér-Rao lower bound
 Fisher information in the AWGN case
 Multi-variate Fisher information
 Cramér-Rao lower bound for synchronized time-of-arrival positioning Case study: Synchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 Case study. Synchronized time-of-arrival positioning Cramér-Rao lower bound for unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 Case study: Unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning
Angle-based Positioning
 Angle-of-arrival positioning principle
 Geometric interpretation angle-of-arrival positioning principle
 Noise-free angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 Effect of noise on angle-of-arrival positioning
 Least squares angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 Linear least squares angle-of-arrival positioning
Effect of orientation uncertainty
 Angle-difference-of-arrival positioning Geometric interpretation angle difference of arrival positioning
 Proof of angle-difference-of-arrival locus
Inscribed angle lemma
 Case study: Angle-difference-of-arrival-positioning
 Performance limits of angle-based positioning
 Cramér-Rao lower bound for angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 Case study: Angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
Information Filtering
Bayesian filtering Bringiple of Payagian filtering
 Principle of Bayesian filtering General Problem Formulation
 Solution to the linear Gaussian case
 State transition in the linear Gaussian case
 Proof of predicted posterior distribution of the Kalman filter
 State update in the linear Gaussian case
 Proof of marginal posterior distribution of the Kalman filter
 Working with Gaussian random variables
 Proof: Affine transformation
Proof: Marginalization
 Proof: Conditioning Kalman filter: Optimum Inference in the linear Gaussian case
 Modeling of process noise
 Modeling of process hoise Modeling of measurement noise
 Case study: Kalman filtering in the linear Gaussian case
 Interactive Kalman filtering in Matlab
 Dealing with nonlinearities in Bayesian filtering
 Nonlinear Gaussian case
 Extended Kalman filter
 Proof of predicted posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter Proof of many right posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter
 Proof of marginal posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter Example: Nonlinear state transition
Case study: Extended Kalman filtering
 Practical considerations for filter design
5

- Satellite Navigation
 - Overview from positioning perspective
 - Earth-centered earth-fixed (ECEF) coordinate system
 - World geodetic system (WGS)
 - Satellite navigation systems
 - System-receiver clock offsets and pseudo-ranges

	 Unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning revisited
	GPS legacy signals and ranging
	Signal overview
	 Time-of-arrival principle revisited
	 Direct sequence spread spectrum principle
	 Short and long codes
	 Satellite signal generation
	Carriers and codes
	 Correlation properties of codes
	 Code division multiple access in flat fading channels
	 Navigation message
	Velocity estimation
	• Hands-on case study: Design of an extended Kalman filter for satellite navigation based on recorded data
	Robust navigation
	 Multipath-assisted positioning in millimeter wave multiple antenna systems
	Multi-sensor fusion
Literature	

Turn	Lecture
Hrs/wk	
CP	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Introduction to satellite communications What is a satellite
	 Overview orbits, Van Allen Belt, components of a satellite Satellite services
	 Frequency bands for satellite services
	 International Telecommunications Union (ITU)
	 Influence of atmospheric impairments
	 Milestones in satellite communications
	Components of a satellite communications system
	 Ground segment
	• Space segment
	Control segment
	Communication links
	Uplink, downlink
	 Forward link, reverse link
	Intersatellite links
	 Multiple access
	 Performance measures
	 Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP), antenna gain, figure of merit, G/T, carrier to noise ratio
	 Signal to noise power ratio vs. carrier to noise ratio
	Single beam and multibeam satellites
	Beam coverage
	 Examples for beam coverage of LEO and GEO satellites (Iridium, Viasat)
	Transparent vs. regenerative payload
	Orbits
	 Low earth orbot (LEO), medium earth orbit (MEO), geosynchroneous and geostationary orbits (GEO), highly e orbits (HEO Favourable orbits:
	 HEO orbits with 63-64^o inclination, Molnya and Tundra orbits
	 Circular LEO orbits Circular MEO Orbits (Intermediate Circular Orbits (ICO))
	 Equatorial orbits, geostationary orbit (GEO)
	 Important aspects of LEO, MEO and GEO satellites
	Kepler's laws of planetary motion
	Gravitational force
	Parameters of ellipses and elliptical orbits
	 Major and minor half axis
	• Foci
	Eccentricity
	 Eccentric anomaly, mean anomaly, true anomaly
	• Area
	Orbit period
	Perigee, apogee
	 Distance of satellite from center of earth
	Construction of ellipses according to de La Hire

- Construction of ellipses according to de La Hire
- Orbital plane in space, inclination, right ascension (longitude) of ascending node, Vernal equinox

- Newton's laws of motion
- Newton's universal law of gravitation
- Energy of satellites: Potential energy, kinetic energy, total energy
- Instantaneous speed of a satellite
- Kepler's equation
- Satellite visibility, elevation
- Required number of LEO, MEO or GEO satellites for continuous earth coverage
- Satellite altitude and distance from a point on earth
- Choice of orbits
 - LEO, HEO, GEO
 - Elliptical orbits with non-zero inclination, Molnya orbits, Tundra orbits
 - Geosynchronous orbits
 - Parameters of geosynchronous orbits
 - Circular geosynchronous orbits
 - Inclined geosynchronous orbits
 - Quasi-zenith satellite systems (QZSS)
 - Syb-synchronous circular equatorial orbits
 - Geostationary orbit
 - Parameters of the geostationary orbit
 - Visibility
 - Propagation delay
 - Applications and system examples
- Perturbations of orbits
 - Station keeping
 - Station keeping box
 - Estimation of orbit parameters
- Fundamentals of digital communications techniques
 - Components of a digital communications system
 - Principles of encryption
 - Scrambling
 - Scrambling vs. interleaving for randomization of data sequences
 - $\circ \ \ \, \mbox{Interleaving: Block interleaver, convolutional interleaver, random interleaver}$
 - Digital modulation methods
 - Linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Linear digital modulation methods
 - QAM modulator and demodulator
 - Pulse shaping, square-root raised-cosine pulses
 - Average power spectral density
 - Signal space constellation
 - Examples: M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude shift keying (M-QAM)
 - M-PSK in noisy channels
 - Bit error probabilities of M-PSK and M-QAM
 - M-PSK vs. M-QAM
 - M-ary amplitude and phase shift keying (M-APSK)
 - M-APSK vs. M-QAM
 - Differential phase shift keying (DPSK)

Error control coding (channel coding)

- Error detecting and forward error correcting (FEC) codes
- Principle of channel coding
- Data rate, code rate, Baud rate, spectral efficiency of modulation and coding schemes
- Bandwidth-power trade-off, bandwidth-limited vs. power-limited transmission
- Coding and modulation for transparent vs. regenerative payload
- Block codes and convolutional codes
- Concatenated codes
- Bit-interleaved coded modulation
- Convolutional codes
- · Low density parity check (LDPC) codes, principle of message passing decoding, bit error rate performance
- · Cyclic block codes
 - Examples for cyclic block codes
 - Single errors vs. block errors, cyclic block codes for burst errors
 - Generator matrix, generator polynomials
 - Systematic encoding and syndrome determination with shift registers
 - Cyclic redundancy check (CRC) codes
- Automatic repeat request (ARQ)
 - Principle of ARQ
 - Stop-and-wait ARQ
 - Go-back-N ARQ
 - Selective-repeat ARQ
- Transmission gains and losses

Systems"	
	Antenna gain
	 Antenna radiation pattern
	 Maximum antenna gain, 3dB beamwidth
	 Maximum antenna gain of circular aperture
	 Maximum antenna gain of a geostationary satellite with global coverage
	 Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP)
	Power flux density
	Path loss
	 Free space loss, free space loss for geostationary satellites
	 Atmospheric loss
	 Received power
	 Losses in transmit and receive equipment
	Feeder loss
	 Depointing loss
	 Polarization mismatch loss
	 Combined effect of losses
	Noise
	Origins of noise
	White noise
	Noise power spectral density and noise power
	 Additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel model
	Antenna noise temperature
	Earth brightness temperature Grand to price ration
	Signal to noise ratios
	Atmospheric distortions Atmosphere of the earth. Transcribere, stratesphere, messenhere, thermosphere, executions
	 Atmosphere of the earth: Troposphere, stratosphere, mesosphere, thermosphere, exosphere Attenuation and depolarization due to rain, fog, rain and ice clouds, sandstorms
	Scintillation
	Faraday effect
	Multipath contributions
	Link budget calculations
	 GEO clear sky uplink and downlink
	 GEO uplink and downlink under rain conditions
	 Transparent vs. regenerative payload
	Link availability improvement through site diversity and adaptive transmission
	 Transparent vs. regenerative payload
	 Non-linear amplifiers
	Saleh model, Rapp model
	 Input and output back-off factor
	 Single carrier and multicarrier operation
	 Dimensioning of transmission parameters
	 Sources of noise: Thermal noise, interference, intermodulation products
	 Signal to noise ratio and bit error probability
	 Robustness against interference and non-linear channels
	Satellite networks
	Satellite network reference architectures
	Network topologies
	Network connectivity
	 Types of network connectivity
	 On-board connectivity
	 Inter-satellite links
	 Broadcast networks
	Satellite-based internet
	Satellite communications systems and standards examples
	The role of standards in satellite communications
	 The Digital Video Broadcast Satellite Standard: DVB-S, DVB-S2, DVB-S2X
	Satellites in 3GPP mobile communications networks
	LEO megaconstellations: SpaceX Starlink, Kuiper, OneWeb
	Space debris The Gamma Halasiah Harts mission
	• The German Heinrich Hertz mission

Literature

Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
GPU Architecture (L3039)		Lecture	3	4
GPU Architecture (L3040)		Project-/problem-based Learning	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Sohan Lal			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	An introductory module on computer			
Knowledge	engineering or computer architecture, and good program	nming skills in C/C++.		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge				
Skills				
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Softw	are Engineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	tion Secure and Dependable IT Syste	ems, Focus S	Software and Sig
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Embe	dded Systems: Elective Compulsory		

Course L3039: GPU Architect	rure
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Sohan Lal
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	- Review of computer architecture basics - measuring performance,
	benchmarks, five-stage RISC pipeline, caches
	- GPU basics - evolution of GPU computing, a high-level overview of a
	GPU architecture
	- GPU programming with CUDA - program structure, CUDA threads
	organization, warp/thread-block scheduling
	- GPU (micro) architecture - streaming multiprocessors, single
	instruction multiple threads (SIMT) core design, tensor/RT cores,
	mixed-precision support
	- GPU memory hierarchy - banked register file and operand collectors,
	shared memory, GPU caches (differences w.r.t. CPU caches), global memory
	- Branch and memory divergence - branch handling, stack-based
	reconvergence, memory coalescing, coalescer design
	- Barriers and synchronization
	- Temporal and spatial locality exploitation challenges in GPU caches
	- Global memory- high throughput requirements, GDDR/HBM, memory
	bandwidth optimization techniques
	- GPU research issues - performance bottlenecks, GPU power modeling,
	high-power consumption/energy efficiency, GPU security
	- Application case study - deep learning
	- Cycle accurate simulators for GPUs
	The learning in the lectures will be augmented by a semester-long
	problem-based project.
Literature	

Course L3040: GPU Architecture	
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	1
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Sohan Lal
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M13	301: Software Testing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Software Testing (L		Lecture	2	3
Software Testing (L		Project-/problem-based	d Learning 2	3
Module				
Responsible				
Admission Requirements				
Recommended				
Previous	Software Engineering			
Knowledge	Higher Programming Languages			
_	Object-Oriented Programming			
	Algorithms and Data Structures Experience with (Small) Software Projects			
	Experience with (Small) Software Projects Statistics			
Educational	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following lea	arning results		
Objectives				
Professional				
Competence				
Knowledge	Students explain the different phases of testing, describ	e fundamental		
	techniques of different types of testing, and paraphrase			
	principles of the corresponding test process. They give e			
	software development scenarios and the corresponding	test type and		
	technique. They explain algorithms used for particular te	esting		
	techniques and describe possible advantages and limita	ations.		
Skills	Students identify the appropriate testing type and techn problem. They adapt and execute respective algorithms concrete test technique properly. They interpret testing execute corresponding steps for proper re-test scenarios analyze test specifications. They apply bug finding techn non-trivial problems.	s to execute a results and s. They write and		
Personal				
Competence				
Social	Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their solutions of	orally.		
Competence	They communicate in English.			
Autonomy	Students can assess their level of knowledge continuously and adjust own learning goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify testing. Within this field, they can conduct independent studies to a devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones	y and precisely formulate new p	problems in academic or	applied research in the field
Workload in Hours				
Credit points	6			
Course				
achievement				
Examination				
duration and scale				
Assignment		ng: Elective Compulsory		
for the			lective Compulsory	
Following		-		essing: Elective Compulsory
Curricula			-	

Course L1791: Software Test	ing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Fundamentals of software testing Model-based testing Test automation Criteria-based testing
Literature	 M. Pezze and M. Young, Software Testing and Analysis, John Wiley 2008. P. Ammann and J. Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", 2nd edition 2016. A. Zeller: "Why Programs Fail: A Guide to Systematic Debugging", 2nd edition 2012.

Course L1792: Software Test	ting
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Fundamentals of software testing Model-based testing Test automation Criteria-based testing
	 M. Pezze and M. Young, Software Testing and Analysis, John Wiley 2008. P. Ammann and J. Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", 2nd edition 2015.

Module M1810: Autor	nomous Cyber-Physical Systems	5		
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Autonomous Cyber-Physical Syster Autonomous Cyber-Physical Syster		Lecture Recitation Section (small)	2	3 3
	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner		L	5
Admission Requirements				
Recommended Previous Knowledge		communication protocols	dule: Procedural I	Programming)
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have r	reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge				
Skills				
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in L	ecture 56		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	CompulsoryBonusFormNo10 %Attestation	Description		
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	90 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer	and Software Engineering: Elective Compulsor	4	
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisati	on I. Computer Science: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems:	Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT S	ystems, Focus S	Software and Sigr
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			

Course L3000: Autonomous	ourse L3000: Autonomous Cyber-Physical Systems	
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
CP	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content		
Literature		

Course L3001: Autonomous Cyber-Physical Systems	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M1598: Image	e Processing			
Courses				
Гitle		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
mage Processing (L2443)		Lecture	2	4
Image Processing (L2444)	I	Recitation Section (small)	2	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Tobias Knopp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Signal and Systems			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reache	ed the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students know about			
	 visual perception 			
	 multidimensional signal processing 			
	 sampling and sampling theorem 			
	 filtering 			
	image enhancement			
	edge detection			
	 multi-resolution procedures: Gauss and Lapla 	ace pyramid, wavelets		
	image compression			
	 image segmentation 			
	 morphological image processing 			
Skills	The students can			
	 analyze, process, and improve multidimensic 	nal image data		
	 implement simple compression algorithms 			
	 design custom filters for specific applications 			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence		pendently and in teams. They can exchang	ge ideas with eacl	n other and use th
	individual strengths to solve the problem.			
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investigate a co	mplex problem and assess which compete	encies are require	ed to solve it.
Warkland in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture	- 56		
Workload in Hours Credit points		2 50		
Course achievement				
	Written exam			
Examination duration and	90 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Data Science: Core Qualification: Elective Compulso	pry		
-	Data Science: Specialisation I. Mathematics/Compu	•		
	Data Science: Specialisation II. Computer Science: E	Elective Compulsory		
	Data Science: Specialisation IV. Special Focus Area:	Elective Compulsory		
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information ar	nd Communication Systems: Elective Com	pulsory	
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Medical Techn	ology: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Speci	alisation Secure and Dependable IT Sy	ystems, Focus S	oftware and Sigr
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialis	ation Communication Systems, Focus Sign	al Processing: Ele	ective Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Specia	lisation II. Information Technology: Elective	e Compulsory	
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Systems and	d Robotics: Elective Compulsory		
	1	a Compulson		
	Mechatronics: Specialisation System Design: Elective	e compulsory		
	Mechatronics: Specialisation System Design: Electiv Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Elective Compulso			
		ory	ctive Compulsory	

Course L2443: Image Proces	sing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 92, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	 Visual perception Multidimensional signal processing Sampling and sampling theorem Filtering Image enhancement Edge detection Multi-resolution procedures: Gauss and Laplace pyramid, wavelets Image Compression Segmentation Morphological image processing
Literature	Bredies/Lorenz, Mathematische Bildverarbeitung, Vieweg, 2011 Pratt, Digital Image Processing, Wiley, 2001 Bernd Jähne: Digitale Bildverarbeitung - Springer, Berlin 2005

Course L2444: Image Proces	ourse L2444: Image Processing	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
CP	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Courses					
Title Security of Oyber-Physical Systems (12601)			Typ Lecture	Hrs/wk	СР 3
Security of Cyber-Physical Systems (L2691) Security of Cyber-Physical Systems (L2692)			Recitation Section (sma		3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle				
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous Knowledge	IT security, programm	ing skills, statistics			
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students h	ave reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence					-
Knowledge	The students know an	d can explain			
	- the threats posed by	cyber attacks to cy	vber-physical systems (CPS)		
	- concrete attacks at a	a technical level, e.g	g. on bus systems		
	- security solutions sp	ecific to CPS with th	eir capabilities and limitations		
	- examples of security	architectures for C	PS and the requirements they guarantee		
	- standard security en	gineering processe	s for CPS		
Skills	The students are able to				
	- identify security three	eats and assess the	risks for a given CPS		
	- apply attack toolkits	s to analyse a netwo	orked control system, and detect attacks beyo	and those taught in cla	SS
	- identify and apply s	ecurity solutions su	itable to the requirements		
	- follow security engin	neering processes t	o develop a security architecture for a given C	CPS	
	- recognize challenge	s and limitations, e	g. posed by novel types of attack		
Personal Competence					
Social Competence	The students are able	to			
	- expertly discuss sec experts	curity risks and inc	idents of CPS and their mitigation in a solut	tion-oriented fashion v	with experts and no
	- foster a security cult	ure with respect to	CPS and the corresponding critical infrastruct	tures	
Autonomy	The students are able	to			
	- follow up and critical	ly assess current d	evelopments in the security of CPS including r	relevant security incide	ents
	- master a new topic within the area by self-study and self-initiated interaction with experts and peers.				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Tir	me 124, Study Time	e in Lecture 56		
Credit points	6				
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus	Form	Description		
F	No 10 %	Excercises	Die Übungsaufgaben finden semest	terbegleitend statt.	
Examination Examination duration and					
Examination duration and scale	120 min				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Sn	ecialisation I. Com	outer and Software Engineering: Elective Com	pulsory	
Following Curricula			Science: Elective Compulsory	P. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	
-			ocus Area: Elective Compulsory		
			lisation I. Computer Science: Elective Compuls	sory	
			ms: Specialisation Secure and Dependable		Software and Sigr
	Processing: Elective C	ompulsory			

Course L2691: Security of Cyber-Physical Systems		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk		
СР		
	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle	
Language		
Cycle		
Content	Embedded systems in energy, production, and transportation are currently undergoing a technological transition to highly networked automated cyber-physical systems (CPS). Such systems are potentially vulnerable to cyber attacks, and these can have physical impact. In this course we investigate security threats, solutions and architectures that are specific to CPS. The topics are as follows:	
	Fundamentals and motivating examples Networked and embedded control systems Bus system level attacks	
	Intruder detection systems (IDS), in particular physics-based IDS System security architectures, including cryptographic solutions Adversarial machine learning attacks in the physical world	
	Aspects of Location and Localization Wireless networks and infrastructures for critical applications Communication security architectures and remaining threats	
	Intruder detection systems (IDS), in particular data-centric IDS Resilience against multi-instance attacks Security Engineering of CPS: Process and Norms	
Literature	Recent scientific papers and reports in the public domain.	

Course L2692: Security of Cyber-Physical Systems		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
CP	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M-002: Maste	۲ Thesis
Courses	
Title	Typ Hrs/wk CP
Module Responsible	Professoren der TUHH
Admission Requirements	According to General Regulations §21 (1):
	At least 60 credit points have to be achieved in study programme. The examinations board decides on exceptions.
Recommended Previous	
Knowledge	
Educational Objectives Professional Competence	
Knowledge	
	 The students can use specialized knowledge (facts, theories, and methods) of their subject competently on specializ issues.
	 The students can explain in depth the relevant approaches and terminologies in one or more areas of their subjection
	describing current developments and taking up a critical position on them.
	• The students can place a research task in their subject area in its context and describe and critically assess the state
	research.
Skills	The students are able:
	• To select, apply and, if necessary, develop further methods that are suitable for solving the specialized problem in questio
	 To apply knowledge they have acquired and methods they have learnt in the course of their studies to complex and/
	incompletely defined problems in a solution-oriented way.
	 To develop new scientific findings in their subject area and subject them to a critical assessment.
Personal Competence	
Social Competence	Students can
	Both in writing and orally outline a scientific issue for an expert audience accurately, understandably and in a structur
	way.
	• Deal with issues competently in an expert discussion and answer them in a manner that is appropriate to the addresse
	while upholding their own assessments and viewpoints convincingly.
Autonomy	Students are able:
	 To structure a project of their own in work packages and to work them off accordingly.
	 To work their way in depth into a largely unknown subject and to access the information required for them to do so.
	• To apply the techniques of scientific work comprehensively in research of their own.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 900, Study Time in Lecture 0
Credit points	30
Course achievement	None
Examination	Thesis
Examination duration and	
scale	Civil Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
Following Curricula	
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Computer Science: Thesis: Compulsory
	Data Science: Thesis: Compulsory Electrical Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Energy Systems: Thesis: Compulsory
	Environmental Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Global Innovation Management: Thesis: Compulsory
	Computer Science in Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Thesis: Compulsory
	Interdisciplinary Mathematics: Thesis: Compulsory
	International Production Management: Thesis: Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Joint European Master in Environmental Studies - Cities and Sustainability: Thesis: Compulsory Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Thesis: Compulsory
	Aeronautics: Thesis: Compulsory
	Materials Science and Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Materials Science: Thesis: Compulsory
	Materials Science: Thesis: Compulsory Mechanical Engineering and Management: Thesis: Compulsory
	Materials Science: Thesis: Compulsory

Module Manual M.Sc. "Information and Communication Systems"			
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Thesis: Compulsory		
	Product Development, Materials and Production: Thesis: Compulsory		
	Renewable Energies: Thesis: Compulsory		
	Naval Architecture and Ocean Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory		
	Ship and Offshore Technology: Thesis: Compulsory		
	Teilstudiengang Lehramt Metalltechnik: Thesis: Compulsory		
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory		
	Process Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory		
	Water and Environmental Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory		
	Certification in Engineering & Advisory in Aviation: Thesis: Compulsory		