

Module Manual

Master of Science (M.Sc.)

Information and Communication Systems Dual study program

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Program description

Content

Among the industries with the greatest growth rates is the communications industry which, over the years, has achieved in its products the synergy of the classical disciplines of computer science and networking. The International Master Program Information and Communication Systems addresses this rapidly evolving area by laying in-depth foundations for the design and implementation of networking infrastructures, networked Cyber Physical Systems and the applications and services running on them.

The program is organized as a two-year course (four semesters) which starts on 1st of October each year. It includes around two semesters of lectures and practical courses and almost two semesters devoted to work in a research team (project work) and to the preparation of a master's thesis. The "Master of Science" degree will be awarded. Language of the program is English.

Graduates of the program are provided with the basics and knowledge that are required for a successful engineering activity in the information and communication technology in an international environment. They acquire extensive knowledge in the mathematical, engineering and scientific basic principles of this discipline based on a solid theoretical foundation including all the essential application-oriented aspects. Graduates are qualified to independently resolve problems in the information and communications technology and related disciplines.

The graduates are able to apply methods and procedures required to work on technical issues, as well as critically examine new insights to further develop and incorporate in their work. In this way, they are qualified to carry out their duties for society responsibly.

In addition to the foundational curriculum taught at TUHH, seminars on developing personal skills are integrated into the dual study programme, in the context of transfer between theory and practice. These seminars correspond to the modern professional requirements expected of an engineer, as well as promoting the link between the two places of learning.

The intensive dual courses at TUHH integrating practical experience consist of an academic-oriented and a practice-oriented element, which are completed at two places of learning. The academic-oriented element comprises study at TUHH. The practice-oriented element is coordinated with the study programme in terms of content and time, and consists of practical modules and phases spent in an affiliate company during periods when there are no lectures.

Career prospects

The study of Information and Communication Systems provides the in-depth training in the areas of Information and Communication Technology, Software Systems, IT Security and Signal Processing. This enables excellent career prospects both in the industrial as well as on the academic job market. The Master's degree qualifies graduates for doctoral studies.

In addition, students acquire basic professional and personal skills as part of the dual study programme that enable them to enter professional practice at an early stage and to go on to further study. Students also gain practical work experience through the integrated practical modules. Graduates of the dual course have broad foundational knowledge, fundamental skills for academic work and relevant personal competences.

Learning target

Knowledge

The students gain common knowledge from the core qualification and more specific knowledge depending on the selected specialisation. All students are able to describe information theory and coding basics.

Specialisation Communication Systems

Students can

- show their profound knowledge in digital communications,
- describe their specialized knowledge in communication networks,
- explain software development principles,
- explain signal processing fundamentals.

Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT Systems:

Students can

- give an overview of software verification,
- describe security principles for information and communication systems,
- explain their specialized knowledge in communication networks,
- describe software development and signal processing principles.

Skills

The ability to apply knowledge in order to perform tasks and solve problems will be supported in this course. Information and Communication Systems graduates are capable to

- solve problems in information and communication systems by applying and adapting techniques, procedures and methods that are required for a successful professional activity and by using engineering systematics,
- organize the planning of theoretical and experimental studies in order to develop optimal solutions for complex applications in information and
 communication technology and evaluate the solutions analyse problems using scientific systematics and solve them most effectively to develop
 economically viable approaches for products and systematically reflect non-technical implications of engineering activity to responsibly involve
 them in their actions,
- evaluate reliability of developed systems, prepare and review results of practical applications so that they can be used for systems optimization
- Investigate, evaluate and integrate new technologies, systems, architecture, services and applications for information and communication systems.

Social skills

The ability of target-oriented work in collaboration with others, communication, and understanding their interests and social situations are goals of this course. The students can

- present and argue the results of their work in written and oral form in an comprehensible way,
- communicate and collaborate with international professionals, also of other disciplines,
- collaborate in challenging projects of information and communications technology in a responsible position,
- develop ideas and solutions in team work.

Autonomy

The course helps to improve ability and readiness to act independently and responsibly, reflect own actions and the actions of others, and to develop

the own functioning. Information and Communication Systems students are capable to

- identify knowledge gaps and propose solutions to overcome these gaps,
- expand and deepen their knowledge and skills independently, taking into account ecological and economic demands responsibly,
- familiarize themselves with complex tasks, define new tasks and develop the necessary knowledge for solving it and to systematically apply appropriate means.

By continually switching places of learnings throughout the dual study programme, it is possible for theory and practice to be interlinked. Students reflect theoretically on their individual professional practical experience, and apply the results of their reflection to new forms of practice. They also test theoretical elements of the course in a practical setting, and use their findings as a stimulus for theoretical debate.

Program structure

The four-semester program is designed modularly and is based on the university-wide standardized course structure with uniform module sizes (multiples of six credit points (CP)).

Core qualification: 78 CP Specialization: 42 CP Master thesis: 30 CP

Total: 120 CP

The core qualification consists of the module Information Theory and Coding (6 CP), technical complementary courses (12 CP), Business & Management (6 CP), nontechnical complementary courses (6 CP) and research project with seminar (18 CP). The research project with seminar consists of a scientific thesis with documentation and accompanying presentations in a seminar among fellow students.

The students choose between two specialisations (42 CP each):

· Communication Systems

Containing: Communications, software, and signal processing

· Secure and Dependable IT Systems

Containing: IT security, networks, software and signal processing

Students write a master thesis (30 CP).

The structural model of the dual study programme follows a module-differentiating approach. Given the practice-oriented element, the curriculum of the dual study programme is different compared to a standard Bachelor's course. Five practical modules are completed at the dual students' partner company as part of corresponding practical terms during lecture-free periods.

Core Qualification

Module M0523: Busin	ess & Management
Module Responsible	Prof. Matthias Meyer
Admission Requirements	None
Recommended Previous	None
Knowledge	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results
Professional Competence	
Knowledge	 Students are able to find their way around selected special areas of management within the scope of business management. Students are able to explain basic theories, categories, and models in selected special areas of business management. Students are able to interrelate technical and management knowledge.
Skills	 Students are able to apply basic methods in selected areas of business management. Students are able to explain and give reasons for decision proposals on practical issues in areas of business management.
Personal Competence	
Social Competence	Students are able to communicate in small interdisciplinary groups and to jointly develop solutions for complex problems
Autonomy	Students are capable of acquiring necessary knowledge independently by means of research and preparation of material.
Workload in Hours	Depends on choice of courses
Credit points	6

Courses

Information regarding lectures and courses can be found in the corresponding module handbook published separately.

Module M1759: Linkin	g theory and practice (dual study program, Master's degree)
Module Responsible	Dr. Henning Haschke
Admission Requirements	None
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Successful completion of practical modules as part of the dual Bachelor's course Module "interlinking theory and practice as part of the dual Master's course"
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results
Professional Competence	
Knowledge	Dual students
	can describe and classify selected classic and current theories, concepts and methods
	related to project management and
	change and transformation management
	and apply them to specific situations, processes and plans in a personal, professional context.
Skills	Dual students
	 anticipate typical difficulties, positive and negative effects, as well as success and failure factors in the engineering sector, evaluate them and consider promising strategies and courses of action. develop specialised technical and conceptual skills to solve complex tasks and problems in their professional field or activity/work.
Personal Competence	
Social Competence	Dual students
	 can responsibly lead interdisciplinary teams within the framework of complex tasks and problems. engage in sector-specific and cross-sectoral discussions with experts, stakeholders and staff, representing their approaches, points of view and work results.
Autonomy	Dual students
	 define, reflect and evaluate goals and measures for complex application-oriented projects and change processes. shape their professional area of responsibility independently and sustainably. take responsibility for their actions and for the results of their work.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 96, Study Time in Lecture 84
Credit points	6
Course achievement	None
Examination	Written elaboration
Examination duration and	Studienbegleitende und semesterübergreifende Dokumentation: Die Leistungspunkte für das Modul werden durch die Anfertigung
scale	eines digitalen Lern- und Entwicklungsberichtes (E-Portfolio) erworben. Dabei handelt es sich um eine fortlaufende Dokumentation und Reflexion der Lernerfahrungen und der Kompetenzentwicklung im Bereich der Personalen Kompetenz.

Courses

Information regarding lectures and courses can be found in the corresponding module handbook published separately.

Module M1756: Pract	ical module 1 (dual study program, Master's degree)		
Courses			
Title Practical term 1 (dual study program	Typ m. Master's degree) (L2887)	Hrs/wk CP 0 10	
Module Responsible		V 10	
Admission Requirements			
Recommended Previous	Successful completion of a compatible dual R.Sc. at TIL Hamburg or comparable	p practical work experience and competences	
Knowledge	 Successful completion of a compatible dual B.Sc. at TU Hamburg or comparable in the area of interlinking theory and practice 	practical work experience and competences	
	Course D from the module on interlinking theory and practice as part of the dua	al Master's course	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence	Arter taxing part successionly, students have reached the following learning results		
_	Dual students		
	 combine their knowledge of facts, principles, theories and methods gained practical knowledge - in particular their knowledge of practical professional pro of activity in engineering. have a critical understanding of the practical applications of their engineering. 	ocedures and approaches, in the current field	
Skills	Dual students		
	 apply technical theoretical knowledge to complex, interdisciplinary problems within the company, and evaluate the associated work processes and results, taking into account different possible courses of action. implement the university's application recommendations with regard to their current tasks. develop solutions as well as procedures and approaches in their field of activity and area of responsibility. 		
Personal Competence			
Social Competence	Dual students		
	 work responsibly in project teams within their working area and proactively d represent complex engineering viewpoints, facts, problems and solution a external stakeholders. 		
Autonomy	Dual students		
	 define goals for their own learning and working processes as engineers. reflect on learning and work processes in their area of responsibility. reflect on the relevance of subject modules specialisations and special implement the university's application recommendations and the associated between theory and practice. 		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 300, Study Time in Lecture 0		
Credit points	10		
Course achievement			
	Written elaboration		
	Documentation accompanying studies and across semesters: Module credit points are development report (e-portfolio). This documents and reflects individual learning explications in the process of the pr	periences and skills development relating to ne partner company provides proof to the	
Assignment for the	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	International Management and Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Materials Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory Mechanical Engineering and Management: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Biomedical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Product Development, Materials and Production: Core Qualification: Compulsory Renewable Energies: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Naval Architecture and Ocean Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Process Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Water and Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
	Water and Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory		

Course L2887: Practical term	1 (dual study program, Master's degree)	
Тур		
Hrs/wk	0	
СР	10	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 300, Study Time in Lecture 0	
Lecturer	Dr. Henning Haschke	
Language	DE	
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe	
Content	Company onboarding process	
	 Assigning a professional field of activity as an engineer (B.Sc.) and associated fields of work Establishing responsibilities and authorisation of the dual student within the company as an engineer (B.Sc.) Working independently in a team and on selected projects - across departments and, if applicable, across companies Scheduling the current practical module with a clear correlation to work structures Scheduling the examination phase/subsequent study semester Operational knowledge and skills Company-specific: Responsibility as an engineer (B.Sc.) in their own area of work, coordinating team and project work, dealing with complex contexts and unsolved problems, developing and implementing innovative solutions Subject specialisation (corresponding to the chosen course [M.Sc.]) in the field of activity Systemic skills Implementing the university's application recommendations (theory-practice transfer) in corresponding work and task areas across the company 	
	Sharing/reflecting on learning	
	 Creating an e-portfolio Importance of course contents (M.Sc.) when working as an engineer Importance of development and innovation when working as an engineer 	
Literature	Studierendenhandbuch Betriebliche Dokumente Hochschulseitige Handlungsempfehlungen zum Theorie-Praxis-Transfer	

Module M0673: Inform	nation Theory and Coding			
Courses				
Title	426)	Typ Lecture	Hrs/wk 3	CP 4
Information Theory and Coding (LOInformation Theory and Coding (LO		Recitation Section (large)	2	2
Module Responsible		recitation section (large)	2	2
Admission Requirements				
Recommended Previous	None			
Knowledge	Mathematics 1-3			
i.i.o.ii.ougo	 Probability theory and random processes 			
	Basic knowledge of communications engineering	(e.g. from lecture "Fundamentals	of Communic	ations and Random
	Processes")			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the fo	llowing learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students know the basic definitions for quantification of	of information in the sense of inform	nation theory. T	ney know Shannon's
	source coding theorem and channel coding theorem and a	ire able to determine theoretical li	mits of data cor	mpression and error-
	free data transmission over noisy channels. They understand the principles of source coding as well as error-detecting and error-			
	correcting channel coding. They are familiar with the principles of decoding, in particular with modern methods of iterative			
	decoding. They know fundamental coding schemes, their properties and decoding algorithms.			
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and tutorials. They can explain and apply them to new problems.			
Skills	The students are able to determine the limits of data compression as well as of data transmission through noisy channels and			
	based on those limits to design basic parameters of a transmission scheme. They can estimate the parameters of an error-			
	detecting or error-correcting channel coding scheme for achieving certain performance targets. They are able to compare the			
	properties of basic channel coding and decoding schemes regarding error correction capabilities, decoding delay, decoding			
	complexity and to decide for a suitable method. They are capable of implementing basic coding and decoding schemes in			
	software.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific problems.			
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant information from appropriate literature sources. They can control their level of			
	knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems, software tools, clicker system.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	90 min			
scale				
_	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Comn		ulsory	
Following Curricula				
	Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification			
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation I		ompulsory	
	Mechatronics: Technical Complementary Course: Elective C	ompulsory		

Course L0436: Information T	heory and Coding	
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	3	
СР	4	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42	
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	Introduction to information theory and coding	
	Definitions of information: Self information, entropy	
	Binary entropy function	
	Source coding theorem	
	Entropy of continuous random variables: Differential entropy, differential entropy of uniformly and Gaussian distributed	
	random variables	
	Source coding	
	Principles of lossless source coding	
	Optimal source codes	
	 Prefix codes, prefix-free codes, instantaneous codes 	
	Morse code	
	Huffman code	
	Shannon code	
	Bounds on the average codeword length	
	Relative entropy, Kullback-Leibler distance, Kullback-Leibler divergence	
	Cross entropy	
	Lempel-Ziv Malch (LZW) algorithm	
	Lempel-Ziv-Welch (LZW) algorithm	

- Text compression and image compression using variants of the Lempel-Ziv algorithm
- Channel models
 - AWGN channel
 - · Binary-input AWGN channel
 - Binary symmetric channel (BSC)
 - Relationship between AWGN channel and BSC
 - Binary error and erasure channel (BEEC)
 - · Binary erasure channel (BEC)
 - o Discrete memoryless channels (DMC)
- Definitions of information for multiple random variables
 - Mutual information and channel capacity
 - Entropy, conditional entropy
 - Chain rules for entropy and mutual information
- · Channel coding theorem
- Channel capacity of fundamental channels: BSC, BEC, AWGN channel, binary-input AWGN channel etc.
- Power-limited vs. bandlimited transmission
- · Capacity of parallel AWGN channels
 - Waterfilling
 - Examples: Multiple input multiple output (MIMO) channels, complex equivalent baseband channels, orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM)
- Source-channel coding theorem, separation theorem
- Multiuser information theory
 - Multiple access channel (MAC)
 - Broadcast channel
 - Principles of multiple access, time division multiple access (TDMA), frequency division multiple access (FDMA), nonorthogonal multiple access (NOMA), hybrid multiple access
 - Achievable rate regions of TDMA and FDMA with power constraint, energy constraint, power spectral density constraint, respectively
 - Achievable rate region of the two-user and K-user multiple access channels
 - o Achievable rate region of the two-user and K user broadcast channels
 - · Multiuser diversity
- · Channel coding
 - o Principles and types of channel coding
 - Code rate, data rate, Hamming distance, minimum Hamming distance, Hamming weight, minimum Hamming weight
 - Error detecting and error correcting codes
 - Simple block codes: Repetition codes, single parity check codes, Hamming code, etc.
 - o Syndrome decoding
 - Representations of binary data
 - Non-binary symbol alphabets and non-binary codes
 - Code and encoder, systematic and non-systematic encoders
 - Properties of Hamming distance and Hamming weight
 - Decoding spheres
 - Perfect codes
 - Linear codes
 - Decoding principles
 - Syndrome decoding
 - Maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) decoding and maximum likelihood (ML) decoding
 - Hard decision and soft decision decoding
 - Log-likelihood ratios (LLRs), boxplus operation
 - MAP and ML decoding using log-likelihood ratios
 - Soft-in soft-out decoders
 - $\circ~$ Error rate performance comparison of codes in terms of SNR per info bit vs. SNR per code bit
 - Linear block codes
 - Generator matrix and parity check matrix, properties of generator matrix and parity check matrix
 - Dual codes
 - Low density parity check (LDPC) codes
 - Sparse parity check matrix
 - Tanner graphs, cycles and girth
 - Degree distributions
 - Code rate and degree distribution
 - Regular and irregular LDPC codes
 - Message passing decoding
 - Message passing decoding in binary erasure channels (BEC)
 - Systematic encoding using erasure message passing decoding
 - Message passing decoding in binary symmetric channels (BSC)
 - Extrinsic information
 - Bit-flipping decoding
 - Effects of short cycles in the Tanner graph
 - Alternative bit-flipping decoding
 - Soft decision message passing decoding: Sum product decoding
 - Bit error rate performance of LDPC codes
 - Repeat accumulate codes and variants of repeat accumulate codes
 - Message passing decoding and turbo decoding of repeat accumulate codes
 - Convolutional codes
 - Encoding using shift registers

Systems"	
	 Trellis representation
	 Hard decision and soft decision Viterbi decoding
	 Bit error rate performance of convolutional codes
	 Asymptotic coding gain
	 Viterbi decoding complexity
	 Free distance and optimum convolutional codes
	 Generator polynomial description and octal description
	 Catastrophic convolutional codes
	 Non-systematic and recursive systematic convolutional (RSC) encoders
	 Rate compatible punctured convolutional (RCPC) codes
	 Hybrid automatic repeat request (HARQ) with incremental redundancy
	 Unequal error protection with punctured convolutional codes
	■ Error patterns of convolutional codes
	Concatenated codes
	Serial concatenated codes
	Parallel concatenated codes, Turbo codes
	 Iterative decoding, turbo decoding
	 Bit error rate performance of turbo codes
	Interleaver design for turbo codes
	Coded modulation
	Principle of coded modulation
	 Achievable rates with PSK/QAM modulation
	Trellis coded modulation (TCM)
	Set partitioning
	Ungerböck codes
	Multilevel coding
	 Bit-interleaved coded modulation
Literature	Bossert, M.: Kanalcodierung. Oldenbourg.
	Friedrichs, B.: Kanalcodierung. Springer.
	Lin, S., Costello, D.: Error Control Coding. Prentice Hall.
	Roth, R.: Introduction to Coding Theory.
	Johnson, S.: Iterative Error Correction. Cambridge.

Course L0438: Information Theory and Coding	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Richardson, T., Urbanke, R.: Modern Coding Theory. Cambridge University Press.

Gallager, R. G.: Information theory and reliable communication. Whiley-VCH

Cover, T., Thomas, J.: Elements of information theory. Wiley.

Module M1246: Technical Complementary Course for IMPICS (according to Subject Specific Regulations)			
Courses			
Title	Typ Hrs/wk CP		
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel		
Admission Requirements	None		
Recommended Previous			
Knowledge			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence			
Knowledge			
Skills			
Personal Competence			
Social Competence			
Autonomy			
Workload in Hours	Depends on choice of courses		
Credit points	12		
Assignment for the	Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory		
Following Curricula			

Courses		
Title	Тур	Hrs/wk CP
Practical term 2 (dual study progra	m, Master's degree) (L2888)	0 10
Module Responsible	Dr. Henning Haschke	
Admission Requirements	None	
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Successful completion of practical module 1 as part of the dual Master's cours course D from the module on interlinking theory and practice as part of the dual 	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results	
Professional Competence		
Knowledge	Dual students	
	 combine their knowledge of facts, principles, theories and methods gainst practical knowledge - in particular their knowledge of practical professional p of activity in engineering. have a critical understanding of the practical applications of their engineering. 	rocedures and approaches, in the current fiel
Skills	Dual students	
	 apply technical theoretical knowledge to complex, interdisciplinary prot associated work processes and results, taking into account different possible or implement the university's application recommendations with regard to the develop (new) solutions as well as procedures and approaches in their including in the case of frequently changing requirements (systemic skills). 	courses of action. eir current tasks.
Personal Competence		
Social Competence	Dual students	
	 work responsibly in cross-departmental and interdisciplinary project tear their team. represent complex engineering viewpoints, facts, problems and solution external stakeholders and develop these further together. 	
Autonomy	Dual students	
	 define goals for their own learning and working processes as engineers. reflect on learning and work processes in their area of responsibility. reflect on the relevance of subject modules specialisations and speci implement the university's application recommendations and the associated between theory and practice. 	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 300, Study Time in Lecture 0	
Credit points	10	
Course achievement	None	
	Written elaboration	
Examination duration and scale	Documentation accompanying studies and across semesters: Module credit points a development report (e-portfolio). This documents and reflects individual learning e interlinking theory and practice, as well as professional practice. In addition, dual@TUHH Coordination Office that the dual student has completed the practical ph	experiences and skills development relating to the partner company provides proof to the
Assignment for the	Civil Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
Following Curricula	Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Computer Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Core Qualification: Compulsory International Management and Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Materials Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Mechanical Engineering and Management: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Compulsory Biomedical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Product Development, Materials and Production: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Renewable Energies: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Naval Architecture and Ocean Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Process Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory	

ourse L2888: Practical term	n 2 (dual study program, Master's degree)
Тур	
Hrs/wk	0
СР	10
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 300, Study Time in Lecture 0
Lecturer	Dr. Henning Haschke
Language	DE
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe
Content	Company onboarding process
	 Assigning a professional field of activity as an engineer (B.Sc.) and associated fields of work Establishing responsibilities and authorisation of the dual student within the company as an engineer (B.Sc.) Taking personal responsibility within a team and on selected projects - across departments and, if applicable, across companies Scheduling the current practical module with a clear correlation to work structures Scheduling the examination phase/subsequent study semester Operational knowledge and skills Company-specific: Responsibility as an engineer (B.Sc.) in their own area of work, coordinating team and project work dealing with complex contexts and unsolved problems, developing and implementing innovative solutions Subject specialisation (corresponding to the chosen course [M.Sc.]) in the field of activity Systemic skills Implementing the university's application recommendations (theory-practice transfer) in corresponding work and task area
	across the company Sharing/reflecting on learning
	 Updating their e-portfolio Importance of course contents (M.Sc.) when working as an engineer Importance of development and innovation when working as an engineer
Literature	Studierendenhandbuch Betriebliche Dokumente Hochschulseitige Anwendungsempfehlungen zum Theorie-Praxis-Transfer

Module M1776: Resea	arch Project ICS			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Research Project ICS (L2919)		Projection Course	8	12
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge and techniques in the chosen field	of specialization.		
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reache	ed the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to acquire advanced knowledge in a specific field of Computer Science or a closely related subject.			
Skills	Students are able to work self-dependent in a field of Computer Science or a closely related field.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 248, Study Time in Lecture	e 112		
Credit points	12			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Study work		•	•
Examination duration and	Presentation of a current research topic (25-30 min	and 5 min discussion)	•	•
scale				
Assignment for the	Information and Communication Systems: Core Qua	lification: Compulsory		
Following Curricula				

Course L2919: Research Proj	ourse L2919: Research Project ICS			
Тур	Projection Course			
Hrs/wk	8			
СР	12			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 248, Study Time in Lecture 112			
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E			
Language	N .			
Cycle	WiSe			
Content	Current research topics of the chosen specialization.			
Literature	Aktuelle Literatur zu Forschungsthemen aus der gewählten Vertiefungsrichtung.			
	1			
	Current literature on research topics of the chosen specialization.			

ourses				
itle		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
actical term 3 (dual study progra	m, Master's degree) (L2889)		0	10
Module Responsible	Dr. Henning Haschke			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Successful completion of practical i	module 2 as part of the dual Master's course		
Knowledge	course E from the module on interli	linking theory and practice as part of the dual	Master's course	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students ha	avo reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence	Arter taking part successiony, students na	ave reached the following learning results		
-	Dual students			
	strategy-oriented practical knowled	and specialised engineering knowledge acqu dge gained from their current field of work and of the practical applications of their engineer	d area of responsibility.	
Skills	Dual students			
	evaluate the associated work proce implement the university's applie develop new solutions as well as when facing frequently changing re	al skills to solve complex, sometimes interdis esses and results, taking into account differen ication recommendations with regard to their is procedures and approaches to implement of equirements and unpredictable changes (systi- develop new ideas and procedures for open	nt possible courses of accurrent tasks. operational projects and temporational projects and temporations.	d assignments - eve
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Dual students			
	a work responsibly in cross done	urtmental and interdisciplinary project teams	and proactively deal v	with problems with
	their team.	rtmental and interdisciplinary project teams	and proactively deal t	with problems with
		evelopment of others in a targeted manner.		
		ciplinary engineering viewpoints, facts, probl	lems and solution appro	aches in discussion
		lders and develop these further together.		
Autonomy	Dual students			
	reflect on learning and work prod	cesses in their area of responsibility.		
	define goals for new application	n-oriented tasks, projects and innovation plans	s while reflecting on po	tential effects on th
	company and the public.			
	reflect on the relevance of are	reas of specialisation and research for work	k as an engineer, and	also implement th
	university's application recommen	ndations and the associated challenges to po	sitively transfer knowle	edge between theo
	and practice.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 300, Study Time	o in Locturo 0		
	, , ,	: III Lecture 0		
Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination				
		nd across semesters: Module credit points are		
scale		ocuments and reflects individual learning exp ell as professional practice. In addition, the		
		dual student has completed the practical phase		ovides proof to ti
Assignment for the			JC.	
Following Curricula				
ronowing curricula	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Con	• •		
	Computer Science: Core Qualification: Cor	· ·		
	Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification:	: Compulsory		
	Energy Systems: Core Qualification: Comp	pulsory		
	Environmental Engineering: Core Qualifica	ation: Compulsory		
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualifi	ication: Compulsory		
	Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qu	ualification: Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems:			
	International Management and Engineerin			
	Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Core	· ·		
	Materials Science: Core Qualification: Corr			
	Machanical Engineering and Marine			
	Mechanical Engineering and Management	· ·		
	Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Compuls	sory		
	Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Compuls Biomedical Engineering: Core Qualification	sory n: Compulsory		
	Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Compuls	sory on: Compulsory Qualification: Compulsory		
	Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Compuls Biomedical Engineering: Core Qualification Microelectronics and Microsystems: Core	sory on: Compulsory Qualification: Compulsory duction: Core Qualification: Compulsory		

Naval Architecture and Ocean Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory Process Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory

water and Environmental Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory

Course L2889: Practical term	n 3 (dual study program, Master's degree)			
Тур				
Hrs/wk	0			
СР	10			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 300, Study Time in Lecture 0			
Lecturer	Dr. Henning Haschke			
Language	DE			
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe			
Content	Company onboarding process			
	Assigning a future professional field of activity as an engineer (M.Sc.) and associated fields of work			
	 Extending responsibilities and authorisation of the dual student within the company up to the intended first assignment after completing their studies 			
	 Working responsibly in a team; project responsibility within own area - as well as across divisions and companies if necessary 			
	Scheduling the final practical module with a clear correlation to work structures			
	Internal agreement on a potential topic or innovation project for the Master's dissertation			
	Planning the Master's dissertation within the company in cooperation with TU Hamburg			
	Scheduling the examination phase/subsequent study semester			
	Operational knowledge and skills			
	 Company-specific: dealing with change, project and team development, responsibility as an engineer in their future field of work (M.Sc.), dealing with complex contexts, frequent and unpredictable changes, developing and implementing innovative solutions Specialising in one field of work (final dissertation) Systemic skills 			
	 Implementing the university's application recommendations (theory-practice transfer) in corresponding work and task areas across the company 			
	Sharing/reflecting on learning			
	 E-portfolio Relevance of study content and personal specialisation when working as an engineer Relevance of research and innovation when working as an engineer 			
Literature	Studierendenhandbuch betriebliche Dokumente Hochschulseitige Anwendungsempfehlungen zum Theorie-Praxis-Transfer			

Specialization Communication Systems

Graduates of the Communication Systems specialisation are qualified to independently resolve problems in communication networks and digital communications. They also have profound knowledge in software development principles and signal processing. Graduates are qualified to independently resolve problems in communication systems technology and related disciplines.

The Communication Systems specialisation is recommended for students who already bring along a good mathematical foundation, basic knowledge in computer science and/or electrical engineering with focus on information and communication technology.

Module M0676: Digita	al Communicati	ons				
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Digital Communications (L0444)				Lecture	2	3
Digital Communications (L0445)				Recitation Section (large)	2	2
Laboratory Digital Communications	(L0646)			Practical Course	1	1
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Mathematics 1-	.3				
Knowledge	Signals and Sys					
		of Communications and	Random Processes			
	- Turidamentals					
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students have	reached the following	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	The students are able	to understand, compar	re and design mode	rn digital information transr	nission schemes. T	hey are familiar with
	the properties of linea	ar and non-linear digita	I modulation metho	ds. They can describe disto	rtions caused by tr	ansmission channels
	_		-	ion and equalization. They		les of single carrier
	transmission and mul-	ti-carrier transmission a	s well as the fundar	mentals of basic multiple ac	cess schemes.	
	The students are fami	liar with the contents o	f lecture and tutoria	als. They can explain and ap	ply them to new p	roblems.
Skille	The students are able	to docion and analysis	a digital informatio	n transmission scheme incl	uding multiple acco	oss. Thoy are able to
Skiiis			-			-
	choose a digital modulation scheme taking into account transmission rate, required bandwidth, error probability, and further signal properties. They can design an appropriate detector including channel estimation and equalization taking into account					
		erformance and complexity properties of suboptimum solutions. They are able to set parameters of a single carrier or multi carrier				
	1	and trade the propertie				
Personal Competence						
	The students can join	ly solve specific proble	ms.			
Autonomy	The students are ah	le to acquire relevant	information from	appropriate literature sou	rces They can co	ontrol their level of
Autonomy		·		s, software tools, clicker sys	•	ontrol their level of
	miomicage daring are	receare period by sorri	ng tatorial problems	,, soremane cools, ellener sys		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Ti	me 110, Study Time in	Lecture 70			
Credit points						
Course achievement		Form	Description			
	Yes None	Written elaboration				
Examination						
Examination duration and	90 min					
scale	EL LE	0 0 110 11 0				
Assignment for the		: Core Qualification: Co		Salaman Elastina Gamanilan		
Following Curricula				Science: Elective Compulsor	•	
				inication Systems: Compuls and Dependable IT Systems	-	Flactive Compulsory
				ormation Technology: Electi		Liective Compuisory
	_		•	ectrical Engineering: Elective		
		Microsystems: Core Qua			. 00111pui301 y	
	crocicca offics affa f	objection core Que	cadion. Elective (55pai50i y		

Course L0444: Digital Comm	unications
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Repetition: Baseband Transmission Pulse shaping: Non-return to zero (NRZ) rectangular pulses, raised-cosine pulses, square-root raised-cosine pulses Power spectral density (psd) of baseband signals Intersymbol interference (ISI) First and second Nyquist criterion AWGN channel Matched filter Matched-filter receiver and correlation receiver Noise whitening matched filter

- Discrete-time AWGN channel model
- Representation of bandpass signals and systems in the equivalent baseband
 - Quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM)
 - Equivalent baseband signal and system
 - Analytical signal
 - Equivalent baseband random process, equivalent baseband white Gaussian noise process
 - · Equivalent baseband AWGN channel
 - Equivalent baseband channel model with frequency-offset and phase noise
 - o Equivalent baseband Rayleigh fading and Rice fading channel models
 - Equivalent baseband frequency-selective channel model
 - Discrete memoryless channels (DMC)
- Bandpass transmission via carrier modulation
 - Amplitude modulation, frequency modulation, phase modulation
 - Linear digital modulation methods
 - On-off keying, M-ary amplitude shift keying (M-ASK), M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude modulation (M-QAM), offset-QPSK
 - Signal space representation of transmit signal constellations and signals
 - Energy of linear digital modulated signals, average energy per symbol
 - Power spectral density of linear digital modulated signals
 - Bandwidth efficiency
 - Correlation coefficient of elementary signals
 - Error probabilities of linear digital modulation methods
 - Frror functions
 - Gray mapping and natural mapping
 - Bit error probabilities, symbol error probabilities, pairwise symbol error probabilities
 - Euclidean distance and Hamming distance
 - Exact and approximate computation of error probabilities
 - Performance comparison of modulation schemes in terms of per bit SNR vs. per symbol SNR
 - Hierarchical modulation, multilevel modulation
 - Effects of carrier phase offset and carrier frequency offset
 - Differential modulation
 - M-ary differential phase shift keying (M-PSK)
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of DPSK
 - p/M-differential phase shift keying (p/M-DPSK)
 - Differential amplitude and phase shift keying (DAPSK)
 - Non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Frequency shift keying (FSK)
 - Modulation index
 - Minimum shift keving (MSK)
 - Offset-QPSK representation of MSK
 - MSK with differential precoding and rotation
 - Bit error probabilities of MSK
 - Gaussian minimum shift keying (GMSK)
 - Power spectral density of MSK and GMSK
 - Continuous phase modulation (CPM)
 - General description of CPM signals
 - Frequency pulses and phase pulses
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of FSK
 - Performance comparison of linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
- Frequency-selective channels, ISI channels
 - Intersymbol interference and frequency-selectivity
 - RMS delay spread
 - Narrowband and broadband channels
 - Equivalent baseband transmission model for frequency-selective channels
 - Receive filter design
- Equalization
 - Symbol-spaced and fractionally-spaced equalizers
 - Inverse system
 - Non-recursive linear equalizers
 - Linear zero-forcing (ZF) equalizer
 - Linear minimum mean squared error (MMSE) equalizer
 - Non-linear equalization:
 - Decision feedback equalizer (DFE)
 - Tomlinson-Harashima precoding
 - Maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) and maximum likelihood equalizer, Viterbi algorithm
- Single-carrier vs. multi-carrier transmission
- Multi-carrier transmission
 - General multicarrier transmission
 - Orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM)
 - OFDM implementation using the Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
 - Cyclic guard interval
 - Power spectral density of OFDM
 - Peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR)
- Multiple access
 - Principles of time division multiple access (TDMA), frequency division multiple access (FDMA), code division multiple

Systems					
	access (CDMA), non-orthogonal multiple access (NOMA), hybrid multiple access				
	Spread spectrum communications				
	 Direct sequence spread spectrum communications 				
	Frequency hopping				
	 Protection against eavesdropping 				
	 Protection against narrowband jammers 				
	Short vs. long spreading codes				
	 Direct sequence spread spectrum communications in frequency-selective channels 				
	■ Rake receiver				
	 Code division multiple access (CDMA) 				
	 Design criteria of spreading sequences, autocorrelation function and crosscorrelation function of spreading sequences 				
	Intersymbol interference (ISI) and multiple access interference (MAI)				
	■ Pseudo noise (PN) sequences, maximum length sequences (m-sequences), Gold codes, Walsh-Hadamard				
	codes, orthogonal variable spreading factor (OVSF) codes				
	 Multicode transmission 				
	CDMA in uplink and downlink of a wireless communications system				
	Single-user detection vs. multi-user detection				
Literature K	K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner				
P	P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.				
J.	J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.				
S	S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley				
R	R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge				
А	A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.				
D	D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.				

Course L0445: Digital Comm	rrse L0445: Digital Communications			
Тур	Recitation Section (large)			
Hrs/wk	2			
СР	2			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28			
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Language	EN			
Cycle	WiSe			
Content	See interlocking course			
Literature	See interlocking course			

Course LOCAC: Laboratory Di	rital Communications
Course L0646: Laboratory Di	
	Practical Course
Hrs/wk	1
СР	1
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	- DSL transmission
	- Random processes
	- Digital data transmission
Literature	K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner
	P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.
	J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.
	S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley
	R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge
	A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.
	D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.

Module M0710: Micro	wave Engineer	ing				
Courses						
Title Microwave Engineering (L0573) Microwave Engineering (L0574)				Typ Lecture Recitation Section (large)	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 3 2
Microwave Engineering (L0575)				Practical Course	1	1
Module Responsible	Prof. Alexander Kölpir	l .				
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous Knowledge		munication engineering etical electrical engineer		evices and circuits. Basics (of Wave propagatio	n from transmission
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students have r	eached the followi	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	and components. The	y can name different ty	oes of antennas an	and related phenomena. To describe the main charactistic numbers and select the	cteristics of antenn	as. They can explain
Skills	configure simple rece They can calculate th	Students are able to calculate the propagation of electromagnetic waves. They can analyze complete transmission systems und configure simple receiver circuits. They can calculate the characteristic of simple antennas and arrays based on the geometry. They can calculate the noise of receivers and the signal-to-noise-ratio of transmission systems. They can apply their theoretical knowledge to the practical courses.				
Personal Competence Social Competence	Students work together in small groups during the practical courses. Together they document, evaluate and discuss their results.					scuss their results.
Autonomy	Students are able to relate the knowledge gained in the course to contents of previous lectures. With given instructions they can extract data needed to solve specific problems from external sources. They are able to apply their knowledge to the laboratory courses using the given instructions.					
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Ti	me 110, Study Time in L	ecture 70			
Credit points	6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Yes None	Form Subject theoretical practical work	Description and			
Examination	Written exam					
Examination duration and	90 min					
scale						
Assignment for the Following Curricula	Information and Communicational Manager	ment and Engineering: S	ecialisation Commu pecialisation II. Ele	unication Systems: Elective ectrical Engineering: Elective on and Signal Processing: E	e Compulsory	

Course L0573: Microwave En	gineering
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Kölpin
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	- Antennas: Analysis - Characteristics - Realizations
	- Radio Wave Propagation
	- Transmitter: Power Generation with Vacuum Tubes and Transistors
	- Receiver: Preamplifier - Heterodyning - Noise
	- Selected System Applications
Literature	HG. Unger, "Elektromagnetische Theorie für die Hochfrequenztechnik, Teil I", Hüthig, Heidelberg, 1988
	HG. Unger, "Hochfrequenztechnik in Funk und Radar", Teubner, Stuttgart, 1994
	E. Voges, "Hochfrequenztechnik - Teil II: Leistungsröhren, Antennen und Funkübertragung, Funk- und Radartechnik", Hüthig, Heidelberg, 1991
	E. Voges, "Hochfrequenztechnik", Hüthig, Bonn, 2004
	C.A. Balanis, "Antenna Theory", John Wiley and Sons, 1982
	R. E. Collin, "Foundations for Microwave Engineering", McGraw-Hill, 1992
	D. M. Pozar, "Microwave and RF Design of Wireless Systems", John Wiley and Sons, 2001
	D. M. Pozar, "Microwave Engineerin", John Wiley and Sons, 2005

Course L0574: Microwave Engineering	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Kölpin
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Course L0575: Microwave En	ourse L0575: Microwave Engineering	
Тур	Practical Course	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	1	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Kölpin	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0836: Comn	nunication Networks			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Selected Topics of Communication	Networks (L0899)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	2
Communication Networks (L0897)		Lecture	2	2
Communication Networks Excercise	e (L0898)	Project-/problem-based Learning	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	. Fundamental atachastica			
Knowledge	Fundamental stochastics Pasis understanding of computer networks as	ad/or communication technologies is boneficia	s.I	
	 Basic understanding of computer networks ar 	id/or communication technologies is beneficia	31	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reache	d the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to describe the principles and s	structures of communication networks in de	tail. They ca	n explain the formal
	description methods of communication networks	and their protocols. They are able to ex	plain how o	current and complex
	communication networks work and describe the cur	rent research in these examples.		
Chille	Charles to a select to a select the select the select to a select		- 4 T	and the barriers
SKIIIS	Students are able to evaluate the performance of c		-	
	roblems themselves and apply the learned methods. They can apply what they have learned autonomously on further an ommunication networks.			
	communication networks.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students are able to define tasks themselves in small teams and solve these problems together using the learned methods. They			
	can present the obtained results. They are able to d	iscuss and critically analyse the solutions.		
Autonomy	Students are able to obtain the percessiv export l	recorded for understanding the functionality	v and norfor	manco canabilities of
Autonomy	Students are able to obtain the necessary expert k new communication networks independently.	thowledge for understanding the functionalit	y and penon	marice capabilities of
	niew communication networks independently.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture	· 70		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Presentation			
Examination duration and	1.5 hours colloquium with three students, therefore	e about 30 min per student. Topics of the col	loquium are	the posters from the
scale	previous poster session and the topics of the module	e.		
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information an	d Communication Systems: Elective Compuls	ory	
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and Po	wer Systems Engineering: Elective Compulso	ry	
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Ele	ective Compulsory		
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. C	computer Science: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	ation Communication Systems: Elective Comp	ulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	•		Elective Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Special		mpulsory	
	Mechatronics: Technical Complementary Course: Ele			
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation C			′
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation F	Robotics and Computer Science: Elective Com	pulsory	

Course L0899: Selected Topi	Course L0899: Selected Topics of Communication Networks		
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	Example networks selected by the students will be researched on in a PBL course by the students in groups and will be presented		
	in a poster session at the end of the term.		
Literature	see lecture		

Course L0897: Communication	on Networks
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel, DrIng. Koojana Kuladinithi
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
Literature	Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Tannenbaum, Computernetzwerke, Pearson-Studium Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.

Course L0898: Communication	Course L0898: Communication Networks Excercise		
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning		
Hrs/wk	1		
СР	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14		
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	Part of the content of the lecture Communication Networks are reflected in computing tasks in groups, others are motivated and		
	addressed in the form of a PBL exercise.		
Literature	announced during lecture		

Module M0837: Simul	lation of Communication Networks		
Courses			
Title Simulation of Communication Netw	Typ Hrs/wk CP orks (L0887) Project-/problem-based Learning 5 6		
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel		
Admission Requirements	None		
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Knowledge of computer and communication networks Basic programming skills		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence			
Knowledge	Students are able to explain the necessary stochastics, the discrete event simulation technology and modelling of networks for performance evaluation.		
Skills	Students are able to apply the method of simulation for performance evaluation to different, also not practiced, problems of communication networks. The students can analyse the obtained results and explain the effects observed in the network. They are able to question their own results.		
Personal Competence			
Social Competence	Students are able to acquire expert knowledge in groups, present the results, and discuss solution approaches and results. The are able to work out solutions for new problems in small teams.		
Autonomy	Students are able to transfer independently and in discussion with others the acquired method and expert knowledge to new problems. They can identify missing knowledge and acquire this knowledge independently.		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70		
Credit points	6		
Course achievement	None		
Examination	Oral exam		
Examination duration and	30 min		
scale			
Assignment for the			
Following Curricula			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Communication Systems: Elective Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT Systems, Focus Networks: Elective Compulsory		
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation II. Information Technology: Elective Compulsory		
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Simulation Technology: Elective Compulsory		
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Simulation Technology: Elective Compulsory		

Course L0887: Simulation of	Communication Networks
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	5
СР	6
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	In the course necessary basic stochastics and the discrete event simulation are introduced. Also simulation models for communication networks, for example, traffic models, mobility models and radio channel models are presented in the lecture. Students work with a simulation tool, where they can directly try out the acquired skills, algorithms and models. At the end of the course increasingly complex networks and protocols are considered and their performance is determined by simulation.
Literature	Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.

Module M0637: Adva	nced Concepts of Wireless Communic	cations		
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications (L0297)		Lecture	3	4
Advanced Concepts of Wireless Con	mmunications (L0298)	Recitation Section (large)	2	2
Module Responsible	Dr. Rainer Grünheid			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	a Lastura IICianala and Custonali			
Knowledge	Lecture "Signals and Systems" Lecture "Fundamentals of Telecommunications	and Stochastic Processes"		
	Lecture "Digital Communications"	and Stochastic Processes		
	- Eccure Digital Communications			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached	the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to explain the general as we	ell as advanced principles and techn	iques that are	applied to wireless
	communications. They understand the properties	of wireless channels and the corre	sponding mathe	matical description.
	Furthermore, students are able to explain the physica	·		
	the concepts of multicarrier transmission (OFDM),			
	techniques (MIMO). Students can also explain metl	·	ple of contempo	rary communication
	systems (LTE, 5G) they can put the learnt content into	o a larger context.		
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture	and tutorials. They can explain and app	ly them to new p	roblems.
Skills	Using the acquired knowledge, students are able to u	nderstand the design of current and futi	ure wireless syste	ems. Moreover, given
	certain constraints, they can choose appropriate para	ameter settings of communication syste	ems. Students are	e also able to assess
	the suitability of technical concepts for a given applic	ation.		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students can jointly elaborate tasks in small groups a	nd present their results in an adequate	fashion.	
Autonomy	Students are able to extract necessary information fro	om given literature sources and put it in	to the perspective	e of the lecture. They
	can continuously check their level of expertise with	the help of accompanying measures (so	uch as online tes	ts, clicker questions,
	exercise tasks) and, based on that, to steer their lear	rning process accordingly. They can rela	te their acquired	knowledge to topics
	of other lectures, e.g., "Fundamentals of Communicat	ions and Stochastic Processes" and "Dig	ital Communicati	ons".
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture	70		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	90 minutes; scope: content of lecture and exercise			
scale				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and	Communication Systems: Elective Com	oulsory	
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisat	ion Communication Systems: Elective Co	ompulsory	
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Co	mmunication and Signal Processing: Elec	ctive Compulsory	

Course L0297: Advanced Cor	ncepts of Wireless Communications
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Dr. Rainer Grünheid
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	The lecture deals with technical principles and related concepts of mobile communications. In this context, the main focus is put on the physical and data link layer of the ISO-OSI stack.
	In the lecture, the transmission medium, i.e., the mobile radio channel, serves as the starting point of all considerations. The characteristics and the mathematical descriptions of the radio channel are discussed in detail. Subsequently, various physical layer aspects of wireless transmission are covered, such as channel coding, modulation/demodulation, channel estimation, synchronization, and equalization. Moreover, the different uses of multiple antennas at the transmitter and receiver, known as MIMO techniques, are described. Besides these physical layer topics, concepts of multiple access schemes in a cellular network are outlined.
	In order to illustrate the above-mentioned technical solutions, the lecture will also provide a system view, highlighting the basics of some contemporary wireless systems, including LTE, LTE Advanced, and 5G New Radio.
Literature	John G. Proakis, Masoud Salehi: Digital Communications. 5th Edition, Irwin/McGraw Hill, 2007 David Tse, Pramod Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge, 2005 Bernard Sklar: Digital Communications: Fundamentals and Applications. Second Edition, Pearson, 2013 Stefani Sesia, Issam Toufik, Matthew Baker: LTE - The UMTS Long Term Evolution. Second Edition, Wiley, 2011 Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Sköld: 5G NR - The Next Generation Wireless Access Technology. Second Edition, Academic Press, 2021

Course L0298: Advanced Concepts of Wireless Communications	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Dr. Rainer Grünheid
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Hodule MI304: Adva	nced Seminars Computer Science and	communication reclinology			
Courses					
itle		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР	
Advanced Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology I (L2352)		Seminar	2	3	
troductory Seminar Computer Sc	ience and Communication Technology II (L2429)	Seminar	2	3	
Module Responsible	Dozenten des SD E				
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge of Computer Science and Mathematics	at the Master's level.			
Knowledge					
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results			
Professional Competence					
Knowledge	The students are able to				
	a symbolicate a specific tenic in the field of Carenythau	Colones			
	explicate a specific topic in the field of Computer describe complex issues.	Science,			
	describe complex issues,present different views and evaluate in a critical views.	Way			
	present different views and evaluate in a critical v	vay.			
Skills	The students are able to				
	familiaria in a sussification of Commutes Colons	to the tank at atom.			
	familiarize in a specific topic of Computer Science realize a literature curvey on the specific topic an				
	 realize a literature survey on the specific topic and cite in a correct way, elaborate a presentation and give a lecture to a selected audience, 				
	 sum up the presentation in 10-15 lines, 	elected addlerice,			
	answer questions in the final discussion.				
Personal Competence					
Social Competence	The students are able to				
	elaborate and introduce a topic for a certain audi	ence.			
	discuss the topic, content and structure of the pre				
	discuss certain aspects with the audience, and				
	as the lecturer listen and respond to questions fro	om the audience.			
Autonomy	The students are able to				
	 define the task in question in an autonomous way 	',			
	develop the necessary knowledge,				
	use appropriate work equipment, and				
	guided by an instructor critically check the working	ig status.			
Workload in Hours					
Credit points					
Course achievement					
Examination	Presentation				
Examination duration and	×				
scale					
Assignment for the	1				
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation				
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	Secure and Dependable IT Systems: Ele	ctive Compuls	sory	

Course L2352: Advanced Ser	ourse L2352: Advanced Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology I			
Тур	Seminar			
Hrs/wk	2			
СР	3			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28			
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E			
Language	DE/EN			
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe			
Content				
Literature				

Course L2429: Introductory S	ourse L2429: Introductory Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology II			
Тур	Seminar			
Hrs/wk	2			
СР	3			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28			
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E			
Language	DE/EN			
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe			
Content				
Literature				

Module M0638: Mode	rn Wireless Sys	stems				
Courses						
Title Selected Topics of Modern Wireless Modern Wireless Systems (L0296)	s Systems (L1982)			Typ Project-/problem-based Learning Lecture	Hrs/wk 2 3	CP 3 3
Module Responsible	Dr. Rainer Grünheid					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous Knowledge	_	I Communications" nced Concepts of Wireles	s Communications	п		
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students have r	eached the following	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	technical solutions fro the technical argume Radio), students are a	om the perspective of the nts, considering the resuble to explain different	e physical and data pective application concepts in a very	·	d a system vier or several exam	ew and are aware of mples (e.g., 5G New
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and PBL course. They can explain and apply them to new problems.					problems.
Skills	Students have developed a system view. They can transfer their knowledge to evaluate other systems, not discussed in the lecture, and to understand the respective technical solutions. Given specific contraints and technical requirements, students are in a position to make proposals for certain design aspects by an appropriate assessment and the consideration of alternatives.					
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students can jointly e	laborate tasks in small g	roups and present	their results in an adequate fash	nion.	
Autonomy	Students are able to extract necessary information from given literature sources and put it into the perspective of the lecture. They can continuously check their level of expertise with the help of accompanying measures (such as online tests, clicker questions, exercise tasks) and, based on that, to steer their learning process accordingly. They can relate their acquired knowledge to topics of other lectures, e.g., "Digital Communications" and "Advanced Topics of Wireless Communications".					
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Ti	me 110, Study Time in L	ecture 70			
Credit points	6					
Course achievement	Yes None	Form Subject theoretical practical work	Description and PBL-Kurs mit	Posterpräsentation		
Examination	Oral exam					
Examination duration and	40 min					
scale						
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering	: Specialisation Informat	ion and Communic	ation Systems: Elective Compuls	sory	
Following Curricula	Information and Com	munication Systems: Spe	ecialisation Commu	inication Systems: Elective Comp	oulsory	

Hrs/w
CI
Workload in Hour
Lecture
Language
Cycle
Conten

Course L0296: Modern Wirel	ess Systems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Dr. Rainer Grünheid
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	The lecture gives an overview of contemporary wireless communication concepts and related techniques from a system point of view. For that purpose, different systems, ranging from Wireless Personal to Wide Area Networks, are covered, mainly discussing the physical and data link layer.
	Systems under consideration include: - Near Field Communication (NFC) - ZigBee / IEEE 802.15.4 - Bluetooth - IEEE 802.11 family - L-band Digital Aeronautical Communication System (LDACS) - Long Term Evolution (LTE) and LTE Advanced - 5G New Radio A special focus is placed on 4th and 5th generation networks; in particular, an in-depth view into the technical principles of the 5G New Radio standard is given.
Literature	John G. Proakis, Masoud Salehi: Digital Communications. 5th Edition, Irwin/McGraw Hill, 2007 Stefani Sesia, Issam Toufik, Matthew Baker: LTE - The UMTS Long Term Evolution. Second Edition, Wiley, 2011 Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Sköld: 5G NR - The Next Generation Wireless Access Technology. Second Edition, Academic Press, 2021

Focus Signal Processing

Recommended Previous Sinch Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge Didied did	of. Udo Zölzer one gnals and Systems fter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der	fahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios	Hrs/wk 3 1	CP 4 2		
Digital Audio Signal Processing (L0650 Digital Audio Signal Processing (L0651 Module Responsible Pr Admission Requirements No Recommended Previous Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge Did	of. Udo Zölzer one gnals and Systems fter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der	Lecture Recitation Section (large) Ched the following learning results Fahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios	3 1	4		
Digital Audio Signal Processing (L0651 Module Responsible Pr Admission Requirements No Recommended Previous Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge Didies	of. Udo Zölzer one gnals and Systems fter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der	Recitation Section (large) Ched the following learning results Fahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios	1			
Module Responsible Pr Admission Requirements No Recommended Previous Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge Didies	of. Udo Zölzer one gnals and Systems fter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der	ched the following learning results		2		
Admission Requirements No Recommended Previous Si Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge Di did	one gnals and Systems fter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der	fahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios	signalverarbeitung			
Recommended Previous Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge did	gnals and Systems fter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der	fahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios	signalverarbeitung			
Knowledge Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge did	iter taking part successfully, students have rea ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der	fahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios	signalverarbeitung			
Educational Objectives Af Professional Competence Knowledge did	ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der	fahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios	signalverarbeitung			
Professional Competence Knowledge did	ie Studierenden können die grundlegenden Ve e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der	fahren und Methoden der digitalen Audios	signalverarbeitung			
Knowledge Di	e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der	-	signalverarbeitung			
die	e wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der	-	signalverarbeitung			
	, ,	Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erlä				
Au		die wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erläutern und in Kategorien einordnen. Sie können einen Überblick der numerischen Methoden und messtechnischen Charakterisierung von Algorithmen zur Audiosignalverarbeitung geben. Sie können die erarbeiteten Algorithmen auf weitere Anwendungen im Bereich der Informationstechnik und Informatik abstrahieren.				
co ap va	The students will be able to apply methods and techniques from audio signal processing in the fields of mobile and internet communication. They can rely on elementary algorithms of audio signal processing in form of Matlab code and interactive JAVA applets. They can study parameter modifications and evaluate the influence on human perception and technical applications in a variety of applications beyond audio signal processing. Students can perform measurements in time and frequency domain in order to give objective and subjective quality measures with respect to the methods and applications.					
Personal Competence						
· ·	ne students can work in small groups to stud dequate methods during the exercise.	y special tasks and problems and will be	enforced to prese	ent their results with		
lee	The students will be able to retrieve information out of the relevant literature in the field and putt hem into the context of the lecture. They can relate their gathered knowledge and relate them to other lectures (signals and systems, digital communication systems, image and video processing, and pattern recognition). They will be prepared to understand and communicate problems and effects in the field audio signal processing.					
Workload in Hours Inc	dependent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lect	rure 56				
Credit points 6						
Course achievement No	one					
Examination W	ritten exam					
Examination duration and 60) min					
scale						
Assignment for the Ele	ectrical Engineering: Specialisation Information	and Communication Systems: Elective Co	mpulsory			
Ini Pr	formation and Communication Systems: Special formation and Communication Systems: Species occassing: Elective Compulsory icroelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation	ecialisation Secure and Dependable IT	Systems, Focus S	Software and Signal		

Course L0650: Digital Audio	Signal Processing					
Тур	Lecture					
Hrs/wk	3					
СР	4					
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42					
Lecturer	Prof. Udo Zölzer					
Language	EN					
Cycle	WiSe					
Content	Introduction (Studio Technology, Digital Transmission Systems, Storage Media, Audio Components at Home) Quantization (Signal Quantization, Dither, Noise Shaping, Number Representation)					
	Quantization (Signal Quantization, Dittier, Noise Shaping, Number Representation)					
	 AD/DA Conversion (Methods, AD Converters, DA Converters, Audio Processing Systems, Digital Signal Processors, Audio Interfaces, Single-Processor Systems, Multiprocessor Systems) 					
	• Equalizers (Recursive Audio Filters, Nonrecursive Audio Filters, Multi-Complementary Filter Bank)					
	Room Simulation (Early Reflections, Subsequent Reverberation, Approximation of Room Impulse Responses)					
	Dynamic Range Control (Static Curve, Dynamic Behavior, Implementation, Realization Aspects)					
	Sampling Rate Conversion (Synchronous Conversion, Asynchronous Conversion, Interpolation Methods)					
	Data Compression (Lossless Data Compression, Lossy Data Compression, Psychoacoustics, ISO-MPEG1 Audio Coding)					
Literature	- U. Zölzer, Digitale Audiosignalverarbeitung, 3. Aufl., B.G. Teubner, 2005 .					
	- U. Zölzer, Digitale Audio Signal Processing, 2nd Edition, J. Wiley & Sons, 2005.					
	- U. Zölzer (Ed), Digital Audio Effects, 2nd Edition, J. Wiley & Sons, 2011.					

Course L0651: Digital Audio Signal Processing		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Udo Zölzer	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0677: Digita	al Signal Processing and Digital Filters					
Courses						
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР		
Digital Signal Processing and Digital		Lecture	3	4		
Digital Signal Processing and Digital						
Module Responsible						
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Mathematics 1-3					
Knowledge	Signals and Systems					
	Fundamentals of signal and system theory as well as	s random processes.				
	 Fundamentals of spectral transforms (Fourier series) 	Fourier transform, Laplace transf	orm)			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the fi	ollowing learning results				
Professional Competence	S personal supplies the supplie					
_	The students know and understand basic algorithms of die	gital signal processing. They are f	amiliar with the sp	pectral transforms of		
	discrete-time signals and are able to describe and analy					
	structures of digital filters and can identify and asse	ss important properties includi	ng stability. They	are aware of the		
	effects caused by quantization of filter coefficients and signals. They are familiar with the basics of adaptive filters. They can					
	perform traditional and parametric methods of spectrum estimation, also taking a limited observation window into account.					
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and tutorials. They can explain and apply them to new problems.					
Skills	The students are able to apply methods of digital signal processing to new problems. They can choose and parameterize suitable					
	filter striuctures. In particular, the can design adaptive filters according to the minimum mean squared error (MMSE) criterion and develop an efficient implementation, e.g. based on the LMS or RLS algorithm. Furthermore, the students are able to apply					
	methods of spectrum estimation and to take the effects of	a limited observation window into	account.			
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific problems.					
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant information from appropriate literature sources. They can control their level of					
,	knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial pro	blems, software tools, clicker syst	em.			
Manda adda **	Indianandant Chala Time 110 Chala Time in 1 20					
	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70					
Credit points Course achievement						
	Written exam					
Examination Examination and						
scale	30 111111					
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and Power Sy	stems Engineering: Elective Com	oulsory			
Following Curricula	,					
3	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Communication	-	•	ective Compulsory		
	Mechanical Engineering and Management: Specialisation N	•	_	, -		
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Systems and Robot	ics: Elective Compulsory				
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Commu	nication and Signal Processing: Ele	ective Compulsory			
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Robotic	s and Computer Science: Elective	Compulsory			

Course L0446: Digital Signal	Processing and Digital Filters
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	
	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer Language	
Cycle	
Content	Transforms of discrete-time signals:
	Discrete-time Fourier Transform (DTFT)
	Discrete Fourier-Transform (DFT), Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
	Z-Transform
	Correspondence of continuous-time and discrete-time signals, sampling, sampling theorem
	Fast convolution, Overlap-Add-Method, Overlap-Save-Method
	Fundamental structures and basic types of digital filters
	Characterization of digital filters using pole-zero plots, important properties of digital filters
	Quantization effects
	Design of linear-phase filters
	Fundamentals of stochastic signal processing and adaptive filters
	MMSE criterion
	Wiener Filter
	LMS- and RLS-algorithm
	Traditional and parametric methods of spectrum estimation
Literature	KD. Kammeyer, K. Kroschel: Digitale Signalverarbeitung. Vieweg Teubner.
	V. Oppenheim, R. W. Schafer, J. R. Buck: Zeitdiskrete Signalverarbeitung. Pearson StudiumA. V.
	W. Hess: Digitale Filter. Teubner.
	Oppenheim, R. W. Schafer: Digital signal processing. Prentice Hall.
	S. Haykin: Adaptive flter theory.
	L. B. Jackson: Digital filters and signal processing. Kluwer.
	T.W. Parks, C.S. Burrus: Digital filter design. Wiley.

Course L0447: Digital Signal	ourse L0447: Digital Signal Processing and Digital Filters			
Тур	Recitation Section (large)			
Hrs/wk	2			
СР	2			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28			
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Language	EN			
Cycle	WiSe			
Content	See interlocking course			
Literature	See interlocking course			

Module M0556: Comp	outer Graphics				
Courses					
Title Computer Graphics (L0145) Computer Graphics (L0768)		Typ Lecture Recitation Section (small)	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 3 3	
Module Responsible	Prof. Tobias Knopp	nectation because (small)		<u> </u>	
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous					
Knowledge	Linear Algebra (in particular matrix/vector computation)			
	Basic programming skills in C/C++				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the follow	wing learning results			
Professional Competence					
Knowledge	Students can explain and describe basic algorithms in 3D com	puter graphics.			
Skills	Students are capable of				
	 implementing a basic 3D rendering pipeline. This consists of projecting simple 3D structures (e.g. cube, spheres) onto a 2D surface using a virtual camera. 				
	 apply geometric transformations (e.g. rotation, scaling) in 2D and 3D computer graphics. 				
	 using well-known 2D/3D APIs (OpenGL, Cairo) for solving a given problem statement. 				
Personal Competence					
_	Students can collaborate in a small team on the realization and	d validation of a 3D computer gr	raphics pipeline.		
Autonomy	Students are able to solve simple tasks independently Students are able to solve detailed problems independently.				
Workload in Hours					
Credit points					
Course achievement					
	Written exam				
Examination duration and scale	90 min				
	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Er	gineering: Flective Compulsors			
Following Curricula				oftware and Signal	
i ollowing curricula	Processing: Elective Compulsory	ceure una Dependable II 3y	3.c.m3, 10cu3 3	onthale and Signal	
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Communicational Management and Engineering: Specialisation II. I		_	ective Compulsory	

Course L0145: Computer Gra	Course L0145: Computer Graphics	
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	Computer graphics and animation are leading to an unprecedented visual revolution. The course deals with its technological foundations: Object-oriented Computer Graphics Projections and Transformations Polygonal and Parametric Modelling Illuminating, Shading, Rendering Computer Animation Techniques Kinematics and Dynamics Effects Students will be be working on a series of mini-projects which will eventually evolve into a final project. Learning computer graphics and animation resembles learning a musical instrument. Therefore, doing your projects well and in time is essential for performing well on this course.	
Literature	Alan H. Watt: 3D Computer Graphics. Harlow: Pearson (3rd ed., repr., 2009). Dariush Derakhshani: Introducing Autodesk Maya 2014. New York, NY: Wiley (2013).	

Course L0768: Computer Gra	ourse L0768: Computer Graphics	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M1700: Satel	lite Communications and Navigation			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Radio-Based Positioning and Navig	ation (L2711)	Lecture	2	3
Satellite Communications (L2710)		Lecture	3	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	The module is designed for a diverse audience, i.e.	students with different backg	ground. Basic knowledge	of communications
Knowledge	engineering and signal processing are of advantag	e but not required. The co	ourse intends to provide	the chapters on
	communications techniques such that on the one hand			
	concepts and examples (e.g. modulation and coding so	- · · · · ·	•	-
	been treated in our other bachelor and master courses		-	
	the ideas but may not be able to understand in the s consideration in the oral exam.	ame depth. The individual ba	ackground of the students	s will be taken into
	consideration in the oral exam.			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students are able to understand, compare and	analyse digital satellite con	nmunications system as	well as navigation
	techniques. They are familiar with principal ideas of th	e respective communications	, signal processing and po	ositioning methods.
	They can describe distortions and resulting limitations	•		
	describe how fundamental communications and navigat	ion techniques are applied in	selected practical systems	i.
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture ar	nd tutorials. They can explain a	and apply them to new pro	blems.
Skille	The students are able to describe and analyse digital s	atallita communications systa	ms and navigation system	s They are able to
Skills	analyse transmission chains including link budget calcu			
	system parameters for given scenarios.	actions. They are able to enough	se appropriate transmissio	m teemiologies and
	3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific problems.			
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant information fr	om appropriate literature sour	ces.	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination Examination duration and				
examination duration and scale	50 111111			
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Co	ommunication Systems: Flection	ve Compulsory	
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	•		ftware and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory		,,	g.i.u.
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	Communication Systems, Fo	cus Signal Processing: Elec	tive Compulsory
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Com	nunication and Signal Process	ing: Elective Compulsory	

se L2711: Radio-Based F	Positioning and Navigation
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch, Dr. Ing. Rico Mendrzik
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	
	Information extraction from communication signals
	Time-of-arrival principle
	 Ranging in additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel
	 Correlation-based range estimation
	Effect of multipath propagation on time-of-arrival principle
	Zero-forcing range estimation in the presence of multipath
	Optimum range estimation in the presence of multipath
	Zero-forcing in presence of noise
	Angle-of-arrival principle
	 Angle-of-arrival estimation in AWGN channel
	■ Delay-and-sum estimator
	 Multiple Signal Classifier (MUSIC)
	■ MUSIC-based angle-of-arrival estimation
	 Case study: Comparison of estimators in AWGN channels
	Effect of multipath propagation on angle-of-arrival principle
	Case study: Comparison of estimators in multipath channels

- Information fusion of extracted signals
 - · Distance-based positioning
 - Principle of time-of-arrival positioning
 - Geometric interpretation
 - Positioning in the absence of noise
 - Linearization of the positioning problem
 - · Positioning in the presence of noise
 - Optimality criteria
 - Least squares time-of-arrival positioning
 - Maximum likelihood time-of-arrival positioning
 - Interactive Matlab demo
 - Excursion: gradient descent solvers for nonlinear programs
 - Real-life positioning with embedded development board (Arduino)
 - Linearized least squares time-of-arrival positioning
 - Effect of clock offsets on distance-based positioning
 - Time-difference-of-arrival principle
 - Least squares time-difference-of-arrival positioning
 - Clock offset mitigation via two-way ranging
 - Performance limits of distance-based positioning
 - Fisher information and the Cramér-Rao lower bound
 - Fisher information in the AWGN case
 - Multi-variate Fisher information
 - Cramér-Rao lower bound for synchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - Case study: Synchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - Cramér-Rao lower bound for unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - Case study: Unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - · Angle-based Positioning
 - Angle-of-arrival positioning principle
 - Geometric interpretation angle-of-arrival positioning principle
 - Noise-free angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 - Effect of noise on angle-of-arrival positioning
 - Least squares angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 - Linear least squares angle-of-arrival positioning
 - Effect of orientation uncertainty
 - Angle-difference-of-arrival positioning
 - Geometric interpretation angle difference of arrival positioning
 - Proof of angle-difference-of-arrival locus
 - Inscribed angle lemma
 - Case study: Angle-difference-of-arrival-positioning
 - o Performance limits of angle-based positioning
 - Cramér-Rao lower bound for angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 - Case study: Angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
- Information Filtering
 - Bayesian filtering
 - Principle of Bayesian filtering
 - General Problem Formulation
 - Solution to the linear Gaussian case
 - State transition in the linear Gaussian case
 Proof of predicted posterior distribution of the Kalman filter
 - State update in the linear Gaussian case
 - Proof of marginal posterior distribution of the Kalman filter
 - Working with Gaussian random variables
 - Proof: Affine transformation
 - Proof: Marginalization
 - Proof: Conditioning
 - Kalman filter: Optimum Inference in the linear Gaussian case
 - Modeling of process noise
 - Modeling of measurement noise
 - Case study: Kalman filtering in the linear Gaussian case
 - Interactive Kalman filtering in Matlab
 - Dealing with nonlinearities in Bayesian filtering
 - Nonlinear Gaussian case
 - Extended Kalman filter
 - Proof of predicted posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter
 - Proof of marginal posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter
 - Example: Nonlinear state transition
 - Case study: Extended Kalman filtering
 - Practical considerations for filter design
- Satellite Navigation
 - Overview from positioning perspective
 - Earth-centered earth-fixed (ECEF) coordinate system
 - World geodetic system (WGS)
 - Satellite navigation systems
 - System-receiver clock offsets and pseudo-ranges

Systems	
	 Unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning revisited
	GPS legacy signals and ranging
	■ Signal overview
	 Time-of-arrival principle revisited
	 Direct sequence spread spectrum principle
	■ Short and long codes
	Satellite signal generation
	Carriers and codes
	 Correlation properties of codes
	Code division multiple access in flat fading channels
	Navigation message
	Velocity estimation
	 Hands-on case study: Design of an extended Kalman filter for satellite navigation based on recorded data
	Robust navigation
	 Multipath-assisted positioning in millimeter wave multiple antenna systems
	Multi-sensor fusion
Literature	

Literature	
Course L2710: Satellite Com	munications
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	
CP	
Workload in Hours	
	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Introduction to satellite communications
	What is a satellite
	Overview orbits, Van Allen Belt, components of a satellite Satellite convices.
	Satellite services Fraguency hands for catallite convices.
	Frequency bands for satellite services Interpretional Talescommunications Union (ITII)
	International Telecommunications Union (ITU)
	 Influence of atmospheric impairments Milestones in satellite communications
	Components of a satellite communications system Cround company
	Ground segment
	Space segment Gentral segment
	Control segment Communication links
	Communication links Haliak daurelink
	Uplink, downlink Farusard link, researce link
	Forward link, reverse link Interretellite links
	Intersatellite links Multiple access
	·
	Performance measures Fifoctive isotropic radiated power (FIRD), aptends gain, figure of morit. C/T, carrier to noise ratio
	Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP), antenna gain, figure of merit, G/T, carrier to noise ratio Signal to paice power ratio we carrier to paice ratio
	Signal to noise power ratio vs. carrier to noise ratio Signal heart and multibact catallities.
	Single beam and multibeam satellites
	Beam coverage Figure 1 of the property of LFO and CFO catallites (Iridium, Viceat)
	Examples for beam coverage of LEO and GEO satellites (Iridium, Viasat) Transparent us, respectative payload.
	Transparent vs. regenerative payload
	Orbits
	 Low earth orbot (LEO), medium earth orbit (MEO), geosynchroneous and geostationary orbits (GEO), highly elliptical
	orbits (HEO
	Favourable orbits:
	 HEO orbits with 63-64^o inclination, Molnya and Tundra orbits
	■ Circular LEO orbits
	■ Circular MEO Orbits (Intermediate Circular Orbits (ICO))
	■ Equatorial orbits, geostationary orbit (GEO)
	Important aspects of LEO, MEO and GEO satellites
	Kepler's laws of planetary motion
	Gravitational force
	Parameters of ellipses and elliptical orbits
	Major and minor half axis
	∘ Foci
	Eccentricity
	Eccentric anomaly, mean anomaly, true anomaly
	• Area
	Orbit period
	Perigee, apogee
	Distance of satellite from center of earth
	Construction of ellipses according to de La Hire
	Orbital plane in space, inclination, right ascension (longitude) of ascending node, Vernal equinox

- Newton's laws of motion
- · Newton's universal law of gravitation
- Energy of satellites: Potential energy, kinetic energy, total energy
- Instantaneous speed of a satellite
- Kepler's equation
- Satellite visibility, elevation
- Required number of LEO, MEO or GEO satellites for continuous earth coverage
- Satellite altitude and distance from a point on earth
- Choice of orbits
 - LEO, HEO, GEO
 - Elliptical orbits with non-zero inclination, Molnya orbits, Tundra orbits
 - · Geosynchronous orbits
 - Parameters of geosynchronous orbits
 - Circular geosynchronous orbits
 - Inclined geosynchronous orbits
 - Quasi-zenith satellite systems (QZSS)
 - Syb-synchronous circular equatorial orbits
 - Geostationary orbit
 - Parameters of the geostationary orbit
 - Visibility
 - Propagation delay
 - Applications and system examples
- · Perturbations of orbits
 - Station keeping
 - Station keeping box
 - Estimation of orbit parameters
- Fundamentals of digital communications techniques
 - o Components of a digital communications system
 - o Principles of encryption
 - Scrambling
 - Scrambling vs. interleaving for randomization of data sequences
 - o Interleaving: Block interleaver, convolutional interleaver, random interleaver
 - o Digital modulation methods
 - Linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Linear digital modulation methods
 - QAM modulator and demodulator
 - Pulse shaping, square-root raised-cosine pulses
 - Average power spectral density
 - Signal space constellation
 - Examples: M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude shift keying (M-QAM)
 - M-PSK in noisy channels
 - Bit error probabilities of M-PSK and M-QAM
 - M-PSK vs. M-QAM
 - M-ary amplitude and phase shift keying (M-APSK)
 - M-APSK vs. M-QAM
 - Differential phase shift keying (DPSK)

Error control coding (channel coding)

- Error detecting and forward error correcting (FEC) codes
- Principle of channel coding
- Data rate, code rate, Baud rate, spectral efficiency of modulation and coding schemes
- Bandwidth-power trade-off, bandwidth-limited vs. power-limited transmission
- Coding and modulation for transparent vs. regenerative payload
- Block codes and convolutional codes
- Concatenated codes
- Bit-interleaved coded modulation
- Convolutional codes
- Low density parity check (LDPC) codes, principle of message passing decoding, bit error rate performance
- Cyclic block codes
 - Examples for cyclic block codes
 - Single errors vs. block errors, cyclic block codes for burst errors
 - Generator matrix, generator polynomials
 - Systematic encoding and syndrome determination with shift registers
 - Cyclic redundancy check (CRC) codes
- Automatic repeat request (ARQ)
 - Principle of ARQ
 - Stop-and-wait ARQ
 - Go-back-N ARQ
 - Selective-repeat ARQ
- Transmission gains and losses

- Antenna gain
 - Antenna radiation pattern
 - Maximum antenna gain, 3dB beamwidth
 - Maximum antenna gain of circular aperture
 - Maximum antenna gain of a geostationary satellite with global coverage
- Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP)
- Power flux density
- Path los
 - Free space loss, free space loss for geostationary satellites
 - Atmospheric loss
 - Received power
- · Losses in transmit and receive equipment
 - Feeder loss
 - Depointing loss
 - Polarization mismatch loss
- · Combined effect of losses
- Noise
 - o Origins of noise
 - White noise
 - Noise power spectral density and noise power
 - o Additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel model
 - · Antenna noise temperature
 - Earth brightness temperature
 - · Signal to noise ratios
- Atmospheric distortions
 - $\bullet \ \ \text{Atmosphere of the earth: Troposphere, stratosphere, mesosphere, thermosphere, exosphere} \\$
 - Attenuation and depolarization due to rain, fog, rain and ice clouds, sandstorms
 - Scintillation
 - o Faraday effect
 - Multipath contributions
- Link budget calculations
 - GEO clear sky uplink and downlink
 - GEO uplink and downlink under rain conditions
 - o Transparent vs. regenerative payload
- Link availability improvement through site diversity and adaptive transmission
 - o Transparent vs. regenerative payload
 - Non-linear amplifiers
 - Saleh model, Rapp model
 - Input and output back-off factor
 - Single carrier and multicarrier operation
 - Dimensioning of transmission parameters
 - Sources of noise: Thermal noise, interference, intermodulation products
 - Signal to noise ratio and bit error probability
 - Robustness against interference and non-linear channels
- Satellite networks
 - Satellite network reference architectures
 - Network topologies
 - Network connectivity
 - Types of network connectivity
 - On-board connectivity
 - Inter-satellite links
 - Broadcast networks
 - Satellite-based internet
- Satellite communications systems and standards examples
 - The role of standards in satellite communications
 - $\bullet \ \ \, \text{The Digital Video Broadcast Satellite Standard: DVB-S, DVB-S2, DVB-S2X} \\$
 - Satellites in 3GPP mobile communications networks
 - ${\color{gray} \bullet} \ \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{LEO}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{megaconstellations:}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{SpaceX}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{Starlink,}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{Kuiper,}} \ {\color{gray} \mathsf{OneWeb}}$
 - Space debris
 - The German Heinrich Hertz mission

Literature

Эузсеніз				
Module M1702: Proce	ss Imaging			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Process Imaging (L2723)		Lecture	3	3
Process Imaging (L2724)		Project-/problem-based Learning	3	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Alexander Penn			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	No special prerequisites needed			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following	ng learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Content: The module focuses primarily on discussing establish	ed imaging techniques including	(a) optical a	nd infrared imaging,
	(b) magnetic resonance imaging, (c) X-ray imaging and tomogra	aphy, and (d) ultrasound imaging	g but also cov	ers a range of more
	recent imaging modalities. The students will learn:			
	what these imaging techniques can measure (such as	sample density or concentrati	on material	transport chemical
	composition, temperature),	sample defisity of concentration	on, material	cransport, cricimear
	how the measurements work (physical measurement prince)	ciples, hardware requirements, ir	mage reconstr	uction), and
	3. how to determine the most suited imaging methods for a	·		,,,
	Learning goals: After the successful completion of the course,	the students shall:		
	understand the physical principles and practical aspects o	f the most common imaging met	hods,	
	2. be able to assess the pros and cons of these methods	with regard to cost, complexity	, expected co	ntrasts, spatial and
	temporal resolution, and based on this assessment			
	3. be able to identify the most suited imaging modality for	r any specific engineering challe	enge in the fi	eld of chemical and
	bioprocess engineering.			
Skills				
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	In the problem-based interactive course, students work in sma	II teams and set up two process	s imaging sys	tems and use these
	systems to measure relevant process parameters in different che	emical and bioprocess engineering	ng application	s. The teamwork will
	foster interpersonal communication skills.			
Autonomy	Students are guided to work in self-motivation due to the challen	nge-based character of this mod	ule. A final pr	esentation improves
	presentation skills.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 96, Study Time in Lecture 84			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	120 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation A - General Bioprocess En	gineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation B - Industrial Bioprocess E	Engineering: Elective Compulsory	,	
	Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation C - Bioeconomic Process	Engineering, Focus Energy and	Bioprocess 1	echnology: Elective
	Compulsory			
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation General Pro	ocess Engineering: Elective Comp	oulsory	
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation Bioprocess		•	
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation Chemical P		npulsory	
	Computer Science: Specialisation II: Intelligence Engineering: Ele			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Commu	*	_	
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation II. Pro			Lompulsory
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Robotics and	·		
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Robotics and		pulsory	
	Process Engineering: Specialisation Process Engineering: Elective	, ,		
	Process Engineering: Specialisation Chemical Process Engineerin			
	Process Engineering: Specialisation Environmental Process Engin			
	Water and Environmental Engineering: Specialisation Environme			
	Water and Environmental Engineering: Specialisation Water: Elec	Live Compulsory		

Course L2723: Process Imaging	
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Penn
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	
Literature	Wang, M. (2015). Industrial Tomography. Cambridge, UK: Woodhead Publishing.
	Available as e-book in the library of TUHH: https://katalog.tub.tuhh.de/Record/823579395

Course L2724: Process Imagi	ing
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	3
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Penn, Dr. Stefan Benders
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Content: The module focuses primarily on discussing established imaging techniques including (a) optical and infrared imaging, (b) magnetic resonance imaging, (c) X-ray imaging and tomography, and (d) ultrasound imaging and also covers a range of more recent imaging modalities. The students will learn: 1. what these imaging techniques can measure (such as sample density or concentration, material transport, chemical composition, temperature), 2. how the measurements work (physical measurement principles, hardware requirements, image reconstruction), and 3. how to determine the most suited imaging methods for a given problem.
	1. understand the physical principles and practical aspects of the most common imaging methods, 2. be able to assess the pros and cons of these methods with regard to cost, complexity, expected contrasts, spatial and temporal resolution, and based on this assessment 3. be able to identify the most suited imaging modality for any specific engineering challenge in the field of chemical and bioprocess engineering.
Literature	Wang, M. (2015). Industrial Tomography. Cambridge, UK: Woodhead Publishing. Available as e-book in the library of TUHH: https://katalog.tub.tuhh.de/Record/823579395

Madula M1500: Image	a Deceasion
Module M1598: Image	e Processing
Courses	
Гitle	Typ Hrs/wk CP
mage Processing (L2443)	Lecture 2 4
mage Processing (L2444)	Recitation Section (small) 2 2
Module Responsible	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Admission Requirements	None
Recommended Previous	Signal and Systems
Knowledge	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results
Professional Competence	
Knowledge	The students know about
	a visual perception
	visual perception multidimensional signal processing
	multidimensional signal processing campling and campling theorem.
	sampling and sampling theorem filtering
	• filtering
	image enhancement edge detection
	multi-resolution procedures: Gauss and Laplace pyramid, wavelets
	image compression
	image compression image segmentation
	morphological image processing
	• morphological image processing
Skills	The students can
	analyze, process, and improve multidimensional image data
	implement simple compression algorithms
	design custom filters for specific applications
B	
Personal Competence	
Social Competence	
	individual strengths to solve the problem.
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investigate a complex problem and assess which competencies are required to solve it.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56
Credit points	6
Course achievement	None
Examination	Written exam
Examination duration and	90 min
scale	
Assignment for the	Data Science: Core Qualification: Elective Compulsory
Following Curricula	Data Science: Specialisation I. Mathematics/Computer Science: Elective Compulsory
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Communication Systems: Elective Compulsory
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Medical Technology: Elective Compulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT Systems, Focus Software and Sig
	Processing: Elective Compulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Communication Systems, Focus Signal Processing: Elective Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation II. Information Technology: Elective Compulsory
	international Management and Engineering. Specialisation in Information Technology. Elective compaisory
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Systems and Robotics: Elective Compulsory
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Systems and Robotics: Elective Compulsory

Course L2443: Image Processing	
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 92, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Visual perception Multidimensional signal processing Sampling and sampling theorem Filtering Image enhancement Edge detection Multi-resolution procedures: Gauss and Laplace pyramid, wavelets Image Compression Segmentation Morphological image processing
Literature	Bredies/Lorenz, Mathematische Bildverarbeitung, Vieweg, 2011 Pratt, Digital Image Processing, Wiley, 2001 Bernd Jähne: Digitale Bildverarbeitung - Springer, Berlin 2005

ourse L2444: Image Processing	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Focus Software

Module M0733: Softw	vare Analysis			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	CP
Software Analysis (L0631)		Lecture	2	3
Software Analysis (L0632)		Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle Schupp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Basic knowledge of software-engineering activities 	a structures		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the	following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students apply the major approaches to data-flow an classification schemes, and employ abstract interpreta models, including their mathematical structure and prop and categorize the major analysis algorithms. They determination and soundness properties.	ation. They explain the standard for erties, and evaluate their suitability	orms of internal for a particular a	representations and
Skills	Presented with an analytical task for a software artifact, their choice. They design suitable representations by modevise them as safe overapproximations. They formulate behavior, and precision.	odifying standard representations. T	hey develop custo	omized analyses and
Personal Competence				
Social Competence		eir solutions orally. They communica	ate in English.	
Autonomy	Using accompanying on-line material for self study, st appropriately. Working on exercise problems, they rec goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify the field of software analysis. Within this field, they can compile their findings in academic reports. They can dev	eive additional feedback. Within lir and precisely formulate new proble conduct independent studies to acc	mits, they can se ms in academic o quire the necessal	t their own learning or applied research in ry competencies and
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Subject theoretical and practical work			
Examination duration and	software artifacts/mathematical write-ups; short presenta	ation		
scale				
Assignment for the	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	Communication Systems, Focus Sof	tware: Elective Co	mpulsory
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisat	ion Secure and Dependable IT S	ystems, Focus S	Software and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation	n II. Information Technology: Electiv	e Compulsory	

Course L0631: Software Ana	lysis					
Тур	Lecture					
Hrs/wk	2					
СР	3					
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28					
Lecturer	of. Sibylle Schupp					
Language	EN					
Cycle	WiSe					
Content						
	 Modeling: Control-Flow Modeling, Data Dependences, Intermediate Languages) Classical Bit-Vector Analyses (Reaching Definition, Very Busy Expressions, Liveness, Available Expressions, May/Must, Forward/Backward) Monotone Frameworks (Lattices, Transfer Functions, Ascending Chain Condition, Distributivity, Constant Propagation) Theory of Data-Flow Analysis (Tarski's Fixed Point Theorem, Data-Flow Equations, MFP Solution, MOP Solution, Worklist Algorithm) Non-Classical Data-Flow Analyses Abstract Interpretation (Galois Connections, Approximating Fixed Points, Construction Techniques) Type Systems (Type Derivation, Inference Trees, Algorithm W, Unification) Recent Developments of Analysis Techniques and Applications 					
Literature	 Flemming Nielsen, Hanne Nielsen, and Chris Hankin. Principles of Program Analysis. Springer, 2nd. ed. 2005. Uday Khedker, Amitabha Sanyal, and Bageshri Karkara. Data Flow Analysis: Theory and Practice. CRC Press, 2009. Benjamin Pierce, Types and Programming Languages, MIT Press. Selected research papers 					

Course L0632: Software Ana	Course L0632: Software Analysis					
Тур	citation Section (small)					
Hrs/wk	2					
СР	3					
Workload in Hours	dependent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28					
Lecturer	of. Sibylle Schupp					
Language	EN					
Cycle	WiSe					
Content	See interlocking course					
Literature	See interlocking course					

-,						
Module M0753: Softw	are Verification	n				
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Software Verification (L0629)				Lecture	2	3
Software Verification (L0630)				Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle Schupp					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous		16 11				
Knowledge		ory and formal lang	juages			
	Computational Object orienter	-	gorithms, and data struc	sturos		
	-		gorithms, and data struce edural programming	lures		
	Concurrency	granning or proce	edurar programming			
	Concurrency					
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students	have reached the follow	ring learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge						
		•		king and deductive verification		-
			·	ssivity of different logics as v		
	formal properties of s	software systems.	They find flaws in forma	l arguments, arising from mod	eling artifacts or	underspecification.
Skills	Students formulate p	rovable properties	of a software system in	a formal language. They dev	elop logic-based	models that properly
	abstract from the sof	tware under verifi	cation and, where neces	ssary, adapt model or property	y. They construct	proofs and property
	checks by hand or us	ing tools for mode	checking or deductive	verification, and reflect on the	scope of the res	ults. Presented with a
	verification problem i	n natural language	e, they select the approp	oriate verification technique ar	nd justify their ch	oice.
Personal Competence						
-	Students discuss rele	vant tonics in class	s They defend their solu	itions orally. They communicat	te in English	
Social competence	Stadents discuss rele	varie copies in cias.	s. They deteria their soit	ations orany. They communical	te iii Eiigiisii.	
Autonomy	Using accompanying	on-line material	for self study, students	s can assess their level of k	nowledge contin	uously and adjust it
		-	•	dditional feedback. Within lim	•	-
	- '			recisely formulate new probler		
				nduct independent studies to		
	and compile their find	aings in academic	reports. They can devise	e plans to arrive at new solutio	ns or assess exis	ting ones.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Ti	ime 124, Study Tin	ne in Lecture 56			
Credit points						
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Yes 15 %	Form Excercises	Description			
Funninghian		Excercises				
Examination Examination duration and	Written exam 90 min					
examination duration and scale						
Assignment for the		necialisation I. Con	anuter and Software Eng	gineering: Elective Compulsory	,	
Following Curricula				ience: Elective Compulsory		
. ccming carricula	•		•	e and Dependable IT Systems:	Compulsorv	
				unication Systems, Focus Soft		mpulsory
		•	•	formation Technology: Elective		•

Course L0629: Software Veri	fication
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Model checking (bounded model checking, CTL, LTL) Real-time model checking (TCTL, timed automata) Deductive verification (Hoare logic) Tool support Recent developments of verification techniques and applications
Literature	 C. Baier and J-P. Katoen, Principles of Model Checking, MIT Press 2007. M. Huth and M. Bryan, Logic in Computer Science. Modelling and Reasoning about Systems, 2nd Edition, 2004. Selected Research Papers

Course L0630: Software Veri	ourse L0630: Software Verification				
Тур	citation Section (small)				
Hrs/wk	2				
СР	3				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28				
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp				
Language	EN				
Cycle	WiSe				
Content	See interlocking course				
Literature	See interlocking course				

Module M1397: Mode	l Checking - Pro	oof Engines and	Algorithms			
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Model Checking - Proof Engines and	d Algorithms (L1979)			Lecture	2	3
Model Checking - Proof Engines and	d Algorithms (L1980)			Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Görschwin Fey					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge abou	ut data structures and alg	gorithms			
Knowledge						
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students have r	eached the following	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	Students know					
	algorithms and	data structures for mode	el checking			
	_	an reasoning engines an	-			
				tional effort for model checki	na.	
		,	.g			
Skills	Students can					
	explain and im	plement algorithms and	data structures for	model checking.		
	7	decide whether a given problem can be solved using Boolean reasoning or model checking, and				
		respective algorithms.				
	·					
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students	Students				
	discuss relevar	discuss relevant topics in class and				
	defend their so	lutions orally.				
Autonomy			endently learn in	-depth relations between co	oncepts explained	I in the lecture and
		additional solution strategies.				
		Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56				
Credit points						
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Yes None	Form Subject theoretical	Description	wird im Rahmen von Volresu	ing und Prüfung d	lofiniort Dio Lösung
	ies mone	Subject theoretical practical work	-	st Zulassungsvoraussetzung	-	ienniert. Die Losung
Examination	Oral ovam	practical work	del Adigabe i	at Zulassungsvordussetzung	rui die Fraiding.	
Examination duration and						
scale	20 111111					
	Computer Science: Sr	ocialisation I. Computer	and Software Engli	nooring: Floctive Compulsor	,	
Following Curricula	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Engineering: Elective Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Communication Systems, Focus Software: Elective Compulsory					
Following curricula				and Dependable IT Systems:		
	miorination and Colli	mameation systems, spe	ciansation secure	una Dependable it Systems.	Liective Compuis	OI y

Course L1979: Model Checkin	ng - Proof Engines and Algorithms
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey
Language	
Cycle	
Content	Correctness is a major concern in embedded systems. Model checking can fully automatically proof formal properties about digital hardware or software. Such properties are given in temporal logic, e.g., to prove "No two orthogonal traffic lights will ever be green." And how do the underlying reasoning algorithms work so effectively in practice despite a computational complexity of NP hardness
	and beyond?
	But what are the limitations of model checking?
	How are the models generated from a given design? The lecture will answer these questions. Open source tools will be used to gather a practical experience.
	Among other topics, the lecture will consider the following topics:
	Modelling digital Hardware, Software, and Cyber Physical Systems
	Data structures, decision procedures and proof engines
	Binary Decision Diagrams
	And-Inverter-Graphs
	Boolean Satisfiability
	Satisfiability Modulo Theories
	Specification Languages
	• CTL
	• LTL
	System Verilog Assertions
	Algorithms for
	Reachability Analysis
	Symbolic CTL Checking
	Bounded LTL-Model Checking
	Optimizations, e.g., induction, abstraction
	Quality assurance
Literature	Edmund M. Clarke, Jr., Orna Grumberg, and Doron A. Peled. 1999. <i>Model Checking</i> . MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, USA.
	A. Biere, A. Biere, M. Heule, H. van Maaren, and T. Walsh. 2009. <i>Handbook of Satisfiability: Volume 185 Frontiers in Artificial Intelligence and Applications.</i> IOS Press, Amsterdam, The Netherlands, The Netherlands.
	Selected research papers

Course L1980: Model Checki	Course L1980: Model Checking - Proof Engines and Algorithms				
Тур	Recitation Section (small)				
Hrs/wk	2				
СР	3				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28				
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey				
Language	DE/EN				
Cycle	SoSe				
Content	See interlocking course				
Literature	See interlocking course				

Module M1794: Applie	ed Crypt	tograp	hy				
Courses							
Title					Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Applied Cryptography (L2954)					Lecture	3	4
Applied Cryptography (L2955)					Recitation Section (small)	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibyll	e Fröschle	е				
Admission Requirements	None						
Recommended Previous							
Knowledge							
Educational Objectives	After takin	fter taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results					
Professional Competence							
Knowledge							
Skills							
Personal Competence							
Social Competence							
Autonomy							
Workload in Hours	Independe	nt Study ⁻	Γime 124, Study Tir	me in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6						
Course achievement	Compulsory	Bonus	Form	Description			
	No	10 %	Excercises	Die Übungsa	aufgaben finden semesterbegl	eitend statt	
Examination	Written ex	am					
Examination duration and	120 min				·		
scale							
Assignment for the	Computer	Science: S	Specialisation I. Cor	mputer and Software Eng	gineering: Elective Compulsory	, <u> </u>	
Following Curricula	Information	n and Con	nmunication Syster	ms: Specialisation Comm	unication Systems, Focus Soft	ware: Elective Co	ompulsory

Course L2954: Applied Crypt	tography
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	This module provides a comprehensive knowledge in modern cryptography and how it plays a key role in securing the digital world we live in today. We will thoroughly treat cryptographic primitives such as symmetric and asymmetric encryption schemes, cryptographic hash functions, message authentication codes, and digital signatures. Moreover, we will cover aspects of practical deployment such as key management, public key infrastructures, and secure storage of keys. We will see how everything comes together in applications such as the ubiquitous security protocols of the Internet (e.g. TLS and WPA3) and/or the Internet-of-things. We also discuss current challenges such as the need for post-quantum cryptography.
Literature	Introduction to Modern Cryptography, Third Edition, Jonathan Katz and Jehuda Lindell, Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2021 Sicherheit und Kryptographie im Internet, 5th Edition, Jörg Schwenk, Springer-Verlag, 2020

Course L2955: Applied Crypt	Course L2955: Applied Cryptography					
Тур	citation Section (small)					
Hrs/wk	1					
СР	2					
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14					
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle					
Language	EN					
Cycle	SoSe					
Content	See corresponding lecture					
Literature	Siehe korrespondierende Vorlesung					

Title Typ Hrs/wk CP Software Testing (L1791) Lecture 2 3 Software Testing (L1792) Project-/problem-based Learning 2 3 Module Responsible Admission Requirements	Systems"					_
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Software Testing (13791) Module Reponsible (13792) Admission None Requirements Recommended Previous Standard Dear Software Engineering - Software Engineering - Higher Programming languages - Algorithms and Data Structures - Special Spec	Title		Typ	Hrs/wk	СР	
Module Prof. Sitylie Schupp Responsible Regional Regiona		1791)				
Recommended Previous Significant Programming Languages - Algorithms and Data Structures - Experience with (Small) Software Projects - Statistics Educational Objectives Frofessional Competence Knowledge Students explain the different phases of testing, describe fundamental techniques of different types of testing, and paraphrase the basic principles of the corresponding test process. They give examples of software development scenarios and the corresponding test type and technique. They explain algorithms used for particular testing techniques and describe possible advantages and limitations. Sulfats Sulfats identify the appropriate testing type and technique for a given problem. They adapt and execute respective algorithms to execute a concrete test technique properly. They interpret testing results and execute corresponding steps for proper re-test scenarios. They write and analyze test specifications. They apply bug finding techniques for non-trivial problems. Personal Competence Social Students and seasons televant topics in class. They defend their solutions orally. Competence Students are assess their level of knowledge continuously and adjust it appropriately, based on feedback and on self-guided studies. Within limits, they can own learning goals, tupon successful completion, studients can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field on while large goals. Upon successful completion studients can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field on while large goals. Upon successful completion studients can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field on while large goals. Upon successful completion studients can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field on while large goals. Upon successful completion studients can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field on the large	Software Testing (L1	1792)	Project-/problem-based Lea	arning 2	3	
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Personal Competence Social Competence Autonomy Workload in Hours Credit points Examination duration and scale Social Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their solutions orally. They communicate in English. Students can assess their level of knowledge continuously and adjust it appropriately, based on feedback and on self-guided studies. Within limits, they can own learning goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field of the testing. Within this field, they can conduct independent studies to acquire the necessary competencies and compile their findings in academic reports devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones Workload in Hours Credit points 6 None Software Software		analyze test specifications. They apply bug finding	g techniques for			
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Competence Social Competence Social Competence Autonomy Workload in Hours Credit points Course achievement Examination duration and scale Social Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their solutions orally. They communicate in English. Students can assess their level of knowledge continuously and adjust it appropriately, based on feedback and on self-guided studies. Within limits, they can own learning goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field of testing. Within this field, they can conduct independent studies to acquire the necessary competencies and compile their findings in academic reports devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones Workload in Hours 6 Course achievement Subject theoretical and practical work Examination duration and scale						
Social Competence Autonomy Autonomy Students can assess their level of knowledge continuously and adjust it appropriately, based on feedback and on self-guided studies. Within limits, they can own learning goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field of testing. Within this field, they can conduct independent studies to acquire the necessary competencies and compile their findings in academic reports devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones Workload in Hours Credit points 6 Course achievement Examination duration and scale Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their solutions orally. They communicate in English. Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their solutions orally. They communicate in English. Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their solutions orally. They communicate in English. Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their solutions orally. They communicate in English. Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their solutions or ally. They communicate in English. Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend their solutions or ally. They communicate in English. Students den English and on self-guided studies. Within limits, they can completely, based on feedback and on self-guided studies. Within limits, they can completely. Students den English and on self-guided studies. Within limits, they can completely. Students den English and on self-guided studies. Within limits, they can completely and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field of the						
Competence Autonomy Students can assess their level of knowledge continuously and adjust it appropriately, based on feedback and on self-guided studies. Within limits, they can own learning goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field of testing. Within this field, they can conduct independent studies to acquire the necessary competencies and compile their findings in academic reports devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones Workload in Hours	-	Students discuss relevant tonics in class. They defend their sa	olutions orally			
Autonomy Students can assess their level of knowledge continuously and adjust it appropriately, based on feedback and on self-guided studies. Within limits, they can own learning goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field of testing. Within this field, they can conduct independent studies to acquire the necessary competencies and compile their findings in academic reports devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones Workload in Hours Credit points 6 Course achievement Examination duration and scale Software			olutions orally.			
own learning goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field of testing. Within this field, they can conduct independent studies to acquire the necessary competencies and compile their findings in academic reports devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones Workload in Hours Credit points 6 Course achievement Examination duration and scale	Competence	They communicate in English.				
testing. Within this field, they can conduct independent studies to acquire the necessary competencies and compile their findings in academic reports devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones Workload in Hours Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56						
devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones Workload in Hours Credit points 6 Course achievement Examination duration and scale						
Workload in Hours Credit points 6 Course achievement Examination duration and scale				s and compile their	findings in academic	c reports.
Hours Credit points 6 Course achievement Examination duration and scale		devise plans to arrive at new solutions or assess existing ones	S			
Hours Credit points 6 Course achievement Examination duration and scale	Workload in	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56				
Credit points 6 Course achievement Examination duration and scale						
Course achievement Examination duration and scale	Credit noints	6				
achievement Examination Subject theoretical and practical work Examination duration and scale	-					
Examination Subject theoretical and practical work Examination and scale Software		NOTIC				
Examination Software duration and scale	+	Subject theoretical and practical work				
duration and scale						
scale		Soirwale				
Assignment Compact Science. Specialisation is compact and software Engineering. Elective Compacts		Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Fr	naineering: Elective Compulsory			
	Assignifient	comparer ocience, opecialisation i, computer and outware El	riginizering. Liective Compulsory			
		Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Com-	munication Systems, Focus Software: Flecti	ve Compulsory		
Curricula	for the				essing: Elective Com	pulsorv

Course L1791: Software Testing					
Тур	Lecture				
Hrs/wk	2				
СР	3				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28				
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp				
Language	EN				
Cycle	SoSe				
Content	 Fundamentals of software testing Model-based testing Test automation Criteria-based testing 				
Literature	 M. Pezze and M. Young, Software Testing and Analysis, John Wiley 2008. P. Ammann and J. Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", 2nd edition 2016. A. Zeller: "Why Programs Fail: A Guide to Systematic Debugging", 2nd edition 2012. 				

Course L1792: Software Test	Course L1792: Software Testing					
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning					
Hrs/wk	2					
СР	3					
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28					
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp					
Language	EN					
Cycle	SoSe					
Content	 Fundamentals of software testing Model-based testing Test automation Criteria-based testing 					
Literature	 M. Pezze and M. Young, Software Testing and Analysis, John Wiley 2008. P. Ammann and J. Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", 2nd edition 2015. 					

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Module M1682: Secur	re Software Engineering			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Secure Software Engineering (L266	57)	Lecture	2	3
Secure Software Engineering (L266	58)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Familiarity with basic software engineering cond	cepts (e.g., requirements, design) and basic secu	rity concepts	(e.g., confidentiality,
Knowledge	integrity, availability)			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have rea	ached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students can:			
	Elicit security requirements in a software	project		
	Model and document security measures i			
	Use threat and risk analysis techniques	·· · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Understand how security code reviews are	re performed		
	Understand the core definitions of concept	•		
	Understand privacy enhancing technolog			
	Select appropriate security assurance technique	es to be used in a security assurance program		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	None			
Autonomy	Students can apply the knowledge acquired thro	oughout the course to the resolution of industrial	case studies.	Students should also
	be capable to acquire new knowledge independ	ently from academic publications, techical standa	ards, and whit	e papers.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Led	cture 56		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	120 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer a	nd Software Engineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Spec	ialisation Communication Systems, Focus Softwar	e: Elective Co	mpulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Sp	pecialisation Secure and Dependable IT Syste	ems, Focus S	oftware and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			

Course L2667: Secure Softwa	
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Secure software development processes and maturity models Techniques to define security requirements
	 Techniques to create, document and analyse the design of secure applications
	Threat and risk analysis techniques
	Security code reviews
	Program repair techniques for security vulnerabilities
	Privacy engineering
Literature	Sindre, G. and Opdahl, A.L., 2005. Eliciting security requirements with misuse cases. Requirements engineering, 10(1), pp.34-44.
	Fontaine, P.J., Van Lamsweerde, A., Letier, E. and Darimont, R., 2001. Goal-oriented elaboration of security requirements.
	Mead, N.R. and Stehney, T., 2005. Security quality requirements engineering (SQUARE) methodology. ACM SIGSOFT Software Engineering Notes, 30(4), pp.1-7.
	Mirakhorli, M., Shin, Y., Cleland-Huang, J. and Cinar, M., 2012, June. A tactic-centric approach for automating traceability of quality concerns. In 2012 34th international conference on software engineering (ICSE) (pp. 639-649). IEEE.
	Jürjens, J., UMLsec: Extending UML for secure systems development, International Conference on The Unified Modeling Language, 2002
	Lund, M.S., Solhaug, B. and Stølen, K., 2011. A guided tour of the CORAS method. In Model-Driven Risk Analysis (pp. 23-43). Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.
	Howard, M.A., 2006. A process for performing security code reviews. IEEE Security & privacy, 4(4), pp.74-79
	Diaz, C. and Gürses, S., 2012. Understanding the landscape of privacy technologies. Proceedings of the information security summit, 12, pp.58-63.

Course L2668: Secure Software Engineering					
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning				
Hrs/wk	2				
СР	3				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28				
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato				
Language	EN				
Cycle	SoSe				
Content	Secure software development processes and maturity models Techniques to define security requirements Techniques to create, document and analyse the design of secure applications Threat and risk analysis techniques Security code reviews Program repair techniques for security vulnerabilities Privacy engineering				
Literature					

Module M1774: Adva	nced Internet C	omputing					
Courses							
Title					Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	916)				Lecture	2	3
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	917)				Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Stefan Schulte						
Admission Requirements	None						
Recommended Previous	Good programming sl	kills are necessary	. Previo	ous knowledge in	the field of distributed systems is	s helpful.	
Knowledge							
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students	have re	eached the follow	ing learning results		
Professional Competence							
Knowledge	After successful comp	oletion of the cour	se, stuc	ents are able to:			
	Describe basic	concents of Claus	1 Compi	iting the Internet	of Things (IoT), and blockchain	technologies	
		•		-	he IoT, and blockchain technolog	_	
					application areas	lies	
		-			of smart objects in IoT, Cloud, a	nd blockshain	coftware
	Implement IoT		utions i	or the integration	or smart objects in lor, cloud, a	nd blockchain :	Software
Skills		to select and uti	lize fitt		ributed systems and to work wi for different application areas.	-	
Personal Competence							
Social Competence		Students can work on complex problems both independently and in teams. They can exchange ideas with each other and use their individual strengths to solve the problem.					
Autonomy	Students are able to i	Students are able to independently investigate a complex problem and assess which competencies are required to solve it.					
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Ti	me 124, Study Tir	me in Le	ecture 56			
Credit points	6						
Course achievement		Form		Description			
	Yes 20 %	Subject theor	etical	andGruppenarbe	eit mit aktuellen Technologien au	is dem Bereich	Internet of Things
		practical work					
Examination							
Examination duration and							
scale							
Assignment for the				_	ineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	· ·			•	ience: Elective Compulsory		
		-			unication Systems, Focus Softwa		
	Information and Com	munication Syster	ns: Spe	cialisation Secure	and Dependable IT Systems, Fo	cus Networks:	Elective Compulsory

Course L2916: Advanced Inte	ernet Computing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	This lecture discusses modern Internet-based distributed systems in three blocks: (i) Cloud computing, (ii) the Internet of Things, and (iii) blockchain technologies. The following topics will be covered in the single lectures: Cloud Computing Elastic Computing Technologies for identification for the IoT: RFID & EPC Communication in the IoT: Standards and protocols Security and trust in the IoT: Concerns and solution approaches Edge and Fog Computing Application areas: Smart factories, smart cities, smart healthcare Blockchain technologies Consensus
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture

Course L2917: Advanced Inte	Course L2917: Advanced Internet Computing					
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning					
Hrs/wk	2					
СР	3					
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28					
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte					
Language	EN					
Cycle	SoSe					
Content	This project-/problemoriented part of the module augments the theoretical content of the lecture by a concrete technical problem, which needs to be solved by the students in group work during the semester. Possible topics are (blockchain-based) sensor data integration, Big Data processing, Cloud-based redundant data storages, and Cloud-based Onion Routing.					
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture.					

Module M0924: Softw	are for Embed	ded System	s				
Courses							
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР	
Software for Embdedded Systems (Lecture	2	3	
Software for Embdedded Systems (Recitation Section (small)	3	3	
Module Responsible	Prof. Bernd-Christian	Renner					
Admission Requirements	None						
Recommended Previous	Very Good knd	wledge and pract	tical experience in progr	amming in the C language			
Knowledge	,	ge in software en					
		nding of assembly					
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students	s have reached the follow	ving learning results			
Professional Competence							
Knowledge			•	e engineering for embedded s			
	- '	•		rupts. They know the comp			
			·	time systems. They know at	least three sched	luling algorithms for	
Chille	real time operating s	-	•	acceptuallar Thay build and o		ashadular Thau usa	
SKIIIS	Students build interrupt-based programs for a concrete microcontroller. They build and use a preemptive scheduler. They use				-		
		peripheral components (timer, ADC, EEPROM) to realize complex tasks for embedded systems. To interface with external components they utilize serial protocols.					
Personal Competence	components they den	ize seriai protocoi					
Social Competence							
Autonomy							
	Independent Study T	ime 110, Study Ti	me in Lecture 70				
Credit points	6						
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus	Form	Description				
	No 10 %	Attestation					
Examination	Written exam						
Examination duration and	90 min						
scale							
Assignment for the	Computer Science: S	pecialisation I. Co	mputer and Software En	gineering: Elective Compulsor	У		
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering	g: Specialisation Ir	nformation and Commur	ication Systems: Elective Con	npulsory		
		-	•	nunication Systems, Focus So	ftware: Elective Co	mpulsory	
			ry Course: Elective Com	•			
		_	t Systems and Robotics:				
	·	-	esign: Elective Compuls	•			
	Microelectronics and	Microsystems: Sp	ecialisation Embedded S	Systems: Elective Compulsory			

Course L1069: Software for I	Embdedded Systems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
CP	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	General-Purpose Processors Programming the Atmel AVR Interrupts C for Embedded Systems Standard Single Purpose Processors: Peripherals Finite-State Machines Memory Operating Systems for Embedded Systems Real-Time Embedded Systems Boot loader and Power Management
Literature	 Embedded System Design, F. Vahid and T. Givargis, John Wiley Programming Embedded Systems: With C and Gnu Development Tools, M. Barr and A. Massa, O'Reilly C und C++ für Embedded Systems, F. Bollow, M. Homann, K. Köhn, MITP The Art of Designing Embedded Systems, J. Ganssle, Newnses Mikrocomputertechnik mit Controllern der Atmel AVR-RISC-Familie, G. Schmitt, Oldenbourg Making Embedded Systems: Design Patterns for Great Software, E. White, O'Reilly

Course L1070: Software for I	ourse L1070: Software for Embdedded Systems				
Тур	Recitation Section (small)				
Hrs/wk	3				
СР	3				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42				
Lecturer	Bernd-Christian Renner				
Language	Language DE/EN				
Cycle	Cycle SoSe				
Content	See interlocking course				
Literature	See interlocking course				

Module M1785: Mach	ine Learning in Electrical Enginee	ring and Information Tec	hnology	
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
General Introduction Machine Lear	ning (L3004)	Lecture	1	2
Machine Learning Applications in E	lectric Power Systems (L3008)	Lecture	1	1
	tic Compatibility (EMC) Engineering (L3006)	Lecture	1	1
Machine Learning in High-Frequenc		Lecture	1	1
Machine Learning in Wireless Comr		Lecture	1	1
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	The module is designed for a diverse audience,	i.e. students with different backgroun	d. It shall be suitable fo	or both students with
	students, and students with deeper knowledge electrical engineering students. Machine learnin ideas. The focus is on specific applications in electrons are the chapters of the course will be understandal individual background of the students will be tak	g methods will be explained on a relictrical engineering and information tended in different depth depending on the	atively high level indica chnology. ne individual background	ting mainly principle
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have rea	ched the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge				
Skills				
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lect	ture 70		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information	and Communication Systems: Elective	e Compulsory	
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Microwave	Engineering, Optics, and Electromagn	etic Compatibility: Elect	ive Compulsory
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and	Power Systems Engineering: Elective	Compulsory	
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation	II. Engineering Science: Elective Comp	oulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Specia	alisation Communication Systems, Foc	us Software: Elective Co	ompulsory

Course L3004: General Introd	duction Machine Learning
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	1
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Dr. Maximilian Stark
Language	EN
Cycle	
Content	
	From Rule-Based Systems to Machine Learning
	Brief overview recent advances in ML in various domain
	Outline and expected learning outcomes
	Basics statistical inference and statistics
	Basics of information theory
	The Notions of Learning in Machine Learning
	 Unsupervised and supervised machine learning
	 Model-based and data-driven machine learning
	Hybrid modelling
	Online/offline/meta/transfer learning
	General loss functions
	Introduction to Deep Learning
	Variants of neural networks
	• MLP
	Conv. neural networks
	Recurrent neural networks
	Training neural networks
	(Stochastic) Gradient Descent
	Regression vs. Classification
	 Classification as supervised learning problem
	Hands-On Session
	Representation Learning and Generative Models
	AutoEncoders
	Directed Generative Models
	Undirected Generative Models
	Generative Adversarial Neural Networks
	Probabilistic Graphical Models
	Bayesian Networks
	Variational inference (variational autoencoder)
Literature	

Course L3008: Machine Learning Applications in Electric Power Systems	
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	1
СР	1
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Christian Becker, Dr. Davood Babazadeh
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	
Literature	

Course L3006: Machine Learn	Course L3006: Machine Learning in Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Engineering		
Тур	Lecture		
Hrs/wk	1		
СР	1		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14		
Lecturer	Prof. Christian Schuster, Dr. Cheng Yang		
Language	EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Engineering deals with design, simulation, measurement, and certification of electronic and electric components and systems in such a way that their operation is safe, reliable, and efficient in any possible application. Safety is hereby understood as safe with respect to parasitic effects of electromagnetic fields on humans as well as on the operation of other components and systems nearby. Examples for components and systems range from the wiring in aircraft and ships to high-speed interconnects in server systems and wirless interfaces for brain implants. In this part of the course we will give an introduction to the physical basics of EMC engineering and then show how methods of Machine Learning (ML) can be applied to expand todays physcis-based approaches in EMC Engineering.		
Literature			

ourse L3007: Machine Learning in High-Frequency Technology and Radar	
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	1
СР	1
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Kölpin, Dr. Fabian Lurz
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	
Literature	

Typ Hrs/wk	
-,	
СР	
	1
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Dr. Maximilian Stark
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Supervised Learning Application - Channel Coding Recap channel coding and block codes Block codes as trainable neural networks Tanner graph with trainable weights Hands-on session Supervised Learning Application - Modulation Detection Recap wireless modulation schemes Convolutional neuronal networks for blind detection of modulation schemes Hands-on session Autoencoder Application - Constellation Shaping I Recap channel capacity and constellation shaping, Capacity achieving machine learning systems Information theoretical explanation of the autoencoder training Hands-on session Autoencoder Application - Constellation Shaping II Training without a channel model Mutual information neural estimator Hands-on session Generative Adversarial Network Application - Channel Modelling Recap realistic channels with non-linear hardware impairments Training a digital twin of a realistic channel with insufficient training data Hands-on session Recurrent Neural Network Application - Channel prediction
	 Recap time-varying channel models Recurrent neural networks for temporal prediction Hands-on session
Literature	

Specialization Secure and Dependable IT Systems

Graduates of the Secure and Dependable IT Systems specialisation acquire extensive knowledge in software verification and IT security. They also have knowledge in communication networks and signal processing. They are able to apply methods and procedures required to work on secure and dependable IT systems, as well as critically examine new insights to further develop and incorporate in their work.

The Secure and Dependable IT Systems specialisation is recommended for students who already have a good mathematical foundation and basic knowledge in computer science and software development.

Module M0753: Softw	rare Verification			
Courses				
Title Software Verification (L0629) Software Verification (L0630)		Typ Lecture Recitation Section (small)	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 3 3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle Schupp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Automata theory and formal languages Computational logic Object-oriented programming, algorithms, and dat Functional programming or procedural programmi Concurrency			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the	e following learning results		
Professional Competence Knowledge				
Skills Personal Competence Social Competence	Students apply the major verification techniques in mode and semantics of the underlying logics, and assess the formal properties of software systems. They find flaws in Students formulate provable properties of a software systems abstract from the software under verification and, where checks by hand or using tools for model checking or dediverification problem in natural language, they select the Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend the Using accompanying on-line material for self study, stappropriately. Working on exercise problems, they recogoals. Upon successful completion, students can identify the field of software verification. Within this field, they and compile their findings in academic reports. They can	expressivity of different logics as formal arguments, arising from mostem in a formal language. They deen expressive, adapt model or proper uctive verification, and reflect on the appropriate verification technique and its constitutions or ally. They communicate tudents can assess their level of eive additional feedback. Within liand precisely formulate new problem conduct independent studies to	well as their limit deling artifacts or velop logic-based of ty. They construct e scope of the result and justify their characteristics and justify their characteristics. Knowledge continuities, they can settlems in academic of acquire the necessity.	ations. They classify underspecification. models that properly proofs and property ults. Presented with a pice. uously and adjust it their own learning r applied research in essary competencies
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points				
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Form Descri Yes 15 % Excercises	ption		
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and scale	90 min			
Assignment for the Following Curricula	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Softwa Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Comp Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	uter Science: Elective Compulsory Secure and Dependable IT Systems	:: Compulsory	mpulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation	* '		,

Course L0629: Software Verification		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content		
Literature	 C. Baier and J-P. Katoen, Principles of Model Checking, MIT Press 2007. M. Huth and M. Bryan, Logic in Computer Science. Modelling and Reasoning about Systems, 2nd Edition, 2004. Selected Research Papers 	

Course L0630: Software Veri	ourse L0630: Software Verification	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0942: Software Security				
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Software Security (L1103)		Lecture	2	3
Software Security (L1104)		Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Familiarity with C/C++, web programming			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have r	eached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students can			
	name the main causes for security vuln explain current methods for identifying explain the fundamental concepts of co	and avoiding security vulnerabilities		
Skills	Students are capable of • performing a software vulnerability ana • developing secure code	lysis		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	None			
Autonomy	Students are capable of acquiring knowledge	ge independently from professional publica	itions, technical	standards, and other
	sources, and are capable of applying newly ac	quired knowledge to new problems.		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in L	ecture 56		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	120 minutes			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer	and Software Engineering: Elective Compuls	ory	
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation	on I. Computer Science: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Spe	cialisation Secure and Dependable IT System	ns: Elective Comp	ulsory

Course L1103: Software Security		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	 Reliabilty and Software Security Attacks exploiting character and integer representations Buffer overruns Vulnerabilities in memory managemet: double free attacks Race conditions SQL injection Cross-site scripting and cross-site request forgery Testing for security; taint analysis Type safe languages Development proceses for secure software Code-based access control 	
Literature	M. Howard, D. LeBlanc: Writing Secure Code, 2nd edition, Microsoft Press (2002) G. Hoglund, G. McGraw: Exploiting Software, Addison-Wesley (2004) L. Gong, G. Ellison, M. Dageforde: Inside Java 2 Platform Security, 2nd edition, Addison-Wesley (2003) B. LaMacchia, S. Lange, M. Lyons, R. Martin, K. T. Price: .NET Framework Security, Addison-Wesley Professional (2002) D. Gollmann: Computer Security, 3rd edition (2011)	

Course L1104: Software Security	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M1397: Mode	l Checking - Pro	oof Engines and	Algorithms			
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Model Checking - Proof Engines and Algorithms (L1979)				Lecture	2	3
Model Checking - Proof Engines and Algorithms (L1980)			Recitation Section (small)	2	3	
Module Responsible	Prof. Görschwin Fey					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge about data structures and algorithms					
Knowledge						
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results					
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	Students know					
	algorithms and	data structures for mode	el checking			
	_	an reasoning engines an	_			
				tional effort for model checki	na.	
		,	.g		9.	
Skills	Students can					
	explain and im	plement algorithms and	data structures for	model checking.		
	7	 explain and implement algorithms and data structures for model checking, decide whether a given problem can be solved using Boolean reasoning or model checking, and 				
		implement the respective algorithms.				
	·	. 3				
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students					
	discuss relevant topics in class and					
	defend their solutions orally.					
Autonomy	Using accompanying material students independently learn in-depth relations between concepts explained in the lecture and					
	additional solution strategies.					
		me 124, Study Time in Lo	ecture 56			
Credit points		_				
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Yes None	Form Subject theoretical	Description	wird im Rahmen von Volresu	ing und Prüfung (Anfiniart Dia Läsung
	ies mone	Subject theoretical practical work	_	ist Zulassungsvoraussetzung	-	deniment. Die Losung
Examination	Oral evam	practical work	der Adigabe	Sc Zuiussuiigs voi aussetzuiig	rai die i fululig.	
Examination duration and						
examination duration and scale	ווווו טכ					
	Computer Science: Co	ocialisation I. Committee	and Coffware Fra	nooring, Floctive Compulser	,	
Following Curricula	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Engineering: Elective Compulsory Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Communication Systems, Focus Software: Elective Compulsory			mpulsory		
rollowing curricula				and Dependable IT Systems:		
	miorination and Comi	numeation systems: spe	ciansation secure	and Dependable IT Systems:	Liective Compuis	ol y

Course L1979: Model Checkin	ng - Proof Engines and Algorithms	
Тур		
Hrs/wk		
CP Workload in Hours		
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey	
Cycle		
Content	Correctness is a major concern in embedded systems. Model checking can fully automatically proof formal properties about digital hardware or software. Such properties are given in temporal logic, e.g., to prove "No two orthogonal traffic lights will ever be green." And how do the underlying reasoning algorithms work so effectively in practice despite a computational complexity of NP hardness	
	and beyond? But what are the limitations of model checking?	
	How are the models generated from a given design?	
	The lecture will answer these questions. Open source tools will be used to gather a practical experience.	
	Among other topics, the lecture will consider the following topics:	
	Modelling digital Hardware, Software, and Cyber Physical Systems	
	Data structures, decision procedures and proof engines	
	Binary Decision Diagrams	
	And-Inverter-Graphs	
	Boolean Satisfiability	
	Satisfiability Modulo Theories	
	Specification Languages	
	• CTL	
	• LTL	
	System Verilog Assertions	
	Algorithms for	
	Reachability Analysis	
	Symbolic CTL Checking	
	Bounded LTL-Model Checking	
	Optimizations, e.g., induction, abstraction	
	Quality assurance	
Literature	Edmund M. Clarke, Jr., Orna Grumberg, and Doron A. Peled. 1999. <i>Model Checking</i> . MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, USA.	
	A. Biere, A. Biere, M. Heule, H. van Maaren, and T. Walsh. 2009. <i>Handbook of Satisfiability: Volume 185 Frontiers in Artificial Intelligence and Applications</i> . IOS Press, Amsterdam, The Netherlands, The Netherlands.	
	Selected research papers	

Course L1980: Model Checking - Proof Engines and Algorithms	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M1773: Cyber	security Data Science			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Cybersecurity Data Science (L2914)	Lecture	2	3
Exercise Cybersecurity Data Science	re (L2915)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge of probabilities and statistics. Familiar	ity with object oriented programming.		
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	ne following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students can:			
	Apply data science methods to the resolution of a contract of the resolution of	complex cybersecurity problems		
	Use of data science methods to quantify risks an			
	Identify strengths and limitations of state-of-the-			
	Select the performance indicators of data-orienter			
	Understand cybersecurity threats in data science	· ·		
Skills	Implement and evaluate data-driven models for the ide	ntification, treatment, and mitigation of c	ybersecurity r	isks
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	None			
Autonomy	Students can apply the knowledge acquired throughout	the course to the resolution of industrial	case studies.	Students should also
	be capable to acquire new knowledge independently fro	om academic publications, techical standa	ards, and white	e papers.
Maukland in Hauss	Indonesia destructura in Lactura EG			
	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and	120 min			
scale				
Assignment for the				
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisatio	n Secure and Dependable IT Systems: Ele	ctive Compuls	sory

rse L2914: Cybersecurity	Data Science	
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato	
Language		
Cycle	SoSe	
	Theoretical Foundations:	
	Introduction to data science	
	Supervised and unsupervised learning	
	 Data science methods (e.g., clustering, decision trees, artificial neural networks) 	
	Performance metrics	
	Cybersecutrity Applications:	
	Spam detection	
	Phishing detection	
	Intrusion detection	
	Access-control prediction	
	Denial of Service (DoS) prediction	
	Vulnerability/malware prediction	
	Adversarial machine learning	
Literature	[1] Sarker, I.H., Kayes, A.S.M., Badsha, S., Alqahtani, H., Watters, P. and Ng, A., 2020. Cybersecurity data science: an overv	
	from machine learning perspective. Journal of Big data, 7(1), pp.1-29.	
	[2] Truong, T.C., Zelinka, I., Plucar, J., Čandík, M. and Šulc, V., 2020. Artificial intelligence and cybersecurity: Past, presence, a	
	future. In Artificial intelligence and evolutionary computations in engineering systems (pp. 351-363). Springer, Singapore.	
	[3] Dua, S. and Du, X., 2016. Data mining and machine learning in cybersecurity. CRC press.	
	[4] Arp, D., Quiring, E., Pendlebury, F., Warnecke, A., Pierazzi, F., Wressnegger, C., Cavallaro, L. and Rieck, K., Dos and Don'ts Machine Learning in Computer Security.	
	[5] Torres, J.M., Comesaña, C.I. and Garcia-Nieto, P.J., 2019. Machine learning techniques applied to cybersecurity. Internatio Journal of Machine Learning and Cybernetics, 10(10), pp.2823-2836.	
	[6] Russell, S. and Norvig, P., 2010. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Prentice Hall.	

Course L2915: Exercise Cybe	rsecurity Data Science	
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	Theoretical Foundations:	
	Introduction to data science	
	Supervised and unsupervised learning	
	Data science methods (e.g., clustering, decision trees, artificial neural networks)	
	Performance metrics	
	Cybersecutrity Applications:	
	Spam detection	
	Phishing detection	
	Intrusion detection	
	Access-control prediction	
	Denial of Service (DoS) prediction	
	Vulnerability/malware prediction	
	Adversarial machine learning	
Literature	[1] Sarker, I.H., Kayes, A.S.M., Badsha, S., Alqahtani, H., Watters, P. and Ng, A., 2020. Cybersecurity data science: an overview from machine learning perspective. Journal of Big data, 7(1), pp.1-29.	
	[2] Truong, T.C., Zelinka, I., Plucar, J., Čandík, M. and Šulc, V., 2020. Artificial intelligence and cybersecurity: Past, presence, and future. In Artificial intelligence and evolutionary computations in engineering systems (pp. 351-363). Springer, Singapore.	
	[3] Dua, S. and Du, X., 2016. Data mining and machine learning in cybersecurity. CRC press.	
	[4] Arp, D., Quiring, E., Pendlebury, F., Warnecke, A., Pierazzi, F., Wressnegger, C., Cavallaro, L. and Rieck, K., Dos and Don'ts of Machine Learning in Computer Security.	
	[5] Torres, J.M., Comesaña, C.I. and Garcia-Nieto, P.J., 2019. Machine learning techniques applied to cybersecurity. International Journal of Machine Learning and Cybernetics, 10(10), pp.2823-2836.	
	[6] Russell, S. and Norvig, P., 2010. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Prentice Hall.	

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Courses							
Title					Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Designing Dependable Systems (L20	000)				Lecture	2	3
Designing Dependable Systems (L20	001)				Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Görschwin Fey						
Admission Requirements	None						
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge abou	ut data structure	s and alg	orithms			
Knowledge							
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, student	s have re	eached the followi	ing learning results		
Professional Competence							
Knowledge I	In the following "depe	endable" summa	rizes the	concepts Reliabili	ty, Availability, Maintainabili	ty, Safety and Sec	urity.
ŀ	Knowledge about app	roaches for desi	gning de _l	pendable systems	s, e.g.,		
	Structural solut	tions like modula	r redund	ancy			
	Algorithmic sol	utions like handl	ing byzaı	ntine faults or che	eckpointing		
F	Knowledge about met	thods for the ana	alysis of d	lependable syster	ms		
Skills i	Ability to implement of	dependable syste	ems using	g the above appro	paches.		
1	Ability to analyzs the	dependability of	systems	using the above	methods for analysis.		
Personal Competence							
Social Competence	Students						
	discuss relevar	nt topics in class	and				
	present their so	•					
-			nts indep	endently learn ir	n-depth relations between o	oncepts explained	d in the lecture and
	additional solution str						
	Independent Study Ti	me 124, Study T	ime in Le	ecture 56			
	Compulsory Bonus	Form		Doscription			
course acmevement	Compulsory Bonus Yes None		retical	Description and Die Lösung	einer Aufgabe ist Zuslassur	asvoraussetzuna	für die Prüfung Die
ľ	. CS INOTIC	practical work	cticui	-	d in Vorlesung und Übung de		.a. ale Fraiding. Die
Examination	Oral exam	F. 200.001 1701K		, a.gaze wiic			
	30 min						
scale	i						
	Computer Science: Sr	ecialisation I. Co	mputer :	and Software Eng	ineering: Elective Compulsor	v	
-				_	ience: Elective Compulsory	,	
-					and Dependable IT Systems	: Elective Compuls	sory
	Mechatronics: Special	-			•	22	•
		-	-	•	stems: Elective Compulsory		

Course L2000: Designing Dep	pendable Systems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Description
	The term dependability comprises various aspects of a system. These are typically:
	Reliability
	Availability
	Maintainability
	• Safety
	Security
	This makes dependability a core aspect that has to be considered early in system design, no matter whether software, embedded
	systems or full scale cyber-physical systems are considered.
	Contents
	The module introduces the basic concepts for the design and the analysis of dependable systems. Design examples for getting practical hands-on-experience in dependable design techniques. The module focuses towards embedded systems. The following topics are covered:
	Modelling
	Fault Tolerance
	Design Concepts
	Analysis Techniques
Literature	

Course L2001: Designing De	ourse L2001: Designing Dependable Systems		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

ourses				
itle		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
dvanced Seminar Computer Scier	ice and Communication Technology I (L2352)	Seminar	2	3
troductory Seminar Computer Sc	ence and Communication Technology II (L2429)	Seminar	2	3
Module Responsible	Dozenten des SD E			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge of Computer Science and Mathematics at	the Master's level.		
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the	ollowing learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students are able to			
	a symbolicate a specific tenis in the field of Committee Co	lana		
	 explicate a specific topic in the field of Computer So describe complex issues, 	ience,		
	 present different views and evaluate in a critical wa 	,		
	present different views and evaluate in a critical wa	y.		
Skills	The students are able to			
	familiarize in a specific topic of Computer Science in	limited time		
	realize a literature survey on the specific topic and			
	elaborate a presentation and give a lecture to a sel-			
	 sum up the presentation in 10-15 lines, 	acca addicines,		
	 answer questions in the final discussion. 			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students are able to			
	 elaborate and introduce a topic for a certain audien 	ce,		
	discuss the topic, content and structure of the presentation.	ntation with the instructor,		
	 discuss certain aspects with the audience, and 			
	 as the lecturer listen and respond to questions from 	the audience.		
Autonomi	The children are able to			
Autonomy	The students are able to			
	 define the task in question in an autonomous way, 			
	 develop the necessary knowledge, 			
	 use appropriate work equipment, and 			
	guided by an instructor critically check the working	status.		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and	x			
scale	·· 			
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation IV. Subject Specific Focu	s: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation C		mpulsory	
	The second secon		, ,	

Course L2352: Advanced Ser	ourse L2352: Advanced Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology I		
Тур	Seminar		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	renten des SD E		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe		
Content			
Literature			

Course L2429: Introductory S	ourse L2429: Introductory Seminar Computer Science and Communication Technology II		
Тур	Seminar		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Dozenten des SD E		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe		
Content			
Literature			

Focus Networks

Module M0836: Comn	nunication Networks				
Courses					
Title Selected Topics of Communication	Networks (LOSOO)	Typ	Hrs/wk 2	CP 2	
Communication Networks (L0897)	METMOLK2 (F0033)	Project-/problem-based Learning Lecture	2	2	
Communication Networks Excercise	e (L0898)	Project-/problem-based Learning	1	2	
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel				
Admission Requirements					
Recommended Previous					
Knowledge	Fundamental stochastics				
	Basic understanding of computer networks and/or communication technologies is beneficial				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached	the following learning results			
Professional Competence					
Knowledge	Students are able to describe the principles and s	tructures of communication networks in de	tail. They ca	an explain the formal	
	description methods of communication networks	and their protocols. They are able to ex	plain how o	current and complex	
	communication networks work and describe the curr	ent research in these examples.			
2					
Skills	Students are able to evaluate the performance of co				
	problems themselves and apply the learned method	ds. They can apply what they have learned a	autonomousi	y on further and new	
	communication networks.				
Personal Competence					
Social Competence	Students are able to define tasks themselves in small teams and solve these problems together using the learned methods. They				
	can present the obtained results. They are able to di	scuss and critically analyse the solutions.			
Autonomy	Students are able to obtain the necessary expert k	nowledge for understanding the functionalit	y and perror	mance capabilities of	
	new communication networks independently.				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture	70			
Credit points	6				
Course achievement	None				
Examination	Presentation				
Examination duration and	1.5 hours colloquium with three students, therefore	about 30 min per student. Topics of the col	loquium are	the posters from the	
scale	previous poster session and the topics of the module	L.			
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and	d Communication Systems: Elective Compuls	ory		
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and Po	wer Systems Engineering: Elective Compulso	ry		
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Ele	ctive Compulsory			
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation II. Computer Science in Engineering III. Computer Science III	omputer Science: Elective Compulsory			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	tion Communication Systems: Elective Comp	ulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	tion Secure and Dependable IT Systems, Foc	us Networks:	: Elective Compulsory	
	International Management and Engineering: Speciali	sation II. Information Technology: Elective Co	mpulsory		
	Mechatronics: Technical Complementary Course: Ele	ctive Compulsory			
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Co	-		<i>y</i>	
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation R	obotics and Computer Science: Elective Com	pulsory		

Course L0899: Selected Topi	cs of Communication Networks
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Example networks selected by the students will be researched on in a PBL course by the students in groups and will be presented
	in a poster session at the end of the term.
Literature	see lecture

Course L0897: Communication	on Networks
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel, DrIng. Koojana Kuladinithi
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
Literature	Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Tannenbaum, Computernetzwerke, Pearson-Studium Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.

Course L0898: Communication	on Networks Excercise		
Тур	ject-/problem-based Learning		
Hrs/wk	1		
СР	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14		
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	Part of the content of the lecture Communication Networks are reflected in computing tasks in groups, others are motivated and		
	addressed in the form of a PBL exercise.		
Literature	announced during lecture		

- ,				
Module M0676: Digita	al Communications			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Digital Communications (L0444)		Lecture	2	3
Digital Communications (L0445)		Recitation Section (large)	2	2
Laboratory Digital Communications	(L0646)	Practical Course	1	1
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Mathematics 1-3			
Knowledge	Signals and Systems			
	Fundamentals of Communications and Rando	m Processes		
	- Tandamentals of Communications and Nando	11110003303		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reache	d the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students are able to understand, compare and o	lesign modern digital information transmis	ssion schemes. T	hey are familiar with
	the properties of linear and non-linear digital modul	ation methods. They can describe distorti	ons caused by tr	ansmission channels
	and design and evaluate detectors including char	nnel estimation and equalization. They k	now the princip	les of single carrier
	transmission and multi-carrier transmission as well a	as the fundamentals of basic multiple acce	ss schemes.	
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture and tutorials. They can explain and apply them to new problems.			roblems.
Skills	The students are able to design and analyse a digital	al information transmission scheme includ	ing multiple acc	ess. They are able to
	choose a digital modulation scheme taking into acco	ount transmission rate, required bandwidth	n, error probabili	ty, and further signal
	properties. They can design an appropriate det	ector including channel estimation and	d equalization	taking into account
	performance and complexity properties of suboptim	um solutions. They are able to set parame	ters of a single of	arrier or multi carrier
	transmission scheme and trade the properties of bo	th approaches against each other.		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific problems.			
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant inform	nation from appropriate literature sourc	es. They can c	ontrol their level of
	knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutor	rial problems, software tools, clicker system	m.	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture	70		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	-	Description		
Course acmevement	Yes None Written elaboration			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	90 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulso	ry		
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation II. E	Engineering Science: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	ation Communication Systems: Compulsor	<i>y</i>	
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	ation Secure and Dependable IT Systems,	ocus Networks:	Elective Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Special			
	International Management and Engineering: Special	sation II. Electrical Engineering: Elective C	Compulsory	
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Core Qualification	on: Elective Compulsory		

Tun	Lecture
Hrs/wk	
СР	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
	Repetition: Baseband Transmission Reptition: Baseband Transmission Reptition: Baseband Transmission Reptition: Ba
	Pulse shaping: Non-return to zero (NRZ) rectangular pulses, raised-cosine pulses, square-root raised-cosine pulses
	Power spectral density (psd) of baseband signals
	Intersymbol interference (ISI)
	First and second Nyquist criterion
	AWGN channel
	Matched filter
	Matched-filter receiver and correlation receiver
	Noise whitening matched filter
	Discrete-time AWGN channel model
	Representation of bandpass signals and systems in the equivalent baseband
	 Quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM)
	Equivalent baseband signal and system
	Analytical signal
	 Equivalent baseband random process, equivalent baseband white Gaussian noise process
	Equivalent baseband AWGN channel
	 Equivalent baseband channel model with frequency-offset and phase noise

- Equivalent baseband Rayleigh fading and Rice fading channel models
- Equivalent baseband frequency-selective channel model
- o Discrete memoryless channels (DMC)
- Bandpass transmission via carrier modulation
 - Amplitude modulation, frequency modulation, phase modulation
 - Linear digital modulation methods
 - On-off keying, M-ary amplitude shift keying (M-ASK), M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude modulation (M-QAM), offset-QPSK
 - Signal space representation of transmit signal constellations and signals
 - Energy of linear digital modulated signals, average energy per symbol
 - Power spectral density of linear digital modulated signals
 - Bandwidth efficiency
 - Correlation coefficient of elementary signals
 - Error probabilities of linear digital modulation methods
 - Error functions
 - Gray mapping and natural mapping
 - Bit error probabilities, symbol error probabilities, pairwise symbol error probabilities
 - Euclidean distance and Hamming distance
 - Exact and approximate computation of error probabilities
 - Performance comparison of modulation schemes in terms of per bit SNR vs. per symbol SNR
 - Hierarchical modulation, multilevel modulation
 - Effects of carrier phase offset and carrier frequency offset
 - Differential modulation
 - M-ary differential phase shift keying (M-PSK)
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of DPSK
 - p/M-differential phase shift keying (p/M-DPSK)
 - Differential amplitude and phase shift keying (DAPSK)
 - o Non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Frequency shift keying (FSK)
 - Modulation index
 - Minimum shift keying (MSK)
 - Offset-OPSK representation of MSK
 - MSK with differential precoding and rotation
 - Bit error probabilities of MSK
 - Gaussian minimum shift keying (GMSK)
 - Power spectral density of MSK and GMSK
 - Continuous phase modulation (CPM)
 - General description of CPM signals
 - Frequency pulses and phase pulses
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of FSK
 Performance comparison of linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
- Frequency-selective channels, ISI channels
 - Intersymbol interference and frequency-selectivity
 - RMS delay spread
 - Narrowband and broadband channels
 - Equivalent baseband transmission model for frequency-selective channels
 - Receive filter design
- Equalization
 - Symbol-spaced and fractionally-spaced equalizers
 - Inverse system
 - Non-recursive linear equalizers
 - Linear zero-forcing (ZF) equalizer
 - Linear minimum mean squared error (MMSE) equalizer
 - Non-linear equalization:
 - Decision feedback equalizer (DFE)
 - Tomlinson-Harashima precoding
 - Maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) and maximum likelihood equalizer, Viterbi algorithm
- Single-carrier vs. multi-carrier transmission
- Multi-carrier transmission
 - General multicarrier transmission
 - Orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM)
 - OFDM implementation using the Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
 - Cyclic guard interval
 - Power spectral density of OFDM
 - Peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR)
- Multiple access
 - Principles of time division multiple access (TDMA), frequency division multiple access (FDMA), code division multiple access (CDMA), non-orthogonal multiple access (NOMA), hybrid multiple access
- Spread spectrum communications
 - Direct sequence spread spectrum communications
 - Frequency hopping
 - o Protection against eavesdropping
 - Protection against narrowband jammers
 - Short vs. long spreading codes
 - $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Direct sequence spread spectrum communications in frequency-selective channels} \\$

Systems			
	■ Rake receiver		
	Code division multiple access (CDMA)		
	 Design criteria of spreading sequences, autocorrelation function and crosscorrelation function of spreading 		
	sequences		
	 Intersymbol interference (ISI) and multiple access interference (MAI) 		
	Pseudo noise (PN) sequences, maximum length sequences (m-sequences), Gold codes, Walsh-Hadamard		
	codes, orthogonal variable spreading factor (OVSF) codes		
	Multicode transmission		
	 CDMA in uplink and downlink of a wireless communications system 		
	■ Single-user detection vs. multi-user detection		
Literature	K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner		
	P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.		
	J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.		
	S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley		
	3. Haykiii. Collilliuliication Systems. Wiley		
	R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge		
	A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.		
	4. Goldstilldt. Willeless Cottillidilication. Cambridge.		
	D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.		

Course L0445: Digital Communications	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Course L0646: Laboratory Di	gital Communications
Тур	Practical Course
Hrs/wk	1
СР	1
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	- DSL transmission
	- Random processes - Digital data transmission
Literature	K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner
	P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.
	J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.
	S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley
	R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge
	A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.
	D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.

Module M0837: Simul	ation of Communication Networks		
Courses			
Title Simulation of Communication Netw	Typ Hrs/wk CP orks (L0887) Project-/problem-based Learning 5 6		
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel		
Admission Requirements	None		
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Knowledge of computer and communication networks Basic programming skills 		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence			
Knowledge	Students are able to explain the necessary stochastics, the discrete event simulation technology and modelling of networks for performance evaluation.		
Skills	Students are able to apply the method of simulation for performance evaluation to different, also not practiced, problems of communication networks. The students can analyse the obtained results and explain the effects observed in the network. They are able to question their own results.		
Personal Competence			
Social Competence	Students are able to acquire expert knowledge in groups, present the results, and discuss solution approaches and results. They		
	are able to work out solutions for new problems in small teams.		
Autonomy	Students are able to transfer independently and in discussion with others the acquired method and expert knowledge to new		
Autonomy	problems. They can identify missing knowledge and acquire this knowledge independently.		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70		
Credit points	6		
Course achievement	None		
Examination	Oral exam		
Examination duration and	30 min		
scale			
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Communication Systems: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Communication Systems: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT Systems, Focus Networks: Elective Compulsory		
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation II. Information Technology: Elective Compulsory Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Simulation Technology: Elective Compulsory		
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Simulation Technology: Elective Compulsory Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Simulation Technology: Elective Compulsory		

Course L0887: Simulation of	Communication Networks
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	5
СР	6
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	In the course necessary basic stochastics and the discrete event simulation are introduced. Also simulation models for communication networks, for example, traffic models, mobility models and radio channel models are presented in the lecture. Students work with a simulation tool, where they can directly try out the acquired skills, algorithms and models. At the end of the course increasingly complex networks and protocols are considered and their performance is determined by simulation.
Literature	Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.

Module M1774: Advar	nced Internet C	omputing				
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	16)			Lecture	2	3
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	17)			Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Stefan Schulte					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Good programming sk	kills are necessary. Prev	rious knowledge in t	he field of distributed systems is	helpful.	
Knowledge						
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students have	reached the following	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	After successful comp	letion of the course, stu	udents are able to:			
	Describe basic	concents of Cloud Com	nuting the Internet	of Things (IoT), and blockchain t	echnologies	
				ne IoT, and blockchain technolog	_	
		ly cloud and IoT technol		_		
				of smart objects in IoT, Cloud, ar	nd blockchain	software
	Implement IoT		3	•		
Skills	·	•		ibuted systems and to work with	-	•
			tting technologies f	for different application areas. F	urthermore, s	students are able to
	critically assess the ch	nosen technologies.				
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students can work on complex problems both independently and in teams. They can exchange ideas with each other and use their					
	individual strengths to	solve the problem.				
Autonomou	Chudonto ava abla ta i		to a gamentar muchtar			d to colve it
Autonomy	Students are able to I	ndependently investiga	te a complex proble	em and assess which competenci	es are require	d to solve it.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Ti	me 124, Study Time in I	Lecture 56			
Credit points	6					
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus	Form	Description			
	Yes 20 %	Subject theoretical	andGruppenarbe	it mit aktuellen Technologien au	s dem Bereich	Internet of Things
		practical work				
Examination						
Examination duration and	90 min					
scale						
Assignment for the		•	_	neering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula			•	ence: Elective Compulsory		
				inication Systems, Focus Softwar		
	Information and Comr	munication Systems: Sp	ecialisation Secure	and Dependable IT Systems, Foo	us Networks:	Elective Compulsory

Course L2916: Advanced Inte	ernet Computing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	This lecture discusses modern Internet-based distributed systems in three blocks: (i) Cloud computing, (ii) the Internet of Things, and (iii) blockchain technologies. The following topics will be covered in the single lectures: Cloud Computing Elastic Computing Technologies for identification for the IoT: RFID & EPC Communication in the IoT: Standards and protocols Security and trust in the IoT: Concerns and solution approaches Edge and Fog Computing Application areas: Smart factories, smart cities, smart healthcare Blockchain technologies Consensus
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture

Course L2917: Advanced Internet Computing		
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	This project-/problemoriented part of the module augments the theoretical content of the lecture by a concrete technical problem, which needs to be solved by the students in group work during the semester. Possible topics are (blockchain-based) sensor data integration, Big Data processing, Cloud-based redundant data storages, and Cloud-based Onion Routing.	
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture.	

,				
Module M0839: Traffi	c Engineering			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Seminar Traffic Engineering (L0902	2)	Seminar	2	2
Traffic Engineering (L0900)		Lecture	2	2
Traffic Engineering Exercises (L090	01)	Recitation Section (small)	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous		ray nahwayiya		
Knowledge	Fundamentals of communication or comput Chaptering	er networks		
	Stochastics			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reach	hed the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to describe methods for planning	g, optimisation and performance evaluation	of communication	on networks.
Skille	Students are able to solve typical planning and	entimication tacks for communication not	works Eurthorn	are they are able to
SKIIIS	evaluate the network performance using queuing		works. Furtherin	ore triey are able to
	evaluate the network performance using queuing	theory.		
	Students are able to apply independently what t	hey have learned to other and new problem	ms. They can pro	esent their results in
	front of experts and discuss them.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy	Students are able to acquire the necessary of	expert knowledge to understand the fun	ctionality and p	performance of new
	communication networks independently.	,	,	
	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lectu	ire 70		
Credit points				
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale				
	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and	, ,		
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information	and Communication Systems: Elective Comp	oulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Special	isation Secure and Dependable IT Systems,	Focus Networks:	Elective Compulsory

Course L0902: Seminar Traff	ic Engineering
Тур	Seminar
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel, Dr. Phuong Nga Tran
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Selected applications of methods for planning, optimization, and performance evaluation of communication networks, which have been introduced in the traffic engineering lecture are prepared by the students and presented in a seminar.
Literature	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Vieweg + Teubner further literature announced in the lecture

Course L0900: Traffic Engineering		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel, Dr. Phuong Nga Tran	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	Network Planning and Optimization	
	Linear Programming (LP)	
	Network planning with LP solvers	
	Planning of communication networks	
	Queueing Theory for Communication Networks	
	Stochastic processes	
	Queueing systems	
	Switches (circuit- and packet switching)	
	Network of queues	
Literature	Literatur:	
	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Springer	
	Weitere Literatur wird in der Lehrveranstaltung bekanntgegeben	
	/	
	Literature:	
	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Springer	
	further literature announced in the lecture	

Course L0901: Traffic Engineering Exercises		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	Accompanying exercise for the traffic engineering course	
Literature	Literatur:	
	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Springer	
	Weitere Literatur wird in der Lehrveranstaltung bekanntgegeben / Literature:	
	U. Killat, Entwurf und Analyse von Kommunikationsnetzen, Springer	
	further literature announced in the lecture	

Focus Software and Signal Processing

Module M0738: Digita	al Audio Signal Processing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Digital Audio Signal Processing (L0		Lecture	3	4
Digital Audio Signal Processing (L0		Recitation Section (large)	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Udo Zölzer			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Signals and Systems			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached t	the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Die Studierenden können die grundlegenden Verfahren und Methoden der digitalen Audiosignalverarbeitung erklären. Sie können die wesentlichen physikalischen Effekte bei der Sprach- und Audiosignalverarbeitung erläutern und in Kategorien einordnen. Sie können einen Überblick der numerischen Methoden und messtechnischen Charakterisierung von Algorithmen zur Audiosignalverarbeitung geben. Sie können die erarbeiteten Algorithmen auf weitere Anwendungen im Bereich der Informationstechnik und Informatik abstrahieren.			
Skills	The students will be able to apply methods and techniques from audio signal processing in the fields of mobile and internet communication. They can rely on elementary algorithms of audio signal processing in form of Matlab code and interactive JAVA applets. They can study parameter modifications and evaluate the influence on human perception and technical applications in a variety of applications beyond audio signal processing. Students can perform measurements in time and frequency domain in order to give objective and subjective quality measures with respect to the methods and applications.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students can work in small groups to study spe adequate methods during the exercise.	cial tasks and problems and will be	enforced to prese	ent their results with
Autonomy	The students will be able to retrieve information out of the relevant literature in the field and putt hem into the context of the lecture. They can relate their gathered knowledge and relate them to other lectures (signals and systems, digital communication systems, image and video processing, and pattern recognition). They will be prepared to understand and communicate problems and effects in the field audio signal processing.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 5	6		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	60 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and	Communication Systems: Elective Com	ipulsory	<u> </u>
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	on Communication Systems, Focus Sig	nal Processing: Ele	ective Compulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialis	sation Secure and Dependable IT S	ystems, Focus S	oftware and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Con	nmunication and Signal Processing: Ele	ctive Compulsory	

Course L0650: Digital Audio	Signal Processing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Udo Zölzer
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Introduction (Studio Technology, Digital Transmission Systems, Storage Media, Audio Components at Home)
	Quantization (Signal Quantization, Dither, Noise Shaping, Number Representation)
	AD/DA Conversion (Methods, AD Converters, DA Converters, Audio Processing Systems, Digital Signal Processors, Digital Audio Interfaces, Single-Processor Systems, Multiprocessor Systems)
	Equalizers (Recursive Audio Filters, Nonrecursive Audio Filters, Multi-Complementary Filter Bank)
	Room Simulation (Early Reflections, Subsequent Reverberation, Approximation of Room Impulse Responses)
	Dynamic Range Control (Static Curve, Dynamic Behavior, Implementation, Realization Aspects)
	Sampling Rate Conversion (Synchronous Conversion, Asynchronous Conversion, Interpolation Methods)
	Data Compression (Lossless Data Compression, Lossy Data Compression, Psychoacoustics, ISO-MPEG1 Audio Coding)
Literature	- U. Zölzer, Digitale Audiosignalverarbeitung, 3. Aufl., B.G. Teubner, 2005.
	- U. Zölzer, Digitale Audio Signal Processing, 2nd Edition, J. Wiley & Sons, 2005.
	- U. Zölzer (Ed), Digital Audio Effects, 2nd Edition, J. Wiley & Sons, 2011.

Course L0651: Digital Audio Signal Processing	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)
Hrs/wk	1
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Udo Zölzer
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Systems				
Module M0733: Softw	vare Analysis			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Software Analysis (L0631)		Lecture	2	3
Software Analysis (L0632)		Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sibylle Schupp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge of software-engineering activities			
Knowledge	Discrete algebraic structures	•		
	Object-oriented programming, algorithms, and dat	a structures		
	Functional programming or Procedural programmi			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the	following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students apply the major approaches to data-flow an			-
	classification schemes, and employ abstract interpretation. They explain the standard forms of internal representations and			
	models, including their mathematical structure and properties, and evaluate their suitability for a particular analysis. They explain			
	and categorize the major analysis algorithms. They d	listinguish precise solutions from a	oproximative ap	proaches, and show
	termination and soundness properties.			
Skills	Presented with an analytical task for a software artifact, students select appropriate approaches from software analysis, and justify			
	their choice. They design suitable representations by modifying standard representations. They develop customized analyses and			
	devise them as safe overapproximations. They formulate analyses in a formal way and construct arguments for their correctness,			
	behavior, and precision.			
Personal Competence				
•	Students discuss relevant topics in class. They defend the	eir solutions orally. They communicat	e in English.	
	,			
Autonomy	Using accompanying on-line material for self study, st			
	appropriately. Working on exercise problems, they rec			
	goals. Upon successful completion, students can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in			
	the field of software analysis. Within this field, they can			
	compile their findings in academic reports. They can dev	ise plans to arrive at new solutions of	assess existing	ones.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Subject theoretical and practical work			
Examination duration and	software artifacts/mathematical write-ups; short presenta	ation		
scale				
Assignment for the	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	Communication Systems, Focus Soft	ware: Elective Co	mpulsory
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisat	ion Secure and Dependable IT Sy	stems, Focus S	oftware and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisation	on II. Information Technology: Elective	Compulsory	

Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
	 Modeling: Control-Flow Modeling, Data Dependences, Intermediate Languages) Classical Bit-Vector Analyses (Reaching Definition, Very Busy Expressions, Liveness, Available Expressions, May/Must Forward/Backward) Monotone Frameworks (Lattices, Transfer Functions, Ascending Chain Condition, Distributivity, Constant Propagation) Theory of Data-Flow Analysis (Tarski's Fixed Point Theorem, Data-Flow Equations, MFP Solution, MOP Solution, Workl Algorithm) Non-Classical Data-Flow Analyses Abstract Interpretation (Galois Connections, Approximating Fixed Points, Construction Techniques) Type Systems (Type Derivation, Inference Trees, Algorithm W, Unification) Recent Developments of Analysis Techniques and Applications
Literature	 Flemming Nielsen, Hanne Nielsen, and Chris Hankin. Principles of Program Analysis. Springer, 2nd. ed. 2005. Uday Khedker, Amitabha Sanyal, and Bageshri Karkara. Data Flow Analysis: Theory and Practice. CRC Press, 2009. Benjamin Pierce, Types and Programming Languages, MIT Press. Selected research papers

Course L0632: Software Analysis	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Module M0556: Comp	outer Graphics			
Courses				
Title Computer Graphics (L0145) Computer Graphics (L0768)		Typ Lecture Recitation Section (small)	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 3 3
Module Responsible	Prof. Tobias Knopp	recitation Section (Smail)		
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous				
Knowledge		1)		
	Basic programming skills in C/C++			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the follo	wing learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students can explain and describe basic algorithms in 3D com	puter graphics.		
Skills	Students are capable of • implementing a basic 3D rendering pipeline. This cons	ists of projecting simple 3D stru	ctures (e.g. cube	, spheres) onto a 2D
	surface using a virtual camera.			
	apply geometric transformations (e.g. rotation, scaling)		cs.	
	using well-known 2D/3D APIs (OpenGL, Cairo) for solvir	ng a given problem statement.		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students can collaborate in a small team on the realization an	d validation of a 3D computer g	raphics pipeline.	
Autonomy	Students are able to solve simple tasks independently Students are able to solve detailed problems independ			
Workload in Hours				
Credit points				
Course achievement				
	Written exam			
Examination duration and scale				
	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Er	naineerina: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula				oftware and Signal
. oog carricula	Processing: Elective Compulsory	sila popoliaabio II by		and orginal
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Communicational Management and Engineering: Specialisation II. I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	ective Compulsory

Course L0145: Computer Gra	phics
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Computer graphics and animation are leading to an unprecedented visual revolution. The course deals with its technological foundations: Object-oriented Computer Graphics Projections and Transformations Polygonal and Parametric Modelling Illuminating, Shading, Rendering Computer Animation Techniques Kinematics and Dynamics Effects Students will be be working on a series of mini-projects which will eventually evolve into a final project. Learning computer graphics and animation resembles learning a musical instrument. Therefore, doing your projects well and in time is essential for performing well on this course.
Literature	Alan H. Watt: 3D Computer Graphics. Harlow: Pearson (3rd ed., repr., 2009). Dariush Derakhshani: Introducing Autodesk Maya 2014. New York, NY: Wiley (2013).

Course L0768: Computer Gra	ourse L0768: Computer Graphics	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M1682: Secur	e Software Engineering			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Secure Software Engineering (L266	57)	Lecture	2	3
Secure Software Engineering (L266	68)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Familiarity with basic software engineering concepts (e.	g., requirements, design) and basic secu	rity concepts	(e.g., confidentiality,
Knowledge	integrity, availability)			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students can:			
	Elicit security requirements in a software project			
	Model and document security measures in a software	ware design		
	-	wate design		
	Use threat and risk analysis techniques Understand how security code reviews are performed.			
	 Understand how security code reviews are performed Understand the core definitions of concepts related to privacy 			
	Understand privacy enhancing technologies			
	chacistana privacy chinanenig technologies			
Skills	Select appropriate security assurance techniques to be	used in a security assurance program		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	None			
Autonomy	Students can apply the knowledge acquired throughout	the course to the resolution of industrial $% \left(t\right) =\left(t\right) \left($	case studies.	Students should also
	be capable to acquire new knowledge independently fro	om academic publications, techical standa	ards, and whit	e papers.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	120 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Softw	vare Engineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	n Communication Systems, Focus Softwar	e: Elective Co	mpulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	tion Secure and Dependable IT Syste	ms, Focus S	oftware and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory			

ourse L2667: Secure Softwa	are Engineering
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Secure software development processes and maturity models Techniques to define security requirements Techniques to create, document and analyse the design of secure applications
	 Threat and risk analysis techniques Security code reviews Program repair techniques for security vulnerabilities Privacy engineering
Literature	Sindre, G. and Opdahl, A.L., 2005. Eliciting security requirements with misuse cases. Requirements engineering, 10(1), pp.34-44.
	Fontaine, P.J., Van Lamsweerde, A., Letier, E. and Darimont, R., 2001. Goal-oriented elaboration of security requirements.
	Mead, N.R. and Stehney, T., 2005. Security quality requirements engineering (SQUARE) methodology. ACM SIGSOFT Softwar Engineering Notes, 30(4), pp.1-7.
	Mirakhorli, M., Shin, Y., Cleland-Huang, J. and Cinar, M., 2012, June. A tactic-centric approach for automating traceability of qualit concerns. In 2012 34th international conference on software engineering (ICSE) (pp. 639-649). IEEE.
	Jürjens, J., UMLsec: Extending UML for secure systems development, International Conference on The Unified Modeling Languag 2002
	Lund, M.S., Solhaug, B. and Stølen, K., 2011. A guided tour of the CORAS method. In Model-Driven Risk Analysis (pp. 23-43 Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.
	Howard, M.A., 2006. A process for performing security code reviews. IEEE Security & privacy, 4(4), pp.74-79
	Diaz, C. and Gürses, S., 2012. Understanding the landscape of privacy technologies. Proceedings of the information securi summit, 12, pp.58-63.

Course L2668: Secure Softwa	are Engineering
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Secure software development processes and maturity models Techniques to define security requirements Techniques to create, document and analyse the design of secure applications Threat and risk analysis techniques Security code reviews Program repair techniques for security vulnerabilities Privacy engineering
Literature	

Module M1700: Satell	lite Communications and Navigation			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Radio-Based Positioning and Naviga	ation (L2711)	Lecture	2	3
Satellite Communications (L2710)		Lecture	3	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	The module is designed for a diverse audience, i.e. s	tudents with different backg	round. Basic knowledge	of communications
Knowledge	engineering and signal processing are of advantag	e but not required. The co	ourse intends to provide	e the chapters on
	communications techniques such that on the one hand			
	concepts and examples (e.g. modulation and coding sci		•	-
	been treated in our other bachelor and master courses.		-	
	the ideas but may not be able to understand in the s consideration in the oral exam.	ame depth. The individual ba	ickground of the students	s will be taken into
	Consideration in the oral exam.			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students are able to understand, compare and	analyse digital satellite com	nmunications system as	well as navigation
	techniques. They are familiar with principal ideas of th	·		-
	They can describe distortions and resulting limitations	•		
	describe how fundamental communications and navigat	ion techniques are applied in :	selected practical systems	5.
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture an	d tutorials. They can explain a	and apply them to new pro	oblems.
Skills	The students are able to describe and analyse digital sa	atellite communications system	ms and navigation system	ns. They are able to
J.M.	analyse transmission chains including link budget calcul			-
	system parameters for given scenarios.	•		J
Personal Competence	The short are in the selection of a second second			
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific problems.			
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant information from	om appropriate literature sour	ces.	
Worldood in House	Independent Chiede Time 110 Chiede Time in Leature 70			
Workload in Hours Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and				
scale	30 111111			
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and Co	mmunication Systems: Flection	ve Compulsory	
Following Curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisa	•		oftware and Signal
	Processing: Elective Compulsory		.,	-
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation	Communication Systems, Foo	cus Signal Processing: Elec	ctive Compulsory
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Comm	nunication and Signal Process	ing: Elective Compulsory	

Course L2711: Radio-Based P	Positioning and Navigation
	Lecture
Hrs/wk	
CP	
	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
	Prof. Gerhard Bauch, Dr. Ing. Rico Mendrzik
Language	
Cycle	
Content	
	Information extraction from communication signals
	Time-of-arrival principle
	Ranging in additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel
	 Correlation-based range estimation
	Effect of multipath propagation on time-of-arrival principle
	Zero-forcing range estimation in the presence of multipath
	 Optimum range estimation in the presence of multipath
	 Zero-forcing in presence of noise
	Angle-of-arrival principle
	 Angle-of-arrival estimation in AWGN channel
	Delay-and-sum estimator
	 Multiple Signal Classifier (MUSIC)
	 MUSIC-based angle-of-arrival estimation
	 Case study: Comparison of estimators in AWGN channels
	 Effect of multipath propagation on angle-of-arrival principle
	Case study: Comparison of estimators in multipath channels

- Information fusion of extracted signals
 - · Distance-based positioning
 - Principle of time-of-arrival positioning
 - Geometric interpretation
 - Positioning in the absence of noise
 - Linearization of the positioning problem
 - Positioning in the presence of noise
 - Optimality criteria
 - Least squares time-of-arrival positioning
 - Maximum likelihood time-of-arrival positioning
 - Interactive Matlab demo
 - Excursion: gradient descent solvers for nonlinear programs
 - Real-life positioning with embedded development board (Arduino)
 - Linearized least squares time-of-arrival positioning
 - Effect of clock offsets on distance-based positioning
 - Time-difference-of-arrival principle
 - Least squares time-difference-of-arrival positioning
 - Clock offset mitigation via two-way ranging
 - Performance limits of distance-based positioning
 - Fisher information and the Cramér-Rao lower bound
 - Fisher information in the AWGN case
 - Multi-variate Fisher information
 - Cramér-Rao lower bound for synchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - Case study: Synchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - Cramér-Rao lower bound for unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - Case study: Unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning
 - · Angle-based Positioning
 - Angle-of-arrival positioning principle
 - Geometric interpretation angle-of-arrival positioning principle
 - Noise-free angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 - Effect of noise on angle-of-arrival positioning
 - Least squares angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 - Linear least squares angle-of-arrival positioning
 - Effect of orientation uncertainty
 - Angle-difference-of-arrival positioning
 - Geometric interpretation angle difference of arrival positioning
 - Proof of angle-difference-of-arrival locus
 - Inscribed angle lemma
 - Case study: Angle-difference-of-arrival-positioning
 - o Performance limits of angle-based positioning
 - Cramér-Rao lower bound for angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
 - Case study: Angle-of-arrival positioning with known orientation
- Information Filtering
 - Bayesian filtering
 - Principle of Bayesian filtering
 - General Problem Formulation
 - Solution to the linear Gaussian case
 - State transition in the linear Gaussian case
 Proof of predicted posterior distribution of the Kalman filter
 - State update in the linear Gaussian case
 - Proof of marginal posterior distribution of the Kalman filter
 - Working with Gaussian random variables
 - Proof: Affine transformation
 - Proof: Marginalization
 - Proof: Conditioning
 - Kalman filter: Optimum Inference in the linear Gaussian case
 - Modeling of process noise
 - Modeling of measurement noise
 - Case study: Kalman filtering in the linear Gaussian case
 - Interactive Kalman filtering in Matlab
 - Dealing with nonlinearities in Bayesian filtering
 - Nonlinear Gaussian case
 - Extended Kalman filter
 - Proof of predicted posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter
 - Proof of marginal posterior distribution of the extended Kalman filter
 - Example: Nonlinear state transition
 - Case study: Extended Kalman filtering
 - Practical considerations for filter design
- Satellite Navigation
 - Overview from positioning perspective
 - Earth-centered earth-fixed (ECEF) coordinate system
 - World geodetic system (WGS)
 - Satellite navigation systems
 - System-receiver clock offsets and pseudo-ranges

Systems	
	 Unsynchronized time-of-arrival positioning revisited
	GPS legacy signals and ranging
	■ Signal overview
	 Time-of-arrival principle revisited
	 Direct sequence spread spectrum principle
	■ Short and long codes
	Satellite signal generation
	Carriers and codes
	Correlation properties of codes
	Code division multiple access in flat fading channels
	■ Navigation message
	Velocity estimation
	Hands-on case study: Design of an extended Kalman filter for satellite navigation based on recorded data
	Robust navigation
	 Multipath-assisted positioning in millimeter wave multiple antenna systems
	Multi-sensor fusion
Literature	

Course L2710: Satellite Communications Typ Lecture Hrs/wk 3	
Typ Lecture Hrs/wk 3	
Typ Lecture Hrs/wk 3	
Hrs/wk 3	
CP 3	
Workload in Hours Independent Study Time 48, Study Time in Lecture 42	
Lecturer Prof. Gerhard Bauch	
Language EN	
Cycle SoSe	
Content	
Introduction to satellite communications	
What is a satellite	
Overview orbits, Van Allen Belt, components of a satellite	
Satellite services	
Frequency bands for satellite services	
International Telecommunications Union (ITU)	
Influence of atmospheric impairments	
Milestones in satellite communications	
Components of a satellite communications system	
Ground segment	
Space segment	
Control segment	
Communication links	
Uplink, downlink	
Forward link, reverse link	
Intersatellite links	
Multiple access	
Performance measures	
■ Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP), antenna gain, figure of merit, G/T, carrie	er to noise ratio
 Signal to noise power ratio vs. carrier to noise ratio 	
Single beam and multibeam satellites	
Beam coverage	
 Examples for beam coverage of LEO and GEO satellites (Iridium, Viasat) 	
Transparent vs. regenerative payload	
Orbits	
 Low earth orbot (LEO), medium earth orbit (MEO), geosynchroneous and geostationary 	orbits (GEO) highly elliptical
orbits (HEO	orbits (GEO), riiginiy empticar
• Favourable orbits:	
■ HEO orbits with 63-64 ^o inclination, Molnya and Tundra orbits	
■ Circular LEO orbits	
■ Circular MEO Orbits (Intermediate Circular Orbits (ICO))	
■ Equatorial orbits, geostationary orbit (GEO)	
Important aspects of LEO, MEO and GEO satellites	
Kepler's laws of planetary motion Gravitational forces	
Gravitational force Descriptors of alliance and alliantical orbits	
Parameters of ellipses and elliptical orbits Microsoft price and price	
Major and minor half axis Foci	
• Foci	
Eccentric anomaly, maan anomaly, true anomaly,	
Eccentric anomaly, mean anomaly, true anomaly	
• Area	
Orbit period	
Perigee, apogee	
Distance of satellite from center of earth	
Construction of ellipses according to de La Hire	
Orbital plane in space, inclination, right ascension (longitude) of ascending node, Vernal	equinox

- Newton's laws of motion
- · Newton's universal law of gravitation
- Energy of satellites: Potential energy, kinetic energy, total energy
- Instantaneous speed of a satellite
- Kepler's equation
- Satellite visibility, elevation
- Required number of LEO, MEO or GEO satellites for continuous earth coverage
- Satellite altitude and distance from a point on earth
- Choice of orbits
 - LEO, HEO, GEO
 - Elliptical orbits with non-zero inclination, Molnya orbits, Tundra orbits
 - · Geosynchronous orbits
 - Parameters of geosynchronous orbits
 - Circular geosynchronous orbits
 - Inclined geosynchronous orbits
 - Quasi-zenith satellite systems (QZSS)
 - Syb-synchronous circular equatorial orbits
 - Geostationary orbit
 - Parameters of the geostationary orbit
 - Visibility
 - Propagation delay
 - Applications and system examples
- · Perturbations of orbits
 - Station keeping
 - Station keeping box
 - Estimation of orbit parameters
- Fundamentals of digital communications techniques
 - o Components of a digital communications system
 - o Principles of encryption
 - Scrambling
 - Scrambling vs. interleaving for randomization of data sequences
 - o Interleaving: Block interleaver, convolutional interleaver, random interleaver
 - o Digital modulation methods
 - Linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Linear digital modulation methods
 - QAM modulator and demodulator
 - Pulse shaping, square-root raised-cosine pulses
 - Average power spectral density
 - Signal space constellation
 - Examples: M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude shift keying (M-QAM)
 - M-PSK in noisy channels
 - Bit error probabilities of M-PSK and M-QAM
 - M-PSK vs. M-QAM
 - M-ary amplitude and phase shift keying (M-APSK)
 - M-APSK vs. M-QAM
 - Differential phase shift keying (DPSK)

Error control coding (channel coding)

- Error detecting and forward error correcting (FEC) codes
- Principle of channel coding
- Data rate, code rate, Baud rate, spectral efficiency of modulation and coding schemes
- Bandwidth-power trade-off, bandwidth-limited vs. power-limited transmission
- Coding and modulation for transparent vs. regenerative payload
- Block codes and convolutional codes
- Concatenated codes
- Bit-interleaved coded modulation
- Convolutional codes
- Low density parity check (LDPC) codes, principle of message passing decoding, bit error rate performance
- Cyclic block codes
 - Examples for cyclic block codes
 - Single errors vs. block errors, cyclic block codes for burst errors
 - Generator matrix, generator polynomials
 - Systematic encoding and syndrome determination with shift registers
 - Cyclic redundancy check (CRC) codes
- Automatic repeat request (ARQ)
 - Principle of ARQ
 - Stop-and-wait ARQ
 - Go-back-N ARQ
 - Selective-repeat ARQ
- Transmission gains and losses

- o Antenna gain
 - Antenna radiation pattern
 - Maximum antenna gain, 3dB beamwidth
 - Maximum antenna gain of circular aperture
 - Maximum antenna gain of a geostationary satellite with global coverage
- Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP)
- · Power flux density
- - Free space loss, free space loss for geostationary satellites
 - Atmospheric loss
 - Received power
- · Losses in transmit and receive equipment
 - Feeder loss
 - Depointing loss
 - Polarization mismatch loss
- · Combined effect of losses
- Noise
 - o Origins of noise
 - White noise
 - Noise power spectral density and noise power
 - o Additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel model
 - · Antenna noise temperature
 - Earth brightness temperature
 - · Signal to noise ratios
- Atmospheric distortions
 - ${\color{gray} \bullet} {\color{gray} } {\color{gray$
 - Attenuation and depolarization due to rain, fog, rain and ice clouds, sandstorms

 - Faraday effect
 - · Multipath contributions
- Link budget calculations
- - GEO clear sky uplink and downlink
 - GEO uplink and downlink under rain conditions
 - Transparent vs. regenerative payload
- Link availability improvement through site diversity and adaptive transmission
 - o Transparent vs. regenerative payload
 - Non-linear amplifiers
 - Saleh model, Rapp model
 - Input and output back-off factor
 - Single carrier and multicarrier operation
 - Dimensioning of transmission parameters
 - Sources of noise: Thermal noise, interference, intermodulation products
 - Signal to noise ratio and bit error probability
 - Robustness against interference and non-linear channels
- Satellite networks
 - · Satellite network reference architectures
 - Network topologies
 - Network connectivity
 - Types of network connectivity
 - On-board connectivity
 - Inter-satellite links
 - Broadcast networks
 - · Satellite-based internet
- Satellite communications systems and standards examples
 - The role of standards in satellite communications
 - The Digital Video Broadcast Satellite Standard: DVB-S, DVB-S2, DVB-S2X
 - Satellites in 3GPP mobile communications networks
 - LEO megaconstellations: SpaceX Starlink, Kuiper, OneWeb
 - Space debris
 - The German Heinrich Hertz mission

Literature

Title Typ Hrs/wk CP Software Testing (L1791) Lecture 2 3 Software Testing (L1792) Project-/problem-based Learning 2 3 Module Responsible Admission Requirements	Systems"					_
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Software Testing (13791) Module Reponsible (13792) Module (1379	Courses					
Software Testing (13791) Module Reponsible (13792) Module (1379	Title		Typ	Hrs/wk	СР	
Module Not. Sitylie Schupp Not. Securior Not. Schware Engineering Schware Engineering Higher Programming Languages Object-Oriented Programming Higher Program		1791)				
Recommended Previous Significant Programming Languages - Algorithms and Data Structures - Experience with (Small) Software Projects - Statistics Educational Objectives Frofessional Competence Knowledge Students explain the different phases of testing, describe fundamental techniques of different types of testing, and paraphrase the basic principles of the corresponding test process. They give examples of software development scenarios and the corresponding test type and technique. They explain algorithms used for particular testing techniques and describe possible advantages and limitations. Sulfast Students identify the appropriate testing type and technique for a given problem. They adapt and execute respective algorithms to execute a concrete test technique properly. They interpret testing results and execute corresponding steps for proper re-test scenarios. They write and analyze test specifications. They apply bug finding techniques for non-trivial problems. Personal Competence Social Students and seasons televant topics in class. They defend their solutions orally. Competence Students are assess their level of knowledge continuously and adjust it appropriately, based on feedback and on self-guided studies. Within limits, they can own learning goals, tupon successful completion, studients can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field on while large goals. Upon successful completion studients can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field on while large goals. Upon successful completion studients can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field on while large goals. Upon successful completion studients can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field on while large goals. Upon successful completion studients can identify and precisely formulate new problems in academic or applied research in the field on the large	Software Testing (L1	1792)	Project-/problem-based Learnin	g 2	3	
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Previous Schware Engineering Silvator E	Requirements					
Rowledge **Nowledge** - Object-Oriented Programming Languages - Object-Oriented Programming Languages - Object-Oriented Programming - Algorithms and Data Structures - Experience with (Small) Software Projects - Statistics	Recommended	Coffee on Familia and a				
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	for the	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Comm	munication Systems, Focus Software, Flective C	ompulsory		
Curricula					essing: Elective Comp	oulsorv

Course L1791: Software Testing		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	 Fundamentals of software testing Model-based testing Test automation Criteria-based testing 	
Literature	 M. Pezze and M. Young, Software Testing and Analysis, John Wiley 2008. P. Ammann and J. Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", 2nd edition 2016. A. Zeller: "Why Programs Fail: A Guide to Systematic Debugging", 2nd edition 2012. 	

Course L1792: Software Test	ing
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	 Fundamentals of software testing Model-based testing Test automation Criteria-based testing
Literature	 M. Pezze and M. Young, Software Testing and Analysis, John Wiley 2008. P. Ammann and J. Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", 2nd edition 2015.

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Module M1598: Image	e Processing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Image Processing (L2443)		Lecture	2	4
Image Processing (L2444)		Recitation Section (small)	2	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Tobias Knopp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Signal and Systems			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reach	ned the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students know about			
	visual perception			
	multidimensional signal processing			
	sampling and sampling theorem			
	• filtering			
	image enhancement			
	edge detection			
	 multi-resolution procedures: Gauss and Lap 	lace pyramid, wavelets		
	image compression			
	 image segmentation 			
	 morphological image processing 			
Skills	The students can			
	 analyze, process, and improve multidimens 	ional image data		
	implement simple compression algorithms	-		
	 design custom filters for specific application 	ns		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students can work on complex problems both inde	enendently and in teams. They can exchan	ge ideas with each	other and use thei
Social competence	individual strengths to solve the problem.	ependently and in teams. They can exeman	ge racas man cae.	. other and ase the
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investigate a	complex problem and assess which compe	encies are require	d to solve it.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lectu	re 56		
Credit points				
Course achievement				
Examination				
Examination duration and	90 min			
scale	Data Saisman, Cara Qualification, Flactive Commun.			
-	Data Science: Core Qualification: Elective Compuls Data Science: Specialisation I. Mathematics/Comp	•		
rollowing curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information		nulsory	
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Medical Tech	•	іриізої у	
	Information and Communication Systems: Spe-		ivstems Focus S	oftware and Signa
	Processing: Elective Compulsory		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	Information and Communication Systems: Special	isation Communication Systems, Focus Sig	nal Processing: Ele	ective Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Speci			
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Systems a		. ,	
	Mechatronics: Specialisation System Design: Elect			
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation		ective Compulsory	
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation	Robotics and Computer Science: Elective	Compulsory	

Course L2443: Image Proces	sing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 92, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Visual perception Multidimensional signal processing Sampling and sampling theorem Filtering Image enhancement Edge detection Multi-resolution procedures: Gauss and Laplace pyramid, wavelets Image Compression Segmentation Morphological image processing
Literature	Bredies/Lorenz, Mathematische Bildverarbeitung, Vieweg, 2011 Pratt, Digital Image Processing, Wiley, 2001 Bernd Jähne: Digitale Bildverarbeitung - Springer, Berlin 2005

Course L2444: Image Proces	nurse 2444 Image Processing		
	Recitation Section (small)		
Hrs/wk			
СР	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Title Security of Cyber-Physical Systems (L2691) Typ Lecture 2 3 Security of Cyber-Physical Systems (L2691) Module Responsible Prof. Sibylle Fröschle Admission Requirements None Recommended Previous IT security, programming skills, statistics Knowledge Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Professional Competence Knowledge - the threats possed by cyber attacks to cyber-physical systems (CPS) - concrete attacks at a technical level, e.g. on bus systems - security solutions specific to CPS with their capabilities and limitations - examples of security architectures for CPS and the requirements they guarantee - standard security engineering processes for CPS Skills The students are able to - identify and apply security solutions suitable to the requirements - follow security engineering processes to develop a security architecture for a given CPS - recognize challenges and limitations, e.g. posed by novel types of attack Personal Competence Social Competence Social Competence The students are able to - expertly discuss security risks and incidents of CPS and their mitigation in a solution-oriented fashion with experts and experts - foster a security culture with respect to CPS and the corresponding critical infrastructures Jutonomy The students are able to	Module M1694: Secur	ity of Cyber-Physic	cal Systems				
Security of Cyber-Physical Systems (L2691) Reclation Section (small) Prof. Sibylie Fröschle Admission Requirements Recommended Previous Knowledge Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Professional Competence Knowledge The students know and can explain - the threats posed by cyber attacks to cyber-physical systems (CPS) - concrete attacks at a technical level, e.g. on bus systems - examples of security engineering processes for CPS The students are able to - identify security threats and assess the risks for a given CPS - apply attack toolkits to analyse a networked control system, and detect attacks beyond those taught in class - identify and apply security solutions suitable to the requirements - follow security engineering processes to develop a security architecture for a given CPS - recognize challenges and limitations, e.g. posed by novel types of attack - expertly discuss security risks and incidents of CPS and their mitigation in a solution-oriented fashion with experts and experts - foster a security culture with respect to CPS and the corresponding critical infrastructures	Courses						
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- examples of security architectures for CPS and the requirements they guarantee - standard security engineering processes for CPS Skills The students are able to - identify security threats and assess the risks for a given CPS - apply attack toolkits to analyse a networked control system, and detect attacks beyond those taught in class - identify and apply security solutions suitable to the requirements - follow security engineering processes to develop a security architecture for a given CPS - recognize challenges and limitations, e.g. posed by novel types of attack Personal Competence Social Competence The students are able to - expertly discuss security risks and incidents of CPS and their mitigation in a solution-oriented fashion with experts and experts - foster a security culture with respect to CPS and the corresponding critical infrastructures		- concrete attacks at a tecl	nnical level, e.g. on bus	systems			
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The students are able to - identify security threats and assess the risks for a given CPS - apply attack toolkits to analyse a networked control system, and detect attacks beyond those taught in class - identify and apply security solutions suitable to the requirements - follow security engineering processes to develop a security architecture for a given CPS - recognize challenges and limitations, e.g. posed by novel types of attack Personal Competence Social Competence The students are able to - expertly discuss security risks and incidents of CPS and their mitigation in a solution-oriented fashion with experts and experts - foster a security culture with respect to CPS and the corresponding critical infrastructures		- examples of security arch	itectures for CPS and t	he requirements they guarantee			
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experts - foster a security culture with respect to CPS and the corresponding critical infrastructures	Social Competence	The students are able to					
			risks and incidents of	f CPS and their mitigation in a solution-	oriented fashion wi	th experts and non-	
Autonomy The students are able to		- foster a security culture v	vith respect to CPS and	the corresponding critical infrastructures			
	Autonomy	The students are able to					
- follow up and critically assess current developments in the security of CPS including relevant security incidents		- follow up and critically assess current developments in the security of CPS including relevant security incidents			ts		
- master a new topic within the area by self-study and self-initiated interaction with experts and peers.		- master a new topic within the area by self-study and self-initiated interaction with experts and peers.					
Workload in Hours Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56	Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 1	24, Study Time in Lectu	ıre 56		-	
Credit points 6							
Course achievement Compulsory Bonus Form Description No 10 % Excercises Die Übungsaufgaben finden semesterbegleitend statt.	Course achievement				egleitend statt		
Examination Written exam	Examination		C1 C13C3	Die Obungsuurguben muen semesterbi	egrentena statt.		
Examination duration and 120 min							
scale		1===					
Assignment for the Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Engineering: Elective Compulsory	Assignment for the	Computer Science: Special	isation I. Computer and	Software Engineering: Elective Compulsi	ory		
Following Curricula Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Computer Science: Elective Compulsory	Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engin	eering: Specialisation I	. Computer Science: Elective Compulsory			
Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Secure and Dependable IT Systems, Focus Software and Si Processing: Elective Compulsory			•	cialisation Secure and Dependable IT	Systems, Focus S	oftware and Signa	

Course L2691: Security of Cy	ber-Physical Systems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Embedded systems in energy, production, and transportation are currently undergoing a technological transition to highly networked automated cyber-physical systems (CPS). Such systems are potentially vulnerable to cyber attacks, and these can have physical impact. In this course we investigate security threats, solutions and architectures that are specific to CPS. The topics are as follows:
	Fundamentals and motivating examples
	Networked and embedded control systems
	Bus system level attacks
	Intruder detection systems (IDS), in particular physics-based IDS
	System security architectures, including cryptographic solutions
	Adversarial machine learning attacks in the physical world
	Aspects of Location and Localization
	Wireless networks and infrastructures for critical applications
	Communication security architectures and remaining threats
	Intruder detection systems (IDS), in particular data-centric IDS
	Resilience against multi-instance attacks
	Security Engineering of CPS: Process and Norms
Literature	Recent scientific papers and reports in the public domain.

Course L2692: Security of Cyber-Physical Systems	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Thesis

Module M1801: Master thesis (dual study program)	
Courses	
Title	Typ Hrs/wk CP
Module Responsible	Professoren der TUHH
Admission Requirements	None
Recommended Previous	
Knowledge	
	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results
Professional Competence	
Knowieage	Dual students
	• use the specialised knowledge (facts, theories and methods) from their field of study and the acquired professional
	 knowledge confidently to deal with technical and practical professional issues. can explain the relevant approaches and terminologies in depth in one or more of their subject's specialist areas,
	describe current developments and take a critical stance.
	formulate their own research assignment to tackle a professional problem and contextualise it within their subject area.
	They ascertain the current state of research and critically assess it.
Skills	Dual students
	- an electritable mathed for the remething which veleted wefer in all weblems and develop them further
	 can select suitable methods for the respective subject-related professional problem, apply them and develop them further as required.
	assess knowledge and methods acquired during their studies (including practical phases) and apply their expertise to
	complex and/or incompletely defined problems in a solution- and application-oriented manner.
	acquire new academic knowledge in their subject area and critically evaluate it.
Personal Competence	
Social Competence	Dual students
	can present a professional problem in the form of an academic question in a structured, comprehensible and factually
	correct manner, both in writing and orally, for a specialist audience and for professional stakeholders.
	• answer questions as part of a professional discussion in an expert, appropriate manner. They represent their own points
	of view and assessments convincingly.
Autonomy	Dual students
	ean structure their own preject into work packages, work through them at an academic level and reflect on them with
	 can structure their own project into work packages, work through them at an academic level and reflect on them with regard to feasible courses of action for professional practice.
	work in-depth in a partially unknown area within the discipline and acquire the information required to do so.
	• apply the techniques of academic work comprehensively in their own research work when dealing with an operational
	problem and question.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 900, Study Time in Lecture 0
Credit points	30
Course achievement	None
Examination	Thesis
Examination duration and	According to General Regulations
scale	Civil Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
Following Curricula	Civil Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory Bioprocess Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Computer Science: Thesis: Compulsory
	Electrical Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Energy Systems: Thesis: Compulsory Environmental Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Computer Science in Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Thesis: Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Thesis: Compulsory Materials Science: Thesis: Compulsory
	Mechanical Engineering and Management: Thesis: Compulsory
	Mechatronics: Thesis: Compulsory
	Biomedical Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Thesis: Compulsory
	Product Development, Materials and Production: Thesis: Compulsory
	Renewable Energies: Thesis: Compulsory Naval Architecture and Ocean Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Process Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
	Water and Environmental Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory