

Module Manual

Master of Science (M.Sc.)

Computer Science in Engineering

Cohort: Winter Term 2022

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Program description

Content

The master's program in Computer Science in Engineering consistently continues the focus on cyber-physical systems, i.e. networked computing systems in their physical environment, from the bachelor's program. This is done through in-depth computer science education related to engineering disciplines, especially electrical engineering. Students acquire in-depth competencies up to the latest research in computer science, such as on machine learning or data science, with the goal of successfully applying them in engineering applications.

The master's program in Computer Science in Engineering builds on the three pillars of mathematics, computer science, and engineering. Corresponding elective catalogs guarantee that in-depth knowledge is acquired in these three specializations. In engineering, the focus is on electrical engineering. In addition, the curriculum offers a great deal of freedom to choose courses from the TUHH's other technical offerings. In this way, students set their own accents in order to build interdisciplinary bridges in specific engineering fields. Likewise, advanced knowledge in business administration and management as well as in non-technical subjects is acquired in order to form the competencies for the implementation of extensive IT projects. This includes, in particular, the ability to independently acquire complex areas of knowledge and to work independently on complex technical issues.

The study plans for (N) networked embedded systems, (D) reliable and secure systems, (A) algorithms for data engineering, and (M) medical technology show exemplary orientations of high practical relevance.

Career prospects

Graduates can take up scientific activities at universities and research institutes, in particular with the aim of obtaining a doctorate, or decide to enter industry directly. They possess a wide range of methodological and interface knowledge that enables them to work across disciplines.

Learning target

The learning objectives of the program are based on the objectives listed above. All of the learning objectives listed represent competencies that are required in both corporate and research environments. In distinction to the Bachelor's program in Computer Science in Engineering, the competencies listed here refer to complex problems, to the consideration of uncertainty and to working under given boundary conditions from application fields. In the following, the learning objectives are divided into the categories of knowledge, skills, social competence and independence.

Knowledge

- Engineering Sciences: Graduates have an in-depth understanding of mathematical, scientific, and systems engineering contexts with a focus in electrical engineering. This knowledge is underpinned by a broad theoretical and methodological foundation.
- Computer Science: Graduates have an in-depth knowledge of methods and procedures for model building and problem solving in theoretical, practical and technical computer science.
- Mathematics: Graduates have in-depth knowledge of mathematical methods for optimization, image processing, randomized algorithms, or neural networks.
- Economics: Graduates know the basics of business and management and related subjects such as patents and their relationship to their subject.
- Bridging the gap between computer science and engineering: Graduates have in-depth knowledge of methods and procedures to describe interfaces between engineering applications on the one hand and computer science models on the other hand. Graduates are familiar with the latest information and communication technology systems that interact with the real world so-called cyber-physical systems.

Skills

- Engineering: Graduates are able to apply their engineering judgment to work with, recognize contradictions in, and deal with complex, potentially incomplete information.
- Computer Science: Graduates are able to develop instances of comprehensive formal models of computer science using advanced modeling
 approaches, determine their computability and complexity, and implement them in a technical framework using appropriate programming tools.
 Graduates will be able to design and implement software solutions. This includes complex software systems in which distributed realization,
 reliability or correctness play a special role.
- Mathematics: Graduates can solve optimization problems, apply mathematical methods of image processing or randomized algorithms.
- Bridging computer science and engineering: Graduates can scientifically analyze and solve engineering problems, develop a suitable formalization for information technology treatment, and implement a software solution. Graduates can realize cyber-physical systems that are distributed and networked.

Social competence

- · Graduates are able to present the scientific approach and the results of their work in a written and oral way.
- Graduates are able to communicate about scientific contents and problems of computer science with experts from engineering fields and laymen. They can respond appropriately to inquiries, additions and comments.

Independence

- Graduates are able to obtain necessary information and place it in the context of their knowledge.
- Graduates can realistically assess their existing competencies, compensate for deficits independently and acquire additional competencies independently.
- Graduates are able to develop research areas in a self-organized and self-motivated manner and to find and define new problems (lifelong research).

Program structure

The curriculum of the master's degree program in Computer Science in Engineering is structured as follows. A minimum number of credits must be earned in each of the three core areas of computer science, engineering and mathematics:

- 1. Computer Science: 18 credits
- 2. Engineering sciences: 12 credit points
- 3. Mathematics: 12 credit points

To deepen their studies, students can choose lectures from a catalogue of technical courses offered by TUHH. A total of 24 credit points must be achieved. Practical knowledge and skills are taught in a research project (12 credit points). A further 12 credit points must be earned in the courses

Operation & Management and a non-technical supplementary course. The master thesis is assessed with 30 credit points. This results in a total effort of 120 credit points. The curriculum contains a mobility window in such a way that students can spend the third semester abroad.

The following four study plans describe special characteristics of the master's programme in Computer Science and Engineering.

N. Networked Embedded Systems

- 1. Core subjects computer science
- Software security
- Design of Dependable Systems
- Communication networks
- 2. Core subjects engineering sciences
- Digital communications
- Information theory and coding
- 3. Core subjects mathematics
- Linear and nonlinear optimization
- Randomized algorithms and random graphs
- 4. Supplementary technical courses
- Software for embedded systems
- Simulation of communication networks
- Wirless sensor networks
- Operating system construction

D. Dependable and Secure Systems

- 1. Core subjects computer science
- Software security
- Software verification
- Design of Dependable Systems
- 2. Core subjects engineering sciences
- Digital signal processing and filters
- Electrical Power Systems II: Operation and Information Systems of Electrical Power Grids
- 3. Core subjects mathematics
- Linear and non-linear optimization
- Numerical mathematics II
- 4. Supplementary technical courses
- Robotics & navigation in medicine
- Data science for cyber security
- Security of cyber physical systems
- Industrial process automation

A. Algorithms for Data Engineering

- 1. Core subjects computer science
- Software verification
- Algorithmic game theory
- Advanced internet computing
- 2. Core subjects engineering sciences
- Information theory and coding $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$
- Machine learning in electrical engineering and information technology
- 3. Core subjects mathematics
- Mathematical image processing
- Mathematics of neuronal networks
- 4. Supplementary technical courses
- Massively Parallel Systems: Architecture and Programming
- Numerical mathematics II
- Approximation and stability

- Hierarchical algorithms

M. Medical technology

- 1. Core subjects computer science
- Software verification
- Medical imaging
- Security of cyber physical systems
- 2. Core subjects engineering sciences
- Intelligent systems project
- Digital signal processing and filters
- 3. Core subjects mathematics
- Mathematical image processing
- Numerical mathematics II
- 4. Supplementary technical courses
- Probability theory
- Intelligent systems in medicine
- Robotics & navigation in medicine
- Feedback Control in Medical Technology

Core Qualification

Module M0523: Busin	ess & Management
Module Responsible	Prof. Matthias Meyer
Admission Requirements	None
Recommended Previous	None
Knowledge	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results
Professional Competence	
Knowledge	 Students are able to find their way around selected special areas of management within the scope of business management. Students are able to explain basic theories, categories, and models in selected special areas of business management. Students are able to interrelate technical and management knowledge.
Skills	 Students are able to apply basic methods in selected areas of business management. Students are able to explain and give reasons for decision proposals on practical issues in areas of business management.
Personal Competence Social Competence Autonomy	Students are able to communicate in small interdisciplinary groups and to jointly develop solutions for complex problems
Workload in Hours	Students are capable of acquiring necessary knowledge independently by means of research and preparation of material. Depends on choice of courses
Credit points	6

Courses

Information regarding lectures and courses can be found in the corresponding module handbook published separately.

Module M0524: Non-technical Courses for Master Dagmar Richter **Module Responsible Admission Requirements** None **Recommended Previous** Knowledge Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results

Professional Competence

Knowledge The Nontechnical Academic Programms (NTA)

imparts skills that, in view of the TUHH's training profile, professional engineering studies require but are not able to cover fully. Self-reliance, self-management, collaboration and professional and personnel management competences. The department implements these training objectives in its teaching architecture, in its teaching and learning arrangements, in teaching areas and by means of teaching offerings in which students can qualify by opting for specific competences and a competence level at the Bachelor's or Master's level. The teaching offerings are pooled in two different catalogues for nontechnical complementary courses.

The Learning Architecture

consists of a cross-disciplinarily study offering. The centrally designed teaching offering ensures that courses in the nontechnical academic programms follow the specific profiling of TUHH degree courses.

The learning architecture demands and trains independent educational planning as regards the individual development of competences. It also provides orientation knowledge in the form of "profiles".

The subjects that can be studied in parallel throughout the student's entire study program - if need be, it can be studied in one to two semesters. In view of the adaptation problems that individuals commonly face in their first semesters after making the transition from school to university and in order to encourage individually planned semesters abroad, there is no obligation to study these subjects in one or two specific semesters during the course of studies.

Teaching and Learning Arrangements

provide for students, separated into B.Sc. and M.Sc., to learn with and from each other across semesters. The challenge of dealing with interdisciplinarity and a variety of stages of learning in courses are part of the learning architecture and are deliberately encouraged in specific courses.

Fields of Teaching

are based on research findings from the academic disciplines cultural studies, social studies, arts, historical studies communication studies, migration studies and sustainability research, and from engineering didactics. In addition, from the winter semester 2014/15 students on all Bachelor's courses will have the opportunity to learn about business management and start-ups in a goal-oriented way.

The fields of teaching are augmented by soft skills offers and a foreign language offer. Here, the focus is on encouraging goaloriented communication skills, e.g. the skills required by outgoing engineers in international and intercultural situations.

The Competence Level

of the courses offered in this area is different as regards the basic training objective in the Bachelor's and Master's fields. These differences are reflected in the practical examples used, in content topics that refer to different professional application contexts, and in the higher scientific and theoretical level of abstraction in the B.Sc.

This is also reflected in the different quality of soft skills, which relate to the different team positions and different group leadership functions of Bachelor's and Master's graduates in their future working life.

Specialized Competence (Knowledge)

Students can

- · explain specialized areas in context of the relevant non-technical disciplines,
- outline basic theories, categories, terminology, models, concepts or artistic techniques in the disciplines represented in the learning area.
- different specialist disciplines relate to their own discipline and differentiate it as well as make connections,
- sketch the basic outlines of how scientific disciplines, paradigms, models, instruments, methods and forms of representation in the specialized sciences are subject to individual and socio-cultural interpretation and historicity,
- Can communicate in a foreign language in a manner appropriate to the subject.

Skills Professional Competence (Skills)

In selected sub-areas students can

- · apply basic and specific methods of the said scientific disciplines,
- · aquestion a specific technical phenomena, models, theories from the viewpoint of another, aforementioned specialist
- · to handle simple and advanced questions in aforementioned scientific disciplines in a sucsessful manner,
- justify their decisions on forms of organization and application in practical questions in contexts that go beyond the technical relationship to the subject.

Personal Competence	
Social Competence	Personal Competences (Social Skills)
	 to learn to collaborate in different manner, to present and analyze problems in the abovementioned fields in a partner or group situation in a manner appropriate to the addressees, to express themselves competently, in a culturally appropriate and gender-sensitive manner in the language of the country (as far as this study-focus would be chosen), to explain nontechnical items to auditorium with technical background knowledge.
Autonomy	Personal Competences (Self-reliance) Students are able in selected areas
	 to reflect on their own profession and professionalism in the context of real-life fields of application to organize themselves and their own learning processes to reflect and decide questions in front of a broad education background to communicate a nontechnical item in a competent way in writen form or verbaly to organize themselves as an entrepreneurial subject country (as far as this study-focus would be chosen)
	Depends on choice of courses
Credit points	6

Courses

Information regarding lectures and courses can be found in the corresponding module handbook published separately.

Module M1421: Resea	arch Project			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Research Project IIW (L2042)		Projection Course	8	12
Module Responsible	Prof. Görschwin Fey			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge and techniques in the chosen field	of specialization.		
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reache	d the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to acquire advanced knowledge in	n a specific field of Computer Science o	or a closely related s	ubject.
Skills	Students are able to work self-dependent in a field of	of Computer Science or a closely relate	d field.	
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 248, Study Time in Lecture	112		
Credit points	12			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Study work			·
Examination duration and	Presentation of a current research topic (25-30 min	and 5 min discussion).		
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science in Engineering: Core Qualification	n: Compulsory		
Following Curricula				

Course L2042: Research Project IIW		
Тур	Projection Course	
Hrs/wk	8	
СР	12	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 248, Study Time in Lecture 112	
Lecturer	Prof. Volker Turau (sgwe)	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	WiSe/SoSe	
Content	Current research topics of the chosen specialization.	
Literature	Aktuelle Literatur zu Forschungsthemen aus der gewählten Vertiefungsrichtung. / Current literature on research topics of the chosen specialization.	

Specialization I. Computer Science

Module M0942: Softw	vare Security			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Software Security (L1103)		Lecture	2	3
Software Security (L1104)		Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Familiarity with C/C++, web programming			
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have	e reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students can			
		de contribilità de coffessor		
	name the main causes for security vu			
	explain current methods for identifyir			
	explain the fundamental concepts of	code-based access control		
Skills	Students are capable of			
	performing a software vulnerability as	nalysis		
	developing secure code			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	None			
Autonomy	Students are capable of acquiring knowle	edge independently from professional publicat	tions, technical	standards, and other
	sources, and are capable of applying newly	acquired knowledge to new problems.		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in	Lecture 56		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	120 minutes			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer	er and Software Engineering: Elective Compulso	ory	
Following Curricula		ation I. Computer Science: Elective Compulsory	-	
•		pecialisation Secure and Dependable IT System	s: Elective Comp	ulsorv

Course L1103: Software Sec	urity
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	 Reliability and Software Security Attacks exploiting character and integer representations Buffer overruns Vulnerabilities in memory managemet: double free attacks Race conditions SQL injection Cross-site scripting and cross-site request forgery Testing for security; taint analysis Type safe languages Development proceses for secure software Code-based access control
Literature	M. Howard, D. LeBlanc: Writing Secure Code, 2nd edition, Microsoft Press (2002) G. Hoglund, G. McGraw: Exploiting Software, Addison-Wesley (2004) L. Gong, G. Ellison, M. Dageforde: Inside Java 2 Platform Security, 2nd edition, Addison-Wesley (2003) B. LaMacchia, S. Lange, M. Lyons, R. Martin, K. T. Price: .NET Framework Security, Addison-Wesley Professional (2002) D. Gollmann: Computer Security, 3rd edition (2011)

Course L1104: Software Security		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Riccardo Scandariato	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Software Verification (L0629)		Lecture	2	3
Software Verification (L0630)	In	Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible				
Admission Requirements				
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Automata theory and formal languages 			
Knowledge	Computational logic			
	Object-oriented programming, algorithm	s, and data structures		
	 Functional programming or procedural p 	rogramming		
	Concurrency			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have re	ached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge				
	Students apply the major verification technique	es in model checking and deductive verification	n. They explain in	formal terms synta
	and semantics of the underlying logics, and a			
	formal properties of software systems. They fin	d flaws in formal arguments, arising from mod	leling artifacts or	underspecification.
Skills	Students formulate provable properties of a so	ftware system in a formal language. They dev	elop logic-based	models that properl
	abstract from the software under verification a	nd, where necessary, adapt model or propert	y. They construct	proofs and property
	checks by hand or using tools for model checki	ng or deductive verification, and reflect on the	scope of the res	ults. Presented with
	verification problem in natural language, they s	elect the appropriate verification technique a	nd justify their ch	oice.
Personal Competence				
•	Students discuss relevant topics in class. They	defend their solutions orally. They communica	te in English.	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Autonomy		•	-	
	appropriately. Working on exercise problems,		-	
	goals. Upon successful completion, students ca			• •
	the field of software verification. Within this fi	·	•	
	and compile their findings in academic reports.	They can devise plans to arrive at new solution	ons or assess exis	ung ones.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Le	cture 56		
Credit points				
Course achievement		Description		
Evamination				
Examination Examination duration and				
examination duration and scale				
Assignment for the		and Software Engineering: Elective Compulsor	/	
Following Curricula			,	
	Information and Communication Systems: Spec		Compulsory	
	Information and Communication Systems: Spec	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		mpulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Sp	•		

ourse L0629: Software Verification		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	 Model checking (bounded model checking, CTL, LTL) Real-time model checking (TCTL, timed automata) Deductive verification (Hoare logic) Tool support Recent developments of verification techniques and applications 	
Literature	 C. Baier and J-P. Katoen, Principles of Model Checking, MIT Press 2007. M. Huth and M. Bryan, Logic in Computer Science. Modelling and Reasoning about Systems, 2nd Edition, 2004. Selected Research Papers 	

Course L0630: Software Veri	ourse L0630: Software Verification		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Schupp		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Courses					
Γitle			Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Security of Cyber-Physical Systems			Lecture	2	3
Security of Cyber-Physical Systems			Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible Admission Requirements	None				
•	IT security, programming skills, st	atistics			
Knowledge	Tr security, programming skins, si	aciotico			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, stu	dents have reached the followi	ng learning results		
Professional Competence					
Knowledge	The students know and can expla	in			
	- the threats posed by cyber attac	ks to cyber-physical systems (CPS)		
	- concrete attacks at a technical I	evel, e.g. on bus systems			
	- security solutions specific to CPS	with their capabilities and lim	itations		
	- examples of security architectur	es for CPS and the requiremen	ts they guarantee		
	standard socurity engineering n	racassas for CBS			
	- standard security engineering p	ocesses for CF3			
Skills	The students are able to				
	- identify security threats and as	sess the risks for a given CPS			
	- apply attack toolkits to analyse	a networked control system a	nd detect attacks hevond tho	see taught in class	
	 apply attack toolkits to analyse a networked control system, and detect attacks beyond those taught in class identify and apply security solutions suitable to the requirements 				
	- follow security engineering processes to develop a security architecture for a given CPS				
	- recognize challenges and limitations, e.g. posed by novel types of attack				
Personal Competence					
Social Competence	The students are able to				
•		and the three of CDC and the		to the discount of	
	- expertly discuss security risks experts	and incidents of CPS and the	ir mitigation in a solution-ori	iented fashion wit	n experts and nor
	·				
	- foster a security culture with res	pect to CPS and the correspon	ding critical infrastructures		
Autonomy	The students are able to				
	- follow up and critically assess cu	rrent developments in the sec	urity of CPS including relevan	t security incident	S
	,	·	,	,	
	- master a new topic within the a	ea by self-study and self-initial	ted interaction with experts a	nd peers.	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Stu	dy Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points					
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Form No 10 % Excercises	Die Übungsa	ufgaben finden semesterbegl	eitend statt	
Examination		Die Obungsa	argaben iniden Semesterbegi	enenu Sidil.	
Examination duration and	120 min				
scale					
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation	I. Computer and Software Eng	ineering: Elective Compulsory	/	
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Computer Science: Elective Compulsory				
	Information and Communication	Systems: Specialisation Sec	cure and Dependable IT S	ystems, Focus S	oftware and Signa
	Processing: Elective Compulsory				

Course L2691: Security of Cy	ber-Physical Systems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Embedded systems in energy, production, and transportation are currently undergoing a technological transition to highly networked automated cyber-physical systems (CPS). Such systems are potentially vulnerable to cyber attacks, and these can have physical impact. In this course we investigate security threats, solutions and architectures that are specific to CPS. The topics are as follows:
	Fundamentals and motivating examples Networked and embedded control systems Bus system level attacks
	Intruder detection systems (IDS), in particular physics-based IDS System security architectures, including cryptographic solutions
	Adversarial machine learning attacks in the physical world Aspects of Location and Localization
	Wireless networks and infrastructures for critical applications
	Communication security architectures and remaining threats Intruder detection systems (IDS), in particular data-centric IDS Resilience against multi-instance attacks
Literature	Security Engineering of CPS: Process and Norms Recent scientific papers and reports in the public domain.
Enterature	The control of the control of the public defination

Course L2692: Security of Cy	ourse L2692: Security of Cyber-Physical Systems		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Sibylle Fröschle		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Module M1427: Algor	ithmic Game Theory			
Courses				
Title Algorithmic game theory (L2060) Algorithmic game theory (L2061)		Typ Lecture Recitation Section (large)	Hrs/wk 2 2	CP 4 2
	Prof. Matthias Mnich			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Mathematics I Mathematics II Algorithms and Data Structures			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
Professional Competence Knowledge Skills	 Students can name the basic concepts in algorit using appropriate examples. Students can discuss logical connections betwee the help of examples. They know game and mechanism design strategi Students can model strategic interaction system 	en these concepts. They are capal es and can reproduce them.	ole of illustrating th	ese connections with
Personal Competence	they are capable of analyzing their efficiency and Students are able to discover and verify further lo For a given problem, the students can develop results.	equilibria, by applying established or equilibria, by applying established or equilibria, between the configurations between the configurations.	I methods. ncepts studied in th	e course.
Social Competence	 Students are able to work together in teams. The In doing so, they can communicate new concept design examples to check and deepen the under 	s according to the needs of their c	_	•
Autonomy	 Students are capable of checking their understa precisely and know where to get help in solving t Students have developed sufficient persistence problems. 	hem.		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56	<u> </u>	-	
Credit points	6			
Course achievement				
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and scale	90 min			
Assignment for the Following Curricula	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Softw Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Com		•	

Course L2060: Algorithmic g	ame theory
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 92, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Matthias Mnich
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	SoSe
	Algorithmic game theory is a topic at the intersection of economics and computation. It deals with analyzing the behavior and interactions of strategic agents, who often try to maximize their incentives. The environment in which those agents interact is referred to as a game. We wish to understand if the agents can reach an "equilibrium", or steady state of the game, in which agents have no incentive to deviate from their chosen strategies. The algorithmic part is to design efficient methods to find equilibria in games, and to make recommendations to the agents so that they can quickly reach a state of personal satisfaction. We will also study mechanism design. In mechanism design, we wish to design markets and auctions and give strategic options to agents, so that they have an incentive to act rationally. We also wish to design the markets and auctions so that they are efficient, in the sense that all goods are cleared and agents do not overpay for the goods which they acquire. Topics: • basic equilibrium concepts (Nash equilibria, correlated equilibria,) • strategic actions (best-response dynamics, no-regret dynamics,) • auction design (revenue-maximizing auctions, Vickrey auctions) • stable matching theory (preference aggregations, kidney exchanges,) • price of anarchy and selfish routing (Braess' paradox, congestion games,)
Literature	 T. Roughgarden: Twenty Lectures on Algorithmic Game Theory, Cambridge University Press, 2016. N. Nisan, T. Roughgarden, E. Tardos, V. Vazirani. Algorithmic Game Theory. Cambridge University Press, 2007.

Course L2061: Algorithmic g	rse L2061: Algorithmic game theory		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Matthias Mnich		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Module M1400: Desig	n of Dependable	Systems				
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Designing Dependable Systems (L2	2000)			Lecture	2	3
Designing Dependable Systems (LZ	2001)			Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Görschwin Fey					
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge about of	data structures and alg	gorithms			
Knowledge						
Educational Objectives	After taking part success	sfully, students have re	eached the following	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	In the following "depend	able" summarizes the	concepts Reliabilit	y, Availability, Maintainabilit	y, Safety and Secu	rity.
	Knowledge about approa	aches for designing de	pendable systems	e.g.,		
	Structural solution	ns like modular redund	lancy			
	Algorithmic solution	ons like handling byza	ntine faults or che	ckpointing		
	Knowledge about metho	ds for the analysis of o	dependable system	ns		
Skills	Ability to implement dependable systems using the above approaches. Ability to analyzs the dependability of systems using the above methods for analysis.					
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	Students					
	 discuss relevant topics in class and present their solutions orally. 					
Autonomy	Using accompanying m additional solution strate		pendently learn in	-depth relations between co	oncepts explained	in the lecture and
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time	124, Study Time in Le	ecture 56			
Credit points	6					
Course achievement		orm	Description			
		ubject theoretical		iner Aufgabe ist Zuslassung		ür die Prüfung. Die
		ractical work	Autgabe wird	in Vorlesung und Übung def	iniert.	
Examination						
Examination duration and scale	30 min					
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Spec	ialisation I. Computer	and Software Engi	neering: Elective Compulsory	/	
Following Curricula		•	-	ence: Elective Compulsory	•	
				and Dependable IT Systems:	Elective Compulso	ory
	Mechatronics: Specialisa				·	-
	Microelectronics and Mic	rosystems: Specialisa	tion Embedded Sys	stems: Elective Compulsory		

Course L2000: Designing Dep	pendable Systems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Description
	The term dependability comprises various aspects of a system. These are typically:
	Reliability
	Availability
	Maintainability
	Safety
	Security
	This makes dependability a core aspect that has to be considered early in system design, no matter whether software, embedded
	systems or full scale cyber-physical systems are considered.
	Contents
	The module introduces the basic concepts for the design and the analysis of dependable systems. Design examples for getting
	practical hands-on-experience in dependable design techniques. The module focuses towards embedded systems. The following
	topics are covered:
	Modelling
	Fault Tolerance
	Design Concepts
	Analysis Techniques
Literature	

Course L2001: Designing De	Course L2001: Designing Dependable Systems		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Görschwin Fey		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Module M1774: Adva	nced Internet Computing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	16)	Lecture	2	3
Advanced Internet Computing (L29	17)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Stefan Schulte			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Good programming skills are necessary. Previous knowledge	je in the field of distributed systems is	helpful.	
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the f	ollowing learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	After successful completion of the course, students are abl	e to:		
	 Describe basic concepts of Cloud Computing, the Internet of Things (IoT), and blockchain technologies Discuss and assess critical aspects of Cloud Computing, the IoT, and blockchain technologies Select and apply cloud and IoT technologies for particular application areas Design and develop practical solutions for the integration of smart objects in IoT, Cloud, and blockchain software Implement IoT services 			
Skills	The students acquire the ability to model Internet-based distributed systems and to work with these systems. This comprises especially the ability to select and utilize fitting technologies for different application areas. Furthermore, students are able to critically assess the chosen technologies.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students can work on complex problems both independent individual strengths to solve the problem.	ly and in teams. They can exchange io	deas with eacl	n other and use their
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investigate a complex	problem and assess which competence	ies are require	ed to solve it.
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Subject theoretical and practical work			
Examination duration and	Group project incl. presentation (50 %), written exam (60 min, 50 %)			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software	Engineering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Comput	er Science: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation C	ommunication Systems, Focus Softwar	e: Elective Co	mpulsory
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisation Se	ecure and Dependable IT Systems, Foo	us Networks:	Elective Compulsory

Course L2916: Advanced Inte	ernet Computing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	This lecture discusses modern Internet-based distributed systems in three blocks: (i) Cloud computing, (ii) the Internet of Things, and (iii) blockchain technologies. The following topics will be covered in the single lectures: • Cloud Computing • Elastic Computing • Technologies for identification for the IoT: RFID & EPC • Communication in the IoT: Standards and protocols • Security and trust in the IoT: Concerns and solution approaches • Edge and Fog Computing • Application areas: Smart factories, smart cities, smart healthcare • Blockchain technologies • Consensus
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture

Course L2917: Advanced Into	ernet Computing
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Stefan Schulte
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	This project-/problemoriented part of the module augments the theoretical content of the lecture by a concrete technical problem, which needs to be solved by the students in group work during the semester. Possible topics are (blockchain-based) sensor data integration, Big Data processing, Cloud-based redundant data storages, and Cloud-based Onion Routing.
Literature	Will be discussed in the lecture.

Module M1810: Autor	nomous Cyber-Physical Systems			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Autonomous Cyber-Physical Syster Autonomous Cyber-Physical Syster		Lecture Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous Knowledge	 Very Good knowledge and practical experience in programming in the C language (Module: Procedural Programming) Basic knowledge in software engineering Basic knowledge in wired and wireless communication protocols Principal understanding of simple electronic circuits 			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reache	ed the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge				
Skills				
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture	2 56		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Form No 10 % Attestation	Description		
Evamination	Written exam			
Examination duration and				
scale	90 111111			
	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and S	oftware Engineering: Elective Compulsor	,	
_	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Software Engineering: Elective Compulsory Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Computer Science: Elective Compulsory			
3	Information and Communication Systems: Special Processing: Elective Compulsory		ystems, Focus S	oftware and Signal

Course L3000: Autonomous	ourse L3000: Autonomous Cyber-Physical Systems	
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content		
Literature		

Course L3001: Autonomous	ourse L3001: Autonomous Cyber-Physical Systems		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Bernd-Christian Renner		
Language	EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Module M1812: Const	raint Satisfaction Problems			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Constraint Satisfaction Problems (L	3002)	Lecture	2	3
Constraint Satisfaction Problems (L	3003)	Recitation Section (large)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Antoine Mottet			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	The students should have followed the cou	rses Complexity Theory, Discrete Algebraic St	ructures, Linear Algeb	ora.
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have	ve reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge				
Skills	 Students can describe basic concepts from the theory of constraint satisfaction such as primitive positive formulas, interpretations, polymorphisms, clones Students can discuss the connections between these concepts Students know proofs strategies and can reproduce them Students can use CSPs to model problems from complexity theory and decide their complexity using methods from the course. 			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time i	n Lecture 56		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	30 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Compu	ter and Software Engineering: Elective Compu	llsory	
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialis	sation I. Computer Science: Elective Compulso	ry	
	Technomathematics: Specialisation II. Infor	matics: Elective Compulsory		

Course L3002: Constraint Sa	tisfaction Problems
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Antoine Mottet
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
	This course gives an introduction to the topic of constraint satisfaction problems and their complexity. It will cover the basics of the theory such as the universal-algebraic approach to constraint satisfaction and several classical algorithms such as local consistency checking and the Bulatov-Dalmau algorithm. We will finally discuss the recent research directions in the field.
Literature	

Course L3003: Constraint Sa	Course L3003: Constraint Satisfaction Problems	
Тур	Recitation Section (large)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Antoine Mottet	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0836: Comn	nunication Networks			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Selected Topics of Communication	Networks (L0899)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	2
Communication Networks (L0897)		Lecture	2	2
Communication Networks Excercise	e (L0898)	Project-/problem-based Learning	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Andreas Timm-Giel			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Fundamental stochastics			
Knowledge	Basic understanding of computer networks and	or communication technologies is benefici	al	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached	the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge				
Skills	Students are able to evaluate the performance of communication networks using the learned methods. They are able to work out problems themselves and apply the learned methods. They can apply what they have learned autonomously on further and new communication networks.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students are able to define tasks themselves in small can present the obtained results. They are able to disc	·	using the lea	arned methods. They
Autonomy				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Presentation			
Examination duration and	1.5 hours colloquium with three students, therefore a	about 30 min per student. Topics of the co	loquium are	the posters from the
scale	previous poster session and the topics of the module.			
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information and	Communication Systems: Elective Compuls	sory	
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and Pow	er Systems Engineering: Elective Compulso	ry	
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Core Qualification: Elect	cive Compulsory		
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Cor	mputer Science: Elective Compulsory		
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisati	· ·	-	
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisati	· · · · ·		Elective Compulsory
	International Management and Engineering: Specialisa	ation II. Information Technology: Elective Co	ompulsory	
	Aeronautics: Core Qualification: Elective Compulsory			
	Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Elective Compulsory		o Commission	
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Cor Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Ro			,
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Ro	botics and computer Science: Elective Com	ιραιουι γ	

Course L0899: Selected Topi	Course L0899: Selected Topics of Communication Networks		
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	DrIng. Koojana Kuladinithi		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	Example networks selected by the students will be researched on in a PBL course by the students in groups and will be presented		
	in a poster session at the end of the term.		
Literature	see lecture		

Course L0897: Communication	on Networks
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	DrIng. Koojana Kuladinithi
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
Literature	 Skript des Instituts für Kommunikationsnetze Tannenbaum, Computernetzwerke, Pearson-Studium Further literature is announced at the beginning of the lecture.

Course L0898: Communication	Course L0898: Communication Networks Excercise		
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning		
Hrs/wk	1		
СР	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14		
Lecturer	DrIng. Koojana Kuladinithi		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	Part of the content of the lecture Communication Networks are reflected in computing tasks in groups, others are motivated and		
	addressed in the form of a PBL exercise.		
Literature	announced during lecture		

Module M1249: Medic	cal Imaging			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Medical Imaging (L1694)		Lecture	2	3
Medical Imaging (L1695)		Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Tobias Knopp			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Basic knowledge in linear algebra, numerics, and signal	processing		
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached th	e following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	After successful completion of the module, students are able to describe reconstruction methods for different tomographic imaging modalities such as computed tomography and magnetic resonance imaging. They know the necessary basics from the fields of signal processing and inverse problems and are familiar with both analytical and iterative image reconstruction methods. The students have a deepened knowledge of the imaging operators of computed tomography and magnetic resonance imaging.			
Skills	The students are able to implement reconstruction methods and test them using tomographic measurement data. They can visualize the reconstructed images and evaluate the quality of their data and results. In addition, students can estimate the temporal complexity of imaging algorithms.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students can work on complex problems both independently and in teams. They can exchange ideas with each other and use their			
	individual strengths to solve the problem.			
Autonomy	Students are able to independently investigate a complex problem and assess which competencies are required to solve it.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and	90 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation II: Intelligence Enginee	ering: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Data Science: Specialisation III. Applications: Elective Co	mpulsory		
	Data Science: Specialisation IV. Special Focus Area: Elec	tive Compulsory		
	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Medical Technolog	y: Elective Compulsory		
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Comp	outer Science: Elective Compulsory		
	Interdisciplinary Mathematics: Specialisation Computation	onal Methods in Biomedical Imaging: C	Compulsory	
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Comr	nunication and Signal Processing: Elec	tive Compulsory	
	Technomathematics: Specialisation II. Informatics: Elect	ive Compulsory		
	Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Bio-	and Medical Technology: Elective Com	pulsory	

Course L1694: Medical Imagi	ina
	Lecture
Hrs/wk	
СР	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	 Overview about different imaging methods Signal processing Inverse problems Computed tomography Magnetic resonance imaging Compressed Sensing Magnetic particle imaging
Literature	Bildgebende Verfahren in der Medizin; O. Dössel; Springer, Berlin, 2000 Bildgebende Systeme für die medizinische Diagnostik; H. Morneburg (Hrsg.); Publicis MCD, München, 1995 Introduction to the Mathematics of Medical Imaging; C. L.Epstein; Siam, Philadelphia, 2008 Medical Image Processing, Reconstruction and Restoration; J. Jan; Taylor and Francis, Boca Raton, 2006 Principles of Magnetic Resonance Imaging; ZP. Liang and P. C. Lauterbur; IEEE Press, New York, 1999

Course L1695: Medical Imagi	Course L1695: Medical Imaging		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Tobias Knopp		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Module M1780: Massi	ively Parallel Systems: Architecture a	nd Programming		
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Massively Parallel Systems: Archite	cture and Programming (L2936)	Lecture	2	3
Massively Parallel Systems: Archite	cture and Programming (L2937)	Project-/problem-based Learning	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sohan Lal			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	An introductory module on computer Engineering or co	mputer architecture, good programming s	kills in C/C++	•
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the	ne following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The course starts with parallel computers classification	, multithreading, and covers the architect	ture of centra	lized and distributed
	shared-memory parallel systems, multiprocessor ca			·
	implementation, and limitations. Next, students study	•	'	
	correctness of shared-memory multithreaded program	·		
	important topics of memory consistency and synchron accelerators such as GPUs will also be discussed in c			
	systems, programming them is also very challenging.			
	API/libraries such as CUDA/OpenCL/MPI/OpenMP.	The course will also cover now to program	i iliassively pe	aruner systems using
Skills	After completing this course, students will be able to ur	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,
	able to evaluate different design choices and make de			
	program parallel systems (ranging from an embedded s	system to a supercomputer) using CODA/C	penct/MPI/O	репмР.
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The course will encourage students to work in small	groups to solve complex problems, the	us, inculcating	g the importance of
	teamwork.			
Autonomy	Today, parallel computers are present every		-	
	computers independently, but also understand their ur		his will furthe	r help to understand
	the performance issues of parallel applications and pro-	vide insights to improve them.		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement		ription		
	Yes 20 % Subject theoretical and			
	practical work			
Examination				
Examination duration and scale	25 min			
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation I. Computer and Softv	ware Engineering, Elective Compulsors		
Following Curricula	Data Science: Specialisation II. Computer and Solid			
. Onowing Curricula	Data Science: Specialisation IV. Special Focus Area: Ele	, ,		
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation I. Com			
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialisatio		e: Elective Co	mpulsory
	Microelectronics and Microsystems: Specialisation Emb	edded Systems: Elective Compulsory		-

Course L2936: Massively Parallel Systems: Architecture and Programming			
Тур	Lecture		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Sohan Lal		
Language	EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	Brief outline:		
Literature	 Parallel computers and their classification Centralized and distributed shared-memory architectures: snooping vs directory-based cache coherence protocols, implementation, and limitations Chip multiprocessors: software-based, block (coarse-grain), interleaved (fine-grain), simultaneous multithreading Synchronization: high-level primitives and implementation, memory consistency models: sequential and weaker memory consistency models Interconnection networks: topologies (direct and indirect networks) and routing techniques Graphics Processing Units (GPUs) architecture and programming using CUDA/OpenCL Parallel programming with message passing interface (MPI), OpenMP 		
Literature	 Michel Dubois, Murali Annavaram, and Per Stenström, Parallel Computer Organization and Design (Book) David A Patterson and John L. Hennessy, Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach, Elsevier (Book) David B. Kirk, Wen-mei W. Hwu, Programming Massivley Parallel Processors, Elsevier (Book) 		

C	
	allel Systems: Architecture and Programming
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Sohan Lal
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
	There will be 3-4 assignments for project-based learning consisting of the following: Implement and compare different cache coherence protocols using a simulator or a high-level, event-driven simulation interface such as SystemC Programming massively parallel systems to solve computationally intensive problems such as password cracking using CUDA/OpenCL/MPI/OpenMP
Literature	The following literature will be useful for project-based learning. The further required resources will be discussed during the course. • David B. Kirk, Wen-mei W. Hwu, Programming Massivley Parallel Processors, Elsevier (Book) • MPI Forum, https://www.mpi-forum.org/ • SystemC, https://www.accellera.org/community/systemc

Specialization II. Engineering Science

Module M0676: Digita	al Communicati	ons				
Courses						
Title				Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Digital Communications (L0444)				Lecture	2	3
Digital Communications (L0445)				Recitation Section (large)	2	2
Laboratory Digital Communications	(L0646)			Practical Course	1	1
Module Responsible						
Admission Requirements	None					
Recommended Previous	Mathematics 1	-3				
Knowledge	Signals and Sy					
			and Random Processes	:		
	- Tundumentals	or communications	and Nandom Frocesses			
Educational Objectives	After taking part succ	essfully, students h	nave reached the followi	ng learning results		
Professional Competence						
Knowledge	The students are able	to understand, cor	mpare and design mode	rn digital information transmi	ssion schemes. Th	ney are familiar with
	the properties of line	ar and non-linear di	igital modulation metho	ds. They can describe distort	ions caused by tra	ansmission channels
	and design and eva	uate detectors inc	luding channel estimat	ion and equalization. They	know the principl	les of single carrier
	transmission and mul	ti-carrier transmissi	ion as well as the funda	mentals of basic multiple acco	ess schemes.	
	The students are fam	iliar with the conter	nts of lecture and tutoria	als. They can explain and app	ly them to new pr	oblems.
Skills	The students are able	to design and ana	lyse a digital informatio	n transmission scheme includ	ding multiple acce	ess. They are able to
	choose a digital modulation scheme taking into account transmission rate, required bandwidth, error probability, and further signal					
	properties. They can design an appropriate detector including channel estimation and equalization taking into account					
	performance and con	performance and complexity properties of suboptimum solutions. They are able to set parameters of a single carrier or multi carrier				
	transmission scheme	and trade the prop	erties of both approache	es against each other.		
Personal Competence						
Social Competence	The students can join	tly solve specific pr	oblems.			
Autonomy	The students are al	ole to acquire rele	vant information from	appropriate literature source	ces. They can co	ontrol their level of
	knowledge during the	lecture period by s	solving tutorial problems	s, software tools, clicker syste	em.	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Ti	me 110, Study Tim	e in Lecture 70			
Credit points	6					
Course achievement		Form	Description			
	Yes None	Written elaboration	on			
Examination	1					
Examination duration and	90 min					
scale						
Assignment for the						
Following Curricula	·			Science: Elective Compulsory		
				unication Systems: Compulsor		
				and Dependable IT Systems,		Elective Compulsory
	_			ormation Technology: Elective		
	_			ectrical Engineering: Elective	Compulsory	
	MICroelectronics and	wiicrosystems: Core	Qualification: Elective (Compulsory		

_	Г
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Repetition: Baseband Transmission Pulse shaping: Non-return to zero (NRZ) rectangular pulses, raised-cosine pulses, square-root raised-cosine pulses Power spectral density (psd) of baseband signals Intersymbol interference (ISI) First and second Nyquist criterion AWGN channel Matched filter Matched-filter receiver and correlation receiver Noise whitening matched filter Discrete-time AWGN channel model

- Representation of bandpass signals and systems in the equivalent baseband
 - Quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM)
 - Equivalent baseband signal and system
 - Analytical signal
 - Equivalent baseband random process, equivalent baseband white Gaussian noise process
 - Equivalent baseband AWGN channel
 - Equivalent baseband channel model with frequency-offset and phase noise
 - · Equivalent baseband Rayleigh fading and Rice fading channel models
 - · Equivalent baseband frequency-selective channel model
 - Discrete memoryless channels (DMC)
- Bandpass transmission via carrier modulation
 - · Amplitude modulation, frequency modulation, phase modulation
 - Linear digital modulation methods
 - On-off keying, M-ary amplitude shift keying (M-ASK), M-ary phase shift keying (M-PSK), M-ary quadrature amplitude modulation (M-QAM), offset-QPSK
 - Signal space representation of transmit signal constellations and signals
 - Energy of linear digital modulated signals, average energy per symbol
 - Power spectral density of linear digital modulated signals
 - Bandwidth efficiency
 - Correlation coefficient of elementary signals
 - Error probabilities of linear digital modulation methods
 - Error functions
 - Gray mapping and natural mapping
 - Bit error probabilities, symbol error probabilities, pairwise symbol error probabilities
 - Euclidean distance and Hamming distance
 - Exact and approximate computation of error probabilities
 - Performance comparison of modulation schemes in terms of per bit SNR vs. per symbol SNR
 - Hierarchical modulation, multilevel modulation
 - Effects of carrier phase offset and carrier frequency offset
 - Differential modulation
 - M-ary differential phase shift keying (M-PSK)
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of DPSK
 - p/M-differential phase shift keying (p/M-DPSK)
 - Differential amplitude and phase shift keying (DAPSK)
 - Non-linear digital modulation methods
 - Frequency shift keying (FSK)
 - Modulation index
 - Minimum shift keying (MSK)
 - Offset-QPSK representation of MSK
 - MSK with differential precoding and rotation
 - Bit error probabilities of MSK
 - Gaussian minimum shift keying (GMSK)
 - Power spectral density of MSK and GMSK
 - Continuous phase modulation (CPM)
 - General description of CPM signals
 - Frequency pulses and phase pulses
 - Coherent and non-coherent detection of FSK
 - Performance comparison of linear and non-linear digital modulation methods
- Frequency-selective channels, ISI channels
 - o Intersymbol interference and frequency-selectivity
 - o RMS delay spread
 - Narrowband and broadband channels
 - $\bullet \ \ \ \mbox{Equivalent baseband transmission model for frequency-selective channels}$
 - Receive filter design
- Equalization
 - Symbol-spaced and fractionally-spaced equalizers
 - Inverse system
 - Non-recursive linear equalizers
 - Linear zero-forcing (ZF) equalizer
 - Linear minimum mean squared error (MMSE) equalizer
 - Non-linear equalization:
 - Decision feedback equalizer (DFE)
 - Tomlinson-Harashima precoding
 - Maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) and maximum likelihood equalizer, Viterbi algorithm
- Single-carrier vs. multi-carrier transmission
- Multi-carrier transmission
 - General multicarrier transmission
 - Orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM)
 - OFDM implementation using the Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
 - Cyclic guard interval

	Power	spectral	density	of C	FDM
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■ Peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR)

• Multiple access

 Principles of time division multiple access (TDMA), frequency division multiple access (FDMA), code division multiple access (CDMA), non-orthogonal multiple access (NOMA), hybrid multiple access

• Spread spectrum communications

- Direct sequence spread spectrum communications
- Frequency hopping
- Protection against eavesdropping
- Protection against narrowband jammers
- o Short vs. long spreading codes
- Direct sequence spread spectrum communications in frequency-selective channels
 - Rake receive
- Code division multiple access (CDMA)
 - Design criteria of spreading sequences, autocorrelation function and crosscorrelation function of spreading sequences
 - Intersymbol interference (ISI) and multiple access interference (MAI)
 - Pseudo noise (PN) sequences, maximum length sequences (m-sequences), Gold codes, Walsh-Hadamard codes, orthogonal variable spreading factor (OVSF) codes
 - Multicode transmission
 - CDMA in uplink and downlink of a wireless communications system
 - Single-user detection vs. multi-user detection

Literature K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner

P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.

J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.

S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley

R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge

A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.

D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.

Course L0445: Digital Communications		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch	
Language	EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Course L0646: Laboratory Di	gital Communications
Тур	Practical Course
Hrs/wk	1
СР	1
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	- DSL transmission
	- Random processes
	- Digital data transmission
Literature	K. Kammeyer: Nachrichtenübertragung, Teubner
	P.A. Höher: Grundlagen der digitalen Informationsübertragung, Teubner.
	J.G. Proakis, M. Salehi: Digital Communications. McGraw-Hill.
	S. Haykin: Communication Systems. Wiley
	R.G. Gallager: Principles of Digital Communication. Cambridge
	A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communication. Cambridge.
	D. Tse, P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication. Cambridge.

Module M1250: Electi	rical Power Systems II: Operation and Info	ormation Systems of E	lectrical Po	wer Grids
Courses				
	ion and Information Systems of Electrical Power Grids (L1696) ion and Information Systems of Electrical Power Grids (L1697)	Typ Lecture Recitation Section (large)	Hrs/wk 3 2	CP 4 2
Module Responsible	Prof. Christian Becker			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering,			
Knowledge	Electrical Power Systems I,			
	Mathematics I, II, III			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the foll	owing learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to explain in detail and critically evaluate technologies and information systems for operational management of conventional and modern electric power systems as well as methods and algorithms for steady-state network calculation, failure calculation, power system operation and optimization. They are additionally able to apply these methods to real electric power systems.			
Skills	With completion of this module the students are able to apply the acquired skills for planning and analysis of real electric power systems and to critically evaluate the results.			
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students can participate in specialized and interdisciplination of others.	ary discussions, advance ideas a	nd represent thei	r own work results in
Autonomy	Students can independently tap knowledge of the emphasis of the lectures and apply it within further research activities.		activities.	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture 70			
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	45 min			
scale				
	Electrical Engineering: Core Qualification: Compulsory			
Following Curricula	Energy Systems: Specialisation Energy Systems: Elective Cor Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation II. Engineeri			

Course L1696: Electrical Pow	ver Systems II: Operation and Information Systems of Electrical Power Grids
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
CP	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Christian Becker
Language	DE
Cycle	WiSe
Content	
	 calculation of asymmetric failures state estimation
Literature	E. Handschin: Elektrische Energieübertragungssysteme, Hüthig Verlag
	B. R. Oswald: Berechnung von Drehstromnetzen, Springer-Vieweg Verlag
	V. Crastan: Elektrische Energieversorgung Bd. 1 & 3, Springer Verlag
	EG. Tietze: Netzleittechnik Bd. 1 & 2, VDE-Verlag

Course L1697: Electrical Power Systems II: Operation and Information Systems of Electrical Power Grids		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Christian Becker	
Language	DE	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M0673: Inform	mation Theory and Coding			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Information Theory and Coding (L0		Lecture	3	4
Information Theory and Coding (L0		Recitation Section (large)	2	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous	 Mathematics 1-3 			
Knowledge	Probability theory and random processes			
	Basic knowledge of communications engine	ering (e.g. from lecture "Fundamental	s of Communic	ations and Random
	Processes")	ieg (e.geee.a.eaaaea	, or communic	acions and namaon
	,			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached	the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students know the basic definitions for quantific	ation of information in the sense of infor	mation theory. The	hey know Shannon's
	source coding theorem and channel coding theorem	and are able to determine theoretical I	imits of data cor	mpression and error
	free data transmission over noisy channels. They ur	derstand the principles of source coding	as well as error-	-detecting and error
	correcting channel coding. They are familiar with			methods of iterative
	decoding. They know fundamental coding schemes, their properties and decoding algorithms.			
	The students are familiar with the contents of lecture	and tutorials. They can explain and appl	y them to new p	roblems.
Skills	The students are able to determine the limits of data compression as well as of data transmission through noisy channels an			
	based on those limits to design basic parameters of a transmission scheme. They can estimate the parameters of an error			
	detecting or error-correcting channel coding scheme for achieving certain performance targets. They are able to compare the			
	properties of basic channel coding and decoding schemes regarding error correction capabilities, decoding delay, decoding			
	complexity and to decide for a suitable method.			
	software.	, , ,	3	3
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific problems.			
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire relevant inform	ation from appropriate literature sourc	es. They can c	ontrol their level o
ŕ	knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutor		-	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lecture	70		
Credit points		-		
Course achievement				
Examination	Written exam			
Examination duration and				
scale	90 111111			
	Electrical Engineering, Specialization Information and	Communication Systems: Elective Comm	ulson/	
Assignment for the Following Curricula		·	uisuly	
ronowing curricula	Information and Communication Systems: Core Qual			
	International Management and Engineering: Specialis		`omnulson/	
	Mechatronics: Technical Complementary Course: Ele	• •	отпривот у	
	incentationics. reclinical complementary course. Ele	ctive compaisory		

Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	
Content	 Introduction to information theory and coding Definitions of information: Self information, entropy Binary entropy function Source coding theorem Entropy of continuous random variables: Differential entropy, differential entropy of uniformly and Gaussian distributed random variables Source coding Principles of lossless source coding Optimal source codes Prefix codes, prefix-free codes, instantaneous codes Morse code Huffman code Shannon code

- Bounds on the average codeword length
- Relative entropy, Kullback-Leibler distance, Kullback-Leibler divergence
- Cross entropy
- Lempel-Ziv algorithm
- Lempel-Ziv-Welch (LZW) algorithm
- Text compression and image compression using variants of the Lempel-Ziv algorithm
- · Channel models
 - · AWGN channel
 - · Binary-input AWGN channel
 - · Binary symmetric channel (BSC)
 - Relationship between AWGN channel and BSC
 - Binary error and erasure channel (BEEC)
 - o Binary erasure channel (BEC)
 - o Discrete memoryless channels (DMC)
- Definitions of information for multiple random variables
 - Mutual information and channel capacity
 - · Entropy, conditional entropy
 - · Chain rules for entropy and mutual information
- · Channel coding theorem
- Channel capacity of fundamental channels: BSC, BEC, AWGN channel, binary-input AWGN channel etc.
- Power-limited vs. bandlimited transmission
- Capacity of parallel AWGN channels
 - Waterfilling
 - Examples: Multiple input multiple output (MIMO) channels, complex equivalent baseband channels, orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM)
- Source-channel coding theorem, separation theorem
- · Multiuser information theory
 - Multiple access channel (MAC)
 - Broadcast channel
 - Principles of multiple access, time division multiple access (TDMA), frequency division multiple access (FDMA), nonorthogonal multiple access (NOMA), hybrid multiple access
 - Achievable rate regions of TDMA and FDMA with power constraint, energy constraint, power spectral density constraint, respectively
 - Achievable rate region of the two-user and K-user multiple access channels
 - Achievable rate region of the two-user and K user broadcast channels
 - Multiuser diversity
- Channel coding
 - Principles and types of channel coding
 - Code rate, data rate, Hamming distance, minimum Hamming distance, Hamming weight, minimum Hamming weight
 - Error detecting and error correcting codes
 - Simple block codes: Repetition codes, single parity check codes, Hamming code, etc.
 - Syndrome decoding
 - o Representations of binary data
 - Non-binary symbol alphabets and non-binary codes
 - Code and encoder, systematic and non-systematic encoders
 - o Properties of Hamming distance and Hamming weight
 - Decoding spheres
 - Perfect codes
 - Linear codes
 - Decoding principles
 - Syndrome decoding
 - Maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) decoding and maximum likelihood (ML) decoding
 - Hard decision and soft decision decoding
 - Log-likelihood ratios (LLRs), boxplus operation
 - MAP and ML decoding using log-likelihood ratios
 - Soft-in soft-out decoders
 - $\circ~$ Error rate performance comparison of codes in terms of SNR per info bit vs. SNR per code bit
 - Linear block codes
 - Generator matrix and parity check matrix, properties of generator matrix and parity check matrix
 - Dual codes
 - Low density parity check (LDPC) codes
 - Sparse parity check matrix
 - Tanner graphs, cycles and girth
 - Degree distributions
 - Code rate and degree distribution
 - Regular and irregular LDPC codes
 - Message passing decoding
 - Message passing decoding in binary erasure channels (BEC)
 - Systematic encoding using erasure message passing decoding
 - Message passing decoding in binary symmetric channels (BSC)

- Extrinsic information
- Bit-flipping decoding
- Effects of short cycles in the Tanner graph
- Alternative bit-flipping decoding
- Soft decision message passing decoding: Sum product decoding
- Bit error rate performance of LDPC codes
- Repeat accumulate codes and variants of repeat accumulate codes
- Message passing decoding and turbo decoding of repeat accumulate codes
- · Convolutional codes
 - Encoding using shift registers
 - Trellis representation
 - Hard decision and soft decision Viterbi decoding
 - Bit error rate performance of convolutional codes
 - Asymptotic coding gain
 - Viterbi decoding complexity
 - Free distance and optimum convolutional codes
 - Generator polynomial description and octal description
 - Catastrophic convolutional codes
 - Non-systematic and recursive systematic convolutional (RSC) encoders
 - Rate compatible punctured convolutional (RCPC) codes
 - Hybrid automatic repeat request (HARQ) with incremental redundancy
 - Unequal error protection with punctured convolutional codes
 - Error patterns of convolutional codes
- Concatenated codes
 - Serial concatenated codes
 - Parallel concatenated codes. Turbo codes
 - Iterative decoding, turbo decoding
 - Bit error rate performance of turbo codes
 - Interleaver design for turbo codes
- · Coded modulation
 - Principle of coded modulation
 - Achievable rates with PSK/QAM modulation
 - Trellis coded modulation (TCM)
 - Set partitioning
 - Ungerböck codes
 - Multilevel coding
 - Bit-interleaved coded modulation

Literature Bossert, M.: Kanalcodierung. Oldenbourg.

Friedrichs, B.: Kanalcodierung. Springer.

Lin, S., Costello, D.: Error Control Coding. Prentice Hall.

Roth, R.: Introduction to Coding Theory.

Johnson, S.: Iterative Error Correction. Cambridge.

Richardson, T., Urbanke, R.: Modern Coding Theory. Cambridge University Press.

Gallager, R. G.: Information theory and reliable communication. Whiley-VCH

Cover, T., Thomas, J.: Elements of information theory. Wiley.

Course L0438: Information Theory and Coding		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M1666: Intell	igent Systems Lab		
Courses			
Title Intelligent Systems Lab (L2709)	TypHrs/wkCPProject-/problem-based Learning66		
Module Responsible	Prof. Alexander Schlaefer		
Admission Requirements	None		
Recommended Previous	Very good programming skills		
Knowledge	Good knowledge in mathematics		
	Prior knowledge in machine learning is very helpful		
	Prior knowledge in image processing / computer vision is helpful		
	Prior knowledge in robotics is very helpful		
	Prior knowledge in microprocessor programming is helpful		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence			
Knowledge	Students will be able to explain aspects of intelligent systems (e.g. autonomy, sensing the environment, interacting with the environment) and provide links to ai / robotics / machine learning / computer vision.		
Skills	Students can analyze a complex application scenario and use artificial intelligence methods (particularly from robotics, machine learning, computer vision) to implement an intelligent system. Furthermore, students will be able to define criteria to assess the function of the system and evaluate the system.		
Personal Competence			
Social Competence	The students can define project aims and scope and organize the project as team work. They can present their results in an appropriate manner.		
Autonomy	The students take responsibility for their tasks and coordinate their individual work with other group members. They deliver their work on time. They independently acquire additional knowledge by doing a specific literature research.		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 96, Study Time in Lecture 84		
Credit points	6		
Course achievement	Compulsory Bonus Form Description Yes None Group discussion		
Examination	Written elaboration		
Examination duration and scale	approx. 8 pages, time frame: over the course of the semester		
Assignment for the Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation II. Engineering Science: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula			

Course L2709: Intelligent Systems Lab		
Тур	Project-/problem-based Learning	
Hrs/wk	6	
СР	6	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 96, Study Time in Lecture 84	
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Schlaefer	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	The actual project topic will be defined as part of the project.	
Literature	Wird in der Veranstaltung bekannt gegeben.	

Module M1785: Mach	ine Learning in Electrical Engineeri	ng and Information Techi	nology		
Courses					
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР	
General Introduction Machine Lear	ning (L3004)	Lecture	1	2	
lachine Learning Applications in E		Lecture	1	1	
-	tic Compatibility (EMC) Engineering (L3006)	Lecture	1	1	
Machine Learning in High-Frequence		Lecture	1	1	
Machine Learning in Wireless Com		Lecture	1	1	
Module Responsible					
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous	The module is designed for a diverse audience, i.e	e. students with different background.	It shall be suitable for	r both students wit	
Knowledge	deeper knowledge in machine learning methods	but less knowledge in electrical eng	ineering, e.g. math	or computer science	
	students, and students with deeper knowledge in	electrical engineering but less know	vledge in machine lea	arning methods, e.g	
	electrical engineering students. Machine learning	methods will be explained on a relati	vely high level indica	ting mainly principl	
	ideas. The focus is on specific applications in electr	rical engineering and information tech	nology.		
	The chapters of the course will be understandable in different depth depending on the individual background of the student. The				
	individual background of the students will be taken into consideration in the oral exam.				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reach	ed the following learning results			
Professional Competence					
Knowledge					
Skills					
Personal Competence					
Social Competence					
Autonomy					
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time in Lectur	re 70			
Credit points	6				
Course achievement	None				
Examination	Oral exam				
Examination duration and	30 min				
scale					
Assignment for the	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Information a	nd Communication Systems: Elective	Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Microwave En	gineering, Optics, and Electromagneti	c Compatibility: Elect	ve Compulsory	
•	Electrical Engineering: Specialisation Control and P				
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation II.				
	Information and Communication Systems: Specialis		•	mnulsony	
	iniormation and communication systems: specialis	sation Communication Systems, Focus	SULWATE: Elective Co	iiipuisui y	

Course L3004: General Introd	duction Machine Learning			
Тур	Lecture			
Hrs/wk	1			
СР				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14			
Lecturer	Dr. Maximilian Stark			
Language	EN			
Cycle	SoSe			
Content				
	From Rule-Based Systems to Machine Learning			
	Brief overview recent advances in ML in various domain			
	Outline and expected learning outcomes			
	Basics statistical inference and statistics			
	Basics of information theory			
	The Notions of Learning in Machine Learning			
	 Unsupervised and supervised machine learning 			
	 Model-based and data-driven machine learning 			
	Hybrid modelling			
	Online/offline/meta/transfer learning			
	General loss functions			
	Introduction to Deep Learning			
	Variants of neural networks			
	• MLP			
	Conv. neural networks			
	Recurrent neural networks			
	Training neural networks			
	(Stochastic) Gradient Descent			
	Regression vs. Classification			
	Classification as supervised learning problem			
	Hands-On Session			
	Representation Learning and Generative Models			
	AutoEncoders			
	Directed Generative Models			
	Undirected Generative Models			
	Generative Adversarial Neural Networks			
	Probabilistic Graphical Models			
	Bayesian Networks			
	Variational inference (variational autoencoder)			
Literature				

Course L3008: Machine Learning Applications in Electric Power Systems		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	1	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Christian Becker, Dr. Davood Babazadeh	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content		
Literature		

Course L3006: Machine Learn	ning in Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Engineering
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	1
СР	1
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14
Lecturer	Prof. Christian Schuster, Dr. Cheng Yang
Language	EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Engineering deals with design, simulation, measurement, and certification of electronic and electric components and systems in such a way that their operation is safe, reliable, and efficient in any possible application. Safety is hereby understood as safe with respect to parasitic effects of electromagnetic fields on humans as well as on the operation of other components and systems nearby. Examples for components and systems range from the wiring in aircraft and ships to high-speed interconnects in server systems and wirless interfaces for brain implants. In this part of the course we will give an introduction to the physical basics of EMC engineering and then show how methods of Machine Learning (ML) can be applied to expand todays physcis-based approaches in EMC Engineering.
Literature	

Course L3007: Machine Learning in High-Frequency Technology and Radar		
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	1	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Alexander Kölpin, Dr. Fabian Lurz	
Language	EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content		
Literature		

Course L3005: Machine Lear	ning in Wireless Communications			
Тур	Lecture			
Hrs/wk	1			
СР	1			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 16, Study Time in Lecture 14			
Lecturer	Dr. Maximilian Stark			
Language	EN			
Cycle	SoSe			
Content				
	Supervised Learning Application - Channel Coding			
	 Recap channel coding and block codes 			
	Block codes as trainable neural networks			
	 Tanner graph with trainable weights 			
	Hands-on session			
	Supervised Learning Application - Modulation Detection			
	Recap wireless modulation schemes			
	 Convolutional neuronal networks for blind detection of modulation schemes 			
	Hands-on session			
	Autoencoder Application - Constellation Shaping I			
	Recap channel capacity and constellation shaping,			
	Capacity achieving machine learning systems			
	Information theoretical explanation of the autoencoder training			
	Hands-on session			
	Hands-on session Autoencoder Application - Constellation Shaping II			
	Autoencoder Application - Constellation Snaping II Training without a channel model			
	Mutual information neural estimator			
	Mutual information neural estimator Hands-on session			
	Generative Adversarial Network Application - Channel Modelling			
	Recap realistic channels with non-linear hardware impairments			
	 Training a digital twin of a realistic channel with insufficient training data 			
	Hands-on session			
	Recurrent Neural Network Application - Channel prediction			
	Recap time-varying channel models			
	Recurrent neural networks for temporal prediction			
	Hands-on session			
Literature				

ourses					
itle		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР	
Digital Signal Processing and Digital Filters (L0446)		Lecture	3	4	
igital Signal Processing and Digita	l Filters (L0447)	Recitation Section (large)	2	2	
Module Responsible	Prof. Gerhard Bauch				
Admission Requirements	None				
Recommended Previous	Mathematics 1-3				
Knowledge	Signals and Systems				
	,	n theory as well as random processes.			
	Fundamentals of spectral transform	ms (Fourier series, Fourier transform, Laplace tran	sform)		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students h	ave reached the following learning results			
Professional Competence	Arter taking part successium, students in	ave reactied the following learning results			
Knowledge	The students know and understand basic	algorithms of digital signal processing. They are	familiar with the s	spectral transforms	
	The students know and understand basic algorithms of digital signal processing. They are familiar with the spectral transforms of discrete-time signals and are able to describe and analyse signals and systems in time and image domain. They know basic				
	structures of digital filters and can in	dentify and assess important properties includ	ling stability. They	y are aware of th	
	effects caused by quantization of filter coefficients and signals. They are familiar with the basics of adaptive filters. They car				
	perform traditional and parametric methods of spectrum estimation, also taking a limited observation window into account.				
	The students are familiar with the conten	ats of lecture and tutorials. They can explain and a	pply them to new p	oroblems.	
Skills	The students are able to apply methods of digital signal processing to new problems. They can choose and parameterize suitable				
	filter striuctures. In particular, the can design adaptive filters according to the minimum mean squared error (MMSE) criterion an				
	develop an efficient implementation, e.g. based on the LMS or RLS algorithm. Furthermore, the students are a				
	methods of spectrum estimation and to t	ake the effects of a limited observation window in	to account.		
Personal Competence					
Social Competence	The students can jointly solve specific pro	oblems.			
Autonomy	The students are able to acquire rele	vant information from appropriate literature so	urces. They can o	control their level	
	knowledge during the lecture period by solving tutorial problems, software tools, clicker system.				
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time	e in Lecture 70			
Credit points					
Course achievement					
Examination					
Examination duration and	90 min				
scale	Florida Forder Control	Ludwid Brown State of			
Assignment for the Following Curricula		atrol and Power Systems Engineering: Elective Con Elisation II. Engineering Science: Elective Compulso			
rollowing curricula		s: Specialisation Communication Systems, Focus S		lective Compulsory	
	,	t: Specialisation Mechatronics: Elective Compulsor	3	ceare compaisory	
		The state of the s	,		
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent S	ystems and Robotics: Elective Compulsory			
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent S Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Elective				
	Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Elective		lective Compulsory	/	

Course L0446: Digital Signal	Processing and Digital Filters
	Lecture
Hrs/wk	
CP	
Workload in Hours Lecturer	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42 Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	
Cycle	
Content	Transforms of discrete-time signals:
	Discrete-time Fourier Transform (DTFT) Discrete Transform (DTFT)
	Discrete Fourier-Transform (DFT), Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
	• Z-Transform
	Correspondence of continuous-time and discrete-time signals, sampling, sampling theorem
	Fast convolution, Overlap-Add-Method, Overlap-Save-Method
	Fundamental structures and basic types of digital filters
	Characterization of digital filters using pole-zero plots, important properties of digital filters
	Quantization effects
	Design of linear-phase filters
	Fundamentals of stochastic signal processing and adaptive filters
	MMSE criterion
	Wiener Filter
	LMS- and RLS-algorithm
	Traditional and parametric methods of spectrum estimation
Literature	KD. Kammeyer, K. Kroschel: Digitale Signalverarbeitung. Vieweg Teubner.
	V. Oppenheim, R. W. Schafer, J. R. Buck: Zeitdiskrete Signalverarbeitung. Pearson StudiumA. V.
	W. Hess: Digitale Filter. Teubner.
	Oppenheim, R. W. Schafer: Digital signal processing. Prentice Hall.
	S. Haykin: Adaptive flter theory.
	L. B. Jackson: Digital filters and signal processing. Kluwer.
	T.W. Parks, C.S. Burrus: Digital filter design. Wiley.

Course L0447: Digital Signal	Processing and Digital Filters
Тур	Recitation Section (large)
Hrs/wk	2
СР	2
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 32, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Gerhard Bauch
Language	EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	See interlocking course
Literature	See interlocking course

Specialization III. Mathematics

Module M1428: Linea	r and Nonlinear Optimization			
Courses				
Title Linear and Nonlinear Optimization Linear and Nonlinear Optimization		Typ Lecture Recitation Section (large)	Hrs/wk 4 1	CP 4 2
Module Responsible	ı			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous Knowledge	Discrete Algebraic Structures Mathematics I Graph Theory and Optimization			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students ha	ve reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence Knowledge	examples.	pts in linear and non-linear optimization. They are capab tions between these concepts. They are capab reproduce them.	·	
Skills	 Students can model problems in linear and non-linear optimization with the help of the concepts studied in this cour Moreover, they are capable of solving them by applying established methods. Students are able to discover and verify further logical connections between the concepts studied in the course. For a given problem, the students can develop and execute a suitable approach, and are able to critically evaluate t results. 			
Personal Competence Social Competence Autonomy	In doing so, they can communicate design examples to check and deep Students are capable of checking the precisely and know where to get he	in teams. They are capable to use mathematics a new concepts according to the needs of their co en the understanding of their peers. neir understanding of complex concepts on their lp in solving them. persistence to be able to work for longer peri	operating partners	ecify open questions
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 110, Study Time	in Lecture 70		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement				
Examination Examination duration and scale				
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation III. Mathe	ematics: Elective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Speciali	sation III. Mathematics: Elective Compulsory		

Course L2062: Linear and No	onlinear Optimization
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	4
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 64, Study Time in Lecture 56
Lecturer	Prof. Matthias Mnich
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	Modelling linear programming problems Graphical method Algebraic background Convexity Polyhedral theory Simplex method Degeneracy and convergence duality interior-point methods quadratic optimization integer linear programming
Literature	 A. Schrijver: Combinatorial Optimization: Polyhedra and Efficiency. Springer, 2003 B. Korte and T. Vygen: Combinatorial Optimization: Theory and Algorithms. Springer, 2018 T. Cormen, Ch. Leiserson, R. Rivest, C. Stein: Introduction to Algorithms. MIT Press, 2013

Course L2063: Linear and No	Course L2063: Linear and Nonlinear Optimization		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)		
Hrs/wk	1		
СР	2		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14		
Lecturer	Prof. Matthias Mnich		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	WiSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Module M0881: Math	ematical Image Processing			
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Mathematical Image Processing (LC	0991)	Lecture	3	4
Mathematical Image Processing (LC	1992)	Recitation Section (small)	1	2
Module Responsible	Prof. Marko Lindner			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous		discoult and the discoult		
Knowledge	Analysis: partial derivatives, gradient,			
	Linear Algebra: eigenvalues, least square	ares solution of a linear system		
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have	reached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to			
	• characterize and compare diffusion os	untions		
	 characterize and compare diffusion eq explain elementary methods of image 			
	explain elementary methods of image explain methods of image segmentations.			
	sketch and interrelate basic concepts			
	s sketch and interrelate basic concepts	or ranctional analysis		
Skills	Students are able to			
	 implement and apply elementary metl 	hods of image processing		
	explain and apply modern methods of image processing			
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3-1		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students are able to work together in h	eterogeneously composed teams (i.e., teams	s from different s	study programs and
	background knowledge) and to explain theor	etical foundations.		
Autonomy				
		ir understanding of complex concepts on their	own. They can sp	ecify open question
	precisely and know where to get help			
		persistence to be able to work for longer period	ods in a goal-orien	ted manner on har
	problems.			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in	Lecture 56		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	20 min			
scale				
Assignment for the	Bioprocess Engineering: Specialisation A - Ge	eneral Bioprocess Engineering: Elective Compu	sory	
Following Curricula	Computer Science: Specialisation III. Mathem	natics: Elective Compulsory		
	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisat			
	' '	Computational Methods in Biomedical Imaging	: Compulsory	
	Mechatronics: Technical Complementary Cou	· · ·		
	Mechatronics: Specialisation System Design:	• •		
	Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Syste			
	Technomathematics: Specialisation I. Mather			
		sation Robotics and Computer Science: Elective	e Compulsory	
	Process Engineering: Specialisation Process E	ngineering: Elective Compulsory		

Course L0991: Mathematical	Image Processing
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	3
СР	4
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 78, Study Time in Lecture 42
Lecturer	Prof. Marko Lindner
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	 basic methods of image processing smoothing filters the diffusion / heat equation variational formulations in image processing edge detection de-convolution inpainting image segmentation image registration
Literature	Bredies/Lorenz: Mathematische Bildverarbeitung

Course L0992: Mathematical Image Processing		
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	1	
СР	2	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 46, Study Time in Lecture 14	
Lecturer	Prof. Marko Lindner	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Module M1405: Rando	omised Algorithms and Random Gr	aphs		
Courses				
Title		Тур	Hrs/wk	СР
Randomised Algorithms and Rando	om Graphs (L2010)	Lecture	2	3
Randomised Algorithms and Rando	m Graphs (L2011)	Recitation Section (large)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Anusch Taraz			
Admission Requirements	None			
Recommended Previous				
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reach	ned the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	 Students can describe basic concepts in the bounds, fingerprinting and algebraic techn They are able to explain them using approp Students can discuss logical connections be the help of examples. They know proof strategies and can apply the 	iques, first and second moment methoriate examples. etween these concepts. They are capab	ds, and various rar	ndom graph models.
Skills	 Students can model problems with the help of the concepts studied in this course. Moreover, they are capable of solvin them by applying established methods. Students are able to explore and verify further logical connections between the concepts studied in the course. For a given problem, the students can develop and execute a suitable technique, and are able to critically evaluate th results. 			
Personal Competence Social Competence Autonomy	 Students are able to work together in teams In doing so, they can communicate new cordesign examples to check and deepen the understand the students are capable of checking their understand precisely and know where to get help in solvents have developed sufficient persist problems. 	ncepts according to the needs of their counterstanding of their peers. Herstanding of complex concepts on their ving them.	r own. They can sp	ecify open questions
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lectur	re 56		
Credit points	6			
Course achievement	None	·		
Examination	Oral exam			
Examination duration and scale	30 min			
Assignment for the	Computer Science: Specialisation III. Mathematics:	Flective Compulsory		
Following Curricula	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation III			

Course L2010: Randomised	Algorithms and Random Graphs
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Prof. Anusch Taraz, Prof. Volker Turau
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	SoSe
Content	Randomized Algorithms:
	 introduction and recalling basic tools from probability randomized search random walks text search with fingerprinting parallel and distributed algorithms online algorithms Random Graphs: typical properties first and second moment method tail bounds thresholds and phase transitions probabilistic method
Literature	models for complex networks
	 Alon, Spencer: The Probabilistic Method Frieze, Karonski: Random Graphs van der Hofstad: Random Graphs and Complex Networks

Course L2011: Randomised A	ourse L2011: Randomised Algorithms and Random Graphs		
Тур	Recitation Section (large)		
Hrs/wk	2		
СР	3		
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28		
Lecturer	Prof. Anusch Taraz, Prof. Volker Turau		
Language	DE/EN		
Cycle	SoSe		
Content	See interlocking course		
Literature	See interlocking course		

Courses				
Citle.		Time	Hwa huda	CD
Fitle Numerical Mathematics II (L0568)		Typ Lecture	Hrs/wk 2	CP 3
Numerical Mathematics II (L0569)		Recitation Section (small)	2	3
Module Responsible	Prof. Sabine Le Borne			
-	None			
Recommended Previous				
Knowledge	Numerical Mathematics I			
	Python knowledge			
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have r	eached the following learning results		
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	Students are able to			
	• name advanced numerical methods	for interpolation approximation integrat	ion eigenvalue n	roblems eigenvali
	problems, nonlinear root finding proble	for interpolation, approximation, integrat	ion, eigenvalue p	iobieilis, eigeilvali
		numerical methods, sketch convergence pro	ofs	
	,	nethods concerning runtime and storage nee		
		I implementation of numerical methods with		tational and storag
	complexity.	,		
Chille	Students are able to			
SKIIIS	Students are able to			
	implement, apply and compare advanced numerical methods in Python,			
	• justify the convergence behaviour of numerical methods with respect to the problem and solution algorithm and to transfer			
	it to related problems,			
		ple solution approach, if necessary through	composition of se	everal algorithms,
	execute this approach and to critically ϵ	evaluate the results		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence	Students are able to			
	work together in heterogeneously comp	posed teams (i.e., teams from different study	programs and has	karound knowledge
		port each other with practical aspects regard		
	explain incoretical foundations and sup	port each other with practical aspects regard	ing the implement	ition of digoritimis.
Autonomy	Students are capable			
	 to assess whether the supporting theory 	etical and practical excercises are better solv	ed individually or ir	n a team.
		f necessary, to ask questions and seek help.	,	
	Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lo	ecture 56		
Credit points				
	None			
	Oral exam			
Examination duration and	nim cs			
Scale	Computer Science: Specialization III Mathaura	tics: Flostive Compulsor:		
-	Computer Science: Specialisation III. Mathema Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation	· ·		
Following Curricula				
•	Technomathematics: Specialisation I. Mathem	' '		

Course L0568: Numerical Ma	thematics II	
Тур	Lecture	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sabine Le Borne, Dr. Jens-Peter Zemke	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	 Error and stability: Notions and estimates Rational interpolation and approximation Multidimensional interpolation (RBF) and approximation (neural nets) Quadrature: Gaussian quadrature, orthogonal polynomials Linear systems: Perturbation theory of decompositions, structured matrices Eigenvalue problems: LR-, QD-, QR-Algorithmus Nonlinear systems of equations: Newton and Quasi-Newton methods, line search (optional) Krylov space methods: Arnoldi-, Lanczos methods (optional) 	
Literature	 Skript Stoer/Bulirsch: Numerische Mathematik 1, Springer Dahmen, Reusken: Numerik für Ingenieure und Naturwissenschaftler, Springer 	

Course L0569: Numerical Ma	urse L0569: Numerical Mathematics II	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Prof. Sabine Le Borne, Dr. Jens-Peter Zemke	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	SoSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Title Advanced Machine Learning (L2322) Advanced Machine Learning (L2323) Module Responsible Admission Requirements Recommended Previous Knowledge 1. Mathematics I-III 2. Numerical Mathematics 1/ Numerics 3. Programming skills, preferably in Python Educational Objectives Professional Competence Knowledge Students are able to name, state and classify state-of-the-art neural networks and their corresponding mathematical basics can assess the difficulties of different neural networks. Students are able to implement, understand, and, tailored to the field of application, apply neural networks. Students are able to implement, understand, and, tailored to the field of application, apply neural networks. Students can develop and document joint solutions in small teams; form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability; form a team to develop, build, and advance a software library.				
Advanced Machine Learning (L2322) Advanced Machine Learning (L2323) Module Responsible Admission Requirements Recommended Previous Knowledge 2. Numerical Mathematics 1/ Numerics 3. Programming skills, preferably in Python Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Professional Competence Knowledge Knowledge Knowledge Knowledge Students are able to name, state and classify state-of-the-art neural networks and their corresponding mathematical basics can assess the difficulties of different neural networks. Stills Personal Competence Social Competence Gocial Competence Social Competence Form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;				
Advanced Machine Learning (L2323) Module Responsible Admission Requirements None Recommended Previous Knowledge 1. Mathematics I-III 2. Numerical Mathematics 1/ Numerics 3. Programming skills, preferably in Python Educational Objectives Professional Competence Knowledge Knowledge Knowledge Students are able to name, state and classify state-of-the-art neural networks and their corresponding mathematical basics can assess the difficulties of different neural networks. Skills Personal Competence Social Competence Social Competence God develop and document joint solutions in small teams; of form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;				
Module Responsible Dr. Jens-Peter Zemke Admission Requirements None Recommended Previous Knowledge 1. Mathematics I-III 2. Numerical Mathematics 1/ Numerics 3. Programming skills, preferably in Python Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Professional Competence Knowledge Students are able to name, state and classify state-of-the-art neural networks and their corresponding mathematical basics can assess the difficulties of different neural networks. Skills Personal Competence Social Competence Social Competence Students can • develop and document joint solutions in small teams; • form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;				
Admission Requirements Recommended Previous Knowledge 1. Mathematics I-III 2. Numerical Mathematics 1/ Numerics 3. Programming skills, preferably in Python Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Professional Competence Knowledge Knowledge Students are able to name, state and classify state-of-the-art neural networks and their corresponding mathematical basics can assess the difficulties of different neural networks. Students are able to implement, understand, and, tailored to the field of application, apply neural networks. Students are able to implement, understand, and, tailored to the field of application, apply neural networks. Students can • develop and document joint solutions in small teams; • form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;				
Recommended Previous Knowledge 1. Mathematics I-III 2. Numerical Mathematics 1/ Numerics 3. Programming skills, preferably in Python Educational Objectives Professional Competence Knowledge Students are able to name, state and classify state-of-the-art neural networks and their corresponding mathematical basics can assess the difficulties of different neural networks. Skills Personal Competence Social Competence Social Competence Odevelop and document joint solutions in small teams; of torm groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;				
1. Mathematics I-III 2. Numerical Mathematics 1/ Numerics 3. Programming skills, preferably in Python Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Professional Competence Knowledge Students are able to name, state and classify state-of-the-art neural networks and their corresponding mathematical basics can assess the difficulties of different neural networks. Skills Personal Competence Social Competence Social Competence Odevelop and document joint solutions in small teams; of form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;				
2. Numerical Mathematics 1/ Numerics 3. Programming skills, preferably in Python Educational Objectives After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results Professional Competence Knowledge Students are able to name, state and classify state-of-the-art neural networks and their corresponding mathematical basics can assess the difficulties of different neural networks. Skills Personal Competence Social Competence Social Competence Odevelop and document joint solutions in small teams; of form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;				
Educational Objectives Professional Competence Knowledge Students are able to name, state and classify state-of-the-art neural networks and their corresponding mathematical basics can assess the difficulties of different neural networks. Skills Personal Competence Social Competence Social Competence Social Competence Students can • develop and document joint solutions in small teams; • form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;				
Professional Competence Knowledge Students are able to name, state and classify state-of-the-art neural networks and their corresponding mathematical basics can assess the difficulties of different neural networks. Skills Personal Competence Social Competence Social Competence Students can • develop and document joint solutions in small teams; • form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;				
Professional Competence Knowledge Students are able to name, state and classify state-of-the-art neural networks and their corresponding mathematical basics can assess the difficulties of different neural networks. Skills Personal Competence Social Competence Social Competence Students can • develop and document joint solutions in small teams; • form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;				
Students are able to name, state and classify state-of-the-art neural networks and their corresponding mathematical basics can assess the difficulties of different neural networks. Skills Personal Competence Social Competence Students can • develop and document joint solutions in small teams; • form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;				
Skills Personal Competence Social Competence Students can • develop and document joint solutions in small teams; • form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;	They			
Personal Competence Social Competence • develop and document joint solutions in small teams; • form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;				
Social Competence • develop and document joint solutions in small teams; • form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability;	Students are able to implement, understand, and, tailored to the field of application, apply neural networks.			
 develop and document joint solutions in small teams; form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability; 				
 form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability; 	Students can			
 form groups to further develop the ideas and transfer them to other areas of applicability; 				
orini a team to develop, build, and advance a software library.				
Autonomy Students are able to				
 correctly assess the time and effort of self-defined work; 				
 assess whether the supporting theoretical and practical excercises are better solved individually or in a team; 				
 define test problems for testing and expanding the methods; 				
 assess their individual progess and, if necessary, to ask questions and seek help. 				
Workload in Hours Independent Study Time 124, Study Time in Lecture 56				
Credit points 6				
Course achievement None	•			
Examination Written exam				
Examination duration and 90 min				
scale				
Assignment for the Computer Science: Specialisation III. Mathematics: Elective Compulsory				
Following Curricula Data Science: Core Qualification: Compulsory				
Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation III. Mathematics: Elective Compulsory				
Mechatronics: Specialisation Intelligent Systems and Robotics: Elective Compulsory				
Mechatronics: Specialisation System Design: Elective Compulsory Mechatronics: Core Qualification: Elective Compulsory				
Technomathematics: Specialisation I. Mathematics: Elective Compulsory				
Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Specialisation Robotics and Computer Science: Elective Compulsory				

Course L2322: Advanced Ma	chine Learning
Тур	Lecture
Hrs/wk	2
СР	3
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28
Lecturer	Dr. Jens-Peter Zemke
Language	DE/EN
Cycle	WiSe
Content	 Basics: analogy; layout of neural nets, universal approximation, NP-completeness Feedforward nets: backpropagation, variants of Stochastistic Gradients Deep Learning: problems and solution strategies Deep Belief Networks: energy based models, Contrastive Divergence CNN: idea, layout, FFT and Winograds algorithms, implementation details RNN: idea, dynamical systems, training, LSTM ResNN: idea, relation to neural ODEs Standard libraries: Tensorflow, Keras, PyTorch
	9. Recent trends
Literature	1. Skript 2. Online-Werke: o http://neuralnetworksanddeeplearning.com/ https://www.deeplearningbook.org/

Course L2323: Advanced Ma	urse L2323: Advanced Machine Learning	
Тур	Recitation Section (small)	
Hrs/wk	2	
СР	3	
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 62, Study Time in Lecture 28	
Lecturer	Dr. Jens-Peter Zemke	
Language	DE/EN	
Cycle	WiSe	
Content	See interlocking course	
Literature	See interlocking course	

Specialization IV. Subject Specific Focus

Module M1434: Techr	nical Complementary Course I for Computational Science and Engineering
Courses	
Title	Typ Hrs/wk CP
Module Responsible	Prof. Görschwin Fey
Admission Requirements	None
Recommended Previous	
Knowledge	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results
Professional Competence	
Knowledge	
Skills	
Personal Competence	
Social Competence	
Autonomy	
Workload in Hours	Depends on choice of courses
Credit points	12
Assignment for the	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation IV. Subject Specific Focus: Elective Compulsory
Following Curricula	

Module M1435: Techr	nical Complementary Course II for Computational Science and Engineering
Courses	
Title	Typ Hrs/wk CP
Module Responsible	Prof. Görschwin Fey
Admission Requirements	None
Recommended Previous	
Knowledge	
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results
Professional Competence	
Knowledge	
Skills	
Personal Competence	
Social Competence	
Autonomy	
Workload in Hours	Depends on choice of courses
Credit points	12
Assignment for the	Computer Science in Engineering: Specialisation IV. Subject Specific Focus: Elective Compulsory
Following Curricula	

Thesis

Module M-002: Maste	er Thesis			
Courses				
Title	Тур	Hrs/wk	СР	
Module Responsible				
Admission Requirements				
	According to General Regulations §21 (1):			
	At least 60 credit points have to be achieved in study programme. The examination	ns board decides on e	exceptions.	
	At least 60 credit points have to be achieved in study programme. The examinations board decides on exceptions.			
Recommended Previous				
Knowledge				
Educational Objectives	After taking part successfully, students have reached the following learning results			
Professional Competence				
Knowledge	The students can use specialized knowledge (facts, theories, and methods) of	their subject compet	ently on specialized	
	issues.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	 The students can explain in depth the relevant approaches and terminologies in one or more areas of their subjections. 			
	describing current developments and taking up a critical position on them.		,	
	The students can place a research task in their subject area in its context and describe and critically assess the state			
	research.			
Skills	The students are able:			
	To select, apply and, if necessary, develop further methods that are suitable for so	lving the specialized	problem in question.	
	To apply knowledge they have acquired and methods they have learnt in the control of the co	ourse of their studies	s to complex and/or	
	incompletely defined problems in a solution-oriented way.			
	To develop new scientific findings in their subject area and subject them to a critic	al assessment.		
Personal Competence				
Social Competence				
Social Competence				
	Both in writing and orally outline a scientific issue for an expert audience accur	ately, understandably	and in a structured	
	way.			
	Deal with issues competently in an expert discussion and answer them in a mar	ner that is appropriat	e to the addressees	
	while upholding their own assessments and viewpoints convincingly.			
Autonomy	Students are able:			
	To structure a project of their own in work packages and to work them off according to the control of their own in work packages.	naly		
	To work their way in depth into a largely unknown subject and to access the inforr		em to do so	
	To apply the techniques of scientific work comprehensively in research of their ow		10 40 50.	
	- To apply the teeningues of selentine work comprehensively in research of their ow			
Workload in Hours	Independent Study Time 900, Study Time in Lecture 0			
Credit points	30			
Course achievement	None			
Examination	Thesis			
Examination duration and	According to General Regulations			
scale				
Assignment for the	Civil Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory			
Following Curricula				
-	Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory			
	Computer Science: Thesis: Compulsory			
	Data Science: Thesis: Compulsory			
	Electrical Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory			
	Energy Systems: Thesis: Compulsory			
	Environmental Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory			
	Aircraft Systems Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory			
	Global Innovation Management: Thesis: Compulsory			
	Computer Science in Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory			
	Information and Communication Systems: Thesis: Compulsory			
	Interdisciplinary Mathematics: Thesis: Compulsory			
	International Production Management: Thesis: Compulsory			
	International Management and Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory			
	Joint European Master in Environmental Studies - Cities and Sustainability: Thesis: Compu	ılsory		
	Logistics, Infrastructure and Mobility: Thesis: Compulsory			
	Aeronautics: Thesis: Compulsory			
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Module Manual M.Sc. "Computer Science in Engineering"

Process Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory

Water and Environmental Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory

Certification in Engineering & Advisory in Aviation: Thesis: Compulsory

Materials Science and Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
Materials Science: Thesis: Compulsory
Mechanical Engineering and Management: Thesis: Compulsory
Mechatronics: Thesis: Compulsory
Biomedical Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
Microelectronics and Microsystems: Thesis: Compulsory
Product Development, Materials and Production: Thesis: Compulsory
Renewable Energies: Thesis: Compulsory
Naval Architecture and Ocean Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory
Ship and Offshore Technology: Thesis: Compulsory
Teilstudiengang Lehramt Metalltechnik: Thesis: Compulsory
Theoretical Mechanical Engineering: Thesis: Compulsory